

### \$250,000 Is Paid for 34-Acre Farm on Lake Michigan

Property, 20 Miles From Chicago's Loop, Was Bought 50 Years Ago for \$1,750.

Chicago, April 30.—A 34-acre farm, less than 20 miles from Chicago's loop, sold this week for \$250,000. It was bought about 50 years ago for \$1,750, so that its increase in value paid the family which held it for 50 years, at the rate of \$5,000 annually, its value, as soon as it is subdivided, is reckoned at \$500,000.

It is the Mahoney farm on Lake Michigan, between two of Chicago's wealthy North Shore suburbs.

Women Candidates Placed at Bottom of List, Run Third.

Women of Chicago's western suburbs have nominated a feminine candidate for the Illinois legislature in a manner that has opened the eyes of regular men leaders to a political force, which they thought they knew, but found that they didn't.

Recent announcement that John J. Coughlin, alderman from the First ward, variously and widely known as "Bathhouse John" and "The Bath," would introduce an ordinance barring women from wearing knickerbockers in public, raised the name of Mr. Coughlin introduced a similar measure 27 years ago and it died.

Bath House John Will Ask Knicker Ban, Is Report.

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Weatherologist Tells Why Weather "Ain't Like It Was."

A list of answers to make amateur weather experts, who insist that "things ain't like they used to be," admit the error of their ways, has been evolved by T. A. Donnell, meteorologist, in the Chicago weather bureau.

The winter aren't as long as they used to be!

The winter aren't as cold as they used to be!

The snow isn't as deep as it used to be!

These three sentences, according to Mr. Donnell, explain why the weather, man's life is not a bed of roses.

When they tell you that the snow used to be deeper, they forget that their legs used to be shorter.

Miss Moll explains that it is all the fault of a rejected suitor, who has been inserting notices of her death in the newspapers merely to bother her.

The attorney for her father was reported to be hot on the trail of the jilted suitor.

Will Ask Punishment of Careless Pedestrian.

Dirge punishment for the reckless pedestrian as well as the careless motorist, will be asked by Chicago automobile clubs, according to Dr. William Fuller.

When speed maniacs are locked up when pedestrians learn that they, should show more responsibility for avoiding accidents and when the public streets no longer are used for public playgrounds, then will automobile accidents become less frequent.

Maj. Gen. Harbord to Sail for Europe Next Monday.

Washington, April 30.—Major General Harbord, deputy chief of staff, cleaned up his desk preparatory to sailing from New York Monday for a two-months' trip to Europe. While he is to confer at Coblenz with Major General Allen, relative to the work of closing out the affairs of the American army of occupation on the Rhine by July 1, most of General Harbord's time abroad will be devoted to relaxation from the cares of his post here. Mrs. Harbord will accompany him.

Steamships.

Arrivals. New York, April 29.—Eagle, San Francisco. Chicago, April 28.—Keifuku Maru, Baltimore, Ore. Shanghai, April 28.—City of Tokio, San Pedro, Korea Maru, San Francisco.

Departures. Christiania, April 28.—Oscar II, New York. New York, April 28.—Zeland, Antwerp. Seattle, Liverpool, New Amsterdam, Rotterdam, President Taft, Bremen, Oropesa, Hamburg, President Adams, Queenstown, Havreford, Philadelphia.

Chicago, April 28.—Luisa Nielsen, Portland, Ore. Amsterdam, April 28.—K. P. Kingsburg, San Pedro.

New York, April 28.—Steel Navigator, San Francisco.

### Farmers' Union Notes

A contract has been made which the Farmers Union Co-operative exchange, Billings, Mont., will purchase approximately 500,000 pounds of binder twine from the Farmers' Union State exchange of Omaha, with limited liability, upon which funds may be borrowed. The Wisner Farmers' Union store is one of the largest country stores in Nebraska. It handles implements, hardware, tractors, trucks, windmills, plumbing and well supplies, groceries and drygoods. Sales the first quarter of this year were almost double the sales for the similar period of last year. Up to 1920 the association made large profits and paid patronage dividends, but in that year it showed a deficit. There was a small profit in 1921, and the first quarter of this year also shows a profit. A larger operating capital will enable the association to save about \$5,000 a year in discounts on goods purchased.

Business "Coming Back." Invaluable—The audit of the books of the Farmers' Union Co-operative association of this place for the first three months of this year shows a profit of \$802.81. The association operates an elevator, store and produce station. Heavy losses were sustained in 1921, which were attributed to poor management. At the beginning of this year the association was on the verge of bankruptcy. The management was changed and a group of stockholders gave a joint note for funds with which to pay all current liabilities. Now the stockholders have the satisfaction of seeing their business "coming back."

Maximum Teachers' Salary. Wilber.—The Farmers' Union of Saline county has adopted a resolution against paying inexperienced school teachers over \$75 a month, and experienced teachers over \$100 a month. The resolution states that teachers' salaries are out of line with other wages. The county union also went on record in favor of four road overseers to each precinct, and appointed a committee to take the question up with the Saline county board. It is held that the practice of having only one overseer to the precinct has been expensive and unsatisfactory.

Close Out Implements. Guide Rock.—The Farmers Union Co-operative association of Guide Rock, which has been operating a general store, cream station and implement store, has decided to close out its implement stock. Practically all of the losses sustained by the association in the depression was on implements. The association will still handle farm machinery, however, but without carrying a stock. Farmers will register their needs in this line, and then the machines will be ordered from the state exchange in Omaha. It is believed that this plan will save the farmers 5 to 10 per cent, compared with carrying a stock locally. The cream station has inaugurated a plan of paying for cream in trade checks good at the store, which enables the association to pay a better price than in cash.

Meeting at Oakland. Oakland.—Seventy-five farmers from all parts of the county attended the quarterly meeting of Burt county Farmers union here. Some of the farmers came as far as 32 miles. State President Osborn addressed the convention on the principles and work of the Farmers' union, stressing the new finance corporation being organized. The members manifested enthusiasm for this new venture and will take stock in it heavily when they market another crop. C. H. Withey, manager of the Omaha office of the Farmers Union Livestock commission, spoke on the co-operative marketing of livestock. The next meeting of the Burt county Farmers union will be held at Lyons in connection with the annual county picnic, to which the whole world is invited.

Increase Capital. Wisner.—Stockholders in the Farmers' Union store here are increasing their capital.

State Prison Inmates Hear Talk by Bryan.

Lincoln, April 30.—(Special Telegram.)—William Jennings Bryan talked on "The Prodigal Son" this morning to convicts at the state penitentiary at the request of Warden Fenton. He likened the return of the biblical wandering son to his father's door and the happiness which ensued, the reward in store for all men if they "turn to the right."

Mr. Bryan said that many sayings taken as truths are false in their entirety, and pointed to one uttered years ago that "opportunity knocks but once."

Continuing, he declared this false, and read an article refuting it. He promised to have sufficient copies of this article printed so every man in the penitentiary may get one.

Mr. Bryan spoke tonight at the First Baptist church.

Grain Men Complete Wheat Appraisal Trip Over State.

Logpole, Neb., April 30.—(Special Telegram.)—A Nebraska grain men, composed of George A. Roberts of the Roberts Grain company; E. E. Huntley, Rosenbaum Grain company; W. G. Fuller, Trans-Mississippi Grain company; H. Albers, Albers commission company; Mr. Southard, Nye-Schneider-Jenks company, and Mr. Highland of the Grand Island Consolidated mill, have just completed a trip through this end of the state to determine in their opinion the condition of spring and winter wheat.

See Want Ads Are Best Business Boosters.

Chick Feeding Plans By C. L. STEVENSON.

First Day—No feed. Second Day—No feed. Third Day—(1) Grit in form of sand. (2) Fine oyster shell. (3) Hard cooked egg (with shell) chopped fine; mix with equal parts oatmeal or cornmeal; feed sparingly four times daily. (4) Plenty of fresh water tinged with permanganate of potash; sour milk or buttermilk, or milk powder in mash. (5) Oatmeal as scratch feed. Next feeding is on the seventh day, if infertile, should be kept for feeding.

Fourth Day—(1) Same as third day. Baked cornbread or bread crumbs may be used instead of egg. (2) Start feeding dry mash 2 parts cornmeal, 2 parts bran, 2 parts middlings 1-2 part fine meal scrap. This mash should be fed in hoppers (to save from waste) or in small troughs. (3) Feed lightly of scratch feed 4 parts finely cracked corn, 2 parts finely cracked wheat. Feed this in litter.

Fifth Day—Same as above. Sixth Day—Same as above. Gradually reduce egg feed third day as chicks grow accustomed to dry mash in hoppers. Keep feeding a small amount of green feed.

### Bryan Speaks to 250 Democrats at Harmony Meet

Talks at Lincoln Three Hours on Topics Ranging From the Tariff to Darwinism.

Lincoln, April 30.—(Special Telegram.)—The William Jennings Bryan of old, relentless foe of the liquor traffic, unwilling to remember it is no longer a national issue, because, in his opinion, it is still paramount, stood before 250 democrats at an attempted harmony banquet here last night and talked for three hours on subjects varying from the tariff to the reported relationship of the human race to the ape.

Bryan warned his democratic brethren of a quarter of a century ago that the liquor interests are still active and are attempting to elect a congress which will either wink at lax enforcement of the Volstead act or repeal it.

"No party can win public approval anymore by appealing to the underdog," he said. "The party that is in the ascendency now is the party of the liquor interests."

Continuing, Bryan reviewed the history of his memorable fight for prohibition. He paid his toll for the fight he waged in refusing to tender of a coveted United States senatorship from Nebraska because to win it he would have been forced to bow to the will of the liquor interests. Bryan told his attentive audience:

"I always wanted to be a United States senator and once during my life here among you Gilbert M. Hitchcock told me he wouldn't run if I cared to enter the race. But I knew I would owe my election to the liquor interests and would have to bow to them and I refused to keep on with my fight. Thank God, I've won."

"I see people here tonight who have occupied seats at my meetings here for 30 years," Mr. Bryan said. "I like to see the spirit of harmony here tonight. Some times I have been forced to perform serious operations on some members, but they always were for the ultimate good of the democracy."

Mr. Bryan stated that his strength came not from himself but from the policies he advocated. "A party to come back must work for the people and not the officers," he said. "That's what you must do."

Bryan said the dominant issue in the national campaign would be the revenue law unless all signs fall. He predicted a democratic landslide. The audience roared when he said: "I ought to be the one who knows the sign of a landslide."

Pass Revenue Bill. "This administration has had more trouble with its revenue bill than any other. I expected such trouble and waited rather anxiously for the curtain to rise."

Mr. Bryan described the outline of the revenue bill by Secretary Mellon as the worst "piracy in history." He said the republican caucus should be given credit for refusing to sanction the alleged Mellon plan to free war profiteers from taxes.

Mr. Bryan declared every act of congress under the Harding administration, worthy of public praise, had a statement credit to him against the bloc. Mr. Bryan said the anti-optic bill of the republican administration was a good measure. He said the packers bill was fairly decent.

He blamed the federal reserve board for reduction of farm prices and attacked Secretary Mellon for a statement credit to him against the bloc. Mr. Bryan said the anti-optic bill of the republican administration was a good measure. He said the packers bill was fairly decent.

He criticized the attempt of the republican administration to drag out intangibles for taxation for the first time in history.

Spray Fruit Trees. Falls City.—With the prospects of a bumper fruit crop this year, farmers are taking increased interest in the spraying and pruning of trees and grape vines. Two orchard spraying demonstrations under the direction of the state college of agriculture were attended by many persons interested in fruit production.

legislation from congress is because it is the worst scared congress we ever had. We've got to show the rank and file of republicans they have been misled."

Mr. Bryan asserted a democratic congress could pass legislation which would make issues if President Harding signed the bills or vetoed them. He spoke on the bonus. He said that a candidate for office and could speak more freely than many others.

"The men who grew rich out of this war should pay the bonus," he said. "But if you can't get it that way let us try it any way the republican side and then make the method of paying an issue in the next campaign."

"The greatest danger to us is the wet danger," he said. "No democrat should be elected on a lawless platform. There are 30 organizations trying to line up republican and democratic candidates for congress on a wet ticket."

Most conspicuous for their popularity at the banquet were John H. Morehead, former governor and candidate for congress in the Second district, and Warden W. T. Fenton mentioned as a candidate for governor in the event to make "Brother Charles" Bryan the fusion candidate for governor failed.

Third party scouts were in evidence. They included Arthur G. Wray, candidate for the United States senate; J. H. Edmiston, chairman; J. N. Norton, candidate for governor, and F. L. Bollen, candidate for attorney general.

Dan Butler of Omaha, democratic candidate for governor, was an early arrival. P. L. Hall chairman, stated that he intended to introduce leaders of warring factions.

"I want everyone to get the bile out of his stomach," Hall said; "that will get a united democracy."

J. N. Norton was called on first. Norton said high taxes were primarily the fault of the state administration.

John H. Morehead was the next speaker. Morehead said Bryan first induced him to be an office-seeker before the world, and lays the American government open to accusations of tyranny and imperialism. Those who acted as spokesmen for the committee were: Senator Robert L. Owen of Oklahoma; Louis Marshall of New York and Michael Francis Doyle of Philadelphia.

In reply to their representations, Secretary Hughes said: "It is a pleasure to meet you personally and to give you this opportunity to make your statements with regard to the relations of the United States to Haiti. I cannot, however, permit my silence to be misinterpreted. I must say that I regard the statements that have been made as most inadequate and one-sided."

All Angles Considered. "I am fully conscious of international obligations. This situation with which we are confronted is an existing situation which calls for a careful study and a very wise examination and decision as to policy. You need not suppose that this study has not been made. You need not suppose that all the matters that are involved have not been considered. Quite the contrary is the case."

"This government is proceeding in this matter at this time in the desire to secure, in the first place, an effective co-ordination of the action which is being taken in connection with administration, so that difficulties which have existed in the past may be removed."

### Plea to Withdraw Military Control of Haiti Refused

Secretary Hughes Tells Committee of Lawyers Their Arguments Appear Inadequate on One-Sided.

Washington, April 30.—Another plea for immediate termination of the military occupation of Haiti met with a refusal at the State department.

A committee of lawyers who brought to the department a brief declaring the occupation to be out of harmony with American principles, were told plainly by Secretary Hughes that their arguments appeared to him most inadequate and one-sided.

He added that the department was fully advised from its own sources regarding all the elements of the situation and was working to re-establish tranquility so that American forces could be withdrawn as soon as things would warrant.

Charge Prestige Destroyed. The delegation that called on the secretary reported the National Popular Government League and the Foreign Policy association, two organizations which are charging that the policy of the administration constitutes unwarranted interference in Haiti's domestic affairs, is against the principles of the American constitution, destroys American prestige before the world, and lays the American government open to accusations of tyranny and imperialism. Those who acted as spokesmen for the committee were: Senator Robert L. Owen of Oklahoma; Louis Marshall of New York and Michael Francis Doyle of Philadelphia.

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### Three Omahans on Grand Jury Panel

Evidence to Be Presented Against Prominent Business Promoters.

Only three Omaha men are named among the 24 who will report Monday for federal grand jury duty.

The jury, it is expected, will finish its work by Thursday. Some men prominent in business promotions will be among those against whom evidence will be presented. The list of jurymen is as follows:

E. E. Brande, 404 South Thirty-first street, Omaha. Edgar H. Gessup, Omaha. Frank Wilson, Omaha. John A. Amador, Mason City. Ernest Andrews, Paul. R. R. Barryberry, North Platte. M. E. Goss, Omaha. C. H. Hansen, Homestead. Samuel Heaton, Grand Island. Earl E. Keel, West Point. J. P. McPhailand, Rushville. C. H. Newton, North Platte. Walter E. Mote, Chadron. E. E. Newland, Chadron. Edward E. Thompson, Lyons. Fred E. Culver, Albion. George F. Farver, Albion. O. H. Eustace, Chadron. R. E. Stewart, Chadron. Will Zimmerman, Springfield. Henry Tucker, Rushville. James H. Bellevue, Omaha. John S. Bowler, Randolph. Herman Johns, Schuyler.

Wyman, who is 35, admitted he had betrayed the girl. "But I did not kill her," he shouted. "I met her years ago. We went to church together. We grew to be friends. She went away for a time and then returned. I met her one night at the church and we took a long walk."

I told her I loved her, but she said I was no use. She told me to forget it. I loved her and told her so and begged her to marry me, but she always refused."

He hesitated a moment. His gaze wandered out of the window and across the town in the direction of the courthouse.

"But I did not kill her and you have no evidence that points in that direction. I did not—I'd be willing to tell you if I did."

A few moments later he was released.

"But we're keeping our eye on him," said the sheriff.

But while the authorities were admitting they are facing a blank wall and that they know no more about the case than they did five minutes after they discovered the body, Wesley T. Hanna, father of the girl, announced that he was going to open a private investigation into the affair. He said he believed Wyman knew more about his daughter's disappearance than he cares to tell.

The man has proved that he was not in Hoopston on the day Gertrude disappeared. But no one knows where the man was all of the time during the four weeks that followed her disappearance. He says he was in Danville part of the time and other places part of the time. Some of these statements have been checked up and some have been found to be untrue."

Omahans Seek Passports.—Andrew Murphy and his daughter, Stella, applied today for passports for a trip to Detroit and other parts of Europe. Mrs. Ralph Breckenridge also applied for passports for a European trip.

### Police Facing Blank Wall in Murder Mystery

Retired Farmer Released After Questioning About Death of School Teacher.

Omaha Bee Leased Wire. Hoopston, Ill., April 30.—With the release of John C. Wyman, a wealthy retired farmer and church elder, who confessed that he was the former fiancé of Gertrude Hanna, whose body was found in the basement of the United Presbyterian parsonage, the officials admitted they had made no progress toward a solution of the mystery surrounding the girl's disappearance four weeks ago.

Wyman was released after 24 hours of questioning. The examination, conducted by Sheriff Charles N. Knox and John H. Lowman, state's attorney, failed to produce one fact that would permit them to hold the man in custody any longer, they said.

Wyman, who is 35, admitted he had betrayed the girl. "But I did not kill her," he shouted. "I met her years ago. We went to church together. We grew to be friends. She went away for a time and then returned. I met her one night at the church and we took a long walk."

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