Treasury Figures, Show 28 Who Derive \$2,000,000 Yearly, While 13 Exceed \$1,000,000 Annually.

Washington, Aug. 14 .- Two men the United States confess to havng incomes "in excess of \$3,000,000 a year, according to information ob-

Tyenty-eight admitted having in-comes of \$2,000,000 "up," while 13 others say that their incomes are between a million and a half and two

Of those whose incomes exceeds \$50,000 6,064, about one-third of the total number, are residents of New York state and half claim New York

New York Has Most.

The 28 richest taxpayers are not evenly distributed. About one-half of them live in New York. Two, resident in Baltimore, are said 'o have found the manufacture of munitions exceedingly profitable; one lives in Michigan, one in Ohio, two in Pennsylvania and one in Rhode Island and one in Texas.

Of the total who gave their in comes at \$50,000 or more last year only a small proportion are really in the millionaire class, their earnings in many cases representing swollen wartime profits, or the proceeds from large undertakings.

Millionaires Cautious. On the other hand, internal revenue officials point out that many millionaires stick to conservative in vestment, bearing small returns, and that their incomes did not exceed

There are 1,271 in the \$50,000 to \$60,000 income class, 901 in the \$60,-000 to \$70,000 class, 658 who have \$7(,000 per year to \$80,000, 472 who have \$80,000 to \$90,000, 374 who have \$90,000 to \$100,000, 1,084 who have \$100,000 to \$150,000, 476 who have \$150,000 to \$200, 263 who have \$200,000 to \$250,000, 131 who have \$250,000 to \$300,000, 134 who have \$400,000 to \$500,000 and 40 who have \$1,000,000 to \$1,500,000 incomes.

#### Printers Prepare to Wage Fight to Secure Shorter Working Hours

Albany, N. Y., Aug. 14 .- An un successful attempt to bring the issue of the New York printers' "vacaannual International Typographical Union convention marked the closing hours of the convention last

Leon House, president of New ork Typographical Union No. rinters on the subject in another hall following the adjournment of the

of the executive council and the acre of Nebraska soil is capable of United Typothetae of America at Chicago, whereby it was agreed all service to man, but every acre of publishers under the jurisdiction of he Typothetae and all printers under the jurisdiction of the International Typographical union enter negotiations to establish the 44-hour

week without decreases in wages. reduced to 60 years and a guarantee made of a pension of \$8 a week to gions. Several reasons may be all printers reaching that age after ascribed for this situation. The one 20 years of continuous service. The most generally advanced, and per-convention opposed granting cards haps most tenable is that fires pe-

### State Department Receives Japan's Reply To Occupation Note

Washington, Aug. 14.- Japan's reply to the American note protesting against Japanese occupation of Saghalien was received today at the State department. The note was described as

lengthy one and it was understood that it went thoroughly into the whole question of the Japanese policy in Siberia. The document, together with the original American note, may be made public next week.

#### Omaha Storage Company

Adding to Floor Space Within 60 days Omaha will have the largest cold storage plant west of Chicago. Five stories, with a floor space of 154 by 132 feet, are being added to the plant of the Omaha Cold Storage company Omaha Cold Storage company at Eighth and Farnam streets. P. C. Hyson, manager of the warehouse, states that the 11-story building will have a greater capacity than any in Minneapolis, Kansas City or St.

The People's Ice and Coid Storage company is also making improvements in its plant at Thirteenth and Chicago streets that will cost \$100,-

#### Flames 300 Feet High Leap From Burning Gas Well

Bakersfield, Cal., Aug. 14.-A column of flame 300 feet high leaping from across Standard Oil com- braska might get an idea that the pany gas well in the Elk hills, 30 state had once been forested, so miles southwest, was visible here numerous are the farm groves. These early today. The well is in the vi-

## Clearing House Reports

New York, Aug. 14—The actual homes, the "wind breaks" and wood lots, are all proofs of how zealous- ly the admonition of the tar-seeing sage of Arbor lodge has been mit the profitable employment of methods of agriculture or stock reserve in excess of legal require-ments. This is an increase of \$3,-

# ONLY 2 U. S. MEN Doctors Would Starve if HAVE INCOMES Breen's Rule Was Followed

OF \$3,000,000 Attorney Keeps in Touch By Taking Daily Jaunt

The early morning outer need not be alarmed if he should meet a tall man in Hanscom park along about six bells a. m., wearing overalls, old shoes and without head covering.
Introducing John Paul Breen taking his morning walk in the park, listening to the twitter of the birds and getting himself in condition for

the day's work. Mr. Breen, a well-known member of the local bar association, has not found it necessary to remain at home one day during the last 40 years on

account of illness. His daily regimen is to rise about 6 o'clock, don an old pair of shoes and overalls and then sally forth to the park, where he walks briskly up and down the hillsides for 30 to 45 minutes. He then jumps into his bath and later eats breakfast.

Men Should Exercise. "Every man who reaches middle life should take regular exercise and thus minimize the possibility of a breakdown," said Mr. Breen. "I have lived near Hanscom park for nearly 20 years and nearly every morning, except in severe cold weather. I go out for a morning walk. This exercise stimulates the circulation and otherwise aids the proper functioning of the body. It gives zest for breakfast. It is wrong to eat breakfast within a few minutes after arising or before taking exercise or a bath. I have dumbbells and other apparatus at home for use when it is not convenient to

He said he was not boasting about the fact that he has not taken a whole day off in 40 years on account of disability. The only illness he has suffered in two score years was an attack of hay fever. Headaches and other aches are almost unknown to "Early to Rise."

"I have been following this system for years and I know just what it will do for a fellow if he keeps it "Aside from the nostrils ever dilate to the fragrance up," he added. physical benefits of these morning of the woods in the dawning of the jaunts, one gets in close touch with day? If you lie in bed until 7 outdoor life. Did you ever hear the o'clock and then rush to the breakbirds sing when the sun is peeping fast table and then to the street car, over the eastern horizon? Did your you don't know you are living."

# Planting of Trees Is Necessary for Future Prosperity of State

tion" last fall upon the floor of the Plains of Nebraska, Swept for Ages by Forest Fires, Became Almost Barren of Timber and Early Settlers Were Wasteful-Better Legislation Needed. real service to the citizens of the

Nebraska has no waste lands. This is the conclusion of Dr. George E. Condra, director of the In the closing hours the conven- Nebraska Conservation and Soil producing something of valuable the state's great area is not employed as it properly might be, nor used in the way to which it is best

adapted. Nebraska is popularly referred to as a treeless state, by which is The old age pension limit was meant that it has none of the great forests that characterize other reriodically swept the great prairies of Nebraska, burning off the grasses and with them the young shoots that might have developed into

Fires Before Man's Time.

These fires were started before man's time in some of the many ways from which they now originate; sportaneous combustion, resulting from fermentation of decaying vegetation; a bolt of lightning striking in the right spot, or any one of a number of other causes, but the effect was always the same; the open spaces were swept clean by the flames and sprouts and saplings went with the lesser growth.

So, while the regions to the east of the Missouri saw endless forests spring up after the glacial ice can ad melted, the plateau to the west, ising in its graceful sweep from the river to the Rockies, was left so pare as to deserve the name of tree-

Here and there along the water courses grew a thin fringe of cottonwood, box elder, or some other varieties of timber, but the broad stretches between were barren of

Early Settlers Wasteful. Early settlers found in these

clumps or groves wood for their uses and made havoc among the limited patches. Their present needs were more imperative than anything the future held, and they were not, even at the best, conservationists. Many creeks and minor water courses were completely denuded of the slight timber that lined their anks, and the growth that gave the 'Pine Ridge" its name went swiftly down as settlers cut the pines and cedars for log buildings, fences and

firewood.
Today the traveler through Ne-

Arbor Day means something to Nebraskans, and the beautiful groves Show Gain In Reserves that surround all the older farm

> It is worthy of note here, however, hat the so-called "timber culture"

wider service to the world. Some portions of the state, though, will not produce wheat or corn, or even grasses in advantageous quantity under existing conditions. ment has proved that these wild and unattractive lands will grow trees. Quoting from Dr. Condra's report:

Pines in Many Places.

"Pines occur at a number of places in the western part of the Growing among the pines state. are red cedar and a few junipers. Most pines occur in the Pine Ridge, Wildcat Ridge, North Platte and Lodge Pole areas, occupying about 500 square miles. best on Pine Ridge, being 12 to 24 inches in diameter and 40 feet or more high. The trees are quite free from disease and the timber is

of good quality.
"Pines are also found in good stands along the Niobrara, as, in Schlagle canyon south of Valentine, north of Ainsworth and in Long Pine canyon. The broad leaf species of the east and the pines and cedars rom the west meet along the Niobrara.

Experiments Successful.

"The federal government has experimented with tree-planting near Halsey, and shown conclusively that certain species can be grown on the sandhills of Nebraska. Many ranchmen, profiting by this experience, have beautified their places and grown large windbreaks for protection. The Reserve now has several hundred acres of very good pine forest, which can from Burlington trains as they pass through the Middle Loup valley above Halsey.
"The utilization of forests is a

problem in Nebraska. - Trees occur mixed stands, and there is no definite market for their products. The people do not understand the use of the axe and the saw. Fire wood has little demand, because coal, is used generally. comes from other states, and it will not be possible to produce lumber in Nebraska in competition large lumber districts and their

methods of distribution. "Trees are used mostly in Nepraska for windbreaks and parking purposes, for which the selection of species has not been very good. Also, the trees have received little care and it will require much ef-fort to repair the trees of Nebraska's parks, streets and lawns."

Intelligent Attention Necessary. What we intend to suggest that Nebraskans give more intelligent attention to the problem

cinity of that which bursed several days last August with a loss of approximately 500,000,000 cubic feet of gas.

The well is in the violation of the story of th It is not proposed that we under ple enough; the so-called "sand hill" egion of the state embraces an area of approximately 20,000 square miles. Some of this is available for

raising now in vogue.

But all of it will grow Consume Much Cotton

Washington, Aug. 14.—Cotton

Washington, Aug. 14.—Cotton

consumed during July amounted to 525,405 bales of lint and 37,763 bales of linters, the census bureau announced today.

That the so-called "timber culture" law, under which many a claim was filed and many a quarter section passed from public to private ownership, produced little if any lasting or results of the war was to waste an enormous quantity of wood. In England old trees of centuries of nounced today.

Nebraska's soil will grow trees. It growth were cut to meet the demands of the army. France sacrificed many acres in excess of its normal cutting in both public and private timberland. Governments there are taking immediate steps to replace the trees. Germany had long conserved its timber, and had even imported from Russia, Poland and other neighboring lands when an actual excess of home-grown trees was available, looking pruciently ahead to the day when its neighbors' supply would be ex-

Government Plans Replacement. In the United States, the govern-ment is negotiating with owners of methods by which the forest may be other countries, and as far as it has been tried in the United States it

has been successful. We have no intention of going The great areas of the sand hills in Nebraska, at present idle, may be made to bring forth pine timber. Uses will be found for the trees when they are grown. Should the lumber be not available, the improvement of the soil, by reason of the humus created, will justify the forestation of this region.

Extension of the grazing grounds from which will come the beef herds of the future is an incentive. Many uses for the small trees suggest themselves. A jack pine in the sand hills will produce a fence post in Nebraska has and will have considerable use for fence posts., The lumber here produced can be used for making boxes, berry and fruit baskets and crates, butter tubs, egg cases and slack barrel cooperage stock. Thousands of carloads of this material is used in this state, all shipped in from abroad. Conservation Possible.

One of the sights noted from a car window down about the middle of the "Maryland peninsula" was a saw mill alongside a canning fac-tory in a small pine "forest," where fruit and berry boxes were being turned out and going almost straight from the saw to the factory, where they were being filled and sent to market. That is real conservation, and is not an altogether impossible picture for Nebraska. This topic is not new. C. F. Har-

rison of York long ago proposed it cially to the legislature. The Bee printed a number of articles from Mr. Harrison, giving the result of his extensive experiments and observations. His suggestions were supported by the editor of The Bee. The federal government has shown us that Harrison was right. If his advice had been taken when first given, the state would now be get-ting the benefit of a huge growth of pine and other proper timber in the sand hills. It is not too late to start. Time will be required, for it takes years to grow a crop of trees.

If the legislature will consider this question and set about the work of gradual afforestation of the bare lands in northwestern Nebraska. working along a definite and comprehensive plan, it will be doing a future. Those now here who hap-pen to be left in 1940 or 1950 will wise up and call blessed the men who made possible the advantages of a real pine woods region where now only sandy wastes and scant

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vegetation exists.

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Hotel Rome Cafeteria ROME MILLER

### COAST-TO-COAST PLANE ARRIVES AT TUCSON, ARIZ.

Forced Landing at Departure Causes Broken Propeller-Flight Resumed Saturday

Tuscon, Ariz., Aug. 14.—One of the all-metal airplanes which recently completed a transcontinental trip great timber tracts, studying over the northern route arrived here at noon Friday on its way from Los with new growth. This has been off for El Paso Friday afternoon it proven practical in Europe and was forced to land in a patch of mesquite bushes near the city and a broken propeller forced the machine to remain here over night.

The flight will be resumed today into detail on this at the moment. Pilot E. E. Allyon of Cleve-The great areas of the sand hills in land announced. Eddie Rickenbacher, famous American ace, and John M. Larsen of New York were passengers.

Allyon made a spectacular descent of several hundred feet when high temperature is believed to have stopped the motor. The propeller was twisted off in the mesquite.

Longshoremen to Resume

Work If Request Granted New York, Aug. 14.—Coastwise longshoremen, who have been on strike here since March 12, voted at a mass meeting Friday night to go back to work Menday morning, providing the steamship owners get rid of the strikebreakers they have em-

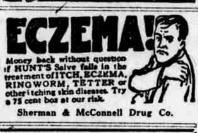
ployed.
They agreed to submit their demands, including a wage increase of 15 cents an hour, to arbitration after hey seturn to work. A committee of the strikers will wait on the steamship owners Saturday and report back to a special meeting of the longshoremen Sunday.

# Don't Forget **Pyramid**

If you used this famous treatment for the relief of itching, bleeding or protruding piles or hemorrhoids, pass the word along to others who may be suffering.

Almost every druggist in the U. S. or Canada car-ries Pyramid Pile Treat-ment in stock at 60 cents a box. Don't accept sub-









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An office organized and systematized to produce better and more artistic dentistry without confusion or waste of time.

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That great Gusher of the Texas Company, in the Gulf Coast District is right now, according to reports issued August 7, 1920, producing a daily average of 25,650 Barrels. This is the largest present flowing well in America. It made and paid \$875,000.00 in eleven days. Our great High Island property positively should produce from 25,000 up to 75,000 barrels per day. Why not? Location means everything. Learn the facts .-

You are reading these ads every day. Why sit idly by and let this exceptional deal slip through your fingers? Spend a postage stamp. Get our Gulf Coast Bulletin. Know the truth. Your neighbors are buying, we want your order. Have you a hundred or two and not much more. Keep it and you will always have not much more. Don't let anyone advise you to keep your little money, while they are using their money buying our Leases and have the chance of making a fortune. Your little money will get away from you some time in some way. Take my advice. Fool the Jinx that has been following you all your life.

Make your money work like a Banker and business man. Win with the Winners. Your Banker is making a profit on your money in his Bank. Get it out and into Oil Leases that give you a man's chance to win in a big way. The world calls a man who has little money and afraid to use it a boob and a mollycoddle. and laughs at him. The wise man lives in good homes, rides in automobiles, while the man afraid to take a chance walks, always dodging the fellow in the automobile. One lives in fine homes, the other fellow lives on the back street in poor neighborhoods, almost in poverty. His family suffers all because he is not man enough to take a chance. That wife and children deserve better things. What is \$250.00 in a life's chance? Answer me that. Play it on a Lease with us at High Island, Texas, as hundreds of Nebraska people are doing. We ask you to do it now before these Leases advance in price, which they are going to do very soon. Use your red-blooded brain power, wake up, come out of that rut, change your affairs, give yourself and family a chance. Make yourself the equal of any man. To do this you must make a lot of money. We offer you that chance for a very small amount

We have salesmen in Omaha and in nearly every Town in this State. Have him tell you all about our plans for making your fortune. You don't have to buy unless you want to. It costs nothing to have himsexplain. Write for our bulletin, or have a salesman explain. How can you pass judgment on any proposition when you don't do a man's part and look into the wonderful merit of our deal? A five-acre Oil lease today costs only \$250.00, a chance to make \$50,000.00. Make us prove this to you, and we can do it. Think of that 25,650-barrel well in the Gulf Coast District. Don't you want to know about big things-or what? Why marvel at the ability of other men when you have greater ability within yourself? Make your money work, get into the activities of life. These Leases are going over the top into big money. Go over the top with us to a fortune.

we have worked long and hard in our time, but forced ourselves into big money because we took a man's-chance. We are appealing to you to better your conditions and make a fortune, and we know that you are with us. Personally we think our Leases are immediately over a great volcano of oil. We will drill our well at High Island as a thorough test, and fully expect to develop a great gusher. This should make your 5-acre Lease sell quickly up to \$50,000.00. We are oil operators and know that this is the best offer you ever had.

Man-can't you understand that we are doing a big man's part and trying to helpyou. We need your help also. We don't want the millionaires—they never made us a dollar. It is men of moderate means that we are talking to in a personal way in this advertisement, and in our bulletin, and by letter. We want you as our friend, join with us in this great chance. Let us make you a fortune. We would like to talk to you personally at our office, face to face, man to man. We feel certain you would put your money in with us. Shoot \$250.00 for once in your life with men who cannot afford to lose. We believe it will make your fortune. Your Lease holds good for years without operating it and without rental and no taxes. Just \$250.00 purchase price is necessary.

Read our ads in both The Omaha Bee and the Daily News, send for our bulletin, send us your check for \$250.00. We will select your Lease personally. Address all communications and mark them Attention Sales Department, Gulf Coast Development & Refining Co. and make all moneys payable to the Company.

Thanking you for giving this matter your deep consideration. Remember our prediction: These Leases are going over the top into big money.

> Most respectfully submitted, Gulf Coast Development & Refining Co .. \_

> > 740 First National Bank Bldg., Omaha, Neb.

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