

Great Britain In Accord With Open Door Policy

Four Features of Official Viewpoint on Proposals of China Emphasized—Alliance Not Involved.

By The Associated Press. Washington, Nov. 16.—Four features of the official British viewpoint on China's proposals on the far eastern question were emphasized tonight by the highest authorities.

Great Britain reiterates that it is in full agreement with the open door policy.

It regards the "spheres of influence" as antiquated and unsuitable to modern conditions.

The Panama canal is not regarded as a specific question and will not be urged on the consideration of the conference.

The Anglo-Japanese alliance is not regarded by the British as directly involved in the Chinese proposals for settlement of the far eastern question, although it may be drawn into the discussion later.

By the same authority, it was said, consideration of far eastern questions will proceed at once upon the basis of the proposition submitted by the Chinese delegates.

Topics set out in the Chinese plan will be referred to experts.

While the British viewpoint is that the Anglo-Japanese alliance is not directly involved in any of the Chinese proposals submitted today, the British would welcome an agreement between the great powers or even one limited to America, Japan and Great Britain, to replace it.

This is founded on the feeling that there is need for some co-operative action to regulate conditions in the far east in the interest of peace and prosperity.

No proposition concerning readjustment of foreign indebtedness to the United States resulting from the war will be advanced by the British delegates.

Evidence that the subject is not in contemplation for consideration is afforded by the fact that there are no financial experts attached to the British representation.

In fact, there is every evidence that the British instructions contemplate a strict adherence to the agenda proposed by the United States.

It is known that the French delegation is of the same mind.

Open Door Policy Urged by Chinese

(Continued From Page One.) day while the plan for reduction of naval establishments was passing through a period of technical examination at the hands of a committee of experts.

For the first time the delegations of the United States, Great Britain, Japan, France, Italy, China, Belgium, Portugal and The Netherlands, acting as a committee of the whole on the far eastern questions, assembled for preliminary discussion and to lay plans for procedure.

In contrast to the manner in which the conference tackled the armament problem on its opening day, the representatives of the powers went into today's committee meeting waiting on one another to speak first about the intricate questions that long have troubled diplomatic relations in the Pacific and the Orient.

Every nation had a rather concrete idea of the principles it meant to present, but no one seemed anxious to break the ice.

China and Japan Wait. The attitude of the United States is that the interest of this government is not nearly so direct in the far eastern situation as it was in the question of armaments.

Both China and Japan appeared to prefer to wait and familiarize themselves with the atmosphere of the conference before laying down their views in detail.

The general prediction was that the task of drafting a method of procedure would be entrusted to a smaller committee. It was expected that all nine of the nations represented here would have membership on the committee and would unite their influence to hasten the committee's work so that the far eastern discussions might take rank as soon as possible among the more advanced negotiations on armament.

While the delegates were beginning their actual consideration of the second big topic on the conference program, the naval experts committee of the "big five" powers held its first meeting and compared impressions on details of the American reduction plan accepted yesterday "in spirit and principle" by all the powers.

With Theodore Roosevelt, assistant secretary of the navy, as chairman and representative of the United States, others composing this committee are: Admiral Beatty for Great Britain, Vice Admiral De Bon for France, Vice Admiral Acton for Italy and Vice Admiral Kato for Japan.

Committee Meets. The committee will take up the modifications desired by Great Britain for a sharp cut in the proposed maximums for submarine tonnage and for limitation of the size of submarines, as well as alteration of the replacement plan and Japan's desire that she be permitted a higher ratio of naval strength than 60 per cent of the British and American forces respectively.

Settlement of the naval status of France and Italy to be embraced in an agreement based on the armament limitation program proposed for the United States, Great Britain and Japan, also will come before the committee of naval advisers, it having been learned last night that the desire of those two countries that this course be adopted had been accepted "in principle" by the common limitation of armaments.

"Mixer" at Beatrice. Beatrice, Neb., Nov. 16.—(Special.)—The Chamber of Commerce mixer will be held December 2, according to plans made at a meeting of the directors.

Readers from Night Colds. LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets relieve the headache by curing the cold. A tonic laxative and germ destroyer. The genuine bears the signature of E. W. Grove. (Be sure you get BROMO.) 2tc.

British War Mother Kissed by Pershing

Philadelphia, Pa., Nov. 16.—General Pershing, upon being introduced to Mrs. Amelia Emma McCudden, British war mother, at the banquet to Marshal Foch last night, complimented Mrs. McCudden upon her visit to America and then leaned forward and kissed her.

"Your visit to America will do much to create a friendly spirit between England and America," he said, and then he kissed the English woman who sent three sons into the British army, none of whom returned.

New Jap Premier Optimistic Over Arms Conference

Baron Takahashi Says Burden Of Armaments Is Curse of Times—Japan Feeling Load.

By The Associated Press. Tokyo, Nov. 16.—"I am confident that the Washington conference will be epoch-making in the realization of peace and good will by diminishing, if not removing, causes of distrust and suspicion among nations," said Baron Takahashi, the new premier, to THE Associated Press yesterday.

"The burden of armaments," he continued, "tends to a waste of energy and destruction of purposes and is a curse of the times. Japan's finance feels the pain of the burden of armaments as keenly as the other powers. Nothing would be more welcome than relief from this burden through a mutual understanding between the nations."

"The outlay for national defense should be reduced to the minimum necessary for national security. Japan's naval expenditures have been considerably cut down in the budget of 1922-1923."

The success of the Washington conference must be considered to depend on the degree of sincerity of the part of those participating in it and Japan will be second to none in this respect.

"My fervent prayer is that the meeting in Washington may be successful in insuring a just peace. This effort of the Japanese people will be entitled to the gratitude of the world, not only contemporaneous but for generations to come."

Telegraphic Briefs

Would Ban Cigarettes to Women. Philadelphia, Nov. 16.—Resolutions urging legislation prohibiting the sale of cigarettes to women were adopted yesterday by the National Council of Women.

Food Riots In Berlin. Berlin, Nov. 16.—Predictions by economic experts that there would be serious riots this winter in consequence of the increase in price of food stuffs were verified yesterday morning when a riot broke out in the city.

Teachers' Strike Ends. Chicago, Nov. 16.—Settlement of the two days strike of 6,000 teachers was announced last night following a conference between union officials, school board and United States officials.

No Soda at Sing Sing. Ossining, N. Y., Nov. 16.—Sing Sing prison here like to get prisoners to work at the trade of soda. Prisoners, who arrived there from Brooklyn yesterday, stumped them when he introduced himself as a soda clerk. He'll avoid cost.

Lower Rail Rates. Philadelphia, Nov. 16.—Public demand that the price of railroad service be reduced in the wages of railroad workers, Samuel Hines, president of the Pennsylvania Railroad company declared tonight, in a statement addressed to employees of the road.

Open Shop in Bindery Plants. Chicago, Nov. 16.—Eighteen book bindery plants of Chicago which turn out the bulk of the bound books in the middle west, voted yesterday to establish an open shop basis, beginning today.

Shell Min Glasses Fused. Rochester, N. Y., Nov. 16.—The American Association of Wholesale Opticians at its semi-annual meeting here yesterday authorized appointment of a committee to urge upon the public the wearing of eye glasses in style to the occasion.

Women Deacons. Philadelphia, Nov. 16.—Women may be ordained as deacons under a decision of the Presbyterian general assembly announced at New York yesterday.

Tuberculosis Cure Nearer. Chicago, Nov. 16.—Science is drawing nearer to a cure for tuberculosis. Professor Lydia De Witt yesterday told the closing session of the autumn meeting of the National Academy of Sciences.

Wood Appointments Confirmed. Manila, P. I., Nov. 16.—Differences between Governor General Leonard A. Wood and the Philippine senate were cleared up today when the senate confirmed all of Wood's important appointments.

Flying Time Is Cut. Reno, Nov. 16.—Forty minutes was clipped from the flying time between Reno and Elko yesterday when Pilot "Vad" made the distance in one hour and 40 minutes.

Fokker Wrecked. Paris, Nov. 16.—The intrinsically last night wrecked Anthony H. G. Fokker, the Dutch aircraft inventor, whose type of aircraft was of such value to the Germans in the early part of the war and who is exhibiting a monoplane at the Paris air salon, that he had better be absent when President Millerand's official visit to the salon today.

Roads in Fair Shape. Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 16.—Motorists contemplating overland travel this week to parts of Nebraska and adjoining states should be in fair to excellent condition.

Cock Fighting Shot. Dublin, Nov. 16.—Malboro Barry, Cork citizen interested in Bullfighting, was shot dead yesterday. It is believed that he was fired as a tory containing several interested men, including the alderman, was leaving the scene.

Special Legislative Session Not Probable. Grand Island, Neb., Nov. 16.—(Special.)—Representative John McLellan, who announced a movement about 10 days ago for a special session of the legislature for the exclusive purpose of curtailing public expenditures and relieving the tax burden, returned from Lincoln after a conference with Governor McKelvie on the proposition.

McKelvie reports Governor McKelvie finds objections to the proposal that the legislators gather at their own expense and can see no immediate reduction of either expenditures or of taxes, commensurate with such an effort.

The governor is reported to have been in sympathy with the movement toward reducing the economic and financial condition of the people.

House and Senate Make Agreement On Excise Taxes

House and Senate Conference Strike Out Provisions for 4 Per Cent Manufacturers Levy.

By The Associated Press. Washington, Nov. 16.—Agreement on excise and soft drink taxes was reached yesterday by the house and senate conferees on the tax revision bill.

After striking out the senate proposal for a 4 per cent manufacturers' tax on perfumes, essences, toilet waters and the like, the managers agreed to the excise taxes as finally approved by the senate. They are:

Automobile trucks and automobile wagons, including parts and accessories, 3 per cent.

Other automobiles and motorcycles, including parts and accessories, 5 per cent.

Tires, inner tubes, parts or accessories for motor vehicles sold to any person other than a manufacturer or producer of motor vehicles, 5 per cent.

Cameras weighing not more than 100 pounds, and lenses for such cameras, 10 per cent.

Photographic films and plates (other than moving picture films), 5 per cent.

Firearms, shells, etc., 10 per cent.

Hunting and bowie knives, 10 per cent.

Dirk knives, daggers, sword canes, stilettoes and brass or metallic knucklers, 100 per cent.

Cigar and cigarette holders or pipes, composed wholly or in part of meerschaum or amber, humidors and smoking stands, 10 per cent.

Automatic slot device vending machines, 5 per cent, and automatic slot device weighing machines, 10 per cent.

Liveries and livery boots and hats, 10 per cent.

Hunting and shooting garments and riding habits, 10 per cent.

Yachts and motor boats, not designed for trade or fishing or national defense, and pleasure boats and pleasure canoes, if sold for more than \$100, 10 per cent.

Works of art, 5 per cent.

Manufacturers' Tax. A manufacturers' tax of 5 per cent of so much of the price for which the following articles are sold or leased as is in excess of the price specified as to each article:

Carpets and rugs, including fiber, \$4.50 per square yard in the case of carpets and \$6 per square yard in the case of rugs.

Trunks, \$35 each.

Trunks, suitcases, suitcases, hat boxes used by travelers and fitted toilet cases, \$25 each.

Purses, pocketbooks, shopping and handbags, \$5 each.

Portable lighting fixtures, including lamps of all kinds and lampshades, \$10 each, and fans \$1 each.

Excise taxes now in force, the repeal of which is agreed upon, are: Articles made of fur, 10 per cent.

Musical instruments, 5 per cent.

Sporting goods, including pool and billiard tables, 10 per cent.

Chewing gum, 5 per cent.

Portable electric fans, 5 per cent.

Moving picture films, 5 per cent.

Thermos and thermos bottles and jugs, 5 per cent.

Retail (luxury) taxes on articles of clothing, umbrellas, parasols, sunshades, picture frames, carpets, rugs, trunks, valises, hat boxes, fitted toilet cases, shopping and hand bags, portable lighting fixtures, and fans costing in excess of specified amounts.

Brother of Caruso Comes to America

Giovanni Caruso, younger brother of the great tenor, who died in Italy several months ago, arrived in New York to close up the affairs of the Caruso estate in this country.

Immediately after landing Caruso got in touch with the singer's widow. She will assist him in itemizing the property which Enrico Caruso held here.

The brother was accompanied by his lawyer, They were met at the pier by Bruno Zarato, former secretary of Caruso. The brother does not speak English. Through an interpreter he asked to be excused from saying anything.



Giovanni Caruso

The density of the populations are: United States, 31 persons per square mile; British empire, 37, and Japan, 299.

The comparison as to wealth runs: United States \$350,000,000,000; British empire, \$188,000,000,000, and Japan, \$25,000,000,000.

The American population per square mile is 35 per cent of the average; per capita national wealth, 312 per cent; foreign commerce per capita, 161 per cent; expenditures on armed forces per capita, 106 per cent.

The British empire shows 42 per cent of the average in population per square mile; per capita national wealth, 41 per cent; per capita foreign commerce, 76 per cent; per capita expenditures for armed forces, 45 per cent.

The Japanese figures against the average of population per square mile are 340 per cent; per capita national wealth, 34 per cent; per capita foreign commerce, 62 per cent; per capita expenditures on armed forces, 98 per cent.

Curfew Ordinance Is Passed at Cambridge

Cambridge, Neb., Nov. 16.—(Special.)—Curfew rings at Cambridge for the first time. A new ordinance instructs police to take charge of children under the age of 16 who are caught upon the streets after 8 p. m. October 1 to April 1, and after 9 April 1 to October 1.

Bankers Told \$25,000,000 Is Available for Farmers

Norfolk, Neb., Nov. 16.—(Special Telegram.)—Two hundred bankers in a meeting here were told that it is possible for Nebraska to secure \$25,000,000 from the War Finance Corporation if action on the part of country bankers in making out applications is prompt.

Fred Thomas, John Flanagan and Senator Randall, members of the Nebraska board, told the bankers that in 10 days about \$7,000,000 will have been distributed to Nebraska farmers.

C. B. Burnham, chairman of Governor McKelvie's committee on federal reserve banks, predicted that the modifications asked in the federal bank rules in this district are assured.

H. A. Lambert, for the defense, declared that suicide was an obvious intention in the mind of Neal, that he often talked of it. He said the defense will show that Neal once called upon Charles Buck, a neighbor, saying: "I have cut Lucy's throat. Come over and see. She makes a lovely corpse."

The defense will show, he said, that Neal told his wife he "was a cave man and would show her just how much of a cave man one of these days."

After the statements of counsel the jury was taken to the Neal home where the shooting occurred.

Well-Known Forester Dies

Toronto, Nov. 16.—Dr. Thomas Millman, 72, supreme physician of the Independent Order of Foresters, and an original member of the society, died tonight. He had been made to his four divorced

Beatrice Police Seek To Prevent Robberies

Beatrice, Neb., Nov. 16.—(Special.)—In order to aid police in preventing raids by robbers, Mayor Farlow has suggested that merchants keep lights burning in their stores all night and raising shades in their store windows. Street lights in remote parts of the city will also be kept burning all night.

Editors Will Meet

Grand Island, Neb., Nov. 16.—(Special.)—A meeting of the Loup Valley Editorial association has been called Friday in this city by President Webster of St. Paul and Secretary John of Gibbon. It will be strictly a business session.

Coast Line Big Point in Fixing Naval Defense

America Second in Number of Nautical Miles—Great Britain First and Japan Third.

By The Associated Press. Washington, Nov. 16.—The reported intention of the Japanese delegation to ask a higher ratio of naval strength compared to Great Britain and the United States than the 60 per cent fixed in the American plan gives added interest to statistical comparisons of the three countries.

Extent of coast line in part determines the need of naval forces. The United States has 40,206 nautical miles of coast as compared to 50,938 for Great Britain, and 21,948 for Japan.

On the basis of their existing and projected naval fleets, each country would have per mile of coast the following: United States, 50 tons; British empire, 40 tons, and Japan, 61.

Population might also be considered and the figures are: United States, 118,832,000 including insular possessions; British empire, 469,432,000, and Japan, 78,000,000.

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Mysterious Night Call Feature in Neal Trial

(Continued From Page One.) an orderly condition. There were blood stains on the left side of the bed on a sheet. There were other drops of blood leading from that point of the room to where the body lay.

Dramatic Incident. A dramatic incident occurred when County Attorney Armstrong advanced toward the witness with the nickel-plated revolver found in Neal's hand. He asked the witness to demonstrate with the weapon the position in which it rested on Neal's chest.

Mrs. Neal looked at the weapon without the slightest change of countenance. Her expression was that of a stoic. The witness first looked into the cylinder of the pistol to see if it was loaded. This precaution caused a ripple of laughter in the court room.

After the demonstration by the witness, court adjourned for the day.

Farmers on Jury. Ten farmers, a thresherman and a restaurant owner will decide the guilt or innocence of Mrs. Lucy Neal.

The jurymen are all married men. They are Guy Gage, R. M. Rozean, Charles Bohl, Cal Osborne, Charles Ploger, Nord Buterfield, C. C. Dennis, John Brannittes, Fred Oestmann, Henry Oetgen, Martin Neidenriett and Claude Demar.

Opening Statements. County Attorney Armstrong, in his statement to the jury, said the state expects to prove that trouble between Neal and his wife had been aggravated during the last year when the sheriff was called frequently to their home; that Mrs. Neal took a revolver from her home in Brownville to the country home a few weeks before the tragedy happened; that the gun was kept in a box in her daughter Ava's room and that this box was found in the defendant's room after the tragedy.

The condition of the body when found also indicated that Mrs. Neal had not given the alarm until some time after Neal was shot, he said.

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Soldiers of Fortune Quit Spanish Army

New York, Nov. 16.—Disillusioned as to the vaunted romantic life of soldiers of fortune, 83 men, all Latin-Americans except three, who were American war veterans, returned from Spain, where they went several months ago, seeking adventure as members of the Spanish foreign legion.

One said that volunteers were required to provide their own equipment and to pay for their meals, laundry and other expenses, in return for 60 cents a day. Another declared a man serving under these conditions for a few months would fall into debt to the Spanish government.

These illegitimate traffic in narcotics is conducted by the so-called "dope-peddlers," who appear to have a perfectly organized, country-wide "ring."

These drug-vendors, for the most part, obtain their "dope" supplies from Mexico and Canada, although small quantities are obtained by thefts and illegal transactions with unscrupulous dealers.

France Makes First Move in Land Armament

Premier Briand Touches on Land Army Problem as of Grave Importance to Nation.

Washington, Nov. 16.—France took the first step yesterday toward bringing the question of the land armaments before the Washington conference.

In concurring for France in the essential principles of the American proposals regarding naval establishments, Premier Briand touched upon the army problem as far more vital to France.

By agreement, M. Briand probably at a public session of the conference later this week, will present "most fully," as Secretary Hughes stated, "the views of France with regard to the subject of land armaments which we must discuss."

There was no intimation in the remarks of M. Briand that he had a definite plan for reduction of armaments to suggest. He did say, however, he was satisfied that the conferees would be convinced "that France, after the necessities of safety and life have been adequately secured, harbors no thought of disturbing the peace of the world."

M. Briand's statements were construed generally as showing his purpose to explain fully why France regards it necessary to retain the great force in its armaments.

As the nation with the largest army, the premier pointed out yesterday, it was appropriate for it to take that question up, but neither at the conference nor in any other quarter, is there suggestion that any such sweeping proposal for reduction of armaments to be expected as the naval plan put forward by the United States.

Drug Traffic Is Serious Menace To U. S. Welfare

Federal Officials Find Illicit Narcotic Trading on Increase Despite Efforts To Halt It.

Washington, Nov. 16.—Underground traffic in drugs, developing startlingly in recent years, has become a serious menace to the welfare of the nation, in the opinion of federal officials.

The illegitimate traffic in narcotics is conducted by the so-called "dope-peddlers," who appear to have a perfectly organized, country-wide "ring."

These drug-vendors, for the most part, obtain their "dope" supplies from Mexico and Canada, although small quantities are obtained by thefts and illegal transactions with unscrupulous dealers.

Considerable drug smuggling is practiced on both the Atlantic and Pacific coasts, where the drugs arrive on ships hailing from the Orient and Europe.

Drugs Smuggled Back. The smuggling problem has developed a perplexing situation. It has been ascertained that a large portion of the drugs that enter this country through illicit channels was shipped from the United States, after manufacture, by reputable firms.

The belief has been expressed that the headquarters of the extensive "dope-ring" is located outside the United States and that they obtain the drugs shipped from this country with the express intention of smuggling the "dope" back for illegal sale.

It is largely through these underground channels that the drug addict now obtains his supply of "hop."

Increase in Use. A recent government survey disclosed the startling fact that the use of opium and its alkaloids, for other than legitimate medicinal purposes, has increased amazingly in recent years.

About 90 per cent of the amount of narcotics entered for consumption in this country is used for other than medicinal purposes, it has been estimated. Although this estimate is vague, federal officials have compiled a statement showing the per capita consumption in this country, and that of European countries, which disclose that this country consumes from 13 to 72 times as much opium per capita as is consumed in other countries, the records of which were available.

The underground traffic in drugs has made such rapid strides forward lately that it is estimated it is equal to the legitimate narcotic traffic. In an effort to curtail this illegitimate practice, W. S. Blanchard, acting head of the narcotic division of the prohibition bureau, has inaugurated an intensive drive against illicit dealers in drugs.

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Advertisement for Thompson, Welben & Co. Wintry Days. Mean woolen hosiery that will keep you warm and snug, and fashionable—for they come in a variety of smart styles. One attractive pair that drops its stitches and is hand-clocked in contrasting shades may be had for \$2.50 a pair. And for boys there is a three-quarter length woolen hose with fancy roll tops for \$2.50 a pair. Underthings for Babies. Shirts in all silk, silk and wool, all wool, cotton and wool or all cotton, in sizes 2 to 6 years, and priced from 40c to \$4. Bands of silk and wool, all wool, and cotton and wool in all sizes for 50c to \$1.50. Flannel skirts that may be either machine or hand made are from \$1.75 to \$8.50. Pinning blankets of