

Wilson's Failure Still Fresh in Memory of France

Briand Warns Delegates Against Making Agreements Which Must Be Ratified by Parliamentary Bodies.

By HENRY WALES. Chicago Tribune-Omaha Bee Leased Wire. Washington, Nov. 20.—Solemn warning against the Pacific disarmament conference being off more than it can chew, the delegations representing the various governments making agreements on matters which can only be decided on by their parliamentary bodies, was given by M. Aristide Briand in a statement to the press.

France, more than any other power, because it was the principal loser in failing to obtain the Anglo-Franco-American defensive guarantee, remembers Woodrow Wilson's peace delegation which went to Paris for the armistice negotiations, and then was repudiated by the United States senate.

In view of the fact that one of the principal criticisms of President Wilson's undertakings was that they violated the sovereignty of the United States and usurped rights vested solely in the senate, the French believe that care should be taken to avoid making decisions here which may not be honored in the capitals of the various delegations.

Briand Optimistic. M. Briand stated that he still optimistically over the outlook for results which will be obtained during this conference and he qualified his belief—the powers assembled will be satisfied with the unanimous acceptance of a statement of principles in broad general outlines and do not insist on pledging one another to detailed schemes and plans worked out in detail which may prove distasteful to parliaments and arouse antagonism in the press.

The premier intimated that France realizes full well the impossibility of obtaining written treaties of alliance with the United States and other countries for aid in case of future war aggressions. He hinted, however, that official and executive assurances of solidarity with France and sympathy with its peaceful aims or defense of its soil would be highly satisfactory to the French people.

M. Briand does not expect responses will be made to his speech on Monday. The address will be extemporaneous and heads of the other delegations will therefore not be familiar with its contents nor advance copies. It is therefore doubted if any will be in a position to reply to his expose of the menaces that threaten France.

Two Answers Possible. Only two answers can be framed in reply to M. Briand's speech, it was pointed out, however. One, in which the other great powers recognize France's special position on the continent of Europe, facing a state of twice its population and with Poland, its eastern bulwark and ally, confronted by the red hordes of bolshevik Russia. Acceptance of this viewpoint might imply that the great powers would intimate their readiness to duplicate the procedures in this great war and ally to the defending coalition and right and liberty.

The alternative, in which the other powers, apparently safe in their isolation, would reject the French thesis and refused to believe in the Teuton-Muscovite menace hanging over Europe. This latter attitude would permit France to announce its persistence in apprehensions to restate French needs for self-protection, and to demand free hand to arm as it sees fit to safeguard La Patrie.

Attitude on Submarines. The head of the French delegation amplified his attitude regarding submarines, which opposes the British contention. Beside being the arm of the weak, submarines are a weapon of the poor, he pointed out, while flotillas of them costing less than a single capital ship and therefore effecting the economy which was one of the reasons for the calling of the conference.

Regarding restricted tonnage for submarines, M. Briand pointed out that a large undersea craft would be able to rise to the surface and pick up survivors from a war ship or transport it had sunk, whereas this was a physical impossibility in the case of a small submarine.

M. Briand congratulated his colleagues on the spirit of justice and sacrifice which has already been evinced in examination of the far eastern problems, especially insofar as they refer to China. He stated that there was evidence of a sincere desire on the part of most powers to rehabilitate China as a sovereign state, enjoying all the advantages of a recognized power.

May Change Plans. No decision has yet been taken by M. Briand regarding the coming to Washington of M. Louis Loucheur, richest man in France and minister of the liberated regions. It had been announced that M. Loucheur would sit in at the conference after the premier returned to Paris. There may be a change in this program, since it has been decided that the financial question, the matter of allied war debts, will not be discussed here. M. Briand does not believe details of economic and financial readjustment in far east affairs will be worked out at this conference, thus obviating M. Loucheur's presence on that point.

The premier and about half the French delegation, including M. Berthelot, will leave Washington at 8 o'clock Thursday morning. M. Briand will sail from New York on Friday morning on board the steamship Paris.

M. Rene Viviani, former premier and member of several cabinets, will head the French delegation after M. Briand's departure until December 11, when he will return to France on board the Paris with the bulk of the remainder of the delegation.

Text of Committee Discussion On Pacific and Far East Problems

By The Associated Press. Washington, Nov. 20.—The following communiqué was issued Saturday:

The committee on Pacific and far eastern questions held its second meeting this morning at 11 o'clock. All plenipotentiary delegates were present except Baron Shibushiro for Japan, Ambassador Jussegard for France and Mr. Meda for Italy.

Admiral Baron Kato, on behalf of Japan, made the following statement: "I. It seems to the Japanese delegation that existing difficulties in China lie no less in her domestic situation than in her external relations. We are anxious to see peace and unity re-established at the earliest possible moment, but we want to avoid all action that may be construed as an intervention in the internal affairs of China. All this conference can achieve is, it seems to us, to adjust China's foreign relations, leaving her domestic situation to be worked out by the Chinese."

The Japanese delegation wishes to assure the Chinese delegation and the whole conference that Japan has every desire to cultivate the happiest relations with China. We are solicitous of making whatever contributions we are capable of toward China's realization of her just and legitimate aspirations. We are unimpaired by any policy of territorial aggrandisement in any part of China.

"We adhere without condition or reservation, to the principle of the open door and equal opportunity in China. We look to China in particular for the supply of raw materials essential to our industrial life and for foodstuffs as well. In the purchase of such materials from China, we are anxious to see relations with that country, we do not claim any special rights or privileges, and we welcome fair and honest competition with all nations."

"With regard to the question of the abolition of extra territoriality, which is perhaps one of most insisted upon by the Chinese delegation, it is our intention to join with other delegations in the endeavor to come to an arrangement in a manner fair and satisfactory to all."

"We have come to this conference, not to advance our own selfish interests, we have come to co-operate with all nations for the purpose of assuring peace in the far east and friendship among nations."

Ready to Explain. "The Japanese delegation understands that the principal object of the conference is to establish in common accord, policies and principles which are to guide the future actions of the nations here represented. Although we are ready to explain or discuss any problem which is brought up, it is our intention, is taken up, we should regret undue protraction of the discussions by detailed examination of innumerable minor matters."

Baron De Cartier, speaking for Belgium, Mr. Balfour for the British Empire, and Senator Schanzler for Italy, then made statements as follows:

Baron De Cartier: "I believe it proper to briefly point out the spirit in which Belgium takes up the examination of the questions relating to the far east."

"It is my duty to subscribe to the noble sentiments expressed by the secretary of state at the opening session of our committee."

Has Aided China. "Insofar as China is concerned, my country has for many years maintained important relations with her, and has been among the first to contribute to the development of the natural resources of China through the large part of the construction of its railroad system; it has also established there industrial and financial enterprises of importance."

"The personal experience I have been able to acquire through my sojourns in China during the past few years, and the progress that she has made during that period, the manner in which she has been able to overcome her internal crises, inspire me with great confidence for her future."

"Belgium will take part willingly in all the measures this conference may adopt to insure the territorial integrity of China and to furnish her with means to overcome her difficulties. She is convinced that the support of the action of the government is the necessary condition of all progress and the fruitful application of such rules as this conference might lay down in accord with the government of the Chinese republic."

Belgium Favors "Open Door." "Belgium will unreservedly favor the policy of the open door. She desires to see assured to the industry and commerce of all the nations the possibility of sharing on a footing of complete and genuine equality, the development of the resources of China to the greatest benefit of the Chinese people and of all humanity."

"She has heard with satisfaction, the statement of the representative of the Chinese republic, that that country is ready to apply the policy of commercial liberty in all parts of its territory. This commercial liberty will not produce its full effect unless nationals of the powers obtain the rights and privileges which are the necessary condition of the full development of economic interests."

"Belgium, in accord with the powers concerned, is ready to consent to a fair increase in the customs duties, which will align Belgium with the side of the countries desiring to accept the gradual abandonment of their rights of jurisdiction as soon as the Chinese government shall have completed the work that it has undertaken and shall be in position to give assurance of the many guarantees that the proper administration of justice demands."

Nothing to Add. Mr. Balfour said he thought it unnecessary to add he thought it what has been said by colleagues in regard to the question of a general order which had been raised. His reason for saying this was that he had nothing to add to the frequent declarations of the government he

had the honor to represent on all these questions; for example, the "open door" in China, the integrity of China and the desirability of leaving China to work out its own salvation and to maintain control over its own affairs, and of substituting, when circumstances warranted, normal processes of law for extra territoriality. All these principles have been formulated over and over again in explicit terms by the government which he represented.

Senator Schanzler's statement: "I have the honor to state, in the name of the Italian delegation, that we fully subscribe to the noble sentiments expressed by the orators who have preceded me. The Italian delegation is ready to examine, together with the other delegations, with the greatest care and in a spirit of free sympathy, questions relating to China. It will give its support to the solution that shall appear to be the best suited to assure the free development of China and to guarantee an equality in footing of the different nations in their efforts to promote the progress of China and of commerce with that country."

Briand Expresses Friendship. M. Briand expressed the warm sympathy that France feels for China with which it has a common frontier of 1,500 kilometers long. The French delegation is disposed to consider in the most favorable light, the Chinese claims in their entirety. But, in order to reach a practical result it will be necessary to make a thorough examination of each claim.

Jonkher Van Karnebeck, representing The Netherlands, remarked that, in the present phase of the discussion, there is not much for him to say of a general character and at the same time of material importance. He wished, however, to say as the representative of one of China's neighbors, that The Netherlands delegation will be happy to consider the principles which China has laid down and the systems from the standpoint of the world's general welfare and to examine them in a spirit of sympathy and friendship toward China.

Holland, he said, has old friends along the shores of the Pacific; the Chinese know that it is one of them. If China avails itself of the opportunity now afforded by this conference, to assert its rights, to declare its position and to define its wishes, it may count on Holland's good will and its willingness to aid China in the realization of legitimate aspirations and in its endeavors toward a consolidation and stabilization of Chinese domestic affairs which are connected with the problems affecting the Pacific.

Viscount D'Almeida said that the Portuguese delegation saw with pleasure that the delegates of the other nations represented at the conference had expressed nearly identical views to the desirability in the interests of all, of a prosperous and united China. He gladly associated himself with his colleagues in the expression of this desire.

Mr. Sz expressed, on behalf of the Chinese delegation, his sincere appreciation for the united sympathy and friendship of the delegations for China and its proposals. Of course, he said, proposals will be considered in connection with their applications. He would desire to reserve to the Chinese delegation the right of discussing them in detail.

But he was sure that the friendly sentiments, as expressed also by the general spirit of accord thereby generated, would be conducive to the success of this conference.

After a general discussion the meeting adjourned until Monday at 4 p. m.

Fletcher to Resign As Under Secretary For Diplomatic Post

Chicago Tribune-Omaha Bee Leased Wire. Washington, Nov. 20.—Under Secretary of State Henry Prather Fletcher, who is in charge of arrangements of the international armistice conference, will resign his post at the conclusion of the conference to accept a diplomatic post from the president.

Although there is no confirmation of this from the State department, Mr. Fletcher has already made it clear that it is a fact that the post the president has in mind for Fletcher is ambassador to Belgium, to succeed Brand Whitlock.

It has been known for some time that Mr. Fletcher, long in the diplomatic service, has not found his present post to his liking and that he desires to return to the foreign field where he has given meritorious service for many years. His last appointment was ambassador to Mexico. Prior to that, Mr. Fletcher was ambassador to Chile. He also spent many years in China attached to the American legation there.

Bandits Kill Postmaster; Robber Slain in Battle

West Frankfort, Ill., Nov. 20.—Armed men invaded Freeman Spur, near here, shot and killed Charles Amati, the postmaster, held up a saloon and then were put to flight, leaving behind one of their companions, who was shot to death in a fusillade that followed the saloon holdup, according to a report sent here tonight.

Burglar Jumps Through Window as Family Is Roused

Awakened by her son, Billy, Mrs. W. H. Chamberlain, 1104 North Twenty-ninth street, shortly after 1 this morning heard a burglar, believed to have been a negro, in the house. She in turn awakened her husband, who got out of bed just in time to see the man jump through a window. The burglar stole \$20.

Man Charged With Murder On Hunger Strike in Jail

Salt Lake City, Nov. 20.—James Nickopoulos, held in the county jail charged with murdering Dan Karras, has been on a hunger strike for the last nine days, the jailer stated, refused to eat, believing that friends of Karras were attempting to get poisonous food admitted to the prison to be served to him.

Maternity Bill Passes House by Vote of 279 to 39

One of Negative Votes Cast by Congressman McLaughlin Who Says Constituents Oppose New Bureaus.

By E. C. SNYDER. Washington Correspondent Omaha Bee. Washington, Nov. 20.—The so-called Sheppard-Towner maternity bill, which has been the foot ball for congress for months, finally reached a vote, when 279 members of the house voted to create a bureau to look after maternity and child birth, while 39 members voted against the bill.

One of the 39 negative votes was cast by Representative M. O. McLaughlin of the Fourth Nebraska district. The other members from Nebraska cast their votes in favor of, or were paired for the measure.

Explains His Vote. In explaining the reasons for his negative vote Mr. McLaughlin issued the following statement: "Under the representative form of government I believe it is the duty of a representative to vote the wishes of a majority of the constituents of the district from which he is elected when such wishes can be definitely determined. While I have received a number of letters from officers of women's clubs from several of the larger cities of the country urging my support of the Sheppard-Towner bill, I have received only one memorial from a woman's club of the district favoring the bill, and one letter from a constituent of the Fourth district taking a stand against the bill."

"This woman writer expressed the opinion that it is high time for the congress of the United States to cease creating boards and commissions, whose support and operations are paid for by the taxpayers of the country, and stated that she and her neighbors believe that the fathers and mothers of the Fourth congressional district of Nebraska are wholly competent to take care of their own children and rear them in the proper manner without the necessity of agents of the federal government undertaking to supervise their family affairs."

Uses Own Judgment. "The convictions expressed by this worthy constituent wholly agree with my own views on the subject. I believe, first, that the men and women of the Fourth congressional district desire less interference on the part of the federal government in both their home and business affairs, and second, that should it develop that there are parents in the district who are not able to properly care for their own children, that the county and state are in a position to understand and meet the needs of such families more competently than agents sent out from Washington by the federal government."

"In the absence of conclusive recommendations, from my district either for or against the Sheppard-Towner bill, I was constrained to rely upon my own honest, conscientious judgment and voted against the measure."

The senate having passed the bill, the conference committee will go on to consider amendments to the measure.

Thousands of Acres Flooded in Indiana; Water in Terre Haute

Terre Haute, Ind., Nov. 20.—Thousands of acres of lowlands of the Wabash valley are under water and great property damage has resulted from high waters caused by recent rains. The Wabash river is about 16 feet above normal and is still rising. Standing corn in the lowlands was ruined and with all small streams also overflowing, roads, bridges and culverts have been damaged.

So far there have been no reports of loss of life or stock.

Water began backing into parts of Terre Haute and West Terre Haute tonight. The sudden cold and wind today brought hope that the flood would be checked.

Wrecking of bridges across tributaries to the Wabash caused several serious motor car accidents and interrupted travel. Reports indicate only one-half of the corn in the lowland has been harvested and that remaining will be lost.

Negress Is Slain

Ada Johnson, a negress, was shot and killed by a mob of 14 men on Wednesday night in the 314 North Twenty-third street. The Johnson woman was shot through the nose, the bullet passing through a heavy window door before striking her. The slayer escaped following the shooting. F. H. (George) Bohring, a member of the Booker Washington club early this morning, in connection with the murder.

Boy of 15 Facing Jail

Father Refuses to Pay Court Verdict of \$700 In Alienation Suit

Chicago Tribune-Omaha Bee Leased Wire. Buffalo, N. Y., Nov. 20.—Chris Eckert, jr., 15, faces a jail term because of his inability to pay a \$700 verdict returned against him for alienating the affections of Mrs. Lewis Eckert, 26, and her mother of three children. Eckert has no money and his father, a wealthy lumber man of Portageville, will not pay the judgment, he announces.

Reduced Fares to Chicago. Open rate of fare and a half for the round trip on sale November 25 to 29, inclusive, return limit December 5, via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway (account International Live Stock exposition). Tickets: Consolidated office, 1416 Dodge street and Union station, W. E. Bock, G. A. P. D. 407 South Fifteenth street, telephone Douglas 481, Omaha, Neb.—Advertisement.

12-Year-Old Is Heroine of Village of East Omaha

Esther Hedberg, Alone With Smaller Sisters, Shoots And Wounds Chicken Thief With Father's Shotgun, As He Emerges From Cellar.

Esther Hedberg is only 12. She is not large for her age. But courage is not always measured by size, and Esther now is a heroine of the village of East Omaha.

Esther's mother is very ill in the Swedish Mission hospital. She has been there for seven months. It has been a tedious seven months for Esther, for she has had to assume her mother's duties, and care for the house and two little sisters as well. There have been many lonely, fearful nights in the little Hedberg home at Twenty-fifth street and avenue L. Saturday night was no exception. As on many preceding nights, Esther's father had gone to the hospital to see the mother.

Noise in Basement. Esther had finished washing the dishes. She was tucking her 2-year-old sister, Mary Jane, in bed, when she heard a noise in the basement. Her heart skipped a beat.

Thursday night she had heard a similar noise. A little girl friend had been with her on this occasion, and she was less frightened.

Now she was alone. Her baby sister's safety depended on her. She tipped her head to the kitchen. The noise below continued. In the kitchen stood her father's shotgun. She had always avoided the gun. It was so big and heavy, and made such a deafening noise when it was discharged.

Carried Gun Out Doors. She shuddered as she picked it up. She pulled back one of the hammers of the gun, and then she saw her father's shotgun. She had seen it before, but she had never seen it so close.

Function of Navy Experts Solely To Gather Facts

France and Italy May Come to Front In Naval Program

American Delegates Will Not Surrender Formulation of Policies to Guide Action On Armaments.

By The Associated Press. Washington, Nov. 20.—Secretary Hughes and his associates of the American delegation have no intention of surrendering to the naval experts, formulation of any policies to guide American action in naval or other questions pertaining to the conference.

It was made plain that the function of the experts was strictly that of developing the facts. Determination of policies on those facts is the reserved right of the civilians who make up the American delegation.

Emphasis in this connection was laid on the undesirability of diverting attention from the main issue of American naval proposals, the capital ship ratio plan. All questions of proportions of auxiliary craft, the place of submarines in the scheme of curtailment and similar items are looked upon by the American delegation as of secondary importance.

For that reason the American attitude of resolute adherence to the five-five-three ratio of the American capital ship plan has been emphasized. It is this main issue which is still to be met, together with the 10-year building holiday and a substantial immediate reduction in tonnage already afloat. The announced intention of the Japanese delegation to seek an alteration of the ratio, however, is the only known stumbling block to this first vital agreement.

In connection with the Japanese attitude, the impression appeared to gain ground today that Admiral Kato, in announcing his purpose to seek a slightly higher tonnage ratio for Japan, was prompted somewhat by considerations involving home politics. It was hardly to be expected, some officers said, that he could accept, out of hand, a definite relegation of Japan to the short end of the five-five-three ratio proposal without a fight. Japan was said already to have looked toward a ratio of 75 to 100 in naval strength as compared to the United States.

Japan's Delegates Pleased With Stand of Baron Kato

Washington, Nov. 20.—(By the Associated Press.)—Representative Japanese were disposed to rest content with Admiral Baron Kato's exposition before the "big nine" of Japan's attitude toward China, believing it admirably presented the standpoint of Japan and scarcely needed elucidation. They expressed the belief that it would convince the world of Japan's sincere intentions as to China.

The statement was regarded as confirming forecasts that Japan seeks at the conference a declaration of broad principles and policies in the far east which would guide all nations, and is inclined to look with distrust on an analysis of the past, believing such might unnecessarily cause friction.

Mount Vernon, Ia., Nov. 20.—"The 'meanest man on earth' is believed to live somewhere in this section of Iowa."

An auto driver became stalled on the Lincoln highway near here. He hailed a passing truck driver, who found the loose connection, and proceeded to crank the engine. The engine back-fired, breaking the rescuer's arm.

"I broke my arm," he said. "Too bad," responded the rescued autoist, as he sped down the road.

Unable to start his big truck the chauffeur was forced to walk to Mount Vernon, where he received medical attention. Another driver was sent by train for the truck.

Cop Nabs Candidate To Phi Delta Theta Searching Cemetery

Chicago Tribune-Omaha Bee Leased Wire. Chicago, Nov. 20.—Policeman Bert Goodwin hummed a bar of "Sweet Rosie O'Grady" as he flowed through the rain on his beat Friday night. The beat borders the dreary confines of Oakwood cemetery. Spooks are known to have an abhorrence of a rollicking ditty.

But Policeman Goodwin stopped as he saw a figure scramble over the iron fence into the cemetery. The figure was dark and evidently not a ghost. It stopped at each tombstone, flashing a light.

"Damn it," it said. "That isn't it either."

The hand of the law grabbed the collar of the visitor. A brisk jaunt through the rain to the station. "I'm Sidney McLeod, jr., he explained. "I'm looking for the graves of 'Gleason, 1843-1905' and 'Clancy McClay, 1844-1904.' I can't join the Phi Delta Theta fraternity until I find 'em, you see."

The police verified the tale at the fraternity house and the boy's home and released him to continue his ghostly search.

Eleven Mourners On Way Back From Funeral Killed

Train Running 60 Miles an Hour Strikes Automobile At Grade Crossing—Bodies Strewn for Mile.

Chicago Tribune-Omaha Bee Leased Wire. Chicago, Ill., Nov. 20.—Creeping through a blinding snowstorm, returning from a funeral, a touring car carrying 13 relatives of Myrtle Ziminzian, who had just been buried, was struck by the Santa Fe-California Limited train, running 60 miles an hour, and 11 of the occupants of the funeral car were killed. The car was smashed to splinters and portions of the bodies strewn for nearly a mile.

Ten of the victims were instantly killed. Another died soon after being taken to a hospital and one other victim will not survive. The impact from the two heavy locomotives was so violent that the largest part of the wrecked automobile that could be found, was a rear tire.

The hearse had crossed the track and was closely followed by the funeral car. It was squarely across the tracks when a long train, pulled by two locomotives, roared over a sharp curve. A third funeral car was 100 feet in the rear of the one demolished, but the driver could not see it. He heard a crash, but could see nothing because of the storm.

He drove across the tracks, but there was no sign of the grim tragedy that had just been enacted and the occupants of his car continued to their homes, ignorant of what had happened.

One of the marvelous incidents of the affair is the escape of Mrs. John Chruselski, whose husband and son were killed. She was carried many yards and buried into a snow-filled ravine and escaped without a scratch. Badly dazed, she was helped to her home, but soon regained her senses and returned to claim the bodies of her husband and son. Her second son was so badly injured that he will die.

The crossing is on a lonely road near Summit, Ill., and a number of abandoned stone quarries and huge piles of rock obscure the view of the railroad tracks in either direction.

Irwin Lays Claim to Having Champion Corn Husker

Irwin, Ia., Nov. 20.—(Special.)—Other communities in the corn belt are invited by Irwin to bring forward their champion cornhuskers. This community lays claim to having the best of them all.

There are several around here who average 150 bushels a day. Among these are Dave Mellor and Harry Wetzel. The former husked and cribbed more than 900 bushels in six days. Wetzel's record was 2,100 bushels in 14 days.

Oscar Erickson has been averaging 130 bushels and Walter Juhl has brought in 100 bushels a day every day since he began husking early in the fall.

Baker's Cocoa The Food Drink That Suits Everyone old and young, the well and the ill.

It is not artificially flavored, but, having the delicious, natural flavor and aroma of high-grade cocoa beans of which one never tires, may be used at every meal.

Trade-mark on every package. WALTER BAKER & CO. LTD. ESTABLISHED 1860 DORCHESTER - MASSACHUSETTS Booklet of Choice Recipes sent free

Woman Holding Boarding House Against Rangers

Owner in Strike Zone Refuses To Vacate Until Coal Company Reimburses Her For Fittings.

By The Associated Press. Walsenburg, Colo., Nov. 20.—Ordered to vacate her miners' boarding house to make room for quarters for state rangers, called here to enforce martial law as the result of a strike of miners in 13 mines of the Colorado Fuel and Iron company, Mrs. James Muir was holding on to the place, refusing to leave until the company should reimburse her, she said, for the expenses she had incurred in fitting the house.

This order, served by W. F. Getchell, superintendent of the Colorado Fuel and Iron company's coal mines here, led to reports that the company had started to evict striking miners from company houses. There was no truth in the reports, Mr. Getchell said. He declared that further action in regard to Mrs. Muir would await instructions from the legal department of the company.

A statement from the company issued in Denver that Mrs. Muir had refused to feed men who wanted to work in the mines was denied by Mrs. Muir. She said she had not refused to provide board for any one. Mr. Getchell declared the fact that Mrs. Muir's husband was a striking miner, and that most of the men quartered there were strikers had nothing to do with the eviction.

Production Increases. Tony Ozonich, a striking miner of the Walsenburg mine arrested by rangers this morning for an alleged display of firearms and held under a charge of illegally possessing arms as an alien, was released today after it was found he had filed his first citizenship papers.

With all the company's mines in Fremont county closed down on account of the strike, official figures given out by the Colorado Fuel and Iron company here show an increase in production for yesterday over the day before at 10 properties in Huerfano and Las Animas counties affected by the recently posted 30 per cent wage reduction.

For the 10 mines the report shows a total production yesterday of 2,140 tons against 2,010 tons Thursday. The number of miners reporting for work at all properties in the two counties this morning was announced as 645 against 485 yesterday.

Two mines in Gunnison county are working, company officials announced.

To Prosecute Men. Denver, Nov. 20.—The Colorado industrial commission moved to prosecute the number of men striking in sympathy with the men striking against a 30 per cent wage cut by the Colorado Fuel and Iron company in southern Colorado fields.

In a letter to Victor E. Keyes, attorney general of Colorado and the district attorneys of two counties, the commission requested that "criminal and civil proceedings" be brought against coal miners in Fremont and Gunnison counties employed by the Colorado Fuel and Iron company, who struck in sympathy with the southern field workers.

The miners in Fremont and Gunnison counties are alleged to have struck without giving 30 days' notice to the industrial commission.

Escaped Iowa Convict On Way Back to Prison

Chicago Tribune-Omaha Bee Leased Wire. Mobile, Ala., Nov. 20.—John (Fatty) Holmes, confessed train robber, who tired of dodging the police of many cities and begging for food, and who surrendered to the local police, began his journey back to Iowa state prison in charge of J. Hayden, a state penitentiary agent.

Holmes was convicted eight years ago of placing an obstruction on a railroad track near Council Bluffs, and taking part in the hold-up of a train. He was given his imprisonment, but this was later commuted to 40 years and he was serving out this time at a woods camp when he escaped last April.

He said that when he reached Mobile he was hungry and desperate, so he walked into the station and gave himself up.



Baker's Cocoa The Food Drink That Suits Everyone old and young, the well and the ill.

It is not artificially flavored, but, having the delicious, natural flavor and aroma of high-grade cocoa beans of which one never tires, may be used at every meal.

Trade-mark on every package. WALTER BAKER & CO. LTD. ESTABLISHED 1860 DORCHESTER - MASSACHUSETTS Booklet of Choice Recipes sent free