

Fordney Tariff Measure Vetoed By the President

Situation of Farmers Cannot Be Remedied by Such Legislation, Wilson Tells Congress.

(Continued From Page One)

stantial degree, the relief sought by the producers of most of the staple commodities which it covers. This nation has been, for many years, a large exporter of agricultural products. For nearly a generation before it entered the European war, its exports exceeded its imports of agricultural commodities by from approximately \$200,000,000 to more than \$500,000,000.

Exports Increase. "In recent years this excess has greatly increased and in 1919 reached the huge total of \$1,902,202,000. The excess of export staple products is especially marked. In 1913 the nation imported 783,481 bushels of wheat, valued at \$670,931 and in 1920, 35,848,648 bushels worth \$77,398,834, while in the first year, 1913, 39,508,968 bushels worth \$95,098,838, and in 1920, 218,280,231 bushels valued at \$596,957,796.

"In the year 1913 it imported 85,183 barrels of wheat flour valued at \$347,877, and in 1920, 800,788 barrels, valued at \$8,669,300; while it exported in the first year, 12,278,206 barrels, valued at \$56,865,444, and in 1920, 19,853,952 barrels, valued at \$224,472,448. In 1913 it imported \$3,888,604 worth of corn, and in 1920, \$9,257,377 worth, while its exports in the first year were valued at \$26,515,146, and in 1920 at \$26,433,681.

"Of unmanufactured cotton in 1920, it imported approximately 300,000,000 pounds valued at \$138,743,000, while it exported more than 3,179,000,000 pounds, worth over \$1,136,000,000. Of preserved milk, in the same year, it imported \$3,318,122 worth, and exported \$65,239,020 worth. Its imports in the same year, of sugar and wool of course, greatly exceeds its exports.

Supplement Domestic Crop. "It is obvious that for the commodities, except sugar and wool mentioned in the measure, which make up the greater part of our agricultural international trade, the imports can have little or no effect on the prices of domestic products. This is strikingly true of such commodities as wheat and corn. The imports of wheat have come mainly from Canada and Argentina and have not competed with the domestic crop. Rather they have supplemented it.

"The domestic demand has been for specific classes and quantities of foreign wheat to meet particular milling and planting needs. They are a small fraction of our total production and of our wheat exports. The price of wheat is a world price, and it is a matter of little moment whether the Canadian wheat goes directly into the markets of other countries of the world or indirectly through this country. The relatively small quantity of corn imported into this country has a specialized use and does not come into competition with the domestic commodity.

Would Raise False Hopes. "The predicament in which many of the farmers of the country find themselves cannot be remedied by a measure of this sort. This is doubtless generally understood. There is no short way out of existing conditions and measures of this sort can only have the effect of deceiving the farmers and of raising false hopes among them. Actual relief can come only from the adoption of constructive measures of a broader scope, from the restoration of peace everywhere in the world, the resumption of normal industrial pursuits, the recovery, particularly of Europe, and the discovery there of additional credit foundations on the basis of which their people may arrange to take from farmers and other producers of this nation, a greater part of their surplus production.

"One does not pay a compliment to the American farmer who attempts to alarm him by dangers from foreign competition. The American farmers are the most effective agricultural producers in the world. Their production is several times as great for each worker as that of their foreign rivals. This grows out of the intelligence of the American farmer, the nature of his agricultural practices and economy and the fact that he has the assistance of scientific and practical agencies which in respect to varieties of activity, of personnel, and of financial support, exceed those of any other two or three nations in the world combined. There is little doubt that the farmers of this nation will not only continue mainly to supply the home demand, but will be increasingly called upon to supply a large part of the needs of the rest of the world.

Need Foreign Market. "What the farmer now needs is not only a better system of domestic marketing and credit, but especially larger foreign markets for his surplus products. Clearly, measures of this sort will not conduct to an expansion of the foreign market. It is not a little singular that a measure which strikes a blow at our foreign trade should follow so closely upon the action of congress directing the resumption of certain activities of the war finance corporation, especially at the urgent insistence of representatives of the farming interests who believed that its resumption would improve foreign trade.

"Indeed, when one surveys recent activities in the foreign field and measures enacted affecting the foreign trade, one cannot fail to be impressed with the fact that there is consistency only in their contradictions and inconsistencies. We have been vigorously building up a great merchant marine and providing for improvement of marketing in foreign countries, by the passage of an export trade law and of measures for the promotion of banking agencies in foreign countries. Now it appears that we propose to render these measures abortive in whole or in part.

Planned as Foundation. "There is little doubt that while this measure is temporary, it is intended as a foundation for action of

a similar nature of a very general and permanent character. It would seem to be designed to pave the way for such action. If there ever was a time when America had anything to fear from foreign competition that time has passed.

"I cannot believe that American producers who, in most respects, are the most effective in the world, when they view the fact that their country has come through the great struggle of the last few years, relatively speaking, untouched, while their principal competitors are in varying degrees sadly stricken and laboring under adverse conditions from which they will not recover for many years.

"Changes of a very radical character have taken place. The United States has become a great creditor nation. She has lent certain governments of Europe more than \$9,000,000,000 and as a result of the enormous excess of our exports, there is an additional commercial indebtedness of foreign nations to our own of perhaps not less than \$4,000,000,000.

"There are only three ways in which Europe can meet her part of her indebtedness, namely, by the establishment of private credits, by the shipment of gold, or of commodities. It is difficult for Europe to discover the requisite securities as a basis for the necessary credits. Europe is not in a position, at the present time, to send us the amount of gold which would be needed and we could not view further large imports of gold into this country without great concern.

Must Buy from Europe. "The result, to say the least, would be a larger disarrangement of international exchange and disturbance of international trade. If we want to have Europe settle her debts, government or commercial, we must be prepared to buy from her, and if we wish to assist Europe and ourselves by the export, either of food, of raw materials or finished products, we must be prepared to welcome commodities which we need and which Europe will be prepared, with no little pain, to send us.

"Clearly this is no time for the erection here of high trade barriers. It would strike a blow at the large and successful efforts which have been made by many of our great industries to place themselves on an export basis. It would strike a blow at the way of the normal readjustment of business conditions throughout the world, which is as vital to the welfare of this country as to that of all the other nations. The United States has a duty to itself as well as to the world and it can discharge this duty by widening, not by contracting, its world markets.

"This measure has only slight interest so far as its prospective revenue yields are concerned. It is estimated that the aggregate addition to the nation's income from its operation for 10 months would be less than \$72,000,000 and of this more than half would arise from the proposed duty on sugar. Obviously this and much more can be secured in ways known to the congress which would be vastly less burdensome to the American consumer and American industry.

Rates Not Sanctioned. "The rates, however, have a peculiar interest. In practically every case they either equal or exceed those established under the Payne-Aldrich act, in which the principle of protection reached its high water mark, and the enactment of which was followed by an effective exhibition of protest on the part of the majority of the American people.

"I do not believe the sober judgment of the masses of the people of the nation, or even of the special class whose interests are immediately affected by this measure, will sanction a return, especially in view of conditions which lend even less justification for such action, to a policy of legislation for selfish interests, which will foster monopoly and increase the disposition to look upon the government as an instrument for private gain instead of an instrument for the promotion of the general well being.

"Such a policy is antagonistic to the fundamental principle of equal and exact justice to all and can only serve to increase the feeling of irritation on the part of the great masses of the people and of lack of confidence in the motives of rulers and the results of government."

Utility Tax Increase Bill Defeated in California. Sacramento, Cal., March 3.—The lower house of the California legislature defeated today a tax bill that would have increased the taxes of public utility corporations approximately one-third. The bill had been passed by the senate.

Every Emerson upright, grand and player piano on our floors will be placed on sale tomorrow at a bonafide reduction of \$100-\$150

The reason: We have obtained a special price concession on a limited number of these world famed instruments and according to our liberal policy will pass this saving of \$100 to \$150 along to our Emerson customers who have been waiting to secure one of these ideal home pianos at pre-war prices and on terms never before offered.

Remember this sale only lasts a short time so you must act at once if you wish to take advantage of this wonderful offer. If you can't call write for free catalog.

SCHMOLLER & MUELLER
1514-16-18 Dodge St. Omaha, Neb.

We sell everything in small musical instruments and sheet music.

Clark's Funeral At Capital Will Be Held Saturday

House Completes Arrangements for Service at 10:30—Tributes of Respect Planned.

Washington, March 3.—The house of representatives today had completed arrangements for the funeral services in the house chamber Saturday morning for its late minority leader and former speaker, Champ Clark, who died here yesterday after a brief illness. The services, which will be held at 10:30 o'clock, will be a tribute of respect such as has been paid only a few times in the history of the American congress.

The body of the former speaker will lie in state in the capitol rotunda before the services.

Both houses of congress voted to appoint committees to attend the funeral as representatives of their respective bodies.

Tonight the house will devote an hour to an eulogy to the former speaker.

Recall His Defeat. Mexico, Mo., March 3.—Champ Clark's death brought to the minds of many persons here incidents surrounding his candidacy for congress in 1894, when he was defeated by W. M. Treloar, a teacher of music at Hardin college. Treloar went in with a republican landslide.

The Ninth district had a normal majority of about 3,000 democrats and the republicans had difficulty in obtaining a candidate. Professor Treloar finally agreed to make the race.

Overconfidence Beat Him. Mr. Clark apparently did not take the professor's campaign seriously and it was not unusual for him to conclude his speeches in this fashion: "There's a man up in Adrian county—let's see—what's his name? What is his name?" "Treloar, Treloar," some one in the audience would say.

"Oh, yes, Treloar," the speaker would continue, "well, that fellow thinks he is running for congress. Fellow citizens, I'd like to live until that fellow is elected to congress. Don't you know I'd be older than Methusalem?"

The republicans swept the country with a rush and Treloar was elected. Two years later Mr. Clark was again a candidate against Professor Treloar and defeated him.

Lodgepole Farmers Are Rejoicing Over School Case. Lodgepole, Neb., March 3.—(Special.)—Farmers near here are rejoicing over the decision of the supreme court in the consolidated school case, which had been bitterly contested by Chappell residents, the court ruling in favor of the consolidation. The case attracted unusual attention as it embraces territory in the corners of Deuel, Cheyenne and Garden counties.

Deuel maintains a county high school, located at Chappell, and the organization of the new school detracts from the levy.

Breeders of Red Willow County Form Association. Indianola, Neb., March 3.—(Special.)—The Red Willow County Improved Stock Breeders' association was organized here with the following officers: President, Joseph Carmichael of Indianola; vice president, C. W. Poore of McCook; secretary, L. E. Moore of Bartley; corresponding secretary, H. H. Clemmons of McCook. All breeds are included in this organization and all kinds of live stock. The next meeting of the association will be held in McCook in April.

District Conference of M. E. Church Planned. McCook, Neb., March 2.—(Special.)—District Superintendent George of Holdrege and Rev. Mr. Fowler of Culbertson met with Rev. C. W. Ray of McCook here, in preparation of the program for the Holdrege district conference of the M. E. church, to be held in McCook April 12 and 13.

Commerce Body Meets. Sidney, Neb., March 3.—(Special.)—Forty members attended the weekly luncheon of the Sidney Chamber of Commerce. Martin W. Bimery, C. J. Osborn and R. R. Crider were the principal speakers.

Club House and Camp for Alliance Scouts Planned

Alliance, Neb., March 3.—(Special.)—An optional lease on a five-acre tract of land near Belmont, 40 miles northwest of here, has been obtained by Boy Scout Commissioner W. R. Harper, and a permanent Boy Scout camp probably will be built there this summer for the Alliance scouts.

The tract is ideally situated for the camp, being in the thickly wooded pine trees country. It is owned by J. M. Tollman, a farmer, who has agreed to lease the tract for \$50 a year for five years. Plans for the camp include the construction of a mess hall, swimming pool and other equipment. Lumber and other material will be shipped from Alliance and the boys are planning to construct the entire camp themselves, beginning as soon as school is out in the spring.

Scout Commissioner Harper also plans to build a club house for the Boy Scouts at Eroncho lake, three miles west of here.

Sidney Hotel Will Be Remodeled for Hospital. Sidney, Neb., March 3.—(Special.)—Plans were completed here for the establishment of a new hospital. Mrs. Hostetter, who owns the lease on the Olean hotel, will equip the building throughout with the best hospital equipment obtainable after a complete remodeling of the building.

Thayer County Buys Tractor to Improve Main Highway. Hebron, Neb., March 3.—(Special.)—The county commissioners have purchased a two-ton tractor and grader for use on the county and federal highways in Thayer county. The commissioners and County Highway Commissioner Bannan have plans completed for an improvement of the main highway.

Motion for New Trial Made in Case of Aurora Banker. York, Neb., March 3.—(Special Telegram.)—Motion for a new trial was made in the Wentz case in district court. Wentz is out on a \$10,000 bond, which was renewed. Hearing on the motion will be argued sometime in April.

Fairbury Church Holds "Father and Son" Banquet. Fairbury, Neb., March 3.—(Special.)—Nearly 200 persons attended a "Father and Son" banquet given under the auspices of the Methodist church. Rev. Mr. Tompkins, pastor of the Trinity Methodist church of Lincoln, delivered the principal address.

The "Mother and Daughter" banquet of the church will be held next Tuesday. The "Flying Grandmother" from Lincoln has been invited to make an address.

Hastings College Closes To Check Scarlet Fever. Hastings, Neb., March 3.—(Special.)—As a precaution against the spread of scarlet fever, there being six cases among the students, Hastings college has been closed for the spring vacation, to reopen March 15.

The city health authorities found the condition at the college satisfactory except for the few cases and did not recommend closing the college. Officials, however, decided to have the vacation now instead of at Easter. The three remaining games on the college basketball schedule were postponed.

Wausau Telephone Company Allowed to Raise Rates. Lincoln, March 3.—(Special.)—The Nebraska Railway commission has authorized the Union Telephone company of Wausau, Neb., to increase its rates at Bloomfield, Wausau and Crofton an average of 13 1/2 per cent. The company is required to set aside \$13,500 a year for depreciation.

Concert at Trenton. McCook, Neb., March 3.—(Special.)—The McCook band will give a concert in Trenton March 11. The McCook Commercial club is planning a booster trip at the same time.

Burlington Earnings May Reach 19 1/2 Per Cent. Lincoln, March 3.—(Special.)—The Nebraska Railway commission has received a prospectus from Dillon, Read & Co., a New York brokerage house, announcing that the Burlington railroad expects to earn 19 1/2 per cent on its common stock for the year ending in August, 1921.

The prospectus is in the interest of a syndicate, floating \$80,000,000 in Burlington bonds authorized by the Interstate Commerce commission.

Imported White Pearl Line Lawn. Pearl line lawn is sheer and soft, it has a beautiful luster, which is retained after washing, and it is splendid for embroidering.

We purchased this lawn in Manchester, England, and think it an unusual quality for 85c and \$1 a yard.

Linens—Main Floor

The New Vogue Brassiere

Is designed to give proper support to the diaphragm. The bandeaux brassiere is of Italian silk and the diaphragm support of rubber. We recommend this style for the woman who tires easily—and shall be very glad to consider your requirements.

Corsets—Second Floor

Crepe de Chine Moccasins

This newest footwear for very small babies is beautifully hand-embroidered on blue or flesh-colored crepe de chine. They are \$1.25 a pair.

Second Floor

Oxfords Made for Comfort

A soft, light oxford for elderly ladies who desire comfort and neatness in footwear. Of soft vici kid with medium round toe, soft hand-turn sole and a low, flat heel. To be had in B, C and D widths for \$7 a pair.

LAWN WORKS

Evergreens Trees Shrubs Hedge Flowers

Tree Surgery and Pruning

MILANS

24 Years' Experience

Supreme Landscape Gardening

4421 Decatur, Phone Wal. 4308.

Omaha, Neb.

SUITS

Young Men's Suits, sizes 34 to 38, all the latest cut and good makes, including a few Society Brand, Hart Schaffner & Marx suits. On sale Saturday—ONE DAY ONLY

J. HELPHAND

314 North 16th Street

REAL OVENS

HEINZ Oven Baked Beans are not ordinary beans. They are really baked by dry heat in real ovens. This method makes them the delicious, healthful food that beans should be.

FOUR KINDS

HEINZ Baked Beans with Pork and Tomato Sauce

HEINZ Baked Pork and Beans (without Tomato Sauce) Boston style

HEINZ Baked Beans in Tomato Sauce without Meat (Vegetarian)

HEINZ Baked Red Kidney Beans.

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