3009 North Twenty-fourth street,

and R. J. Richardson of Niobrara,

They were arrested on charges of

Judge Dunn was in a good mood.

Upon the promise to return to their separate homes and "celebrate

thus" no more, both Richardsons were discharged.

Bandit Twists Woman's Wrist

And Takes Purse From Her

Miss Lillian Winther, 4076 Hills-

fale avenue, reported to South Side

police that while she was walking at

Forty-first and I streets early Tues-

lay evening an unidentified man sud-

denly appeared, seized her right

wrist, twisted it and fled with her handbag, containing \$2. She gave

the police a good description of the

South Side Brevities

Upon the request from our customers the doll contest will be extended until Saturday. April 6, at 3 p. m.

The card party scheduled to be given tonight by the Royal Neighbors has been postponed until Thursday, April 28.

Railroad salvage, new hankrupt stock of furniture, glassware, hardware, graniteware, E. Vake, 2610 N St. 2370.—Adv.

Railroad salvage, high-grade furniture, new and used; iceboxes, \$4 up; new cot-ton mattresses, \$6; garden tools, E. Vaks, 2610 N St. So. 2370.—Adv.

To let, May 1st, store room, 4708 S.

2th St., in one of the best retail locations on South Side. Rent reasonable,

A. L. Bergquist.

M. D. (Morty) Gray, for the past 15 years connected with a stockyards commission firm handling stockers and feeders, has deserted the live stock business and has taken a position with the Mickie music firm in Omaha.

The meeting of Parents-Teachers' asso-ciation of Garfield school, scheduled to convene Thursday, has been changed to meet Friday afternoon at the school at 2:45. One of the principal addresses will be made by Mrs. S. H. Barber, special teacher of speech correction.

Costs You Nothing

to fill out the attached

coupon and get an op-

portunity to secure a desirable building lot

FREE

in the "Cat Creek" Addition to the booming oil

town of WINNETT, MONTANA. Lot carries

all oil rights. Full information free upon receipt

of the coupon properly

Low Rate on Call Money Meets But Slight Demand

Bankers, Alarmed at Lack of Loans of Funds Piled Into N. Y. From Interior,

Withdraw Them.

By HOLLAND. should funds in large amounts have been sent by the so-called interior banks of New York if it be true that farmers and others in the outlying districts are in great embarrassment because of their inability to secure loans with which to carry their crops and also to finance business. Yet we had last week an interesting and highly suggestive movement of money from the in-terior to New York. There was so much of it that although the charge for the use of it was the lowest that had been quoted for a long time nevertheless there remained some \$9,000,000 in the custody of the banks for which there was no de-

It was, however, a not unusual au-tomatic or reflex action which took place on the following day. The New John Roth & Sons. place on the following day. The New York banks were supplied with funds in vast amount, much of which was sent from other parts of the country. Presumably it was sent here so that it might be loaned out upon call at a rate which would furnish a fair profit. But because of the plentifulness of these funds and the very light demand for them not even a rate as low as 4½ or in some cases 4 per cent was of avail in loaning these funds.

Mayerowich & Vail Glassberg
P. O'Dea
Wilson & Co.
F. P. Lewis
J. H. Bulla
F. G. Keilogg
Ellis & Co.
Sullivan Bros.
Mo.-Kan. C. & C. Co.
Banner Bros.
John Harvey
Dennis & Francis
Omaha Packing Co.
Midwest Packing Co.
Cadahy Bros.

Withdraw Funds.

On the other hand the banks in other parts of the country which have been sending large amounts of surplus funds to New York became alarmed or dissatisfied because the rate charged for the use of the money was so low. Therefore they began instantly to withdraw these funds. Presumably they expected to get better returns for the use of the money in other ways. As a result of these withdrawals the local rates for use of money were at once increased. At first 5 per cent was asked and then 5½, and at last as much as 6½ per cent. cent was asked and then 515, and at last as much as 615 per cent.

One reason perhaps for the light demand for call money is to be found in the fact that the brokers are now doing a very small business. If any of them is able to place 10 share lots this is regarded as satisfactory. Some of the brokers are in the blues. While there is a good deal of trading in the security market it is chiefly confined to those who make a business of trading, among themselves. The public is staying out, although the unusually low quotations for many lines of securities whose intrinsic value is beyond question would ordinarily tempt the public into the market.

The Question of the Taxes.

The Question of the Taxes.

A canvass of the entire country which was recently made by a Ballimore institution brought forth an almost unanimous statement that the chief matters of importance that should be speedily determined are the taxes and wage reductions. All who replied to the inquiries spoke in approval of the proposition that a tax on sales of commodities be imposed because this would probably make possible a very great reduction in some of the present tax rates. Apparently the feeling of the country is in favor of the socalide sales tax proposition, although reports come from Washington that a considerable number of the members of congress do not look with favor upon the proposition. The Question of the Taxes.

derable number of the members of chees do not look with favor upon the coposition.

Public sentiment, however, seems to be animous in favor of the repeal of the animous in favor of the repeal of the animous in favor of the grievous zed to have been one of the grievous zed to have been one of the grievous instales in the present tax law. It has een spoken of as placing the dead hand een spoken of as placing the dead hand zen spoken of as placing the dead hand zen spoken of as placing the purpose to business that it is the purpose to business that it is the purpose to thinking the pebt.

In the consideration of the the track the taxes which congress will levy at its the taxes which congress will levy at the the track of war debts, much of a floating indebted ness and the Victory and Liberty loan bonds. One issue of these bonds must be taken care of through legislation enacted in the present session of congress because the time limit which these bonds carry expires before the end of the life of the new congress. It is recognized that it would call for several billion dollars. Therefore it is inevitable that they be funded and if this be done in the case of one of the issues it may be deemed expedient to fund all issues. In the financial district the suggestion is frequently made that these bonds be funded with a life of not less than 38 years and possibly as long a life as 50. If they were funded at 5 per cent with 1 per cent added for sinking fund purposes the bonds would be liquidated in about 38 years. So also, it is said, that if action of this kind was taken the vast number who hold liberty and Victory bonds in small amounts would rejoice at the opportunity of exchanging them, for long-time bonds bearing 4% or 5 per cent interest. If this were done the bonds would soon be quoted at par or even better, while the burdens which the banks are bearing because they are carrying so many of these bonds for purchasers would be lightened and probably ended. That of itself would be of an advantage to the credit situation.

Favorable Comment.

The limit funded the funding flowers and the victory and the funded with a life of not less than 38 years. So also, it is said, that if action of this kind and probably ended that the subtract of the funded with a life of not less than 38 years. So also, it is said, that if action of this kind was taken the vast number who hold liberty and victory bonds in small amounts would rejoice at the opportunity of exchanging them, for long-time bonds with a life of not less than 38 years. So also, it is said, that if action of this kind and year of the work of the funded

Favorable Comment.

The impression in the financial district has been that Secretary of the Treasury Melion has from the first day when he took that office been convinced that the excess profits tax should be repealed and that there should be certain changes in the income tax, especially in the surtax charges. If this be done it would tend to change the disposition which has characterized so many who in order to avoid these burdensome and embarrassing taxes have been investing money in large amounts in noutaxable secutities. The suggestion which was made by Secretary Hoover of whom it may be said that his initiative and his wise grasp of economic conditions are commanding very favorable comment, that the law be so changed as to relieve from income and profit-taxes. American exporters is spoken of with approval. He would exempt all taxes on income received from business done abroad, being persuaded that if this were done, it would make it possible for American exporters the more easily to compete for the markets of the world with the exporters of Great Britain and of other countries. Favorable Comment.

New York, April 12. - Flour - Easy; ring patents, \$7,50@\$.00; winter raighte, \$6.25@6.75; Kanaas straights. spring patents. \$7.50 \$5.00; winter straights. \$6.25 \$6.75; Kanaas straights. \$7.60 \$7.50.

Corn Mcal—Easy; fine white and yellow granulated, \$1.75 \$6.200.

Wheat—Spot, weak; No. 3 red, \$1.49; No. 2 hard, \$1.51, and No. 2 mixed Durum, \$1.47, c. i. f. track New York; and No. 1 Manitoba, \$1.63 spot.

Corn—Spot, easier; No. 2 yellow, 74%c; No. 2 white, 74%c, and No. 2 mixed, 74c, c. i. f. New York; 10 days shipment.

Oats—Spot. weak; No. 1 white, 49c.
Other articles unchanged.

New York Produce. New York, April 13.—Butter—Unsettled; camery higher than extras, 49 4 6 50 150; camery extras, 49 6 14; firsts, 45 6

Sign. Irregular; fresh gathered extra firsts, 25 ½ 519 ½c; firsts, 25 ½c. Cheese—Unaettled; state state, whole milk flats held, specials, 27 6 29c; others milk lists haid, specials, regrets unchanged.
Live Poultry—Firm; broilers, 65@1.15; fewis, 35@35c; roosters, 16c; turkeys, 35@46c.
Dressed Poultry—Weak and unchanged. · Turpentine and Rosin,

Savannah, Ga., April 13.—Turpentine— Firm; 48%; sales, 77 bbls; receipts, 247 bbls; shipments, 122 bbls; stock, 4,790 bbls.

Rosin—Steady—Sales, 176 casks; receipts, 241 casks; shipments, 1,145 casks; stock, 75,588 casks.

Quote—B. D. E. F. G. H. \$4.10; L \$4.15; M. N. W.G. W.W. \$4.25.

New York Dry Goods. New York, April 13.—Cotton goods were quiet in today's market, with prices steady on low levels. Yarns continued in mod-erate demand. Burlay markets were quiet. Silks soil.

Silks sold moderately, but steadily tobbing and retail channels. Kansas City Produce. Kansas City, April 12.—Eggs—Un-hanged to ic higher; firsts, 21623c; econds, 18619c. Butter and Poultry—Unchanged.

New York Dried Fruits.
New York, April 12. — Ev
Apples—Steady.
Prunes and Apricots—Firm.
Raisins—Steady.

Market, Financial and Industrial News of the Day

Live Stock Financial Omaha, April 12.

Receipts and disposition of live stock at the Union Stock Yards, Omaha, Neb. for 24 hours ending at 3 clock p. m. April 12, 1921; RECEIPTS-CARS.

C. M. & St. P.

Total receipts 200 182 37 DISPOSITION—HEAD. | DISPOSITION—HEAD | Swift & Co. | 801 | 1295 | Swift & Co. | 1025 | 2107 | Cudahy Packing Co. | 1104 | 3662 | Armour & Co. | 630 | 692 | Schwartz & Co. | 382 | J. W. Murphy | 2206 | Dold Packing Co. | 539 | 513 | Lincoln Packing Co. | 1 | S. Omaha Packing Co. | 21 | S. Omaha Packi

Cudahy Bros.
M. O. Wallowitz
Smiley
Other buyers

Cattle—Receipts of cattle were only moderate again today, only about 5,000 head, but trade was slow. Desirable light and handy weight beeves were wanted at practically steady prices, while heavy cattle ruled weak to 15@25c lower. It was largely a beef steers run and best offerings, both heavy and light, sold around \$8,00@8.25. Cows and heifers were in moderate supply and generally steady and the same was true as to stockers and feeders.
Quotations on cattle: Choice to prime beeves, \$8.25@8.75; good to choice beeves, \$7.25@7.25; fair to good beaves, \$7.25@7.25; common to fair beeves, \$6.50@7.00; good to choice yearlings, \$8.50@8.50; fair to good yearlings, \$7.25@8.60; common to fair yearlings, \$6.50@7.25; choice to prime heifers, \$7.25@7.75; good to choice heifers, \$6.00@7.00; good to choice cows, \$5.75@6.50; fair to good yearlings, \$1.25@8.00; common to fair cows, \$1.00@4.00; good to choice feeders, \$1.55@7.25; choice to prime cows, \$1.25@8.00; fair to good feeders, \$1.50@6.75; common to fair cows, \$1.00@4.00; good to choice feeders, \$1.50@6.75; common to fair to good stockers, \$4.50@6.75; common to fair to good stockers, \$4.50@6.75; common to fair stockers, \$5.00@7.75; common to fair stockers, \$7.50@7.75; common

Nulls, stags, etc., \$3.50 € 6.50.

BEEF STEERS.

Av. Pr. No. Av.

\$17 7 25 23 \$44

1355 7 40 12 \$93

887 7 60 45 .1092

1121 7 75 22 .1190

1201 8 05 20 .1051

1501 8 15 22 .1011

STEERS AND HEIFERS.

559 100 24 6.59

127 150 12 760

943 8 25

YEARLINGS.

600 6 65 11 630

776 7 25 12 580

776 7 25 12 580

10076 6 50 12 1057

1204 6 85 10 1407

820 7 25

1204 6 85 10 1407

820 7 25

1204 6 85 10 1407

820 7 25

820 7 25

821 825

822 7 25

823 6 50 12 924

HEIFERS.

723 6 50 12 944

1 1050 3 50 1 1490 3 75 1 1340 4 00 1 1270 4 25 1 710 4 50 1 1250 5 00 1 520 5 10 1 1050 6 00 5 628 6 25 9 364 6 50 CALVES. 30 289 6 00 6 441 7 25 2 180 7 50 3 153 8 20 7 220 8 50

Kansas City Live Stock.

Kansas City. Mo., April 13.—(U. S. Bureau of Markets.)—Cattle: receipts.

4,800 head; beef steers and fat she stock strong to 15c higher; yearlings and bulls mostly 25c higher; best heavy steers,

23.35; Colorado pulpers. 27.25 8.30; top yearlings. \$8.40; prime cows. \$7.00 \$7.10; good helfers. \$7.00 \$7.50; canners and calves, steady; good and choice calves.

\$7.00 \$9.00; stockers and feeders, steady to higher.

Hogs: receipts. 7.000 head; fairly active, uneven; around steady with yesterday's packer market; best lights to packers, \$3.40; shippers not in the market; for lights, bulk of sales, \$7.35 \$8.15; pigs.

25.\$20c lower.

Sheep and lambs; receipts. 4.500 head; active, billing classes tsrong to 10c higher; top lambs, \$9.25; \$0-pound shorn lambs, \$8.40.

Siour City Live Stock.

Siour City, Is., April 13.—Cattle—Receipts, 1.800 head; market steady to strong; fed steers and yearlings, \$5.000 \$.50; fat cows and helfers, \$2.7507.75; canners, \$1.800.80; veals, \$5.0008.35; feeders, \$6.0007.50; calves, \$4.5007.50; feeding cows and helfers, \$3.0005.25; stockers, \$5.0008.50.

Hoge—Receipts, \$5.00 head; market for shippers 25c higher: packers steady to atrong; light, \$5.15@8.80; mixed, \$7.850 \$.10; heavy, \$7.0007.50; bulk of sales, \$7.2508.25.

strong: light, 48.15@8.50; mixed, \$7.85@ S.10; heavy, \$7.00@7.50; bulk of sales, \$7.25@8.25.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 1,200 head; market slow and steady.

St. Joseph Live Stock.

St. Joseph Live Stock.

St. Joseph Mo., April 12—Cattle; receipts, 2,500 head; market steady to 25c higher; atters, \$2.50@8.75; cowe and heifers, \$2.50@8.75; cowe and heifers, \$2.50@8.75; cowe and heifers, \$2.50@8.75; colves, \$4.50@1.00.

Hogs: receipts, 7.500 head; market steady to strong; top, \$8.35; bulk of sales, \$7.00 head; market steady to strong; top, \$8.35; bulk of sales, \$7.00 head; market steady to strong; top, \$8.35; bulk of sales, \$7.00 head; market steady to strong; top, \$8.35; bulk of sales, \$7.00 head; market steady to strong; top, \$8.35; bulk of sales, \$7.00 head; market steady to strong; top, \$8.35; bulk of sales, \$7.00 head; market steady to strong; top, \$8.35; bulk of sales, \$7.00 head; market steady to strong; top, \$8.35; bulk of sales, \$7.00 head; market steady to strong; top, \$8.35; bulk of sales, \$7.00 head; market steady to strong; top, \$8.35; bulk of sales, \$7.00 head; market steady to strong; top, \$8.35; bulk of sales, \$7.00 head; market steady to strong; top, \$8.35; bulk of sales, \$7.00 head; market steady to strong; top, \$8.35; bulk of sales, \$7.00 head; market steady to strong; top, \$8.35; bulk of sales, \$7.00 head; market steady to strong; top, \$8.35; bulk of sales, \$7.00 head; market steady to strong; top, \$8.35; bulk of sales, \$7.00 head; market steady to strong; top, \$8.35; bulk of sales, \$7.00 head; market steady to strong; top, \$8.35; bulk of sales, \$7.00 head; market steady to strong; top, \$8.35; bulk of sales, \$7.00 head; market steady to strong; top, \$8.35; bulk of sales, \$7.00 head; market steady to strong; top, \$8.35; bulk of sales, \$7.00 head; market steady to strong; top, \$8.35; bulk of sales, \$7.00 head; market steady to strong; top, \$8.35; bulk of sales, \$7.00 head; market steady to strong; top, \$8.30 head; market steady to strong; top, \$8.30 head; market steady to strong; top, \$8.30 head;

The New Hork Times.

By ALEXANDER DANA NOYES. New York, April 13 .- Since the steel corporation's cut in prices was not announced Tuesday until the stock exchange had closed, expectation was more or less prevalent that shares of all the steel producing companies would break heavily in to-day's market. The expectation was not entirely fulfilled. Declines running to 1 or 11/2 per cent occurred in these shares during the early hours, but the greater part of the loss was ecovered later and as a rule, the day's net declines in them were unimportant. United States Steel itself ended practically at the previous day's

It was the railway shares, concerning which there was nothing new to affect the situation, whose weakness was most marked and probably this illustrated the character of the market as well as anything could have done. Uncertainty is always a more potent influence in a highly speculative market than actual news. In the market of a year and a half ago, every uncertainty was construed as favoring higher prices; with the present absolute reversal of mood, Wall street nowadays expects the worst whenever it does not know what is

to happen next.

Respectable Advances.

Respectable Advances.

There is really no occasion for any other comment on today's market; in which as a matter of fact, there was again a respectable showing of advances to offset the more numerous declines.

Today's foreign exchange market was mixed in its tendency. Sterling declined to a rate 2% cents below Tuesday's highest, no doubt being influenced by the protracted deadlock in the British labor negotistions, but French exchange closed at the same rate as the day before and italian exchange made another rapid advance to the highest since last August. Since the present year began, its value has increased no less than 40 per cent,

The remarkable inflow of gold continued today. Nearly \$6,000,000 arrived from Denmark and aunouncement was made of \$2,500,000 engaged for import from Australia. It is not clear how much of the gold coming to us from the European continent is melted up Russian coin and how much gold is accumulated by states contiguous to Germany from the exports of that country.

The price of wheat and corn reached a new low level for the period. Future contracts in wheat are now below any price since the middle of 1916, but corn for May delivery is at the lowest since July, 1914.

The effect of the steel corporation's re-Respectable Advances.

July, 1914.

Time to Show Effect.

The effect of the steel corporation's reduction of prices in the way of stimulating trade will probably not be tested at conce. That there was need of a stimulus may be sufficiently inferred from the Iron Age's remarks that in proportion to capacity, the operations at the country's steel works during March "were all the smallest rate on record."

Cut prices as a dozen commodity markets have proved in the last six months, do not of themselves create new business, while they accomplish, if they are effective, to remove the hesitation which had arisen because of a feeling that prices would go lower and that therefore it was too soon to buy.

The outcome in the present case, therefore, will naturally rest on the question whether customers who have present use for steel believe, or will come to believe, that these are "bottom prices."

A closer survey of Tuesday's reduction shows that the cut in steel biliets, the standard product of the trade, has brought the price to the lowest since February. 1915, but that even the reduced price of \$357 compares with \$19 when the war broke out; with \$23 in the "after panic cut" of 1909. The comparison is similar with other steel products. Time to Show Effect.

New York Quotations

Chicago Grain

By CHARLES D. MICHAELS, Chicago, April 13 .- There appears to be no bottom to the grain mar-The lower prices go, the less disposition there appears to be to buy. Demoralization is on and traders who usually have plenty of nerve are afraid to buy. The continued absence of investment buying and he renewed liquidation by longs of all classes, combined with the absence of factors on which to base investments, is the depressing factor. New low levels were made for all grains, with corn and oats the low-

est at this time since April, 1913.
Closing prices, while not at the extreme inside, showed losses of 3½ to 4c in wheat, with May leading. Corn was off 15%@21/sc; oats off 11/8 @11/2c. Cash corn in western Iowa is down under 30 cents and oats down to 20 cents, while in Illinois corn is selling at 43 cents. These prices are below production costs, yet few have the confidence to buy. Strike News Causes Selling.

Strike News Causes Selling.

Strike news from England was the basis for much selling. The trade ignored reports from France and Australia where drought prevails. It was claimed that foreigners were buying futures here on the drought reports, but this was denied later.

Reports from Hutchinson, Kan., said farmers and elevator men have at no time been so minded to sell wheat as now. Canadian farmers have the selling fever and are letting go freely. May wheat at Winnipeg declined 7% cg \$1.50 %. Pressure here was on for May and the selling of all months was from start to finish. Crop news was bearish and everything tended to create distrust and lower prices. Selling was led by leading elevator interests and longs in general, while the buying was by shorts. Corn was under pressure from the same interests who were active in selling wheat. Country holders who have carried hedges let go freely and the buying was mainly to take profits on previous sales. Prices cut no figure.

Shorts Buy July.

There was immense buying of July to cover trades. May was down to 54%c and closed at \$c above the inside. Cash prices were \$\frac{1}{2}\phi \text{2}\phi \text{2} \text{2} lower, with shipping sales \$6,000 bushels Milwaukee and Duluth sold corn for export at \$\frac{1}{2}\phi \text{2} \text{2} under May for No. 3 c. i. f., Buffalo and boats with \$400,000 bushels have cleared for eastern lake ports. Montreal wants corn for export at \$\frac{1}{2}\phi \text{c} over c. i. f., Montreal, for kiln dried. Arrivals were \$2 cars. Oats were under pressure from the same influences as in other grains. May declined to \$24\frac{1}{2}\phi \text{c}. The heaviest buying was by commission houses while locals and longs sold. Parties who sold openly bught under cover. Changing of hedges for the northwest was a factor. Reseeding in Jowa is on, and seeding is nearing completion in South Dakota. Export sales of \$100,000 bushels were made at the scaboard Tuesday. Cash lots lost \$11\frac{1}{2}\phi \text{c}, with sales of \$100,000 bushels and receipts of \$56 cars.

Closing spreads between wheat and ryeard liquidation sent rye prices down lower than heretofore and May closed at \$1.15\frac{1}{2}\text{.} Export business was under way, but it created little interest.

Pit Notes.

Pit Notes.

Every holder of grain bought prior to today has a loss. Cash prices for corn and oats are the lowest in the country since 1811. This is due to the high freight rates which are over 50 per cent from prewar times. Corn and oats are so low that a number of the commission houses are discussing the lowering of commission rates on futures, which are \$12.50 per 5.000 bushels to \$7.50 on oats and \$10 on corn, while with wheat it is proposed to remain as it is. This will, if carried, necessitate a reduction in borkers rates from 15c to 50c per 5.000 bushels.

Price Current Grain Reporter says:

"The soil condition is reported almost entirely favorable for the general growth condition of farm crops in the states of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Missouri, South Dakota and Oklahoma. Considerable portions of the states of Jowa, Nebraska and Kansas are reported too dry."

Thomas and McKinnon say:

"Tariff legislation is expected to be enacted this week. The contemplated bill is operative in six months, therefore its passage will have more effect on the July than on the May delivery. Liquidation of old wheat is going on, but export business will take care of the offerings. Any change in crop conditions will be quickly reflected in the market."

Receipts of wheat at Minneapolis were 156 cars, compared with 172 last week and 131 last year. Duluth received 216 cars, compared with 124 last week and 134 last year. Winnings receipts were 122 cars, against 500 last week and 131 a year ago. George M. Lecount wires from Centerville. Kan.:

"Wheat is starting in fine shape. Crop through this territory winter killed. Threatened rain."

Late advices from London to leading banks here say the strike situation is Pit Notes.

this territory winter killed. Threatened rain."

Late advices from London to leading banks here say the strike situation is not truly mirrored in the press, that labor is running a bluff and a general walkout is no more imminent than herstefore. This is reflected in the relative firmness of exchange.

The Corn Products Refining company announced that its plant at Argo, Ill., has resmued operations. The refinery at Edgewater, N. J., is also working, making two big plants that are operating. The company has not yet decided when the remaining refining plant at Pekin will start up.

CHICAGO CLOSING PRICES.

| Solidary

Minneapolis Grain.

Minneapolis, Minn., April 13.—Flour—
Unchanged to 20c lower. In car load lots, family patent quoted, at \$8.15@8.20 per bbl. in 98-lb. cotton sacks.

Bran.—\$15.00@17.00.

Wheat.—Receipts, 156 cars, compared with 143 cars a year ago. No. 1 northern, \$1.31@1.41; May, \$1.16; July, \$1.03%.

Corn.—No. 3 yellow, 45@47c.
Oats.—No. 2 white, 30@31c.

Earley.—42@62c.

Rye.—No. 2, \$1.18% @1.19%.

Flax.—No. 1, \$1.42@1.44.

St. Louis Grain.
St. Louis Grain.
St. Louis. April 13.—Wheat—May, \$1.21;
July, \$1.65\(\frac{1}{2}\) bid.
Corn—May, \$35\(\frac{1}{2}\)c.
Oats—May, 36\(\frac{1}{2}\)c.
July, 56\(\frac{1}{2}\)c. Kansas City Grain.

Kansas City, April 13.—Wheat—May.

\$1.13\forall_: July, \$1.00\forall_.

Corn—May, 47\forall_c; July, 51\forall_c; September, 54\forall_c.

Omaha Grain

April 13. Cash wheat prices continued on the toboggan today, the market being off 3@5c taken generally. Arivals of this cereal made up for the bulk of the grain offerings today, receipts being 60 cars against 46 cars a week ago. Corn sold at a decline Oats were off 1/2c. Rye was 6@7c lower and barley nominally 2@4c off. Export sales of wheat today were estimated at 300,000 bu. The world's visible supply of wheat increased 4,700,000 bu. the past week: corn decreased 679,000 bu., and oats

increased 2,577,000 bu. increased 2,577,000 bu.

WHEAT

No. 1 hard: 5 cars, \$1.24: 1 car, \$1.28.

No. 2 hard: 3 cars, \$1.22: 1 car, \$1.21: 1 car, \$1.19 (smutty); 1 car, \$1.18 (smutty).

No. 3 hard: 2 cars, \$1.19: 6 cars, \$1.18: 1 car, \$1.17: 1 car, \$1.14 (smutty).

No. 4 hard: 1 car, \$1.14 (smutty).

No. 5 hard: 1 car, \$1.17 (loaded out); 2 cars, \$1.16: 1 car, \$1.14 (smutty).

No. 5 hard: 1 car, \$1.14 (smutty); 1 car, \$1.15: 1 car, \$1.14: 1 car, \$1.13.

No. 3 durum: 3-5 car, \$1.12 (smutty).

Sample spring: 1 car, \$1.2 (smutty).

No. 2 mixed: 1 car, \$1.12 (smutty).

No. 2 mixed: 1 car, \$1.13 (smutty durum.)

No. 3 mixed: 2-5 car, \$1.13 (smutty.)

No. 4 mixed: 2-3 car, \$1.15.

CORN.

No. 1 white: 1 car, 45½c.

No. 2 white: 1 car, 45½c.

No. 2 yellow: 2 cars, 45½c; 1 car, 45½c (shippers weights.)

No. 3 yellow: 3 cars, 45c.

No. 4 yellow: 1 car, 44c.

No. 2 mixed: 1-3 car, 44c; 1 car, 44c; 1 car, 43c.

No. 3 mixed: 1 car, 42½c; 2 cars, 42c.

Sample mixed: 1 car, 42½c; 2 cars, 42c.

Sample mixed: 1 car, 30c (heating.)

OATS.

No. 2 white: 2 cars, 33½c. No. 2 white: 2 cars, 231/2c. No. 3 white: 2 cars, 22c. No. 2: 2-5 car, \$1.15; 2-5 car, \$1.13.

CHICAGO CAR LOT RECEIPTS.
Week Year
Today. Ago. Ago.

New York Coffee.

New York, April 13.—The market for coffee futures was firmer today, owing to indications that government purchases in Brazil were beginning to show in the ruling of the primary markets. There was some further liquidation of May here, but it was readily absorbed against sales of later months at the prevailing differences, and after opening unchanged to 7 points higher, active months sold about 13 to 13 points above last night's closing figures, with May touching 5,90c and July 6.32c. The close was within a point or two of the best, showing a net advance of 3 to 12 points. May, 5,88c; July, 6.29c; September, 6,68c; October, 6,82c; December, 7,09c; January, 7,18c; March, 7,37c.

Spot coffee dull but steadier at 6% to 6%c for Rio 7s, and 9% to 3% for Santos 4s.

New York Cotton. New York, April 13.—Less favorable reports of the British labor situation and a sharp break in Liverpool had an unsettling effect in the cotton market here at the opening today. First prices were barely steady at a decline of 11@19 points under liquidation and southern and Liverpool selling of near months. Some of the Liverpool houses were buyers of later deliveries, while there was also a mederate demand believed to be for Japaness and Wall street accounts, which soon steadled the market. May sold up from 11.93 to 12.02c, and July from 12.02 to 12.60c, and the buying was encouraged by reports of the buying was encouraged by reports of a better tone in the goods markets. Liverpool cable advices reported a better spot demand in the English market.

New York Sugar. New York, April 13.—The raw sugar market was easier for Cuban grades, with **Bonds and Notes**

British 548, 1927 88%
British 548, 1927 85%
C. B. & Q. Jt. 48, 1921 99
C. C. C. & St. L. 68, 1929 88
Christiana 88, 1945 97
Cudshy Packing Co. 78, 1923, 99
Denmark 88, 1945 98%
French Government 88, 1945 98%
Japanese Gov't 1st 4½s 1925 22%
Japanese Gov't 48, 1931 65%
Morris & Co. 74, 1935 98%
Norway 88, 1940 100%
North Bell Tel. Co. 78, 1941 98%
N. Y. Central 78, 1930 101%
Penn. R. R. Co. 78, 1930 101%
South Bell Tel. Co. 78, 1930 82%
Swifs & Co. 78, 1939 82%
Swifs & Co. 78, 1939 82%
Swift & Co. 78, 1930 101%
Westinghouse Elec. 78, 1931 99%

Receipts of prairie hay and affaifa light Demand fair to good only on better grade of hay and affaifa. Best grades of al-faifa firm and higher. Prairie remain steady. Foreign Exchange Rates.

Chicago Stocks. The following quotations are furnished by Logan & Bryan; Armour Leather Co. com. Armour Leather Co. prd. Commonwealth Edison Co. Cudshy Pack. Co. com.

market was easier for Cuban grades, with the committee lowering its quotations to the basis of 4%c, cost and freight, equal to 5,77c for centrifugal, and reporting sales of 20,300 bags to an operator at that level. Uncontrolled sugars were unchanged at 5.54c for centrifugal, with no additional sales reported, although offerings at this level were quite numerous.

Chicago Produce.

Live Gramery extras, 46½c; standards, 44c.

Eggs—Higher: receipts, 23,165 cases; firsts, 24½c; ordinary firsts, 20@21c; at mark, cases included, 22@24c.

Live Poultry—Lower; fowls, 21c; springs, 34c.

Three Day Sale

The Philip's Stores

Thursday, Friday and Saturday

In the China Dept.

44-piece set of Imported English Porcelain Dinner Ware, beautifully decorated, best quality, regularly sold for

\$19.50 per set, on sale, special for three days only,

6 boxes of Lighthouse Washing 25c

6 cans of Lighthouse Cleanser 25c

SOUTH OMAHA

for

6 bars of Lighthouse Laundry

Soap for

We Give 2. W. Green Trading Stamps

Thursday, Friday and Saturday, at the

14-quart Granite Dish

Pans, with two solid

handles, that regu-

larly sold for 98c, on

sale, while they 49c last, at.....

below cost price of..... 10-quart Heavy Galvanized Water Pails that

South Side

Deaf Mutes Can't Savvy

intoxication and disturbing the peace when they spilled the coffee and then the salt in a restaurant at Twenty-fourth and Vinton streets. 'Dumb' Man; He's Pinched A man appeared at the door of the R. J. came to the city to visit home of John Tubrick, 4019 South George, they told the judge, and they just went out to celebrate their uncle's birthday. Thirty-fifth street.

He pleaded for aid for a deaf and dumb sufferer.

The Tubricks are deaf and dumb They couldn't decipher the man's sign language so resorted to writing. They suspecting something, and while the wife was sent to get the police, Tubrick kept the man occupied with long hand conversation. The man faced Judge Dunn in South Side police court yesterday. He failed to speak or answer spoken queries.

He wrote his name as George Russell, Greenleaf, Kan. But Judge Dunn gave "double O" and chortled:

"I know you. I've seen you too often at Central station. Now come out of it. You're not deaf and you're not dumb. Speak up!"
"Guilty," said the deaf and dumb
Russell and he got 30 days for vag-

Local Market Not Affected

By Appointing of Trustees

The appointment of Former Senaor George Sutherland of Utah and Henry W. Anderson of Richmond, Va., as trustees to handle the stock of Armour & Co., and of Swift & Co. held in the various stock yard companies of the country will not affect the local market in the least, according to officials of the com-

But 28 per cent of the stock of the Omaha yards is owned by mem-bers of the packing concerns of Swift & Co. and of Armour & Co. and that stock is in the names of members of the families of the two companies.

Reports Injury to Fruit

In Vicinity of Elkhorn Charles Saunders of Elkhorn was a visitor at the stock yards yesterday, bringing in a load of hogs. Mr. Saunders said the freeze of last Saturday and Sunday partly destroyed the early apples and plums. cherries and peaches were injured in his neighborhood. He said the late apples and grapes were all right and there would be a bumper crep in the fall.

Brothers Celebrating Birthday Spill Salt in Cafe, Are Jailed The Richardson brothers faced Judge Dunn in South Side police court yesterday. They are George C. Richardson,



Anaconda Copper Mining Company

> 7% Secured Gold Bonds, Series "B" Due 1929

Yield 8% Circular on request for OB-384 The National City Company

Omaha-First National Bank Bldg.

Lewistown, Montana: Picase enter my name so I may have an opportunity to secure absolutely free without obligation on my part the lot in "Cat Creek" Addition to Winnett. Montana, which you have told me about in this advertisement.

Masterson Brokerage Company,

filled out.

Address Name of Newspaper.....

RED FEATHER Raultry Feeds A balanced mash feed is absolutely necessary in profitable poultry raising. Red Feather Mash Feeds for growing chicks and laying hens are the most popular on the market. Profitable results have made them famous. All dealers carry them.

Let Us

Handle your grain shipments to the Omaha, Chicago, Milwaukee, Kansas City, Sioux City, or any other markets.

10-quart Heavy Galvanized Water Pails that regularly sold at 35c each, on sale now at..... 14c We Specialize

in the careful handling of all orders for grain and provisions for future delivery.

We Operate

Offices at Omaha, Neb.; Lincoln, Neb.; Hastings, Neb.; Chicago, Ill.; Sioux City, Ia.; Holdrege, Neb.; Geneva, Neb.; Des Moines, la.; Milwaukee, Wis.; Hamburg, Ia.; Kansas City,

We Have

Up-to-date Terminal Elevators in the Omaha and Milwaukee Markets-with the latest facilities for handling your shipments.

Updike Grain Co.

"The Reliable Consignment House" Omaha, Nebraska