THE BEE PUBLISHING COMPANY NELSON B. UPDIKE, Publisher

MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS Associated Trees, of which The Sies is a member, is ex-entitled to the use for regulalization of all news dispatches to it or not otherwise credited in this paper, and also is press philabel herein. All rights of republication of all dispatches are also reserved.

The Ornaha Bee is a member of the Audit Bureau of Circu-etions, the recognized authority on circulation audits.

The circulation of The Omaha Boo SUNDAY, NOV. 13, 1921 71,386 THE BEE PUBLISHING COMPANY CHARLES S. YOUNG, Business Manager ELMER S. ROOD, Circulation Manager Sworn to and subscribed before me this 16th day o

(Seal) W. H. QUIVEY, Notary Public BEE TELEPHONES rivate Branch Exchange. Ask for the Vepartment or Person Wanted. For Sight Calls After 10 P. M.: Editorial Department, AT lantic 1021 or 1042. OFFICES

Mein Office—17th and Farnam

70. Bluffa—18 Scott St. South Side—1925 S. 24th St.
New York—286 Fifth Ave.
Vashington—1311 G St. Chicago—1216 Wrigley Bidg.
Paris, France—426 Rue St. Honore

The Bee's Platform

1. New Union Passenger Station.

2. Continued improvement of the Ne-braska Highways, including the pave-rated with a Brick Surface of Main Thoroughfares leading into Omaha.

3. A short, low-rate Waterway from the Corn Belt to the Atlantic Ocean. 4. Home Rule Charter for Omaha, with

City Manager form of Government.

Four Great Nations Accept.

No surprise accompanied the frank and fair address of Rt. Hon. Arthur James Balfour, who heads the British delegation at Washington. He left no misunderstanding when he said that the proposal made by Secretary Hughes on behalf of America in the shape of a naval program for the three great powers involved was accepted by Great Britain in principle and in spirit. Baron Kato, for Japan, made it just as clear that his government also accepts the principle, and more than this can not be asked of either at this time. France and Italy likewise agree with the principle involved, but propose modifications of the plan for its application.

The English situation was fairly illustrated by Mr. Balfour, when he asked Americans to think of their Pacific coast as lying 10,000 miles oversea from the heart of the nation, and recall the fact that England is a small and over-populated island, dependent on the outside world for its existence. Its responsible statesmen must have time to consider in detail the effect of the plan and to definitely locate the points at which it touches their national safety. Similarly, Japan has much to ponder and decide before finally going into a bargain.

When the magnitude, as well as the magnanimity of the proposal is fairly comprehended, its acceptance in fact as well as in principle will be more easily approached. Until the astonishment that accompanied its announcement has fied down, it can not be viewed in its full proportlons. Nor is it fair to expect that it will be accepted in its entirety, for the other nations will probably offer some reasonable modifications, resting on their particular situation, always of a nature that does not destroy the vital germ of

Naval experts of all the countries are now busy at the problems presented, and will in due time present the concrete results of their examinations. What is aimed at, and what will doubtless be the final decision, will be the reduction of naval armament to the lowest point consistent with national security.

Just now the most encouraging sign that yet has been noted in the quest for world peace is the willingness of the leading powers to harmoniously work out the program. France and Italy are yet to be heard on the subject of land armament, but England and Japan are busy working with the United States to find the solution to the naval question.

Economic Survey of Nebraska.

Governoe McKelvie has projected an inquiry into economie conditions in Nebraska, the object being to determine why certain war price peaks persist, and why some unexpectedly deep valleys have been eroded by the rush of receding financial waters. Whatever the reason, the sharp inequalities in prices are most notable. Certain things are held at high and others equally necessary are forced to go at immoderately low prices. Some reason must exist for this, and it is to determine that reason, if possible, that the inquiry is to be made. What may follow then must depend on the nature of disclosures developed by the investigation. If it be discovered that artificial control is responsible for the situation, or any part of it, the laws of the state provide ample remedy. These have to a large degree been lost sight of in the general upheaval, yet they still are applicable to any case that merits their being called into requisition. The inquiry will commence in Lincoln on Monday next, is to extend to Omaha, Grand Island, and other points in the state if need be, and is intended to be thorough. The governor should drive his probe deep enough to get at bottom facts, and let the public know if unfair methods are being used, or if there is sound reason to support some things the people are not able to understand.

Cannon in City Parks.

One of the most effective bits of stage management ever presented occurs in the third act of "Alabama." The scene is at the ruined gate to the old Georgia patroon's estate. He tells the northern man of the struggle there, and points to the dismantled cannon still lodged in the troken masonry as a mute monument to the Lost Cause. The northern man, who has fought for the Union, quietly lifts the vines that have grown over the gun, and shows that a bird has built its nest in the cannon's mouth,

This allegory may well be studied by the little group of enthusiastic students of art who formed a society in Chicago and fulminated a demand for the benishment of cannons from all parks, because they are reminders of past wars. These, and all others like minded, will do well to remember that the cannon so exhibited are not emblems of brute force, brutally directed, but are monuments to valor righteously employed in the cause of human liberty, of justice, and of mercy to mankind as well. All the good that has come into the world might have blessed humanity | tion?

and never a blow have been struck, but evil might as well have increased and perhaps have overcome, had not the spirit of everlasting justice animated the souls of men, who bared their breasts against the cannon that freedom might be indeed the birthright and heritage of all.

Cannon set in public parks are reminders of what it is well not to forget. Our institutions were not established or fostered by soft words alone, nor is their existence perpetuated by expressions of kindly intentions. Only a nation that is ready to defend its liberty deserves the boon. If we are to emerge into a warless world, speed the day, yet even when peace is universal, let us not forget the way by which we traveled to the goal.

What Are Railroads For?

Before the transportation situation can be cleared up, certain fundamental questions must be decided. Primarily the problem is one of the purpose for which trains are run. There is as yet no agreement as to whether the network of railroad lines which covers the country should be used as a seine to haul in profits for the stockholders or to facilitate business and communication by hauling freight and passengers.

Judge D. H. Cowan, counsel for the National Live Stock Shippers league, has been arguing on this subject before the Interstate Commerce commission. The theory of the transportation act he attacks as wrong because the return to carriers has been made the important factor in determining the reasonableness of rates.

In reply to a question by Senator Watson of Indiana, Judge Cowan thus defined a reasonable rate: "Under present conditions, it is the highest rate the traffic will bear and at the same time permit the free shipment of products to market, so as to allow normal sale and consumption. The question of revenue at this time is secondary."

He made another suggestion: that the revenue of the railroads should be fixed, not on the basis of immediate returns, but on that of revenues over a series of years. This suggestion that the transportation system is attempting to secure quick profits instead of looking toward the future for normal and steady gains, is worth general conideration. In the long run, lines run with the idea of service will pay a profit to their owners. The railroads will prosper as business and industry prosper. To set up the aim of maintaining railroad incomes while every other line of trade is depressed is without economic sense or social justice.

This spokesman of the shippers asserts that he rights, not only of the shippers, but of the public, were ignored in the advance of rates of 25 to 40 per cent in July, 1920. He declares furthermore that the Interstate Commerce commission was intended as a buffer between the railroads and the shippers and people, but that this function has been forgotten. These are thoughts that are spreading over the land. The railroads stand accused in the public mind of greed, and they are laying up another such store of wrath as fell upon them thirty years ago.

The State as a Godmother.

"The greatest mother in Nebraska," is what Miss Katharine Worley calls the state board of control. Seventeen institutions are under its direction, these ranging in character from shelters for the blind and those otherwise afflicted, mentally or physically, to a rescue home for girls, reformatories for boys and first offenders, and the state prison.

of society and feel that the human race is going to seed. And yet, on looking deeper, the very fact that the public is taking care of these derelicts gives hope and cheer. The state is not a cruel stepmother, driving these ugly ducklings out-of-doors, thinking only of how to be rid of them. Rather is it a godmother, solicitous for the health and morals of its children.

A great deal of money is spent each year for the unkeen of these agencies of relief, yet never has any citizen arisen to advocate doing away with them or even curtailing their operation. The cost, however, is bound to lead to efforts to destroy the sources. Through the schools and the public health service the state is striving to prevent these human bankruptcies. While more and more attention is being given to removing the causes which produce this pitiable need, yet the cruel law of the survival of the fittest has fewer advocates each year. The theory on which these institutions must work is that of fitting the largest number to survive. It is recognized now that something more than shutting them out of sight is required. In other ages and other civilizations the unfit were exposed to extinction, with the idea of strengthening the race. And yet these races went down, Pity for the weak makes the world stronger. In many cases, however, it is too slow in coming, and might do much more good if bestowed in careful, intelligent manner in advance of the last desperate need.

It doesn't make much difference to anyone except Italy whether the Jugo Slavs annex Albania or not, but all sorts of questions of trade and military strategy are bound up in the move. For all that, the natural arrangement would be to let the Jugo Slavs have their bay window on the sea. They might cause more trouble if denied this land than if given it.

Omaha ranks fourth in the percentage of home owners, which means a great deal more in actual human values than most other boasts. After all, the quantity of population counts for less than the quality, and an average of wellbeing is better than the extremes of wealth and poverty which mark so many older and larger

King Alexander of Jugo-Slavia is reported to in love with a princess who refuses to leave Paris for Belgrade. Question for the class in romantics: If he really loved her, wouldn't he give up his throne? Question from the toughminded cynics: If he gave up his crown, would he have any attraction for a princess?

At that, those cigar stand coupons which the French delegates tried to spend are worth as much as some of the European currency.

Just when it begins to look as if the world was regaining its senses the New York police go out and arrest Mrs. Sanger again.

The decrease in quotations of armament shares indicates that the world knows Uncle Sam means just what he says.

Would that naval holiday be a wet celebra-

The Wellsian View Old World on Its Way to Total Destruction, It Seems.

(From the Boston Transcript.)

Mr. H. G. Weils' views of the world's alternative to the attainment of a good and permanent peace as the result of the Washington conference is essentially the view of a socialistic doctrinaire who believes that the world must either be made over-rebuilt from the ground up-or must relapse into desert or barbarism. He sees but two courses. One of these is a permanent climination of the possibility of future wars by wonder-working factitious agreement among the nations. The other is wreck, collapse, ruin with London and New York where Babylon and Carthage are now, and the owl and the bittern shricking amidst their ruins. And he seems to think that the latter alternative is the more likely, for the reason that the mind of man, being essentially trivial, purile, shallow, refuses to see the solemnity and vitality of the crisis that confronts us all. Mankind, on the road of history, always sits down and whistles jigs to its milestones, and will always do so. That is the superficial Weilsian view and there is something in it. Demos rules the world now. and the difference between Emperor Demos and Emperor Nero, who fiddled while Rome burned, may be undiscoverable. The two fellows are much alike. But while this may turn out to be quite so

the wise will pause and reflect that after all somebody has something to say about the running of the world besides Demos and Nero. We plain people, who are their subjects, may look about and find some comfort in the fact that there is, and always has been, some healing and directing force in the world that corrects the trivial errors of men and keeps them at their wholesome task of feeding their little ones and on the whole advancing the world's comfort. In reading history we are familiar, indeed, with the decline of societies and the downfall of states. But when, even in the midst of the ruin of empires, has there not been some society that was rising, some people who were prospering, some land that looked forward and struggled onward, some country that was redressing the interest in the female of the species. balance of wreck and decay? Rome goes under -but France, Germany, Spain, England, rise gloriously in her place. There is always about so much happiness in the world. There is always progress. Always somewhere the sun shines on hearts, and warm fields, and ripens the grain. It is really a beneficient dispensation of Providence that the marbles of the learn easily and quickly. Their minds and bodies are alert and on minds and bodies are alert and on ruined temples of the dead are built into the

dwellings of the living.

Mr. Wells sees the hand of ruin already laid upon London. It is just now a city of discouragements-in many ways an abode of gloom. In New York, on the contrary, he finds abound ing life and vitality; and he makes the mistaken assumption that the despair of America, under present conditions of war's ravages and the fear of future wars, is only a little behind that of Europe. New York, he says, is but our gateway toward Europe. But is is much more than that, as Mr. Wells would know if he knew more of America, and were not so wholly guided by his prepossessions. Not only has America escaped the destruction of Europe, but she has as yet only opened the door of her own possibilities. The business of America is no more a reflection of the business of Europe, although it suffers a check as the result of Europe's desolation. The vitality of our cities, the production of our fields and mines, continue. Europe, too, will recover, but America does not need recovery or recuperation so much as she needs realization. She has at her command an unlimited prosperity, and it is her prosperity that will save Europe. As for the menace of war-what wars, what rumors of wars, what loss and ravage of war has the world not safely passed through already! After all there is a divinity that shapes our ends. Civilization will come through its

Triumph of Common Man

The historic visit of General Pershing to lay the Congressional Medal of Honor on the tomb of The Unknown Warrior in Westminster Abbey on Monday, coinciding as it does with the poignancy of the unemployment problem, serves to remind us that the great war, more than any other war in history, meant the triumph of the common man and of his right to live. That is the most ironic feature of the war, for the whole purpose of its begetters was to trample the common man into a mere fraction among massed battalions and to blot the little nation out of

Exactly the reverse has taken place, for it is the poorest, the most unknown men, in the persons of the unemployed, who are absorbing the attention of statesmen, while the presence of the Sinn Fein ambassadors at Downing Street stands for the triumph of clamant nationality,

however much we may deplore it. How different it all was at Nelson's death, which we are recalling today. So far from remembering all the men in his fleet at Trafalgar. t would be difficult to recall the names of all the crew on board the Victory when he died. Hardy we know, and some of his captains, but what of the ratings? The truth, of course, is what of the ratings? The truth, of course, is made during the year, that more has pocket and tore it up in the presthat the common man has made up his mind been learned about airplanes and ence of the crowd, the cheering that if he is to be commandeered for war the community must pay for it, if only in memory of him; for while it was the superman who was to rule the world, it is the unknown soldier who has touched our imagination. The Unknown to be Warrior rests in the Abbey and in the Pantheon. beside Napoleon himself, while the memory of those who were known are graven in imperishable stone on every country road, in every sort of sanctuary from Land's End to John o' Groat's. The practical bearing on actual politics is farreaching.-London Graphic, October 22.

Queer Champions of Soldiers

It is significant that some senators who are taking a leading part in the use of a soldier bonus Hartney, to gain the retention of excess profits taxes and who, in doing so, are loudly declaiming upon the injuries. glorious record of our armies and on the undyng national gratitude they deserve, are the very ones who did all they could to prevent our soldiers from gaining that glorious record, and, if not all they could, then more than they should to belittle, hamper and hinder our government in desperate steps necessary to uphold our national honor and to prosecute the war. Not even is lacking the spectacle of La Follette, who narrowly escaped the penalty for utterances near to treason, posing as the champion of the American

At the very time the delegates to the American Legion convention were renewing their declarations for "adjusted compensation," their praises were being sounded in the senate by men who, if they did not actually back Germany, failed to back their own country and its soldiers It should be said that this is not the fault of the soldiers or of the legion. It arises solely from the fact that the obstructionists in war have become for the time the obstructionists in the effort to reduce the burden of war taxation. The legion is not choosing such champions even though it may not escape them in its suggestion of making the tonus a political question.-Springfield Union.

How About Georgia, Mr. Watson?

Senator Watson of Georgia is horrified by former soldiers' yarns of hangings in France without the formality of a trial and sentence by court-martial. Was the senator ever so aghas over Georgia's lynching record?-Springfield

How to Keep Well

Dr. Harvey Sutton, an experienced English medical examiner of school children, described several types of nearly normal children that he has observed. He is able to recognize a

and feet and plainly was of an acromegaly of giantism type. In

Cases of this type are to be dis-tinguished from the obese feeble fair amounts all kinds of meats

A third type recognized by Sut-ton, and, in fact, rather frequently and by the school teachers, are I have found from experience."

The thyroid is a ductless gland located in the neck. A fourth is composed of the child-ren with too little thyroid. They are (not too thin) to go over the head and be tied under the chin. It should slow mentally and quite deficient in not get excited. Some have thick skins and coarse straight hair. In some the lips and tongue are thick. A fifth group are those of the the Mongol type. The children of this group have eyes that slant frequently a little fold of skin is noted at the inner corner eye. In many cases the children of

this type are not bright.

A striking peculiarity of theirs is their habit of sitting flat on the

Copyright, 1921, by Dr. W. A. Evans.

UNUSUAL CHILD TYPES.

child as belonging to some one these classes every now and then. The first type described he calls the hypopituits, meaning that they have less pituitary gland secretion than they need. A boy of this type was well grown for his age, obese, rather heavier than the average. He was rather sleepy in his habits, appearance, and a general demeanor, but he made good progress in school. entered on the changes ocasioned by puberty about one year late. His sex organs were immature for his age. He was disposed to be aloof as regards his associates and seemed wholly uninterested in mem-His mother had very large hands

had attacks of pneumonia. quantities bread and other foods
The pituitary is an important made from flour, and cereals. Foods ductiess gland located in the head to be avoided—all kinds of can-cavity.

The children of the suprarenal foods containing large amounts of

ally found juvenile Don Juans. Children with a form of congen ital tumor developing near the kilney and called hypernephromas have the same kind of precoclous for lice? The use of kerosene interest in the female of the species.

The adrenal is a ductless gland located in the region of the kidney. the eradication of these pests. Why not advise larkspur lotion? That

those with too much thyroid. The governments and many research students. They find that larkspur is somewhat efficacious, but with edge. About the time of puberty an enlargement of the thyroid can be sene is better.

173 Miles an Hour

Five times around a closed course of 30 miles, for a total of 150 miles,

in 52 minutes and 92-10 seconds was the record which won Pilo

Bert Acosta the second annual Pulit-

premier event of the aero meet of

human being has done for any such

distance. The world's speed record for a short dash is 205 miles an

Thousands of spectators saw Acosta win from a field of five other

that the second plane finished less than two minutes behind the first,

and only nine minutes separated the

extent we are nearer the goal of

perfection in airplane efficiency. Al-

though racing at 173 miles an hour is as yet highly dangerous, and not

traveler, this speed contest serves

the same purpose in aeronautics that automobile racing served in the

development of the present-day

automobile. The race provides a practical laboratory test from which

manufacturers and designers learn

Great credit is due to the design-

who has done so much in

When New England awak-

ers and builders of the planes par-ticipating in the 1921 race and the

war and peace to develop aeronau-

ties, will rapidly recover from his

ens to the necessity of landing fields

it may be possible for New England-

plane race through our own Yankee

A Lazy Man.

A storekeeper noted for his lazi-

ness was sitting reading one day when a would-be customer entered.

"I want a pair of shoe laces," she

said.
"I am very sorry, madam," said

the indolent man, "but would you mind coming again when I am standing up?"—Pittsburgh Chroni-

Swallowed His Collection.

As the Sunday school teacher en-

red, she saw leaving in great haste

little girl and her smaller brother.

"Why, Mary, you aren't going away?" she exclaimed in surprise, "Pleathe, Mith Anne, we've got to

was the distressed

"Jimmy thwallowed hith collection.

What Unemployment Hasn't Done.

do the upstairs work .- Washington

What Little Hypocrites!

smiling .- New York Herald.

Unemployment has never yet

ers to witness a future Pulitzer air-

commended to the ordinary

The contest was so close

last year's event so memorable, the ther said that the laborers race has nevertheless accomplished voted for labor found that

of last year's race. This proves con- victory, the other for defeat.

yet credited to the ingenuity of man. against a woman.
All of the planes which finished Mrs. Wintringh.

hour, held by Sadi I noted French aviator,

racers.

floor with their feet under them-

carrying too much excess baggage have recently reduced my weight forty pounds and am still on diet. The results are entirely beneficial

later years this boy developed into
a normal, manly, broad shouldered, all kinds of fresh fruit, all kinds of watery vegetables, all kinds of un-thickened soups. You can eat in virile parent.

Several children of this type had milk foods. You can cat in small

type are small, wiry, and very active. sugar and syrup. They are often sectually precocious.

there too much acid in it?

Keeping Fat Away.

from your letters to the danger

REPLY.

ean and fat, all kinds of milk and

Majority Says Kerosene.

REPLY.

exception the reports say kero-

Trapping Escaping Snores.

J. D. writes: "To prevent snor-ing, take a strip of sheet rubber

That's Excellent Habit.

It is good for you. Keep it up.

M. P.

(From the British Weekly.)

ought to be healthy

C. O. M. writes: "Taking warning Word for Gipsy's Choir. Omaha, Neb., Nov. 14.—To the Editor of The Bee: Your paper this morning speaks of how, upon his arrival, Gipsy Smith was greet-The results are entirely beneficial ed by but few here in Omaha, and satisfactory, and after all not Again it speaks of the great fareso hard to attain. I really am under well, and as to how so many went but few here in Omaha. obligations to you for bringing this down to the depot to wish him God matter to mind forcefully enough to speed. Mr. Editor, aside from the make me realize that all any fat per-memories of Gipsy Smith and of the son needs to do is to cat less than wonderful meetings which had just he or she actually requires for a time and then confine diet to things that satisfy, but do not put the fat back on. This is what I wish to ask about now: Would you kindly send me a list of those things I may now eat in moderate quantity without putting on weight, and please mention also those things that every of the Rockies. I thought of the winter, as it were, from the western plains and the summits of the Rockies. tion also those things that every of the Rockies. I thought of the fat person should leave alone."

done their part.
What of these young people here around about me, and what of their future? What a wonderful thing is youth, especially so when energies are directed in the right way. Some amongst you may soo be called before the Master of you have so gladly sung. Some may live to an old age. It so, may the memories of this night and of the meetings always remain. Some of you may stay in Omaha. Some may, ere twelve months pass, be mile away. But no matter where you go, may God be with you, and always may your lives be as good, as pure and as sweet as the songs Mrs. E. E. F. writes: "I am a regular reader of your column and derive much benefit from it, but

which you have sung. CLAUD F. ELLISON.

CENTER SHOTS.

Known here to "unknown here:" "How do you do it?"-Peoria Transcript.

We are paying, also, too much to wet our whistle.-Columbia (S. C.) Studies have been made by various

The unemployed might be set to work to find normalcy.—Greenville (8. C.) Plermont.

Scientists tell us the sea is growing more salty, a measure of pro-tection, no doubt, against the fresh things that inhabit the beaches

be three or four inches wide where All-night movies might solve the it passes over the head, tapering toward the ends, where it is an inch shortage problem.-Flint or less. The ends have holes for the insertion of tape."

After a while we will degenerate into a nation of hopkeepers.—Ashe-Girl writes: "I am 16 years old eat an orange. Do you think that

Count Laszlo Szechenyi has refused appointment as Hungarian ambassador to the United States, and the United Typothetae are planning a vote of thanks.-Detroit

"Are yet on this investigating rema-mittee?" "I think so." "What are we investigating?" "Frunce." "Well, let's pisy poler until the chairman comes. Marke he'll know."—Leusyills Courier-Journal.

SAID TO BE FUNNY.

Lady (poetic)—Doesn't the sea, cab-tain, with its mutability of temper, its infinite moods and caprices, remind you of a woman?

Captain Henpoch—Eggzackly—way, dera the thing! I deepise tt—Life. "Tell me, Mary, would you mind serv-ing us dinner out on the lawn?" "On, no sir, I'd love it. It would remind me of the time when I used to look after the cown."—Paris Le Rire.

Fair Angler-Mr. Resenthall is so Interesting when he is fishing. Enthusiasic Rodman-Has he caught some hig fish lately? Fair Angler-No. But he talks to the balt just like it was a pair of dice.—The Catalina Islander.



WINTER CRUISES

THE WEST INDIES PANAMA CANAL SOUTH AMERICA The Windward Islands

January 2! and February 21, 1922 By the Large, Fast and Popular TWIN-SCREW, OIL BURNING SS. EMPRESS OF BRITAIN

22,200 Tons Displacement EACH CRUISE 27 DAYS \$300 UP MAKE RESERVATIONS NOW ull Information From S. S. Agents or CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY



BUSINESS IS GOOD THANK YOU - Micheles -

L.V. NICHOLAS OIL COMPANY

When in Omaha **Hotel Henshaw**





(From the St. Paul Pioneer Press.) Fairles have been abolished in Russia by order of the soviet com-missioner of education. The old, old stories cannot be told

again, and the quaint folk-lore of oucens and golden-haired princess tions of the life of the "toiling

laughed out of office.

And what would a fairy tale be without kings, queens, princes and princesses cast in the roles of heroes and heroines? Could we well elimithese good old stories?

caused any general auction of peo-ple willing to cook, wash, iron and ment orders otherwise Saddest Features. The sad feature of the burial of Nine hundred thousand New York the unknown soldier lies in that he will not know of the high honors children went to school yesterday. Three of the boys were said to be paid to his memory .- Pittsburgh

been learned about airplanes and ence of the crowd, the cheering engine construction and to just this could be heard in the streets below Abolishing Fairies

all races and ages, the heritage of Realizing the need of substitutes the commissioner has invited au-thors to write new tales for Rushats of their countrymen are off to the courageous pilots who flew those planes. With the national welcome sian youngsters under certain reto Bert Acosta as he speed king of all elements of superstition and America, goes the hope that Colonel must contain no mention of angels, fairies and the like. princes must be described as oppresand the same applies to haughty All mythological or religious subfects also must be avoided. In place of all this it is suggested that the children be interested in the future of mankind, the achievements of science and industry and descrip-

> What a travesty indeed is this! The issuance of such an order per-haps is the most illuminating exposition of sovietism which has as yet come forth. What would we Americans think if the government should by decree abolish The administration would be

nate Oberon, Titania, Mab and Puck without dealing a death blow to Imagination cannot be legislated out of existence even by a soviet commissioner, and we venture to commissioner, and we venture to say that the children of Russia will

continue to hear of fairy kings and queens and their adorable, sprightly followers even though the govern-