

Debate on Grain Marketing Heard by Over 1,000

Farmers at Lexington Refuse to Express Opinion in Advance—Hedging Is Big Issue.

(Continued from Page One.) When there is a continuous flow of wheat into the market in an orderly manner...

Lexington Man Judge. "I cannot even grant that hedging is insurance, under any system of marketing. It does not insure against the results of manipulations."

Mr. Jewett, after declaring that the term "speculation," as applied to the marketing of grain, meant nothing but "gambling," launched a violent denunciation of grain gambling.

Actual operation of the laws of supply and demand are nullified or magnified by speculative gambling.

Not Price Stabilizer. "First, does speculation stabilize price?" he asked. "Certainly not. We have already shown that speculation is an extraneous influence..."

The market for wheat is compared with that of prunes, which may be dominant part of the year. That is not a just comparison.

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Recovering From Pneumonia. William W. Green, auditor for the H. J. Hughes company, is convalescing at his home, 4022 Lafayette avenue, from an attack of pneumonia.

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Pioneers, Indian Fighters, World War Dead Lie in Nebraska National Cemetery

Above 361 Graves Are Placed Slabs Labeled "Unknown."

When Nebraska and the vast country west of the Mississippi river were a wilderness of doubtful value, many brave men and women, vanguard of the millions, dared the dangers of Indians, cold, drought, hunger and disease.

Many of them met death, far from loved ones and the comforts of civilization.

In 1873 the government set aside 128 acres of the Fort McPherson military reservation which is now known as the Fort McPherson National cemetery.

It is the only national cemetery in Nebraska, the only one in the central west. It is located in Lincoln county, on the south side of the Platte river, five miles from Maxwell.

Enclosed By Wall. Six acres are enclosed by a brick wall.

In this cemetery are buried soldiers of the Indian, civil, Spanish-American and world wars, and civilians who braved the dangers and met death during the early years when this great land was being brought under the hand of civilized man.

Hundreds have been brought here from the spots where they were buried right after their death.

Beautiful cottonwoods and evergreen trees shade the ground where many rows of white stone markers and more pretentious monuments mark the resting places of these brave men and women.

Most of the markers bear the names of the dead but above 361 graves are slabs on which is given the single word, "unknown."

Superintendent Otto H. Weidner occupies a comfortable brick house. His records show the names of all the known persons buried in the cemetery. Their bodies were brought there from more than 20 burying places.

They include pioneers who died on the trail or in their lonely camps or at their homesteads, some died in fights with Indians, some are dead from army posts of the early days, some from the Philippines and 15 are bodies of soldiers who died overseas.

Funerals of the overseas dead were conducted here by Fort McPherson post of the Army in Legion.

The last civil war veteran buried there was Benjamin F. Baker, superintendent of the cemetery from 1885 to 1892, who was buried October 30, 1921.

Over the cemetery entrance are these words: "On fame's eternal camping ground their silent tents are spread; While glory guards with solemn round the bivouac of the dead."

which, the speaker declared, are carried by the speculator.

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View from the southwest corner of the enclosure. Superintendent's cottage, right, Otto H. Weidner, superintendent of the National cemetery; left, Harold B. Olson, commander, Fort McPherson post of the American Legion.

American Shipping Is Facing Scrap Heap

(Continued from Page One.) In favor of any other maritime power, is disloyal to his country.

He reasoned it this way: "After the war was over, in order to assist in the stabilization of world conditions, at the initiative of President Harding, a disarmament conference was called, to meet at the capital of the nation. The result of that conference is known to all. It may safely be said that all good citizens approved of the purposes and efforts made by that conference, which only a few weeks ago concluded its labors."

"All good citizens of this and every civilized country in the world hope that the treaties and resolutions agreed upon by those participating therein will prolong peace and tend to prevent war, but the close student of the world's history does not believe that the work of the conference will result in the establishment of peace the world over, and for all time, nor will war end until greed and avarice are eliminated from the individual human heart."

"Short-sighted then, indeed, are those who would abandon all thought of national defense on sea and land, and this does not mean armed preparedness and the maintenance of a large standing army or any invincible navy, or the cultivation of the military spirit. Belief in national preparedness is not inconsistent with a program of peace or its maintenance for the things which make for the development of trade and commerce, in the very nature of things, make as well for national preparedness."

Says Britain Still Mistress. "If we consider carefully the ratio of naval disarmament, as established by the conference, we will see that Great Britain is just as much the mistress of the seas as she was when she had aloft the greatest navy in the world. Japan occupies relatively the same, if not a better position, than she did before this ratio was agreed upon. The United States, likewise, has not had her position relatively changed by the ratio agreed upon and the same holds true of all the powers that united upon this fixed ratio."

"No lover of peace, no one who does not realize to the full the terrors of war, and that another such as the last would practically destroy civilization, could or would complain of the adjustment that was made, but he is blind, indeed, who does not or will not see that the maintenance of that ratio, at least, is absolutely essential to national preservation. The nation that, before this ratio was fixed, was powerful at sea in battleships or in merchant vessels, if she lags behind, must inevitably find herself in a position where in case war does come, she is powerless to keep back the aggressor and the oppressor. What I mean when I say that with the ratio as established and the scrapping of the naval vessels of the several powers, Great Britain still controls the sea, with Japan and the United States occupying relatively the same positions as they did before the disarmament conference, is that the number of seagoing vessels of 2,000 gross tons and over, of 12 knots or over, owned by the United States is only 22 per cent of the number owned by Great Britain, while the number of vessels owned by the United States, of the same tonnage of less than 12 knots, is practically the same as those owned by Great Britain. But it must be remembered that the speed and tonnage of the merchantmen combined, is an essential element in the matter of the national defense as well as of commercial development."

Must Maintain Routes. "It behooves America therefore, to see to it, not for military purposes, but for the protection and development of her commercial as well as for her national defense, to maintain her routes at sea by a rebuilding of her merchant marine and keep up, at least relatively, with other maritime nations, the ratio that has been established by the disarmament conference. This can only be done through a merchant marine the equal of that of other maritime nations."

"It follows that the man who becomes a party to any propaganda for the abandonment of an American merchant marine in favor of any maritime foreign power, or who is willing to say that if foreign ships can carry American commercial tonnage at a less rate than American ships can do the same thing, or that American ships should be abandoned and the foreign ships encouraged, is disloyal to his country and its best interests."

"Therefore, if for no other reason than for pride in country, the preservation is not protection of the vast heritage that has been left to us by the fathers of the republic, every loyal American ought to insist upon the maintenance of an American merchant marine, at least upon the basis of the present ratio, and it would be the violation of the agreement reached nor an attempt to display a preparation for war—by friendly rivalry with the maritime nations of the earth, we still continue to build and operate merchant ships in an effort, not to control or dominate the sea, but at least to do our fair proportion of the business of the world."

"It is discouraging, indeed, to those who are attempting to build up and maintain our merchant marine when they are confronted by the suggestion of many of our business men that there is no objection in attempting to maintain a fleet of American merchant ships when some foreign power operating ships under foreign flags is willing to take cargoes cheaper than American ships can afford to handle them."

Immense cargoes of cereals were shipped from the United States to the United Kingdom and other foreign countries during the past year and foreign flag ships were under-bidding both the shipping board vessels and those of independent American operators with the result that the greater portion of these cargoes was carried by foreign ships.

"The reason for this differential is to be found in the higher cost of ship construction in American yards; the higher cost of operation of American ships due to the maintenance of a higher standard of wages, aid given by government to foreign ships, and many other items that I will not attempt now to discuss. The American ship must therefore be operated at a great loss or it must go out of business, unless this differential is met by subvention, direct, or indirect, permitted by congressional action."

Invites you to look over spring woollens. He promises first class linings and workmanship. Every coat carefully tried on before the finish and every garment guaranteed perfect in fit and style. Now with

McCarthy-Wilson Tailoring Co. Southeast Corner 15th and Harney.

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Boy Who Admits He Robbed Aunt Not Repentful

Youth and Pal Confess to "Seeing Bright Lights" With Relative's Life Savings.

There was no remorse in the eyes of Reynold Cehler, 16, yesterday as he beheld the bowed figure of his aunt, Mrs. Clara Dorn, 432 Cedar street, sitting dejectedly on the bench in the corridor of Central police station.

Reynold was leaving the office of Chief of Detectives Van Deusen, to whom he is said to have confessed robbing his aunt of \$640—her life savings—while she was at the bedside of her husband, lying near death in St. Joseph hospital.

The tired woman sat with head in her hands, bowed with grief and sorrow. At the sound of her nephew's footsteps, she looked up, rose and looked him full in the face.

Boy Disappears. The youth hesitated, stared at her, and went on down the corridor. He probably will be arraigned Monday morning in Central police court on charges of breaking and entering.

With him will be Louis Kraboe, 22, of Cleveland, O., accused as his accomplice in the robbery.

A week ago, Mrs. Dorn wrote Reynold's parents at Imperial, Neb., asking that he be permitted to visit her in Omaha to aid her while his uncle was in the hospital because of a nervous breakdown.

Reynold came, spent two nights at her home, and disappeared. Last Saturday Mrs. Dorn reported to police \$640, what was left of her life savings after paying \$60 on the hospital bill, and her gold watch, an heirloom, had been stolen from her.

Suspects Nephew. "I hate to say it, but I suspect my nephew," she said. Detectives Lickert, Triglia, Walker and Franz found the nephew in one of the minor hotels, and with him, young Kraboe.

After severe questioning in the office of the chief of detectives, they are said to have told this story: Soon after reaching the city, Reynold felt the call of the bright lights—and the army. He went to Fort Crook where he said he was 18, passed examination and was about to be sworn in when the verification of the age revealed his ineligibility.

While awaiting the decision of authorities, Reynold wandered into the writing room of a brook bar, and wrote a letter to his mother.

Acquaintance Formed. There he saw young Kraboe. An acquaintance was formed.

"Enlisted a week ago. I'm from Cleveland," Kraboe informed him. "But, gosh, I ain't had any money since."

"I know where there's some," volunteered the nephew. "My aunt promised to give me \$20."

To the home on Cedar street they went, pried open the aunt's trunk and took the \$640 and gold watch, which they pawned.

Then, with careful hearts and eager stride they set out to "see the sights."

Few Dollars Left. They saw them, when arrested they had but a few dollars each.

"Lost mine gambling, shooting craps," said Kraboe. "But I should worry. The government will take care of me. I'll be protected by my uniform."

Reynold "fell for" a pretty girl at the hotel, he said, and she relieved him of \$80.

"Kraboe took the roll," he declared, "and gave me only \$125. Some of it went for liquor. Oh, yes, we've been drinking."

But Kraboe says the loot was divided "fifty-fifty."

Mrs. Dorn signed the complaint against the pair.

Field Secretary to Talk at Parent-Teacher Meet

A special meeting of the Central High School Parent-Teacher association will be held Thursday at 8 at the Central High school.

Mrs. F. W. Carberry, field secretary of the National Parent-Teacher association, will speak on improvement in the organization.

Members of local associations are invited to attend the luncheon at 12:30 Thursday at the Brandeis restaurant honoring Mrs. Carberry, and also to the meeting Thursday night.

Mrs. Carberry will explain successful methods of similar organizations in an attempt to better local associations.

Reservations for the luncheon can be made with Mrs. Sherman Welpton or Mrs. C. R. Spencer.

World-Herald Is Flayed by Road Quiz Committee

Democrat Insists on Passage of Resolution Censuring Newspaper for Alleged "Lying" Reports.

Lincoln, March 4.—(Special.)—Representative Fred Hoffmeister, democrat, insisted today upon passage of a resolution by the state and county road probe committee censuring the World-Herald for alleged "lying" reports made of the investigation.

One statement in particular, purporting to be a report of proceedings, called for condemnation. It read: "Roland Frowe, county clerk, Sherman county, presented records from his office showing that roads were built by the township and county for \$67 to \$600 a mile of a clay foundation, equal to the federal project in that county built at a cost of over \$4,000 a mile."

Representative Epperson said he believed such a record had been presented. The record was produced, showing where figures were presented giving alleged costs of county road work no reference to federal costs. Records also were produced showing that when Frowe appeared before the committee he stated that a comparison of road qualities and accurate estimate of costs could not be made unless the committee inspected the roads, and the committee announced that Sherman county would be visited.

Resolution Carries. After the committee had presented Epperson the records he called for the vote against the resolution. The remainder of the committee joined Hoffmeister in voting to adopt the resolution, which also describes as misleading, unfair and deceptive headlines and reports of testimony presented to the committee, "damaging to the good name of Nebraska and hundreds of miles of good roads built by the state."

H. K. Bishop of Washington, D. C., chief of the division of construction of public works, read figures showing that state highways in Nebraska had been built more cheaply than in other states and government inspections showed state roads were as good as in any state and better than in many.

Representative Fred Hoffmeister asked George Johnson, state engineer, whether he had reported to the attorney general the loss of the field note book on Douglas county project No. 20, by T. W. Hamilton, one of Johnson's engineers.

Tour of Counties. "I did," Johnson replied, and wanted to know if Hamilton could be prosecuted.

The committee adjourned at noon today because no more complaints regarding road and bridge building were before it for investigation. It will meet again in Lincoln April 14 for two days to hear further complaints.

The committee then start on a tour of counties to inquire into the cost of county roads. A resolution was passed asking the clerks of 43 counties who paid no attention to the committee's request some time ago for figures on county road costs, to send in the figures.

Kansas City Man Who Killed Horse Buyer Found Insane

Kansas City, March 4.—Frank C. Thompson, Kansas City stockman, who shot and killed Harry Bruner, Cedar Rapids (Ia.) horsebuyer, in the lobby of the Livestock Exchange building here January 8, was declared insane by a jury here last night after nearly three hours' deliberation. Thompson was placed in custody of the marshal.

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Every used piano which we accept as part payment on a brand new one, is thoroughly gone over by our expert factory men, and in many cases are absolutely rebuilt and made "as good as new."

You will always be pleased when you purchase one of our Rebuilt Bargains.

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PLAYERS Mansfield \$240.00 Hartford 325.00 Schmolter & Mueller 345.00 Technola 375.00 Artemis 395.00

We have very low and easy terms for your convenience. Come in before these bargains are snapped up. Our Rebuilt Bargains are in demand.

Schmolter & Mueller 1514-16-18 PIANO CO. Doug. 1623 Dodge St.

Radio Phone Broadcasts Description of 4 Robbers

Louisville, Ky., March 4.—The radio telephone was employed early today to broadcast description of four robbers who last night bound and gagged James T. Clark, his wife and two servants and escaped with diamonds valued at \$10,000 and approximately \$350. The robbers bound their victims with cords taken from expensive pictures which they tore from the walls.

Miss Josephine Gwarthney of Birmingham, Ala., who was visiting the Clarks, saved her valuables by hiding in a closet while the robbers ransacked the place.

Woman, 101, Dies of Flu.

Zion Hill, March 4.—Mrs. Della King, 104 years old, formerly of Los Angeles, died today from influenza. More than 40 years ago she was said to have contracted an incurable disease and was told that she could live only a few months.

Hanged for Assault. Moundsville, W. Va., March 4.—Leroy Williams of Charleston, W. Va., was hanged in the West Virginia penitentiary here late yesterday. He was convicted of a criminal assault upon Mrs. W. H. Stephens, wife of a coal company official, several months ago.

Thompson, Belden & Co.

From Head to Heels

In early springtime attire you will find her most any day in Thompson Belden's apparel sections.

For newest fashions are arriving daily in models that make a happy union of quality and good taste. Frocks—Coats—Wraps—Suits—priced from

\$49.50 to \$125

Third Floor

Announcing Clear to the Elbow and Over

Are the new sixteen-button length gloves. They're of French origin, from Trefousse, to be exact, and come in brown, black and mode shades with contrasting embroideries. Priced \$8.

Main Floor

What, Another New Frock?

She fashioned it of jade green Spanish lace—I suppose to show off her dark hair. There were many other shades at Thompson Belden's—Alice blue, ecru, brown, green, black, and navy, were the colorings of these lovely Spanish lace all-overs and flouncings.

Charming New Spring Millinery

\$7.50 \$10 \$12 \$15

Amazingly youthful and original they are—comparable only to the exclusive showings of famous Parisian and New York hat shops. Such a bevy of smart styles to choose from—bewitching combinations of novelty fabrics and straw braids in lovely new color combinations.

Millinery—Fourth Floor