

House Votes for \$100,000 Fund to Pay Hail Losses

Bitterest Fight of Session Ends With Passage of Measure to Finance State Insurance.

Lincoln, March 4.—(Special).—The bitterest fight of this session in the lower house came to an end today when the state hail insurance law carrying with it an appropriation of \$100,000 to start the state anew in the hail insurance business, passed by a vote of 53 to 44.

Incidentally Representative James Rodman of Kimball predicted that his stand, as leader of the opposition, had been heralded as a political downfall.

Continuing, Rodman questioned the reason the majority Representative Snow of Chadron to change his stand on the bill.

Questions Snow's Change.—"Last night Snow was for it to the dotting of an i and the crossing of a t," Rodman declared.

Rodman attacked the bill on these points: First, he declared it encouraged state socialism.

Second, he declared that there was no guarantee that the \$100,000 would be secured, especially if there was much hail this year when the losses would run hundreds of thousands of dollars beyond the revolving fund.

Third, he declared it was utterly unfair to put premiums below those of regular insurance companies and attempt to compete with them.

Fourth, he declared that the zone charges worked an unfair hardship on western Nebraska farmers who were more interested in cattle than wheat.

Fifth, he declared the state had the same right to appropriate money for hail insurance as for a state fair or a state serum plant.

That statement is false," Representative Vance shouted. The governor told me he was for a 'good' bill."

Representative Mickey stated that Governor McKelvie asked to have the proposed revolving fund cut from \$250,000 to \$100,000.

Representative Good read figures, which he declared showed that in the printing revolving fund, money appropriated for printing alone, \$1,800, had gone for stenographic and multigraphic hire.

"I fear that might be the same with our hail insurance revolving fund," Good said.

Representative Astell declared that this \$1,800 had been made up properly by the finance department.

Four Generations of Wealthiest Family in Omaha Pose for Picture



Four generations of wealthy pioneer Omaha family now living in Omaha. From left to right: Edward Creighton, John D. Creighton, John D. Creighton, II, Charles H. Creighton, and John D. Creighton, the senior of the Foster-Barker company, insurance.

Bill to Establish Homeopathy in State U. Is O. K.'d

Lincoln, Neb., March 4.—(Special).—Chairs in homeopathy and eclectic medicine must be established in the Nebraska University College of Medicine at Omaha under the terms of a bill put on general file with a favorable recommendation in the lower house of the state legislature today.

The entire medical fraternity of Nebraska has been fighting this bill ever since it was introduced in the house.

Hundreds of homeopaths and eclectics have also been in Lincoln in support of the measure.

A similar bill, introduced in the senate, was killed by the senate committee on medicine, but in the house the bill was referred to the committee on education, which reported it out this morning.

The homeopaths and eclectics, who supported the bill, claim the university school in Omaha has almost stopped teaching straight medicine and is teaching nothing but surgery.

Lobbyists for the measure said at a meeting of the committee considering the bill that a dripping surgeon's knife under a caption, "Let's Operate," should be adopted as the motto for the Nebraska University College of Medicine.

Dean Cutter denied this with statements that 75 per cent of the graduates of the college acquire diplomas in general medicine and that but 25 per cent become surgeons.

He claimed that the university regents should be the board to decide on the courses to be offered by the college.

Is Advanced by Senate.—Lincoln, Neb., March 4.—(Special Telegram).—To make certain that it does not meet its fate in the hands of the sitting committee, Senator Cal Beebe called up his bill, S. F. 100, and had it advanced to third reading in the committee of the whole.

Beebe explained to the senate that the purpose of the bill was to permit a fine arts corporation to take advantage of an offer of Mrs. Joslyn to endow a fine arts school in Omaha. The bill provides for the corporation and enables it to purchase land.

The senate adjourned until Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Beatrice Youth Injured When Struck by Automobile.—Beatrice, Neb., March 4.—(Special Telegram).—Wesley, 6, son of Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Springer of West Beatrice, was struck by an automobile driven by Frank Zimmerman of Ellis and severely cut about the head, although his injuries are not considered dangerous.

Platte River Bridge Measure Fails in House

Lincoln, Neb., March 4.—(Special Telegram).—Members of the Douglas county delegation left the lower house before a final vote was taken late today on the Platte river bridge bill. The final vote was 42 to 38, in favor of indefinite postponement. The vote of the Douglas county delegation follows:

For indefinite postponement: Palmer, against indefinite postponement: Bowman, Dysart, Hascall, Medlar, Randall, Robertson, Smith.

Not voting: Drusedood, Dyball, Foster, Yeiser.

Will Continue Fight.—Representatives Medlar and Hascall declared tonight that a fight would be made to bring the bill up for reconsideration.

The house rules permits these dues to put a motion to reconsider. It takes a majority vote of 51 to pass such a motion. The Smith bread bill was resurrected in the senate by the same method.

The defeat of the attempt to locate the bridge just north of the Burlington bridge between Douglas and Saunders counties ended the most sensational day at this session.

Following an eight-hour fight on the hail insurance bill, the house jumped into a fight as bitter on the bridge proposition. There was little argument over the claim by Medlar, backed by a map showing the two bridge locations, that the south bridge was the cheaper, better and more feasible proposition.

The chief argument against the bill was the present law which specifies a method in locating bridges. It was claimed locating a bridge by legislative enactment is unconstitutional and would be the beginning of dragging hundreds of county bridge rows before future legislatures.

House Call Falls.—An attempt of Hascall to get a call of the house to put absent members on record failed when Representative Williams, acting chairman, ruled the motion out of order.

Williams voted against the bill. Representative Byrum declared that the Williams ruling was in direct opposition to the rules, which he claimed, stated a call of the house in committee of the whole was in order.

The lobbying on the bill has been intense and at a committee meeting a fist fight was narrowly averted. Big property interests are involved and the Compton boulevard story aired in Omaha at the last election was reviewed on the floor of the house.

A. D. Compton, former Douglas county commissioner, was in legislative halls today.

Wood River Officers Arrested for Failing To Print Proceedings

Wood River, eb., March 4.—(Special Telegram).—On the complaint of John E. Rounds, Charles W. Mercer, village clerk, and William P. Connor, village treasurer, have been arraigned in the county court for the alleged violation of the law with reference to the publication of the proceedings of the village board.

A petition signed by 140 citizens has been filed with the village board to have the question of eliminating pool halls submitted to the voters at the approaching election.

Another Woman Minister.—Taylor, Neb., March 4.—(Special).—Rev. Martha Nighol of this city is another Nebraska woman minister. She has been pastor of the Congregational church here for several months. Rev. Miss Ware of Edison is another Nebraska woman minister.

DO YOU CATCH COLD EASILY? HOW TO AVOID IT

Colds are due to germs. No one can prevent the germs from getting into your nose and throat. But you can help keep plenty of strong, vigorous, "antibodies" in your blood to fight and kill off the nasty "cold germs" before they do you any harm.

To develop these germ destroying "antibodies" properly, you must have plenty of pure rich, red blood and a strong, vigorous constitution—in fact, this is the best preventive against almost any disease.

If you are weak, nervous or run-down, or subject to colds, take a course of NUXATED IRON today. To build more and better blood and make stronger nerves, there is nothing superior to NUXATED IRON as it contains organic iron like the iron in your blood combined with a product representing the principal chemical constituent of active living nerve force—feeding the nerves.

It often increases the bodily and mental vigor, strength and endurance in two weeks time.

1,000,000 people are using it annually. It has been highly endorsed by former United States Senators, U. S. Army Generals, many physicians and prominent men.

Even the Pope at Rome mentioned it favorably in a communication to the proprietor of the Pharmacy Normale de France.

Satisfaction guaranteed or your money refunded. Beware of substitutes. Look for the letters "N. E. L." on every package and the letters "N. E. L." on every tablet. Sold by all druggists.

Advertisement for NUXATED IRON, stating it helps make rich, red blood and give new strength and energy.

Meet of Nebraska Congressmen on U. S. Jobs Put Off

Just When Cornhusker Delegation Will Get Together on Federal Plums for Nebraska Problematical.

Washington, March 4.—(Special Telegram).—The meeting of the Nebraska delegation, which was to have been held Saturday morning to consider further the patronage situation as it applies to the state, has been postponed on account of the funeral services in the house chamber Saturday morning for its late minority leader and former speaker, Champ Clark.

Just when the delegation will get together for the purpose of making recommendations for Nebraska's federal jobs is problematical in view of the absence of two or three of the members during the month.

Congressman Jeffers, who is due to try several law suits in the courts of the state, expects to leave Saturday and Sunday and Congressman Reavis has indicated that he hopes to leave for Falls City about March 10.

With these two members out of the city, to be followed a little later by Congressman Andrews, it would appear almost an impossibility to hold a meeting of the delegation and expect to secure any affirmative action before the extraordinary session of the 67th congress, which, it is pretty well understood, will convene on April 4, unless the failure of the appropriation bill should prompt President Harding to call the congress together at an earlier date.

Long Delay in Sight.—Congressman Andrews said that there were a number of questions as to patronage that could not be settled without the presence of the whole membership and, as it was necessary for Mr. Jeffers to go home at once on account of legal business, he could not see any hope of a meeting until the new congress convened.

"Then again, Judge Kinkaid, who is a member of the committee on committees, probably will be meeting with that committee almost daily, and it would be impossible for him to attend a meeting of the delegation," said Mr. Andrews.

Attorney Unconvinced.—In this connection it is interesting to note that United States District Attorney Allen, who was con-

Creighton Student Receives Harding's Speech by Wireless

President Harding's inaugural speech was received complete in Omaha from the Arlington wireless station in Washington by a wireless receiving station at Creighton university.

Joseph Kealy, a student, was at the receiving end here, the apparatus being located in the physics laboratory at Creighton university. The speech continued to come in here from 11 to 12:15 o'clock.

He said that he wants a place on the appropriations committee and so does Congressman Jeffers, whose work in war expenditures committee has brought him to the attention of the state in a manner most complimentary to him.

Of course, with the very large republican majority in the next house, it will be necessary to cut down the democratic representation on committees and this may work to Nebraska's advantage in securing a place on the biggest committee in the house, that of appropriations.

Generally Satisfied.—Generally the members from Nebraska are pretty well satisfied with their committee. Judge Kinkaid, as dean of the delegation, is quite content to remain as chairman of the committee on the irrigation of arid lands, a committee that will have much constructive legislation before it during the next congress.

Congressman Reavis stands high on the judiciary committee, being fifth on the republican side. He is also a member of the joint committee on reorganization of the departments.

There is an insistent demand from the Nebraska members and many western representatives that Mr. Andrews should be put forward for a place on the banking and currency committee in view of the fact that as the committee is now constituted there is only one member from the transmississippi territory, Representative Stronk of Kansas.

When he secured this appointment two years ago he was congratulated on making a major committment in his first term. Since his appointment he has moved up from 10th place to fourth place by reason of transfers and failure in elections and it is just possible he might be given third place should Purnell of Indiana, decided to go elsewhere.

Congressman Evans is tired of his assignment to the committees on labor, roads and war claims, and he has frankly stated to Judge Kinkaid that he would like to be transferred to the committee on agriculture.

Senate Acts on Many Bills in Friday Session

Three Measures Killed—Ten Passed on Third Reading—15 Bills Are Reported Out.

Lincoln, March 4.—(Special).—The Nebraska state senate Friday morning killed three bills on adverse committee reports, passed 10 bills on third reading and received 15 bills reported out by standing committees for the general file.

The bills killed were: S. F. 162—Traveling allowance for county attorneys.

S. F. 235—Permits discharged employees to collect full wages until they are paid off.

S. F. 333—Requires the ingredients of sirups to be shown on labels.

S. F. 185—Making more stringent the prohibition law of Nebraska, was transferred from the committee on miscellaneous affairs to the judiciary committee, on motion of Senator Perry Reed.

The senate passed these bills on third reading: S. F. 303—Requiring the ingredients of sirups to be shown on labels.

S. F. 320—Validates liens on personal property only when they are properly recorded.

S. F. 243—Train accommodations for stock cattle.

S. F. 319—Permits second-class cities to erect power and light plants outside corporate limits.

S. F. 244—Enlarges jurisdiction of judges sitting in chambers.

S. F. 281—Removes congress to re-enact Norris right-of-way bill.

S. F. 220—Raises levy limit of all schools in certain classes to 100 mills.

S. F. 146—Giving railway commission jurisdiction over railroad crossings.

S. F. 215—Amends birth and death registration law.

S. F. 96—Child welfare bill regulating the adoption of children.

This bill had been amended in committee of the whole taking all investigation out of the hands of the child welfare bureau.

Senator Humphrey and Reed were the only two who voted against it. Senator Hoagland passed without voting.

Large advertisement for Thomas Kilpatrick & Co. featuring 'The New Season' and 'Attention, Men!' with various clothing items and prices.

Advertisement for Resinol, a medicine for household burns, and Vicks VapoRub for influenza.

Small advertisements for various local events and businesses, including Lexington Commercial Body, Columbus Rotary Club, and Lindsay Barbers Cut Prices.