

Dairy Cow Will Tide Farmers Through Straits

Professor, Addressing Lincoln Meeting, Says Humble Bovine Again "Pinch-Hitter" In Farm Emergency.

(Continued From Page One.)

The dairy professor said, "Drinking more milk means better children, as the school physician of Columbus, Ind., Dr. C. H. Clouse, has proved by actual experiments."

America's present per cent of expenditures for various kinds of food, and the per cent recommended as most desirable, were given as follows in his advice for increased use of dairy products: Milk, butter, ice cream and cheese, present 20; should be 44; vegetables and fruits, present 13, should be 17; bread and cereals, present 15, should be 13; meat and fish, 25, should be 12; eggs, present 6, should be 6; miscellaneous, present 6, should be 5; sugar, present 5, should be 3.

Describes Extension Work.

Professor M. N. Lawritson told the dairymen about the extension work of the department.

"The breeding of dairy cattle needs improvement more than any other phase of dairying, and the best way to accomplish this is the co-operative bull association," said Professor Lawritson. "As we go about the state and see the mongrel and scrub animals in some of the barns of the farmers we understand why they have no ambition to own better stock. The changes are not large, but they have not had the opportunity. His herd is so small that he does not feel he can afford a pure bred bull good enough to improve his herd and he has given up the idea to improve it through breeding."

Along the same lines, J. G. Winkler of the United States dairy division, discussed the improvement of the dairy herds of the country. His subject was "How to Improve the Dairy Herd." Professor Winkler has charge of a division of work for the U. S. Bureau of Animal Industry, the purpose of which is to improve the breeding of co-operative bull associations. "By such co-operative organizations the small dairymen will have a chance to build up his herd and as well as the dairymen of larger means," he said.

Farm Bureau Meets.

Among the 10 organizations that met today was the Nebraska Farm-Bureau federation, of which Elmer Youngs of Lexington is president. Henry C. Wallace, who is regarded as the prospective secretary of agriculture under Harding, will come from Des Moines to attend this session tomorrow, and will speak if his voice permits. The meeting followed the available space and ousted the women's club meeting.

Mr. Youngs announced that all farm organizations in the state are aiding the Farm Bureau federation and pleaded for continued good relations between farmers, no matter what their organization. H. D. Lary, secretary, announced that there are 13,834 members in 17 counties of the state, and set the amount collected from farmers at \$28,250, of which \$23,000 has been paid out for the expenses of organization. Forty thousand dollars was said to be due from farmers, but unpaid.

Organization Methods Told.

Organizers of the farm bureau told the delegates of the methods that have aided its rapid growth, among which is a system of first explaining the purposes of the campaign to local bankers and obtaining support from preachers. Two publicity men send out propaganda to all weekly and daily papers, and prepare advertising copy, while an advance man precedes each drive and determines the "lay of the land." One hundred and nine solicitors have been used, at a cost of \$19,000.

Mr. Youngs mentioned the formation of the committee of 17, which is at work on a scheme for national co-operative marketing as the greatest achievement of the organization.

Advantages of Pig Clubs.

"The Boy's Pig, Whose Hog?" Leader E. T. Winter of the Boys' and Girls' club of David City, said at the swine breeders' meeting, Thursday that under the new system of such clubs, the youngsters carry on their business entirely separate from that of the parents, and they own and market their animals themselves. It used to be that the boy raised the pig, but that got the money.

"Ownership and the responsibilities of ownership are the great lessons taught by the children's pig clubs, and those lessons alone are worth all the time and attention they require of parents," he declared. "You start a youngster toward success and prosperity as a farmer, when you get him to join a pig club. Everybody is interested in the children's clubs, too, so the more of them you have, the better the communities and the state will become."

Other speakers before the swine breeders included E. M. Little, Hampshire breeder representative for the state; C. Y. Thomson, West Point; Professor L. A. Weaver, Missouri Agricultural college; Dwight Putman, Tecumseh; W. J. Loeffel, and E. D. Wood, state farm; Frank Rist, Humboldt.

Boys of the Fillmore county pig club gave a demonstration of pig-tine paws for the show ring.

Members of the Nebraska State

Horticultural society spent the morning discussing floral and ornamental planting. A large crowd attended. C. H. Green, Fremont florist, spoke regarding "Cut Flowers and Their Uses."

Ernst Herminhaus, landscape architect, in speaking of landscape gardening in connection with public schools, urged that the plans include plenty of playground space and that the floral work should strive towards a general effect near the close of the school year, rather than the use of flowers that bloom through the summer.

L. F. Jackson of Nebraska City spoke on "What Shall We Plant in an Ornamental Garden?" and Dr. E. H. Barbour on "The Beautification of Nebraska."

Tractor Tests Described.

Changes in tractor construction to permit a lower speed were suggested by Prof. E. E. Brackett at the farm equipment meeting. He told of tests on plow draft that questioned the general assumption that plow draft increases with speed and indicated that a tractor going slower and pulling more plows might be cheaper and more effective.

O. W. Sjogren, of the University engineering department, discussed the state tractor test law which has resulted in seven makes being barred. Wayland McGee of Douglas county was on the program to tell of tractor problems, and P. S. Rose of Philadelphia also spoke.

Redistricting of Schools.

The present redistricting law of Nebraska and possible amendments formed the main topic at the afternoon session of the Nebraska Association of Rural School Patron of which J. D. Ream of Broken Bow is president. Fifty attended the session.

A paper written by T. C. Grimes of Broken Bow on "Amendments to the Redistricting Law" was read to the association by L. N. Clark of the state superintendent's office. It stated:

"The real object of consolidation is to give the best possible advantage to the boys and girls of the state and especially to provide a high school for those living in the open country. This can be accomplished by one of two ways. First, by bringing a good high school within easy reach of the students; or second, by causing the students to be brought into reasonable convenience to the school. Children, who, under usual conditions would be considered far from convenient to school, might, by certain performances of the community or by certain favorable transportation facilities, be considered within reasonable reach of the school. The law should not be repealed but there are some necessities that ought to be amended."

Standardization Suggested.

Mr. Grimes suggested that there should be a continuous course of study for all the schools of the state, and pupils earning grades in one school should be given credit for them in any other school which they might wish to attend.

Second, the redistricting committee and the state superintendent should have authority to rearrange the line which they have proposed.

Third, the law should define what constitutes a high school and the state superintendent should be authorized to classify into groups and declare what work should be attempted by each.

Fourth, the law should make the vote for consolidation and that for voting bonds in consolidation districts the same.

Fifth, the law relating to consolidation around existing districts should be clarified.

Sixth, the law should prescribe what to do with fragments of districts left after consolidation is made and determine how the property of divided districts should be distributed.

Farmer Defends Bill.

J. O. Shroyer of Richardson county led the discussion. The Richardson county farmer came to the defense of the bill, declaring that while the bill was not perfect, it was a great step in advance over the old system. He regretted the action of some people who tried to throw themselves in the way of school consolidation by claiming it was not in accordance with the law.

Some of the patrons present complained of the action of certain members of their communities in refusing to allow their land to be used for school purposes. They complained that it was not possible to condemn land for consolidated school work and that certain farmers and landholders had refused to part with the necessary acreage when a reasonable price was offered.

Electricity on Farms.

The advent of electricity to the farm is not only lowering production costs, but lightening the work of the woman. This fact crops up in numerous places at the organic and agricultural meetings at the state farm. The private farm lighting plants and the public transmission lines running between cities and out into the country are bringing many changes.

Speaking at the opening meeting of the Farm Equipment association today, C. R. Young, a county agent from Dakota City, presented the results of questionnaires from his neighborhood. Farmers there are using current from a city lighting plant, at a cost comparing favorably with that of private home plants. Not only corn elevators, separators, pumps and farm machinery are run by this means, but in almost every household having power, there is found an electric iron, an electric washer, and in many cases, vacuum sweepers and electric churns.

Home Drudgery Lessened.

One farmer from Grand Island told of similar power lines there, and a Cass county man stated

that a transmission line running by a farm added substantially to its value. Farmers near Dakota City get their power for 12 cents a unit and bills run from \$3 a month to \$15.

The lessened drudgery of the farm home is reflected in the enlarged interests of women as seen in the heavily attended meetings of the Home Economics association. Margaret Fedde of the state university told of the training given girls for home making. Senior girls taking this course live for six weeks in a practice house, which they conduct entirely by themselves, applying the theories of thrift and management they have learned in class, and testing out new household devices in the basement laundry careful tests are being made of the most practical washing machine so that women may know definitely which one will suit their purposes.

Miss Josephine Lammer, university reference librarian and president of the State Library association, urged the farm women to agitate for county libraries, and to make a county librarian as necessary as a county agent or demonstrator.

Library Circulation Small.

"A rural survey showed that the average circulation of library books in 965 homes scattered throughout the state reached only one family out of eight. The circulation of daily newspapers was twice as great as any publication except farm journals. In the 965 farm homes there were 1,331 farm magazines, 450 daily papers, 265 women's magazines, 140 children's magazines, and only 29 children's magazines. This gave one out of each five homes a woman's magazine, one out of six, a family magazine, and only one out of 40 a children's magazine. One out of eight homes received a library book. Under the state law, counties may establish libraries with a main office in some town and with branches in every rural school. Miss Lammer told of one county in which the cost of this was 10 cents for each \$1,000 of taxable property, which amounted to \$1.25 a family each year.

A style show illustrating good taste and economy in millinery was put on by Miss Lowena Henderson, Miss Oleda Grimes and Miss Laura England, under the direction of Miss Gladys Legg, clothing specialist of the state school. Home demonstration agents, acting as models, walked in with the wrong kind of hats while the three young women made unkind remarks about them, whereupon the models returned with hats in better taste, the fine points of which were then explained.

Wilson Decides To Ignore Plan of British Premier

President Will Not Follow Suggestion of Lloyd George In Regard to Armenian And Turkish Tangle.

By GRAFTON S. WILCOX. Chicago Tribune-Omaha Bee Leased Wire. Washington, Jan. 6.—President Wilson, it was learned today, does not expect to follow the suggestion of Premier Lloyd George that he send instructions to the American high commissioner at Constantinople respecting steps he will take in attempting to mediate between Armenia and the Turkish nationalists.

The suggestion from Lloyd George is at variance with the president's course announced in the appointment of Henry Morgenthau as his personal representative to carry out the league of nations. The president, it is said, proposes, therefore, to carry out the mediation plan as he has originally proposed it, notwithstanding the fact that the powers thus far have shown little evidence to support him wholeheartedly in the undertaking.

Telegram Sent to Wilson.

Lord Curzon, British foreign minister, transmitted a telegram from Lloyd George to Paul Hymans, president of the league council, on December 26, embracing the suggestion that the president instruct the American high commissioner at Constantinople regarding steps to be taken in the Armenian mediation. This was forwarded to the president by Hymans, and the matter has since been considered by the president and officials of the State department.

It is pointed out here that when the league of nations council on November 22 asked the president to undertake mediation of the Armenian tragedy, the president promptly accepted, saying he would undertake it in his personal capacity, provided the furnishing of troops or funds would not be required, that he should have the moral and diplomatic support of all the governments represented on the council of the league of nations, and that the council of the league should suggest the avenue of approach to the Turkish nationalists and Armenia.

Inquiries Unanswered.

The council of the league has never answered President Wilson's inquiries. Its failure to do so is not taken to mean absolute disapproval of President Wilson's acceptance of the invitation to mediate on conditions entailing allied support. The situation, however, is befogged by the extraordinary resistance to the treaty of Sevres by the Turkish nationalists and the conclusion of peace between them and the Armenians through the interference of the Russian soviet government. The State department, in the meanwhile has not been depending altogether upon the aid expected of the allied powers in furnishing information, but is gathering it from its own agents, and President Wilson will attempt to mediate despite the discouraging attitude assumed by the British and French governments and pro-allies. It is understood that the president's decision has been known to Sir Auckland Geddis.

Thayer County Subscribes \$1,900 to European Relief

Hebron, Neb., Jan. 6.—(Special.)—Thayer county has collected nearly \$1,900 for the European Relief fund, and but few communities in the county have reported. Davonport reports \$322; Deshler, \$330; Byron, \$743.75; Sacred Heart church, Hebron, \$231.

Dodge Gains Quota.

Nebraska headquarters of the Near East relief, in Omaha, acknowledged yesterday the receipt of \$2,850 from the war service league of Dodge county, which completes that county's quota of \$330. John Hoggard Heine is chairman of the league and David Rowe, secretary, with headquarters in Fremont.

See Want Ads Are Best Business Getters.

Cornerstone of Roosevelt House Laid in New York

Many Notables Attend Ceremonies in Honor of Memory of Late President of United States.

New York, Jan. 6.—The second anniversary of the death of Theodore Roosevelt was observed by the laying of the cornerstone of the Roosevelt house. This building will be erected on the site of the Roosevelt homestead, 28 East Twenty-

eighth street, the former president's birthplace, by the Women's Roosevelt Memorial association.

The movement is sponsored by the association to perpetuate Theodore Roosevelt's memory and as an incentive for American youth to inculcate the ideals of good citizenship.

In the presence of Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt, the widow, Theodore Roosevelt, a son, and Mrs. Douglas Robinson, a sister, Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood placed the cornerstone present were Ambassadors Jusserand of France, De Marchienne of Belgium, De Alencar of Brazil and Gen. Robert Georges Nivelle of France.

Telegrams were read from President Millerand of France, King Albert of Belgium, President Pessoa of Brazil, President-elect Harding and President Menocal of Cuba.

Senor J. N. LeFevre, secretary of the Panama legation at Washington, in an address, defended the late president's course in the breaking of relations between Panama and Colombia several years ago.

Speaking for the Roosevelt family, Mrs. Robinson promised the association the furniture and furnishings of the old Roosevelt home for use in the house.

Madison County Farmers Start Sale of Big Corn Crop

Norfolk, Neb., Jan. 5.—(Special Telegram.)—Farmers in Madison county are selling corn in large quantities, according to elevator owners. It is estimated that 12,000,000 bushels were raised in the county this year and elevators are preparing for a rush until the crop is all moved.

JANUARY SALES at Thompson-Belden's

Friday a Clearance of All Day Dresses

Our beautiful dresses for day time wear have been reduced to the prices given below. Both silks and woollens are to be had in designs that display the distinction usually associated with Thompson-Belden gowns.

- Dresses formerly \$49.50 priced up to \$83.50
- Dresses formerly \$65.00 \$85.00 to \$116.00
- Dresses formerly \$98.50 \$119.50 to \$150.00
- Dresses formerly \$115.00 \$165.00 to \$225.00

All Sales Final. A Charge for Alterations.



Friday—A Disposal of Children's Coats

Attractive little coats of fine heavy woollens, some of them fur-trimmed, others plainly tailored. Sizes 2, 4, 5, 6, 10, 12 and 14 years.

We mention only a few prices:

- A \$27.50 coat, \$16.50
- A \$27.50 coat, \$21.50
- A \$30.00 coat, \$18.75
- A \$45.00 coat, \$27.00
- A \$50.00 coat, \$30.00
- A \$55.00 coat, \$33.00

Children's Apparel—Second Floor

Reductions on All Union Suits \$3.75 Silk Hose \$2.50

All winter union suits for both women and children have new prices.

- \$2.25 suits are \$1.79
- \$2.75 suits are \$1.98
- \$3.00 suits are \$2.29
- \$4.00 suits are \$3.29
- \$4.50 suits are \$3.39
- \$5.00 suits are \$4.29
- \$6.25 suits are \$4.98
- \$7.25 suits are \$5.98
- \$8.50 suits are \$7.49
- \$9.50 suits are \$8.49

Pure thread silk hose with high spliced heels; double soles and tops of of lisle. They are a make noted for excellent wearing qualities.

On Sale Friday for \$2.50 pair

Second Floor Center Aisle—Main Floor

New State Pardon Board Holds Initial Meeting

Lincoln, Neb., Jan. 6.—(Special.)—The initial meeting of the state board of pardons and paroles, created under constitutional amendments adopted last September, was held this afternoon.

Governor McKelvie, Attorney General Davis and Secretary of State Amsberry are the members of the board. The records were turned over to Secretary Amsberry and further action deferred until the next meeting January 11.

The board indicated that it would employ a secretary to look after its affairs, but that will have to wait until the legislature provides an appropriation.

Fire at Fort Wayne Post Causes \$100,000 Damage

Detroit, Mich., Jan. 6.—Two fires of undetermined origin damaged the United States motor transport depot at the Fort Wayne post here early today. The loss, it is estimated, will exceed \$100,000. Motor trucks, parts, storage rooms and buildings used for instruction purposes were destroyed. Five hundred soldiers at the post assisted in fighting the flames.

Live Stock Man Says Iowa Farmer Has Ready Money

John W. Buchanan, Denver live stock man, is a visitor at the South Side stock yards, having stopped over here to visit his sister and brother-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Nixon, South Omaha pioneers.

"I found by comparison that business is in better condition in the middle west than the east," said Mr. Buchanan. "I spent a month in various parts of Iowa and found the farmers in a most prosperous condition with plenty of ready cash. A great many of them made big money during war times and the corn crisis and wheat bins are overflowing all over Iowa."

Large Stadium Company Incorporated for \$5,000,000

Baltimore, Md., Jan. 6.—Papers incorporating the National Stadium, Inc., with a capital stock of \$5,000,000, were filed with the state tax commissioner here yesterday. The company is to operate at Atlantic City, N. J., where they desire to lay out grounds for athletic sports, to hold exhibitions and competitions in athletics.

Electricity on Farms.

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THOMPSON-BELDEN & COMPANY

The Fabric Section Offers Savings in Woolens

\$8 and \$10 Wool Duvetyn for \$6.95

All wool of light weight and good wearing qualities. Brown, navy, pekin, gray, green and plum are the shades to be had. 54 inches wide.

Wool Plaids, \$2.95, \$3.49 and \$3.95

Some unusually good looking woolens, in many shades, and for prices that are lower than those of the present market.

Haskell's Black Silks

for Great Reductions

These excellent silks are to be had for less than many inferior qualities. All weaves are included in the sale.

- \$5.00 Satin Duchess (36-inch) \$2.98
- \$7.50 Chiffon Satin (40-inch) \$4.98
- \$7.50 Cape Satin (40-inch) \$4.98

Second Floor

SCHMOLLER & MUELLER'S

Musical Instrument Department Invites Comparison

- Ukuleles \$5 to \$20
- Tenor Saxophones \$18 to \$25
- Boy Scout Bugles \$6.50
- Spare Drums \$16 to \$60
- Banjoes \$12 to \$18
- Guitars \$6 to \$12
- Violas \$12.50 to \$200
- Bass Drums \$40 to \$75

J. W. YORK & SONS BAND INSTRUMENTS

We carry a complete stock of popular sheet music and teachers' supplies at lowest prices.

Mail Orders Solicited.

SCHMOLLER & MUELLER PIANO CO.

1514-16-18 Dodge Street Omaha, Neb.

Phone Douglas 1623

The Men's Shop

Sale of—

Gloves

Coming, as it does, at a time when a new pair is apt to be needed, offers these savings on lined or unlined street, dress or driving gloves:

- \$5 and \$5.50 gloves, \$4.35
- \$6 and \$6.50 gloves, \$5.35
- \$7 and \$7.50 gloves, \$6.35
- \$8 gloves are now \$6.95

Silk Hosiery

Includes full fashioned and Wayne Knit, Onyx and Eiffel.

- \$2.00 values are \$1.50
- \$2.50 values are \$2.15
- \$3.00 values are \$2.65
- \$3.50 (clocked) \$2.95

Interwovens, too

- 75c values, 60c
- \$1.25 values, \$1.00
- \$2.00 values, \$1.50
- \$2.50 values, \$2.00

To the Left As You Enter

Sale of Sheets and Pillow Cases

- 75c Case, 35c
- Forty-two and forty-five-inch pillow cases.
- \$2.50 Sheets, \$2
- Fine qualities (63x99-inch).

Second Floor

These Splendid Savings in the January Linen Sale

Friday's specials are only an example of the pricings that prevail throughout the linen section. In view of the scarcity of good linens and the very low prices in our January sale—prices that will bear comparison with any you will find elsewhere—we feel confident of your enthusiastic approval.

Pure Linen Table Cloths Napkins to Match

- \$10 cloths Friday for \$7.38
- \$15 cloths Friday for \$11.89
- \$20 cloths Friday for \$14.89
- \$23 cloths Friday for \$17.50
- \$25 cloths Friday for \$20.
- \$10 napkins, \$7.50 a dozen.
- \$15 napkins, \$11.89 a dozen.
- \$20 napkins, \$14.89 a dozen.
- \$25 napkins, \$18.75 a dozen.
- \$27.50 napkins, \$20 a dozen.

Towels and Wash Cloths

- Hemstitched Linen Huck** 65c towels, 35c. 86c towels, 59c.
- Wash Cloths** 10c cloths, 7c. 15c cloths, 10c. 20c cloths, 12 1/2c each.
- Huck Towels** 20c towels, 12 1/2c each. 25c towels, 19c. 50c towels, 29c. 65c towels, 50c. \$1 towels, 75c.

Marseilles Bed Spreads

An Important Special \$17.50 scalloped (double bed size) Marseilles spreads for \$13.75.

Bed Sets—Spread with Sham to Match \$15 sets (double bed size) \$12.