will influence a patriotic politician to cept the streets and alleys and the disavow his English connection. We back yards, reeking and untidy. have troubles of our own and the There are noparks for the little peotransplanted Irishman need not expect ple too young and poor to ride miles that we will ever interfere in the un- in street cars where the city has pleasant and everlasting family row segregated land and planted flowers between Ireland and England. They and grass and trees for everyone to must fight it out or sulk it out in one enjoy who can. It has been found island or the other. The British that a park increases the value of the colonial policy is adapted to the needs surrounding property and the hpuses of each colony Canada and Australia of the well to-do surround them. Of lack few autonomous characteristics. course the very poor must live in the Scotland and Ireland bear almost the cheapest places and the cheapest lorelation of states to the central gov- calities smell so bad in summer time ernment and Exypt and the African and are so overcrowded and so ugiy colonies still have a military govern- that criminologists say that baby ment. Our hesitation in interfering criminals, born from mothers protestwith the barbarous Spanish govern- ing against such ugliness make war on ment of one of the continental islands society in one way or another as soon of North America ought to be a sig- as they are strong enough.
nificant indication to the lrish who If the property owners in crowded think they can prevent a cordial districts would consent to a tax for entente between us and the kingdom of eternal day
Whatever be the motives of England's present friendliness and however unjustly she treated us in the days of our youth, Uncle Sam is not in a position to reject the advances of the ruler of the seas. In case of war with Spain (written April 11, 1898) friendly ports in the British Isles, with the privilege of coaling mies, make all the difference between defeat and victory. The United states, in view of such favors and many other contingencies, should pay the damages adjudged against this government in favor of England many years ago. The haggling, recalcitrant policy pursued by the state department is undignified and deserves the European criticism which it has received freely enough.
The country goes into the war with a hastily assembled navy and a small land force, reinforced by militia and it needs all the friends diplomacy can make.

## $*$

The City Improvement association has alreaty affected a marked difference in the appearance of the city. Tbe plan of the society is to engage an auxiliary in every block thus arrang. ing for a ramification, practically coincident with the eity limits. The influence of the society in arousing the children to a love of order and neatness, is one of the most desirable ends it is striving to accomplish. Speaking of ramification too, nothing and nobody can equal the children at that The effect of their silent disapproval upon carelees parents is also of great importance. What the honorable Sterling Morton has done for trees in the west the City Improvement association hopes to do with those small running plants, the children. The society will have to wait perhaps a good many years for the result of their well directed efforts, but when it comes a bronze monumient will not be handsome enough to express the appreciation of those whocome after us. 3 3
The deplorable condition of the children of the poor in the large cities, especially in summer time when the schools are closed, induced the Society for Improving the Condition of the Poor in 1894 to institute what is called "vacation schools" where the children are taught music and various manual cecupations. Two years ago the movement was started in Chicago. The pupils numbered three hundred and sixty, while almost four housand who applied for admission, on account of the lack of accommodation, were turned away.
In the crowded tenement districts where families of from four to ten live in one or two rooms ia which all the forms of housekeeping which involve cooking, washing and ironing, are carried on, there is no room for the children to play. There is no room children to piay.
the purpose of buying land enough to scatter small parks or breathing spaces throughout the squalid parts of a city their property would lecome more valuable, for the tone of the neighborhood would be better, because healthier, and the boys and girls who re shut off from all beauty and in conequence become criminals would have ome of the aids to growth that have made so many country boys into noble men and women.
In the meantime, while these sanitary measures of self preservation have not yet been learned by a people who will only admit that there must be room for traffic even if a few ignorant and bewildered foreigners are squeezed into an impossible space these attempts to ameliorate the unnatural condition of the children of the poor are steadily accomplishing ood results.
Miss Sadie American, of Chicago, chairman of the committee on vacation schools, says in The Commons that the womens clubs of that city have taken up the matter this year. Representatives from the twenty-three women's clubs are each striving to secure as much money as possiblefor the vacation schools this summer. It costs about $\$ 2.50$ for each child for the six weeks. The educators of the city are in favor of the schools. In New York the board of education has adopted them into the public school system. Private kindergartens preceded public kindergartens by many years. It will probably be so in this case, though the need for the manual training school for girls and boys who have reached the age of most rapid development and acquisition is greater than that of the todilers who receive the first sympathetic attention of their lives in the kindergaiten. Hustled from the hot overcrowded rooms by tired and slatternly women the boys have no place to play. The traffic of the streets and the sidewalk must not be interfered with and there are policemen everewhere who make all the trouble they can for the boys who are only asserting their inalienable right to play and the pursuit of mischief. But Miss American says: "Our laws are formed to protect property rather than character. No matter how tempting an empty lot, the boys must not go into it to play ball if the owner objects; neither may they play ball on the street for fear they may break someone's window or head." This plan to give the boys and girls something to do and somewhere to go where they are wanted might be tried in Lincoln under the auspices of the women's clubs in their own vacation.

## To the Eoitor of The Courier

I beg leave to answer through the columns of your paper an editorial which appeared in the Omaha Excelsior of April 9. in which the Excelaior took accasion to publish a letter of mine which I had written him reapectfully calling

his attention to a statement which oc curred in his paper March 26, in regar o a translation of one of Heine's poems. The editor in that iseue of the paper said.

The following original poem, contributed by Mrs. Alexander Hamilton de Peyster, shows that richly endowed woman to be possessed of gifts of fancy and of versitication as great as they are neommon, and which we cordially comversee and who contemplate favoring ue with the fruit of their dalliance with with the ${ }^{\text {f }}$
By comparing the "original poem," line by line with Heine's poem, it can reodily be seen that it was a literal translation (with the exception of a few glaring mistakes) and not an orignal poem. I quote below the first stanza of each:

"The Rhine Witch" | I hnow not what it signifie, |
| :--- |
| That I am so | That I am so sorrowfur, A fible of old timer so ternities

Leaves my heart so thoughtiul !
"Die Lorelei."
Ich weise nicht was roll as bederten,
Din Macerchen aus a liten Zeite

## Danaerchen aus alten Zeiten

The editor admits that hem Sinn. ceived a number of lettere similar to mine in which hie attention bas been called to the came statement, but instead of admitting his mistake he makee an attempt to defend himself by resorting to irony in which he manifestes truculent mood throughout his article. In referring to my letter he says:
"In conclusion, altbough the Excelsior, from motives of prudence as well as politeness, would by no means be understood as calling its eruc ite correspondent a solemn ase, it recognizes the right of individual opinion to form conclusione suited to the peculiar exigencies of the case.
While the editor is too polite to call me an ase, I shall likewise be too polite to call him an ox, but simply remind him of an old adage of which he has probab's heard, it he never heard of Heino's "Die Lorelei" until Mra. de Pey. ster's translation was made, "A live ase is better than a dead ox"
Lincolv, Nebr.

## ARBUTUS.

Along the woods' brown edge
The wind goes wandering
To find the firrt pink pledgeThe hint of spring
The withered leaves around, She scatters every one,
And gives to wintry ground A glimpre of sum.
And to the woodland dumb
And desolate so long
She calls the birds to come With happy song.
Then the arbutus! This
The pledge, the hint she sought-
The blush, the breath, the kissSpring's very thought ! -April Scribner's.
Dolliver-These strong-minded new women ars always gadding about cn their wheels. They never stay at home. Henpeck-Yee; that's one good thing atout 'em.
"He seems to be a hepelees drunkard.' "Not quite. He hopes to get drunk again."


