

SUFFRAGE IS TIED UP IN LEGAL SNARL

Ratification of Amendment Stands on House Records—Technicalities Remain to Be Disposed Of.

SUPPORTERS CLAIM LEGISLATIVE VICTORY

Antis Declare Litigation Will Delay Decision Until After November Election, Even If Courts Uphold Passage.

By The Associated Press. Nashville, Aug. 22.—Although Tennessee's ratification of suffrage stood on the record of the house tonight as finally confirmed, a snarl of legal and legislative technicalities remained to be disposed of before action can be taken.

Suffrage supporters who, in the house yesterday overcame every obstacle, claimed full legislative triumph. They declared only a temporary injunction secured by the antis prevented immediate certification to Secretary Walker.

Speaker Walker, opposition leader, and scores of his lieutenants said the suffragists had ruined the cause and that should the courts hold ratification legal, the litigation would so delay decision that the amendment would not figure in the November election unless some other state ratified.

Meanwhile 25 legislators opposed to suffrage were in Decatur, Ala., evading service to prevent any legislative action until a new legislature is elected in November. They hurried across the state line in a body.

Return in Five Days

The restraining order, granted by Judge Langford, is returnable in five days. It was issued on an application contending that under the state constitution, this legislature has no power to pass on suffrage.

Governor Roberts and other officials were forbidden to certify to Washington and speakers of the senate and house refrained from taking action toward ratification until the matter is heard by the court.

When house met Saturday all suffragists and a few opposition members were on hand. A roll call showed 59 per cent, or seven short of a quorum.

Speaker Walker declared a recess and ordered the sergeant-at-arms to arrest absentees. He reported none appeared to be here.

Motion for Reconsideration. T. K. Riddick, suffragist floor leader, declaring action on suffrage was a federal matter and that the state laws as regards a quorum did not apply, moved that the Walker motion for reconsideration be acted upon. Speaker Walker requested him to put the motion in writing.

A brief recess followed while Riddick was transcribing his motion, and in the meantime the injunction prohibiting certification was served on the speaker.

Riddick finally offered the motion amended to provide that the house reconsider its ratification. Walker ruled the motion out of order for lack of a quorum, and added that the injunction just served also stood in the way. On an appeal the house failed to sustain the ruling, and Walker called Representative Joe Odle, suffragist, to the chair.

Odle ordered a roll call on Riddick's motion. Walker made a point of order that there was no quorum. (Continued on Page Two, Column Seven.)

American Legion to Back Measures for Reclamation Service

Boise, Idaho, Aug. 22.—After adopting an elaborate plan for publicity and receiving the promise that the Idaho department of the American Legion would back its legislative measures and work for a similar action of the national association at the legion convention in Cleveland, the meeting of the executive committee of the Western States Reclamation association adjourned. An invitation from E. F. Blaine of Seattle to attend the reclamation and development congress to be held in Seattle September 16 and 17 was accepted.

After the adjournment the committee took an automobile trip to the Narrow Rock dam, 20 miles from Boise, where an inspection of the structure was made. An Idaho game dinner was served by the state game department at the hotel.

Evening Gown Worn By Mrs. Wilson Placed In National Museum

Chicago Tribune-Omaha Bee Leased Wire. Washington, Aug. 22.—An evening gown worn by Mrs. Woodrow Wilson has just been added to the historic collection of gowns worn by the wives of the presidents in the United States national museum. The dress, mounted on a mannequin, is of black velvet, trimmed with jet and lined with electric blue silk. It was worn at a Pan-American ball in Washington just after Mrs. Wilson's marriage to the president.

Mrs. Wilson, it has been learned, arranged the gown on the figure herself, draping it to her own satisfaction. The figure has been placed in a glass case and completes a collection of gowns worn on historic occasions by wives of the presidents from the time of Martha Washington

Nonpartisan League Is Seeking to Gain Foothold In Wisconsin Statehouse

Labor Extremists, With La Follette as Idol, Making Hard Fight to Get Control of State Republican Party—Senator Lenroot Facing Battle of His Life in September Primaries.

By ARTHUR M. EVANS. Chicago Tribune-Omaha Bee Leased Wire. Madison, Wis., Aug. 21.—Radicalism is again running amuck in Wisconsin. The Nonpartisan league has come into the state on a "shooting" of some 20,000 members and through a combination with the socialists, the labor extremists, and with La Follette, always an idol of the league since it started in 1916, it is seeking to get a foothold in the state house and to gain control of the state republican party.

Senator Irvine L. Lenroot faces the battle of his life at the primaries September 7. His opponent is James Thompson of LaCrosse, the La Follette entry whom Lenroot defeated in the great primary fight in 1918 during the war. Although the campaigning is intense, the voters seem apathetic. Lenroot's chances depend upon the awakening of the voters, and for the next two weeks conservative labor bodies and farm organizations which are fighting the North Dakota league and its state socialism program are expected to help in ringing the alarm bells.

Lenroot's recent endorsement of the national board of farm organizations has given some impetus to the campaign but the situation today is still extremely critical.

Remembers 1918 Fight. The campaign on the radical side has many of the aspects of that of 1918. It includes an appeal to the elements which made Wisconsin a sore spot during the war. It's strong bid is for the pro-German type, which gave Victor Berger, socialist, 110,000 votes in April, 1918, when he ran against Lenroot and Joseph E. Davies, democrat.

The Nonpartisan league has a membership of about 20,000 in the state, mainly recruited in the northern localities among poorer farmers on the cut-over lands, mainly foreigners, and in some of the southern counties where Berger's "kaiserites" were strong in the 1918 contest.

La Follette himself still has his own following, not so numerous, of course, as of old, but still carrying their support of the pompador almost to fanaticism. Then come the socialists, who are well entrenched in Milwaukee, and such of the labor organizations which are under socialist influence, as in Milwaukee, and bringing up the rear are the Plumb plan leaders.

That is the combination which is seeking to capture the republican ticket at the September 7 primaries. And, by the way, it was a similar combination last spring which gave La Follette nearly a solid delegation from Wisconsin to the republican national convention.

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ENVY LEADS GIRL TO AID BOY BANDITS

Pale Little Cigarette Admits Part In Bold Hobby of Society Home by Youthful Gang.

COMPANION IS SHOT TRYING TO ESCAPE

Desire for Pretty Clothes and Dazzling Jewels, Roused by Jealousy of Rich Girls, Causes Downfall.

(By International News Service.) New York, Aug. 22.—Eighteen-year-old Annie Westervelt is in jail because of her envy of rich girls. She admits she aided five youths who are accused of robbing a Fifth avenue home.

In her cell the girl sobbed out her story. "If I had only given one little thought to my mother and offered a prayer to my patron saint for the strength to overcome temptation, I wouldn't be in this terrible trouble today. But I was envious of the girls who enjoyed wealth and luxury and I wanted to have the same. Now my dreams are shattered, and I can only look forward to disgrace and perhaps long years in prison."

Little Cigarette Girl. It was the thought of the sorrow she had brought upon her widowed mother and her two younger sisters, Margaret, 16, and Barbara, 18 years old, that brought tears to her blue eyes.

A sad-faced little creature, the whiteness of her skin accentuated by the pallor of indoor toil in a cigarette factory, she pointed to her simple skirt and plain black skirt and said, sadly:

"I wasn't satisfied with these—and they were made by my poor mother, too—and just let myself believe that perhaps I could wear expensive gowns and jewels like the girls I see in the window on Fifth avenue on my way home from work. Yes, I was envious and never stopped to think of the consequences. But maybe if I tell the whole truth, just as I tell it to you, the judge will give me a chance to make amends. I want to be good—for my mother, because she's such a terrible thing will break her heart."

Father is Dead. Her father died when Barbara, the youngest child, was a year old. The mother, two years later, decided to put the children in St. Elizabeth's Home, Staten Island, and take employment as a servant.

Four years ago Annie was taken out of the orphanage, and the mother, by dint of self-denial, established a home. Two years later, Margaret and Barbara were returned to their mother, and when the younger ones were old enough, like Annie, they went to work.

"Of course, like most girls, I longed for lovely dresses and jewelry, but I never thought till just recently of walking on Fifth avenue in a fur coat. I know it is sinful to get them, but when I saw hand-somely-gowned women and girls on Fifth avenue wearing expensive dresses and furs and jewels, why I just couldn't help thinking and thinking how happy I would be if only I could have them," the girl said.

Pickets for Burglars. "Then one night recently Walter McKen told me it was an easy matter to get all sorts of costly dresses and jewels if I would help him and the other boys in an affair they had in mind.

"Then Walter called for me, and, believing he was going to take me to a movie, I went out with him. Instead, however, he took me over to a Fifth avenue store where he met Frank and George Rubino, Walter's brother, 'Pete,' and a boy named Murphy. Then they told me they intended to rob the house at No. 927, and instructed me to stand on the corner and watch for a policeman. I was so scared that I could hardly speak, but before I knew it three of the boys scaled the iron fence and broke into the place.

"After about a half hour the gates opened and the boys came out, carrying a small iron safe. They put it into the taxi they had and drove off, while Walter and I walked home together.

Boy Partner Shot. "Before they started off they asked me if it would be all right to take the safe to my home, and I consented. Margaret and Barbara were sound asleep when they carried it upstairs and hid it in a closet. The next day, after my sisters went to work, the boys came up and opened it with tools they had brought.

"When I beheld all the jewelry I repeated the crazy thing I had done. But it was too late.

"The next I heard was when the boys were arrested in the pawnshop on Lexington avenue, where Frank Rubino was shot in the back while trying to escape."

Convict of 84 Arrested At Gates of State Prison. Leavenworth, Kan., Aug. 22.—Dressed in the height of fashion, Harry Muldoon, 84, who by his own admission and verified by criminal records has served several prison sentences since 1876, was arrested as he left the federal penitentiary and will be returned to Greenway, Wis., to answer a charge of altering a postoffice order. Muldoon completed a sentence of a year and a day following conviction on a similar charge.

Harding's Position

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"I am becoming more and more convinced of the impracticability of running the other half of the world from this half."

SUGAR COMPANY IS INDICTED FOR PROFITEERING

Officers of Salt Lake Corporation Named in Grand Jury Charges.

Salt Lake City, Aug. 22.—Making of exorbitant profits in sugar, contrary to the Lever act, was charged in indictments returned here by a special grand jury which has been in session.

The Utah-Idaho company, and J. J. Jennings of Salt Lake, through the sale of 100,000 sacks of sugar at prices ranging from \$17.50 to \$30. The cost price was but \$15 per bag, the indictment declared.

The indictment returned against the Utah-Idaho company, containing 10 counts, charged sugar which cost but \$9.44 to produce was sold at wholesale for \$23.48. The officers of the concern are charged with having aided and abetted the company's action in raising the price of sugar.

Two bankers, Frank Pingree of the City bank and J. H. Grant, formerly connected with the Continental National bank, were indicted for alleged violation of section 72 of the federal reserve act. They are declared to have made loans for the purchase of sugar and to have shared in the profits made therefrom.

Little action was taken today on the bench warrants for the arrest of those indicted. Officials assert they expect few arrests to be made before Monday.

FOUR SPEECHES ON PROGRAM FOR G. O. P. NOMINEE

Stage and Screen Stars Visit Marion Next Tuesday—Harding to Galion, Ohio, Friday.

Marion, O., Aug. 22.—Three front porch speeches and one at Galion, O., next week, are on a schedule for Senator Harding.

The Galion address to be delivered Friday to railway employees, and the one to be made September 8 at the Minnesota State fair, are the only engagements away from Marion that appear on the list of 10 speeches, the last of which is September 17.

A feature of the next week will be a front porch speech Tuesday to a delegation from New York of stage and screen stars representing the Harding and Coolidge Theatrical league.

Senator Harding conferred with Col. George Harvey, New York editor, it is understood they talked principally about a league of nations, of which Colonel Harvey is an irreconcilable opponent, and that the new plan for international justice in progress of formation by Elihu Root and European statesmen had a large part in their discussion.

Other dates for Harding speeches were announced as follows: August 25—Wyandotte county, Ohio, Republicans at Marion. August 28—Delegation from Indianapolis and vicinity at Marion. September 4—Gathering of republican state ways and means committee chairmen at Marion. September 6—Marion Labor day celebration. September 10—Delegation of republicans from Detroit at Marion. September 11—Delegation from congressional districts of northern Indiana at Marion. September 17—Speech at Marion to delegations of citizens for foreign birth.

The actors plan to bring their own orchestra, and in addition to giving special campaign jazz performances for the nominee, will entertain along the way at railway stations where their train stops.

Among those to be in the party are Al Johnson, president of the league; Blanche Ring, DeWolf Hopper, Lew Fields, Eugene O'Brien, Lew Cody, Mildred Harris Chaplin, Jewel Carmen, Walton Moreasco and Alma Rubens. Babe Ruth, New York Yankee home run champion, has been invited.

California Is Assured of Tennis Double Champions. Boston, Aug. 22.—California was assured of the national doubles championships yesterday when the final round for the title was played.

William M. Johnson, national champion, and C. J. Griffin met Willis Davis and Roland Roberts for the honor of taking the trophy to California, the home of the member of both teams.

School Children Drowned. Bombay, Aug. 22.—Twelve school children were drowned at Mahim, 50 miles north of here, while on a picnic under the direction of an American mission.

SQUARE DEAL UNREST CURE --HARDING

Declares Belief in Labor's Fairness When Treated Squarely; Urges Frankness In Stand of Employers.

SAYS MISUNDERSTANDING PRODUCES MANY RADICALS

Believes Government Should Familiarize Incoming Foreigner With American Ideals And Liberties.

(The Bee herewith presents, by courtesy of the Outlook, an article by Sherman Rogers, special industrial correspondent of the Outlook, in which he discusses Senator Harding's attitude toward labor and industry.)

I went to Marion to see whether Senator Harding believed in the integrity and loyalty of the men with calloused hands and overalls. I wanted to know if he sincerely believed in labor's sense of justice, in its loyalty, its ideals and desires.

Long before our interview was concluded I had not only formed the firm opinion that he was four square on all vital issues concerning labor and industry, but I felt that he possessed two qualities that would make him a great president; namely, a cool head and a warm heart.

Has Faith in Men. Mr. Harding, with evident sincerity, opened our conversation by saying: "I have faith in men; I believe that the average man is square; I believe in labor's fairness when treated squarely and given an opportunity to manage his own affairs pertaining to their vocation."

"If employers would be more frank with their employees, they would soon find a different feeling existing in industry. Workingmen should be made thoroughly familiar with conditions, so that when an ultra-radical comes along, grossly misrepresenting conditions, the working man can intelligently refute his statements.

Mistakes Cause Trouble. "Not being familiar with the facts in the case, thousands of honest, well-meaning men become imbued with the idea that they are being viciously oppressed, misunderstandings result, causing trouble that could be avoided by a simple exposition of the truth.

"The doctrine of extreme radicalism is based on gross misrepresentations, and surely the best way to meet mis-statements is to contrast them with the truth. Foreign-born workmen have been held up to public censure when the public itself, in a great many cases, is to blame for not having taken the help of misrepresenting conditions, the working man can intelligently refute his statements.

Should Teach Foreigners. "I firmly believe that if our government and those interested in our government had taken as much pains to familiarize the incoming foreigner with American ideals and the liberties that the constitution bestows as the radicals have taken to misrepresent and misinterpret our constitution, there would be far less trouble in this country today.

"Quite true, the foreigner coming here with the intention of stirring up violent opposition to our form of government should be severely dealt with; but I am convinced that a vast majority of immigrants come here with the intention of becoming industrious and patriotic American citizens.

"The loyal support given by the sons of foreign born in the recent war should be sufficient evidence to convince the most skeptical that this conclusion is true."

Wants Clear Understanding. Senator Harding contended that more light should be thrown on the responsibilities that labor owes to management, that management owes to labor, that management and labor owe to capital, and that management, labor and capital owe to the public.

I was agreeably surprised to find that the senator was more deeply interested in the industrial conditions of the country, and especially in the social relations between management and labor, than any other prominent man I have talked with in the last six months.

Speaks on Railroads. Mr. Harding manifested deep concern over the railway and coal situation, and spoke at length on the present critical condition of our great marketing system, pointedly remarking: "The present chaotic state of railway transportation should convince the most radical labor leader that returns to railway management should be so gauged that necessary capital be enlisted for purposes of adequate reconstruction and the paying of wage increases.

"Good Pay and Efficiency. "It also should prove to the most narrow-minded industrial capitalist that labor must receive an adequate wage to function properly and guarantee continuity of service. A breakdown of the transportation system plays just as much havoc with capital and management as it does with labor and the public.

"Yet the public are the ones that feel its effect most, and labor is the chief sufferer in the long run. Surely the events of the last few months (Continued on Page Two, Column Four.)

FARM FEDERATION NOT CONNECTED WITH LABOR PARTY

Western Division Deny Affiliation With New Political Organization.

Salt Lake City, Aug. 22.—The convention of the western division of the American Farm Bureau federation, representing the 11 western states, meeting here Saturday went on record as having no connection with the political party that has used the word "farmer" as the first part of its name.

The convention passed a motion by D. D. McKay, president of the Utah state farm federation in the 11 western states do everything in their power to advise members of the organization that it is in no way connected with the farm labor party.

The motion was carried without any considerable discussion although it was by no means unanimous. Several Utah members, in view of the fact that Parley H. Christensen, the farmer-labor presidential nominee, is a Utahian, suggested that the motion be presented in the form of a resolution. Dr. W. H. Walker, member of the executive committee of the federation for California, advised against dignifying the party by taking action in the matter.

The rules and regulations of the federation clearly state that the federation is working for or against no political party or church and no further action was needed, he stated.

Coal Mine Guards and Strikers Clash Near Charleston, W. Va.

Charleston, W. Va., Aug. 22.—A three-hour fight between striking miners and private mine guards occurred tonight at Willis Branch, near Pax, Raleigh county, according to reports received here by Colonel J. S. Arnold, commander of the state police. No casualties were reported.

In a statement tonight A. J. O'Neal, superintendent of the Willis Branch Coal company, said: "There has been shooting at intervals around the Willis Branch mine since our company began to employ nonunion men last November, when union men went on strike. The outbreak tonight, however, was the most serious so far."

Indians Make Trade. Cleveland, O., Aug. 22.—The Cleveland American League club today announced the trade of Pitchers Niehaus and Faeth of the local team and a cash consideration to the Sacramento, Cal., club of the Pacific Coast league for pitcher Walter Maits, a left-hander. Maits, who was with the Brooklyn Nationals in 1916 will join the Cleveland at Philadelphia next week.

The Weather

Forecast. Nebraska—Monday, fair and warmer. Hourly Temperatures.

Table with 2 columns: Time and Temperature. Rows for 5 a.m., 6 a.m., 7 a.m., 8 a.m., 9 a.m., 10 a.m., 11 a.m., 12 noon, 1 p.m., 2 p.m., 3 p.m., 4 p.m., 5 p.m., 6 p.m., 7 p.m., 8 p.m., 9 p.m., 10 p.m., 11 p.m., 12 noon.