

Senator Kenyon Declares War on High Coal Prices

Iowan Introduces Measures to Regulate Prices and Prevent Profiteering in Fuel Industry.

Chicago Tribune-Omaha Bee Leased Wire. Washington, Oct. 9.—Three far-reaching bills hitting at the coal industry were introduced in the senate by Senator Kenyon, Iowa, chairman of the committee on education and labor, which has been investigating conditions in the West Virginia coal fields.

One of the Kenyon measures imposes heavy penalties for profiteering in coal. The other is a revision of the original Calder bill giving broad powers to the president, the federal trade commission, the geological survey and the Interstate Commerce commission.

The Calder bill, as revised by Mr. Kenyon, provides that whenever the federal trade commission shall determine that an emergency exists "which seems likely to produce a shortage or bring about unusual or unwarranted or unreasonable coal prices and be detrimental to the public health," the president shall be empowered to fix the maximum coal prices and dealers' commissions and margins.

The president also is authorized under such circumstances to deal in coal and to control its production and distribution. The president may go so far as to take over the operation of coal mines.

The companion bill provides a penalty of not less than \$100 nor more than \$10,000 for the first offense of a coal operator or dealer convicted of violation of the law and for each succeeding offense a fine of not less than \$1,000 and imprisonment of not less than 90 days nor more than five years.

In defining what shall be considered profiteering, the bill specifies margins of coal operators and dealers ranging from 10 to 40 cents a ton, according to the amount of business done. Margins are provided not only for individual sales but also in the case of aggregate sales covering a year's period.

Government Intervenes To Prevent Mine Strike Washington, Oct. 8.—The government intervened to prevent any possible stoppage of coal production next March, when the bituminous miners' wage scale agreement expires, but its efforts after a four-hour conference at the White House between President Harding, Secretary Hoover and Davis and union officials, were said to have been without immediate avail.

The conference was held when the central committee of the United Mine Workers of America, headed by John L. Lewis, president of the organization, came here at the request of President Harding to discuss with the administration the possibility of an undertaking to arbitrate any ultimate differences with the operators prior to the expiration of the national agreements in March.

At the conclusion of the conference Mr. Hoover issued the following statement: "The conference with the miners representatives was in sequence of discussions carried on last week with representatives of the coal operators under the auspices of the unemployment conference. The desire of the conference was to determine if steps could be taken now that would minimize the danger of stoppage in coal production at the expiration of the national agreements at the end of March by a prior undertaking to arbitrate any ultimate differences.

"Owing to the situation of the miners' leaders as the result of the decision of the Indianapolis convention to defer discussions of the new agreement until after their February meeting, it had been impossible to come to any immediate arrangement."

Digger's Unearth Pot Of Counterfeit Gold Money at Arapahoe Arapahoe, Neb., Oct. 9.—(Special.)—Workmen digging a sewer trench into the Park hotel yard here unearthed a pot of counterfeit \$5 and \$10 gold pieces. Some of the coins were perfect imitations of real money, while others were not completed, gold coating having been applied to one side only.

They were dated 1881 and 1882, leading to the conclusion that the counterfeiters were at work during those years or shortly afterward. Old residents say this town and surrounding territory was flooded with spurious gold coins in \$5 and \$10 denominations between the years 1880 and 1885, and that two gangs of counterfeiters were arrested at that time. Two men, supposedly professionals, were arrested in Arapahoe in 1881 with a complete outfit for the making of spurious money in their possession.

The pot found by the diggers was at a depth of six feet and the coins wrapped separately in pieces of newspaper. It is thought that it may have been buried by members of a counterfeiters' gang who became frightened when their leaders were arrested.

Henry Davison to Take Year's Vacation in South New York, Oct. 9.—Henry P. Davison, called by some economists the "greatest banking genius" in the country, will be definitely out of all financial and social activities for a year, it was announced at the office of J. P. Morgan & Co.

Toronto Man Sinks Divorce From Wife of Lincoln, Neb. Ottawa, Ont., Oct. 9.—(Special Telegram.)—Edward Dieder Weir of Toronto, at the next Canadian parliamentary session, will apply for a divorce from his wife, Ida Gertrude Weir of Lincoln, Neb.

Latest Fall Headgear Direct From Gay Paree



Paris is again setting the pace in the fall headgear for midday. The creation on top is the newest style from Paree. It is made of purple velvet, fashioned after the Russian and trimmed with graduated colored grapes around the front. Below is a black velvet and jet beaded chapeau which bids fair to prove popular with the elite this fall.

Men Under Indictment Surrender to Sheriff

(Continued From Page One.) 1920, they voted to issue \$25,000 in bonds to themselves and co-conspirators as a bonus and that later they took over more than \$50,000 worth of property to their own use without consideration.

McBryan and Goerke, named in the indictments, are also at liberty under bond. Action to force the arrest of Masse and Wohlberg in California followed the receipt of information that these men have started habeas corpus proceedings to prevent their return to Omaha under federal charges now pending against them, in connection with the case of the William Berg Potash company. Attorney General Davis had intended to await their return to Nebraska by federal authorities before attempting their arrest on the state charges. He said last night he would tolerate no "horse-play," but would now prosecute the state charge energetically, regardless of the outcome of the federal case.

The state grand jury charged Masse with embezzlement and Wohlberg with aiding and abetting this crime. It is charged that the two co-operated to embezzle \$100,000 of the assets of the Missouri Valley Cattle Loan company in November, 1918.

Several others indicted by the grand jury are still to be arrested. With one or two exceptions those not yet arrested are no longer residents of Omaha.

Arraigned This Week. Arraignments are to begin this week, according to Assistant Attorney General Dorsney, who has been placed in charge of prosecutions for the state. Trial of the first of the cases will begin within a few weeks, he says.

Two or three men who have been in Omaha ever since the indictments were returned have not yet been arrested because the court has, for special reasons, given them stays of arrest. These will probably be taken into custody this week.

Dentist Gives Bond. Dr. J. B. Fickes, a dentist, was the last man to be taken into custody last week. He had been arrested last Tuesday but, because he was called Joshua B. Fickes in the indictment while his real name, he said, is Josiah, he was allowed to go for the time. Being notified that he was the man intended, he came in yesterday noon and gave bond for \$2,500. Charges against him allege conspiracy to commit a felony and negotiating sales of shares of stock without a permit.

Sam Musser, charged with obtaining money under false pretenses, who has been in county jail since last Monday obtained bond of \$750 yesterday and was released to await trial.

White to Issue Call for Meeting of Democrats Washington, Oct. 9.—A call is to be issued by Chairman George White tomorrow for a meeting of the democratic national committee to be held within the next two or three weeks, probably at Chicago. Democratic leaders with whom Mr. White conferred said it would bring together prominent men and women party spokesmen from all sections of the country.

Steamships. Arrivals. Antwerp, Oct. 6.—Lapland, New York. San Francisco, Oct. 6.—Laurine, Honolulu. Danzig, Oct. 8.—Minnelunda, New York. Cherbourg, Oct. 8.—America, New York. Hamburg, Oct. 8.—Victoria Maru, Portland, Ore. Kobe, Oct. 4.—Sewa Maru, Tacoma. Shanghai, Oct. 6.—Arizona Maru, Tacoma. Coaxet, Portland, Ore. London, Oct. 7.—Emilia, San Francisco. Tain, Oct. 6.—Madras Maru, Seattle. Ipswich, Oct. 6.—Greistie, San Francisco. Glasgow, Oct. 6.—West Faralou, Portland, Ore. Hong Kong, Oct. 7.—Empress of Russia, Vancouver. Departures. Hull, Oct. 4.—Arta Nendi, San Francisco. Kobe, Oct. 4.—Alabama Maru, Tacoma. West, Seattle. New York, Oct. 4.—Columbia, Glasgow. Mesonina, London; Orpesa, Hamburg. Milan, Oct. 4.—Kronland, New York. New York, Oct. 8.—Rotterdam, for Rotterdam via Plymouth, Paris, Naples and Marseilles; Texada, Seattle and Vancouver. Glasgow, Oct. 8.—Camronia, New York.

McCumber Scores Bill Providing Free Canal Tolls

North Dakota Senator Says Passage of Measure Would Violate Terms of Hay-Pauncefote Treaty.

Chicago Tribune-Omaha Bee Leased Wire. Washington, Oct. 9.—Passage of the Borah bill exempting American coastwise trading vessels from payment of Panama canal tolls would constitute an act of international bad faith paralleling Germany's ruthless violation of Belgian neutrality in 1914, Senator McCumber of North Dakota, charged in the senate.

Senator McCumber's speech was one of several which enlivened the consideration of the Borah bill, scheduled to come to vote on Monday. The debate failed to reveal any change in the lineup of the opposing factions and unless there is some unexpected development over Sunday the measure will be passed by the senate with a majority of about a dozen votes.

"The world has branded Germany as a dishonorable nation because, with the exigency of a great war before it in which military necessity was the controlling question, it declared that its treaty with Belgium was but a 'scrap of paper,'" said Senator McCumber.

Asked to Break Treaty. "Without any such exigency before us and without even an attempt being made to secure a modification of our solemn obligations, we are asked to declare that the Hay-Pauncefote treaty shall be treated as a mere scrap of paper. Our physical power to do this is just as unquestioned as the physical power of the German empire to break its treaty obligations with Belgium.

"What we would think of a proposition of taxing the American people to build a railroad from New York to San Francisco, taxing them to maintain that railroad and then providing that trains of the Pennsylvania Railway company should operate freely without any expense or any tolls over that line of railway and that no other railroad company should have the right to run its trains over this sacred track without the payment of tolls to meet the interest on the investment and the cost of upkeep?"

"Now that is exactly what we propose to do with reference to our coastwise vessels. The American people have paid for the canal. They are paying the interest upon the investment. They are paying for the upkeep.

Would Not Lower Rates. And we say to a certain line of vessels: "You shall have the use of this route without the payment of a cent. There is no excuse on earth for it. Transportation rates will not go down by reason of the remission. These vessels having the monopoly will charge every cent the traffic will bear and they will do this, tolls or no tolls."

Senator McCumber called attention to the arbitration treaty between the United States and Great Britain, ratified by the senate on September 25, 1914, and continued: "I cannot doubt for a single moment, but that the British government will claim that this law violates the treaty and will ask for arbitration."

Senator Ransdell of Louisiana insisted it was "none of Great Britain's business what rates we charged our coastwise traffic."

Plans to Market Farm Products by Airplane Scottsbluff, Neb., Oct. 9.—(Special Telegram.)—Marketing of farm products by airplane will be attempted near here during the coming summer by Henry Toncray, aviator, who drew a farm north of this city at the recent lottery at Torrington, according to word from Toncray, now in the south. The flyer had one plane destroyed here by a cyclone shortly before the drawing, but has secured another. He plans a landing field on part of his government acres, 14 miles from the market at this city.

Superior Business Men Planning More Trade Tours Superior, Neb., Oct. 9.—(Special.)—Wholesalers and jobbers of Superior are planning a few short "get acquainted" tours. A 10-day trip which took in 90 towns and covered 1,000 miles of territory, was made last June. Results were so gratifying that more trips are planned.

Dog Hill Paragrafs By George Bingham The manager of the Tickville cafe has decided not to run his fan any more, as it makes the flies so restless.

Clab Hancock, who has been going around with his shoe strings full of knots for the past week, decided not to put it off any longer and went and purchased an entire new pair of strings this morning, and now feels like a new man.

The man who runs the store in the Cali Ribs neighborhood has let his stock run down right low so that the rats will leave.

Manufacturers and Chorus Girls Figure in Latest Questionnaire

Applicant for Position With Thomas Edison Gives Out Latest List of Questions Used in Testing Applicants.

Chicago Tribune-Omaha Bee Leased Wire. New York, Oct. 9.—A delicate problem in applied ethics in being set before candidates for jobs in the establishment of Thomas A. Edison, according to a new set of questions attributed to Edison by the Brooklyn Eagle. This is it: "If you were desirous of obtaining an order from a manufacturer with a jealous wife and saw him with a chorus girl, what would you do?"

This appears as number 40 in the series of 41 questions given to the Eagle by an applicant for an Edison job. The authenticity of the list could not be verified tonight. William A. Meador, Edison's secretary, said it would not be possible to lay the matter before his chief until Monday. Mrs. Thomas A. Edison said: "Act of Dishonor."

"Every applicant who receives a set is sworn in his honor not to divulge any part of it. Any applicant who violates this understanding commits an act of dishonor. There is nothing more to be said."

Mrs. Edison would not say whether the problem of the salesman, the manufacturer, the jealous wife and the chorus girl had appeared in any of her husband's questionnaires whereby he tests young men as to their fitness for certain kinds of work.

The new list of questions as published by the Eagle follows: 1. Prove that the moon revolves about the earth. Describe apparatus. 2. Name the largest city in South America. 3. What is Sumatra tobacco used for? 4. Correct sentence: How come you ain't let him see you were not home? 5. Where is Mount Etna? 6. What is an antiseptic. Name four commonly used. 7. Name an event of 1921 that will probably be remembered 50 years hence. 8. What is the difference between an atom and a molecule? 9. Who was John Cabot? 10. Name the qualifications of an executive. 11. What is bone charcoal used for? 12. What is a rotifer? 13. Who wrote "As You Like It"? 14. How was the name "America" derived? 15. What is the cause of the disease "beri beri"? 16. Name six Indian tribes. 17. What are the three largest cities in Canada? 18. Name a range of mountains 400 miles north of New York City. 19. Name the largest cotton exporting city of the United States. 20. Name the presidents of the United States that have been assassinated. 21. What is pop? Who discovered it? 22. Name the largest industrial city of the United States. 23. If one man can do a piece of work in three days and another in four days, how long will it take them to do it together? 24. What is the name of the largest print cloth mill in the United States? 25. Where is Pike's Peak. 26. Bound Persia. 27. How far is it from San Francisco to Honolulu? 28. Who is Rosini? 29. What are the principles of photography? 30. Name six musical composers. 31. In what state are the so-called "bad lands" situated? 32. What is aqua regia? 33. What is the most famous breed of cows? 34. Who was Barbara Frichthie? 35. Name five cities of Europe with a population over a million. 36. Who was Count Rumford; where was he born? 37. What is speigleisen? 38. If sodium hydroxide and hydrogen chloride are mixed, what results? 39. Who was Tecumseh? 40. If you were desirous of obtaining an order from a manufacturer with a jealous wife and saw him with a chorus girl, what would you do? 41. Who wrote "Pickwick Papers"? "Huckleberry Finn"? "Vanity Fair"? "Four Horsemen of the Apocalypse"?

Beatrice Man Will Run for Congress; Outlines Platform Grand Island, Neb., Oct. 9.—(Special.)—Definite announcement has been made by Lloyd Crocker, Beatrice attorney, that he will be a candidate for the republican nomination for congress from the Fourth Nebraska district, a position now held by M. O. McLaughlin of York.

"I expect to make an active campaign," said Mr. Crocker, "and will try to let the people know where I stand on every important issue."

Mr. Crocker outlined his platform as follows: "I believe in the enactment of a law prohibiting trusts, which is broad enough to cover all classes of organizations for the purpose of controlling prices on any commodity, as well as controlling the price of labor, with a penalty to violators or their accessories which is federal imprisonment.

"I believe in the enactment of a law prohibiting monopolies which is broad enough to cover all classes of organizations for the purpose of controlling prices on any commodity, as well as controlling the price of labor, with a penalty to violators or their accessories which is federal imprisonment.

"I believe in the government having very little control of American industries and labor. "I believe that the present insurance law for the benefit of the world war veterans should be repealed and that all disabled veterans should be pensioned now."

Man Held for Trial For Murder of Mother Los Angeles, Oct. 9.—Joseph P. Studer, formerly of Peoria, Ill., is in the Los Angeles county jail awaiting a trial in the superior court on the charge of having murdered his mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Studer, 77.

Mother and son lived together. On the night of September 25, according to the police, they were summoned to the Studer home by a neighbor.

Silver Returns To U. S. After Helping Allies

Millions Loaned to Far East Nations During War to Stabilize Credit Funds Its Way Back.

By K. M. ELISH. New York, Oct. 9.—Its task of helping win the war in the far east finished, silver is coming back to the United States. Millions of dollars of the precious metal, exported from this country in the dark war days early in 1918, when the Germans were hammering at the gates of Paris, are now coming back from the orient after serving to allay the fears of the native populations to whom the term "legal tender" means silver.

Silver protection throughout the world could not meet the demands of the eastern countries during the war, flushed with wartime prosperity, and requiring additional currency to finance their growing commerce.

Silver was used during the war to offset the propaganda of German agents in the far east. While the allied forces held back the Germans, a flood of silver from this country, completely offset the German efforts to stir up trouble there. Silver dollars, idle in the vaults of the United States treasury, were melted into bars and shipped to the orient to restore to the natives' waning confidence in their currency and the allied credit.

Outflow of \$813,808,536. The imperative necessity of dispelling disquieting reports in the far east about the reserves was due to the importance of silver in the economic life of the far east. It is the money of the bazaars of India. It is the coin in which bills are paid and purchases made, and is the coin with which the native has been familiar since childhood and the one bullion in which he places absolute confidence.

The size of this outflow of silver from the United States in the days when it was considered a necessity to aid in winning the war may be judged from the figures of the director of the mint. In the six years from 1915 to 1920, inclusive, imports of silver into the United States amounted to \$368,931,478, while exports totaled \$1,182,740,016, an excess of exports over imports of \$813,808,538.

Production of silver in the United States in the same period was \$332,367,506. From 1915 to 1919 inclusive the amount of new silver consumed in the arts in the United States was valued at \$95,769,681.

Replenish Coffers. The following table of imports and exports indicates why it was necessary to draw upon the stock of silver in the United States treasury to make up the shortage, including the melting of 270,121,155 silver dollars under the Pittman act.

Table with columns: Imports, Exports, Balance Over or Under. Data for years 1915-1920.

The Pittman act, April 1918, authorized the melting of silver dollars to the extent of \$50,000,000 to meet the world shortage of silver, the production here falling far short of meeting the demand.

Humane Society's Tag Day Nets \$3,000

Largest Single Contribution in Second Annual Drive Is \$500.

Total receipts of the Humane Society Tag day in Omaha Saturday was \$3,000, it was announced by officials of the organization. More than 300 women and girls worked in various sections of the city, button-holing the public for donations for tags.

It was the second annual drive attempted by the Humane society. Mrs. J. E. Davidson was chairman of the workers. The largest single contribution was \$500, given by Brandeis store.

A committee of women, Mrs. Philip Gordon Brown, Mrs. L. S. Sutherland, Mrs. Ralph Luskhart, Miss Maybelle Higdon, Miss Frieda Meyer, Miss Tolly Richey, Miss Helen Pancoast and Miss Alice Leslie, accepted the donation.

Mrs. Stuntz Elected Officer in Women's Missionary Society Kearney, Neb., Oct. 9.—(Special.)—The Topka branch of the Women's Foreign Missionary society in five-day convention here concluded its business session with an election of officers, the following being named: Mrs. J. F. Boyce, Lincoln, president; Mrs. B. M. Powell, Topka, vice president; Mrs. Homer Stuntz, Omaha, vice president; Mrs. C. L. Mead, Denver, vice president; Mrs. E. L. Waldorf, Wichita, vice president; Ella W. Watson, Lincoln, corresponding secretary; Mrs. F. R. Hollenbeck, Denver, home secretary; Mrs. L. J. Stark, Guthrie, Okla., recording secretary; Mrs. B. M. Davis, Topka, treasurer; Mrs. M. E. Gilbert, Kearney, young people's work; Mrs. J. H. Luston, Topka, children's work; Mrs. H. E. Wolf, Wichita, superintendent literature; Mrs. L. K. Andrews, Table Rock, Neb., special work; Mrs. L. M. Riley, Wichita, extension secretary; Mrs. G. W. Isham, University Park, editor of quarterly; Ethel Lasby, Chester, Neb., field secretary; Elizabeth Polk, Lincoln, agent of supplies; R. N. McIntire, Topka, auditor; Mrs. N. Dryden, Kearney, and Mrs. R. C. Klopfer, delegates to general executive and Mrs. W. B. Fisher, Topka and Mrs. H. E. Wolfe, Topka, alternates.

There were registered 325 delegates representing seven states. In addition large numbers of furloughed missionaries attended the meetings. Three quarters of a million dollars were pledged Friday for work in missions in foreign lands.

Christian Endeavor Will Hold Meeting at Beatrice Beatrice, Neb., Oct. 9.—(Special.)—The state convention of the Christian Endeavor society will be held in Beatrice October 13 to 16. It is expected that about 500 delegates will attend the meeting, which will be held in the First Christian church.

North Platte Wedding North Platte, Neb., Oct. 9.—(Special Telegram.)—Edward Bogue, Grand Island druggist, and Miss Hazel Barber of this city were married in the Episcopal church. The wedding was the most brilliant of the year, 200 guests attending.

Boy Charged With Murder of Girl Released on Bond

Judge Declares There Is No Proof for Holding of Lad For Slaying of New Jersey Lass.

Chicago Tribune-Omaha Bee Leased Wire. Morrisstown, N. J., Oct. 9.—Superior Court Justice Parker released Francis Klusen (11) on \$5,000 bail, pending investigation by the grand jury Tuesday of the slaying of Janette Lawrence, 11, in the woods opposite the home of the girl's parents in Madison borough last Thursday evening.

Justice Parker declared that Chief of Police Fred Johnson, who ordered the 14-year-old boy's arrest, had not presented the "scantiest proof to fasten the crime on the boy."

The boy, who was arrested Friday night, was submitted to a scientific grilling up to 5 o'clock this morning, and had been lodged in a cell in the county jail up to the time he was taken before Justice Parker.

Before the hearing began, County Prosecutor Mills declared that the boy was arrested without a scintilla of evidence against him at the instigation of the members of the borough council at Madison. Acting Mayor Frank F. Gibney and other members of the council denied however, that they ordered Chief of Police Johnson to arrest the boy on the murder charge.

Chief of Police Johnson explained that the only evidence he had adduced was that on the day of the crime the boy was seen in the woods in front of his parents' home. He added that there had been rumors and stories about the boy, and that he "had taken these things up."

One Man Under Arrest In Detroit Mail Theft Detroit, Oct. 9.—One man had been arrested tonight in connection with the holdup of a Canadian mail wagon from which four bandits last night took 26 pouches, two of which contained registered packages. The man arrested was Carl Grece, 34, held on a technical charge of violating the United States code. Police declared Grece, a railroad employe, was indirectly implicated in the Toledo postoffice robbery several months ago and stated they believed he might know something of last night's robbery. The postoffice department posted a reward of \$2,000 for the capture of the outlaws "dead or alive."

Postal inspectors said they still were unable to fix the value of the registered mail at first estimated to amount to approximately \$100,000, mostly in currency shipments from Canadian banks to their correspondents here.

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Scotti with the Scotti Grand Opera Co. Auditorium October 13. Attend the opera and note the individual qualities that distinguish Scotti's exquisite interpretations. Then go to any dealer in Victor products and hear the Victor Records by Scotti. Note how faithfully his renditions are portrayed on the Victrola. Victor Talking Machine Co. Camden, New Jersey.

This Offer means prettier teeth—accept it. Pepsodent. The scientific film combant, approved by modern authorities and now advised by leading dentists everywhere—to bring five desired effects. All druggists supply the large tubes. 10-Day Tube Free. THE PEPSODENT COMPANY, Dept. B. 1104 S. Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill. Mail 10-Day Tube of Pepsodent to Only one tube to a family.