

DRY AMENDMENT IS HELD VALID BY SUPREME COURT

Last Hope of Wets Goes Glimmering When High Tribunal Affirms Constitutionality of Act.

Washington, June 7.—The prohibition amendment and the enforcement act were held constitutional by the supreme court today in a unanimous decision.

While attorneys for the interests attacking the two measures were granted permission to file motions for rehearings, the decision was regarded generally as striking a death-blow to the hopes of the wets.

The court's opinion, rendered by Justice Van Devanter, was interpreted to mean that the amendment not only came within the amending powers conferred by the federal constitution, but was lawfully proposed and now was law.

While recognizing congress has limitations as to the enforcement of laws regarding beverages, the court held those limits were not transcended in the enactment of the enforcement act restricting alcoholic content of intoxicants to one-half per cent.

Invalvidates Other Laws. While New York, New Jersey and Wisconsin acts permitting manufacture of beverages of more than one-half per cent alcohol content were not directly involved, the decision was interpreted as invalidating them.

The court said the first section of the amendment of its own force "invalidates any legislative act—whether by congress, by a state legislature or by a territorial assembly—which authorizes or sanctions what the section prohibits."

Concurrent power granted by the amendment to federal and state governments to enforce prohibition, the court further held, "does not enable congress or the several states to defeat or thwart prohibition, but only to enforce it by appropriate means."

The decision was set forth in 11 conclusions covering seven proceedings. These proceedings included original suits brought by Rhode Island, directly attacking the constitutionality of the amendment.

Decision Is Unanimous. While agreeing as to the validity of the amendment and enforcement act, Justices McKenna and Clark dissented from the majority interpretation of the concurrent power of federal and state governments to enforce prohibition.

Chief Justice White held that the court should set forth the reasoning for its decision. He did this in a supplemental opinion.

Justice McReynolds, in a statement, declared he was of the opinion that it was impossible to say now what construction should be given to the amendment. He added that because "of the hostile enforcement of the amendment creates," he preferred to remain free to consider the questions which will "inevitably arise and demand solution."

The decisions set at rest contentions previously laid before the court that the amendment could not affect alcoholic liquors manufactured prior to January 16, when the amendment became effective. The court held that the amendment applied to such liquors the same as to any produced after that time.

Referendum Not Necessary. Regarding arguments that a state having constitutional referendum provisions could not have been said to have ratified the amendment until it had been submitted to the voters, the court cited its opinion rendered last Monday in the Ohio referendum cases in which it held such referendum provisions do not apply to federal amendments.

Only one prohibition case of importance remains undecided. It is an appeal from New York involving the constitutionality of portions of the enforcement act prohibiting storage in warehouses of intoxicating liquors designed for personal use. This case, with the court's adjournment today for the summer, would be decided before October at the earliest.

New York, June 7.—In Wall street interest today centered on the decisions, but they produced no great effect on the market. The case of United States Industrial Alcohol company and United States Food Products company shares, directly affected. These stocks slumped slightly.

W. H. Hirst, attorney for the New York Breweries association, declared "the supreme court has said the final word and the only thing we can do is to look to the future with the hope congress may place a more liberal interpretation of the term 'intoxicating liquors.'"

Corn prices broke about 3 cents a bushel in the late afternoon. It was believed that the demand would be considered restricted in consequence of the partial withdrawal of distillers, although much of this will be made up probably by an increased use of corn in breakfast food.

Still Ready to Fight. The association opposed to national prohibition declared it stood ready to welcome and assist any movement to organize a league having for its object the defense of the constitution as it stands, with the exception of the eighteenth amendment. All legislation, calculated to interfere with the personal habits, "such as smoking or tea and coffee drinking," it was stated, "would be opposed."

The decision of the Volstead act was characterized by the association as a menace that violates every principle for which soldiers of the revolution fought.

Hays to Drop Gavel Today



WILL H. HAYS.

As head of the party organization of the country, Chairman Hays will call to order the republican national convention in the Coliseum at Chicago on June 8. Mr. Hays has been chairman of the committee since February 18, 1918, and since then has devoted his whole time to organization work, with the result that the party is admittedly in better shape than ever before at convention time in a presidential year.

Women Favor McCormick For Permanent Chairman

Oppose Lodge on Ground That He Was Against Suffrage in Early Career—Sentiment Growing in Favor of Sproul as Republican Nominee.

By LEOLA ALLARD.

Chicago Tribune-Omaha Bee Leased Wire.

Chicago, June 7.—The women are expressing preference for Medill McCormick for permanent chairman of the convention, instead of Henry Cabot Lodge. Their argument is that Lodge, in the early days of his career, was against suffrage.

Mary Garrett Hay, national chairman of the women's organization, says she is not in favor of the permanent chairman for temporary chairman, East St. Louis district. The anti-suffrage district is the only one that has a woman alternate.

There are 30 delegates to the convention from Michigan, counting those at large, and it was told with much amusement today that while Michigan is instructed for Johnson, there are among the 30 only two active Johnson workers.

There is only one anti-suffrage district in Illinois, and that is the East St. Louis district. The anti-suffrage district is the only one that has a woman alternate.

There is only one anti-suffrage district in Illinois, and that is the East St. Louis district. The anti-suffrage district is the only one that has a woman alternate.

There is only one anti-suffrage district in Illinois, and that is the East St. Louis district. The anti-suffrage district is the only one that has a woman alternate.

There is only one anti-suffrage district in Illinois, and that is the East St. Louis district. The anti-suffrage district is the only one that has a woman alternate.

There is only one anti-suffrage district in Illinois, and that is the East St. Louis district. The anti-suffrage district is the only one that has a woman alternate.

There is only one anti-suffrage district in Illinois, and that is the East St. Louis district. The anti-suffrage district is the only one that has a woman alternate.

There is only one anti-suffrage district in Illinois, and that is the East St. Louis district. The anti-suffrage district is the only one that has a woman alternate.

There is only one anti-suffrage district in Illinois, and that is the East St. Louis district. The anti-suffrage district is the only one that has a woman alternate.

There is only one anti-suffrage district in Illinois, and that is the East St. Louis district. The anti-suffrage district is the only one that has a woman alternate.

There is only one anti-suffrage district in Illinois, and that is the East St. Louis district. The anti-suffrage district is the only one that has a woman alternate.

There is only one anti-suffrage district in Illinois, and that is the East St. Louis district. The anti-suffrage district is the only one that has a woman alternate.

There is only one anti-suffrage district in Illinois, and that is the East St. Louis district. The anti-suffrage district is the only one that has a woman alternate.

Women Favor McCormick For Permanent Chairman

Oppose Lodge on Ground That He Was Against Suffrage in Early Career—Sentiment Growing in Favor of Sproul as Republican Nominee.

By LEOLA ALLARD.

Chicago Tribune-Omaha Bee Leased Wire.

Chicago, June 7.—The women are expressing preference for Medill McCormick for permanent chairman of the convention, instead of Henry Cabot Lodge.

Their argument is that Lodge, in the early days of his career, was against suffrage. Mary Garrett Hay, national chairman of the women's organization, says she is not in favor of the permanent chairman for temporary chairman.

East St. Louis district. The anti-suffrage district is the only one that has a woman alternate. There is only one anti-suffrage district in Illinois, and that is the East St. Louis district.

The anti-suffrage district is the only one that has a woman alternate. There is only one anti-suffrage district in Illinois, and that is the East St. Louis district.

There is only one anti-suffrage district in Illinois, and that is the East St. Louis district. The anti-suffrage district is the only one that has a woman alternate.

There is only one anti-suffrage district in Illinois, and that is the East St. Louis district. The anti-suffrage district is the only one that has a woman alternate.

There is only one anti-suffrage district in Illinois, and that is the East St. Louis district. The anti-suffrage district is the only one that has a woman alternate.

There is only one anti-suffrage district in Illinois, and that is the East St. Louis district. The anti-suffrage district is the only one that has a woman alternate.

There is only one anti-suffrage district in Illinois, and that is the East St. Louis district. The anti-suffrage district is the only one that has a woman alternate.

There is only one anti-suffrage district in Illinois, and that is the East St. Louis district. The anti-suffrage district is the only one that has a woman alternate.

There is only one anti-suffrage district in Illinois, and that is the East St. Louis district. The anti-suffrage district is the only one that has a woman alternate.

There is only one anti-suffrage district in Illinois, and that is the East St. Louis district. The anti-suffrage district is the only one that has a woman alternate.

There is only one anti-suffrage district in Illinois, and that is the East St. Louis district. The anti-suffrage district is the only one that has a woman alternate.

There is only one anti-suffrage district in Illinois, and that is the East St. Louis district. The anti-suffrage district is the only one that has a woman alternate.

There is only one anti-suffrage district in Illinois, and that is the East St. Louis district. The anti-suffrage district is the only one that has a woman alternate.

LABOR LEADERS DEMAND ENGLAND SET IRISH FREE

Although on British Soil American Federation Delegates Denounce Military Rule.

Montreal, June 7.—Although they are on British soil, certain delegates to the annual convention of the American Federation of Labor today launched their fight to get the federation to reaffirm its endorsement of the Irish republic and demand that the military forces of occupation be withdrawn by the English government.

P. J. Brady of New York, representing the allied printing trades, headed delegates presenting a resolution on the Irish question, prepared after a caucus today. With several hundred others it was referred to the committees.

An Effort to Destroy. The resolution charged that the English government is seeking to "destroy through military forces the republican form of government established by the Irish people" and urged "that the Irish people be allowed to guide their destinies and that all possible aid be rendered to the people of Ireland."

Dan P. McKillop of the Pacific coast delegation, and other delegates, also presented resolutions declaring they would not be deterred from denouncing the English government and its Irish policy because they were in Canada.

"We intend to thrash this matter out and help our friends across the sea, wherever they are, in the consequences," he said.

Among other resolutions presented was one from the garment workers' delegation from New York, asking the convention to demand that the blockade against soviet Russia be lifted and that trade be resumed.

Resolutions dealing with American political, industrial and labor problems also were presented.

When the convention adjourned today, Samuel Gompers, president, and Matthew Woll, vice president, left for Chicago, where Gompers plans to appear before the platform committee of the republican national convention to present labor's demands. He expects to return Thursday or Friday.

Work of organization had been completed tonight and the presentation of resolutions was under way.

Plan Labor Party. The movement to create in the United States an American labor party, backed by the federation, took more definite form today when the plan was submitted to the resolutions committee. It is understood the resolution was presented by the Pacific coast progressive wing leader.

The suggestion is now in the hands of the resolutions committee and I cannot venture any prediction as to what will develop," said Cyrus Grow of Los Angeles, a supporter of the third party proposal.

It may, however, never come before the convention.

Abraham Lefkowitz, of New York, a member of the executive committee of the American Labor party, now in the field, served notice on the supporters of the new movement that any attempt to bring the proposal before the convention would be vigorously fought.

Tom Moore, president of the American Trade congress, declared that the trade unions were gaining strength in the dominion despite opposition of the big interests, destructionists and radicals. He appealed for close co-operation between the United States and Canada.

Unpledged Delegates Will Rule Convention (Continued from First Page.) or any old night since pre-convention politics began to bloom. What drift there was apparently was toward Governor Lowden.

Lowden Gaining. Of the "big three" candidates, the belief among the veterans was that Lowden is looming larger and larger. The episode of Mayor Thompson and his crotch against the governor upon pulling out of the "no compromise" fight which Lowden started against Thompson apparently constituted to strengthen the Illinois executive. A continuous stream of delegates traveled up to Lowden's rooms at the Blackstone to look him over. They slapped him on the back for his fight, while the governor made plain to them the genesis of the local situation.

It was a day of visiting and delegates swarmed into the Wood Elizabethian room, the Johnson parlor floor, the Lowden gold room, the Harding Florentine room, the Hoover breakfast room, the Sprout pink room, the Pennington blue room and the Butler pastel suite, collecting buttons, and badges and rooster feathers at every step and carefully—if an unpledged delegate—stuffing the same in a pocket before striking the next port of call.

The candidates themselves went in for an exchange of amenities among themselves. Lowden started to call on all the other candidates, and this led to a series of visits in which everybody dropped in to say "howdy" to everybody else. The touching of gloves before the boxing bout.

Balloting on the nominee for president is expected to start on Thursday or Friday, depending upon how much time is consumed in many nominating and seconding speeches, and in doing the carpentry work on the platform.

As the delegates milled around, the guess grew that the convention will probably end this week and will not be so protracted as at first looked for. General opinion seems to be that the third ballot will see the start of the shifting. Wood is expected to have the largest vote on the first ballot and the impression grows that Johnson, instead of Wood, will change first of the "big three," whose poll will start waning.

This is based on the quite prevalent belief that Johnson's instructed delegates are tied to him less tightly than is the case with Wood or Lowden. Oregon, for instance, is in from early in the morning, but the delegation is not pro-Johnson. Nebraska has a hatch with Johnson instructions whose real sympathies are somewhere else. The same with Michigan—the whole 20 are instructed for Johnson, but six of them are wearing Lowden buttons, and when the break comes Johnson will lose the bulk of the delegates. They are as stick so long as Johnson has a "reasonable chance" of swinging the prize.

How many ballots constitute a "reasonable chance" is an open question as what percentage of alcohol makes beer an intoxicant. Glad of Liquor Decision. The decision of the supreme court, by the way, holding national prohibition and the Volstead act constitutional, led many delegates to say they were glad it was settled one way or the other. Leaders said no possibility had existed of injecting the liquor issue into the platform, and the court action, they said, put it out of the way for a long time.

Some delegates, however, had their hopes set on Wood and some would go to Wood and some to Lowden, and if this happens, some of the wisecracks look for Wood to poll his highest vote on the third ballot. A maximum of 300 to 350 is what they give him, although Frank Hitchcock, third ballot speaker of Hughes. But there was little response—the delegates generally seemed to fancy the political graveyard is not the place to look for a candidate. Somewhere, someone, mentioned Col. Du Pont, who got a handful of votes last time, although Senator Watson, too, spread reports that when the break comes, Watson will get 200 votes. They figured this might be the reason why Hays and others are not anxious to have Watson chairman of the platform committee. But it was nothing but dope, dope, dope. Watson has been regarded as a reactionary, and the platform this time, it is recognized, must be progressive and liberal, if it is to hit the voters in the eye.

Unbossed Delegates With 'Colds' Besiege Doctors for 'Nightcaps'

Chicago, June 7.—Many unbossed delegates accustomed to an eye-opener, or a nightcap came prepared with a stack of "prescriptions" from their home doctor. Federal prohibition Director Howard, however, today notified druggists they must not fill them. The result is varying.

A tired man with a husky voice rapped on his hotel doctor's door today and to the inquiry said: "Doctor, I have a cold."

"Do you want a cold treated, or do you want a prescription?" shot back the doctor.

"Whaddaya mean?" demanded the patient.

"I mean," continued the doctor, "have you a cold or do you merely want a drink?"

"This is an honest-to-goodness cold," returned the man.

"Very well, come in," responded the doctor. "So many people have come to that door today with that story, I decided to take the short course and ask everybody the direct question. It takes less time."

Shippers Weaken in Fight on Proposed Freight Rate Advances

Washington, June 7.—Opposition to the general freight rate increases asked by the railroads weakened perceptibly at the resumption of the hearings before the Interstate Commerce commission Monday, when W. E. Lamb, chairman of the shippers' committee, announced shippers had decided to forego detailed cross-examination of the statistical evidence introduced by the carriers.

Shippers' plans originally called for attacks on exhibits presented by roads by which the estimated aggregate book value of over \$20,000,000,000 was placed on the properties. This would form the basis for the 6 per cent return which the carriers claim will necessitate an added income of more than \$1,000,000,000 annually.

Galveston Is Under Martial Law to Keep Order During Strike

Austin, Tex., June 7.—State troops tonight were arriving at Galveston, placed under martial law today by Gov. W. P. Hobby. His action was brought about by the reported serious congestion of freight shipments there as a result of a strike of longshoremen. It was stated that 1,000 troops would arrive by tomorrow. The situation was reported quiet.

In a statement late today Gov. Hobby said he regretted the necessity of sending troops, but added that the freight congestion had reached the point where it was a question whether the best interests of the state should be "subordinated to a local controversy."

Mayo Given Medal. Chicago, June 7.—Dr. C. H. Mayo of Rochester, Minn., received the distinguished service medal. It was pinned on him by Maj. Gen. Wood. Announcement of the award of this medal to Dr. Mayo was made some time ago.

Phone Tyler 3000

Striking Shipyard Workers To Picket Demo Convention

San Francisco, June 7.—Striking shipyard workers here are to picket the national democratic convention because they are "convinced that the present administration is responsible for their difficulties and the convention can remedy the situation."

M. J. McGuire, vice president of the San Francisco Bay District Metal Trades Council, announced today.

Simplex Electric Ironing Machine

You May Lighten the Burdens of Laundry Day With a Simplex Electric Ironing Machine

These machines will be demonstrated by a factory expert in our downstairs department this week.—Come Wednesday.

—the fine work they do and the time they save will be a revelation to all who attend.

Orchard & Wilhelm Co. Sixteenth and Howard Streets

LABOR LEADERS DEMAND ENGLAND SET IRISH FREE

Although on British Soil American Federation Delegates Denounce Military Rule.

Montreal, June 7.—Although they are on British soil, certain delegates to the annual convention of the American Federation of Labor today launched their fight to get the federation to reaffirm its endorsement of the Irish republic and demand that the military forces of occupation be withdrawn by the English government.

P. J. Brady of New York, representing the allied printing trades, headed delegates presenting a resolution on the Irish question, prepared after a caucus today. With several hundred others it was referred to the committees.

An Effort to Destroy. The resolution charged that the English government is seeking to "destroy through military forces the republican form of government established by the Irish people" and urged "that the Irish people be allowed to guide their destinies and that all possible aid be rendered to the people of Ireland."

Dan P. McKillop of the Pacific coast delegation, and other delegates, also presented resolutions declaring they would not be deterred from denouncing the English government and its Irish policy because they were in Canada.

"We intend to thrash this matter out and help our friends across the sea, wherever they are, in the consequences," he said.

Among other resolutions presented was one from the garment workers' delegation from New York, asking the convention to demand that the blockade against soviet Russia be lifted and that trade be resumed.

Resolutions dealing with American political, industrial and labor problems also were presented.

When the convention adjourned today, Samuel Gompers, president, and Matthew Woll, vice president, left for Chicago, where Gompers plans to appear before the platform committee of the republican national convention to present labor's demands. He expects to return Thursday or Friday.

Work of organization had been completed tonight and the presentation of resolutions was under way.

Plan Labor Party. The movement to create in the United States an American labor party, backed by the federation, took more definite form today when the plan was submitted to the resolutions committee. It is understood the resolution was presented by the Pacific coast progressive wing leader.

The suggestion is now in the hands of the resolutions committee and I cannot venture any prediction as to what will develop," said Cyrus Grow of Los Angeles, a supporter of the third party proposal.

It may, however, never come before the convention.

Abraham Lefkowitz, of New York, a member of the executive committee of the American Labor party, now in the field, served notice on the supporters of the new movement that any attempt to bring the proposal before the convention would be vigorously fought.

Tom Moore, president of the American Trade congress, declared that the trade unions were gaining strength in the dominion despite opposition of the big interests, destructionists and radicals. He appealed for close co-operation between the United States and Canada.

Unpledged Delegates Will Rule Convention (Continued from First Page.) or any old night since pre-convention politics began to bloom. What drift there was apparently was toward Governor Lowden.

Lowden Gaining. Of the "big three" candidates, the belief among the veterans was that Lowden is looming larger and larger. The episode of Mayor Thompson and his crotch against the governor upon pulling out of the "no compromise" fight which Lowden started against Thompson apparently constituted to strengthen the Illinois executive. A continuous stream of delegates traveled up to Lowden's rooms at the Blackstone to look him over. They slapped him on the back for his fight, while the governor made plain to them the genesis of the local situation.

It was a day of visiting and delegates swarmed into the Wood Elizabethian room, the Johnson parlor floor, the Lowden gold room, the Harding Florentine room, the Hoover breakfast room, the Sprout pink room, the Pennington blue room and the Butler pastel suite, collecting buttons, and badges and rooster feathers at every step and carefully—if an unpledged delegate—stuffing the same in a pocket before striking the next port of call.

The candidates themselves went in for an exchange of amenities among themselves. Lowden started to call on all the other candidates, and this led to a series of visits in which everybody dropped in to say "howdy" to everybody else. The touching of gloves before the boxing bout.

Balloting on the nominee for president is expected to start on Thursday or Friday, depending upon how much time is consumed in many nominating and seconding speeches, and in doing the carpentry work on the platform.

As the delegates milled around, the guess grew that the convention will probably end this week and will not be so protracted as at first looked for. General opinion seems to be that the third ballot will see the start of the shifting. Wood is expected to have the largest vote on the first ballot and the impression grows that Johnson, instead of Wood, will change first of the "big three," whose poll will start waning.

This is based on the quite prevalent belief that Johnson's instructed delegates are tied to him less tightly than is the case with Wood or Lowden. Oregon, for instance, is in from early in the morning, but the delegation is not pro-Johnson. Nebraska has a hatch with Johnson instructions whose real sympathies are somewhere else. The same with Michigan—the whole 20 are instructed for Johnson, but six of them are wearing Lowden buttons, and when the break comes Johnson will lose the bulk of the delegates. They are as stick so long as Johnson has a "reasonable chance" of swinging the prize.

How many ballots constitute a "reasonable chance" is an open question as what percentage of alcohol makes beer an intoxicant. Glad of Liquor Decision. The decision of the supreme court, by the way, holding national prohibition and the Volstead act constitutional, led many delegates to say they were glad it was settled one way or the other. Leaders said no possibility had existed of injecting the liquor issue into the platform, and the court action, they said, put it out of the way for a long time.

"Sky-Low" Thrills First Nighters at Ak-Sar-Ben

Record-Breaking Crowd. Young Howard R. Norton, as a dancing girl, made a big hit. He is a newcomer to the Ak-Sar-Ben show, but he took his place easily beside the other stars.

The opening night crowd was a record-breaker. Half an hour before time all the automobile parking space in the large vacant acreage adjoining the "den" was taken as well as space in the nearby streets. Cars were left blocks from the "den."

It was estimated that the membership reached the 3,600 mark, though complete figures were not tabulated last night. The hustling committee under W. R. Wood spent all day yesterday and brought in several hundred new members to the fold. Nearly 100 more came in under the wire at the "den," making an opening night total nearly 400 greater than last year.

Performances of the melodious and mirthful "Sky-Low" Monday night this summer, except that next week's performance will be on Tuesday night to accommodate conventions of the state bankers and pharmacists, whose members are just "rarin'" to see the show.

British Government to Run Down Criminals in Ireland

London, June 7.—The government intends to act to bring to justice all persons associated with crime in Ireland, Premier Lloyd George declared in the commons today. He added that the government was reorganizing the Irish executive and strengthening the police, naval and military forces in Ireland.

Lighting Fixtures—Bargess Granden Co.—Adv.

AMUSEMENTS.

Summer Vaudeville Photoplay

Orpheum

Popular Prices, including War Tax

MONTGOMERY & ALLEN

BERK & SAWN

THE CHAMPION

EUGENE O'BRIEN

"HIS WIFE'S MONEY"

EMPIRESS

SIX VENETIAN GYPSIES

PORTER WHITE & COMPANY

BURNS & LYNN

ANDRUS & MILLER

Photoplay Attraction

Wm. Fox Presents

Shirley Mason

"Love's Harvest"

Sterling Comedy

Advertising Men Declare Churches Should Advertise

Indianapolis, June 7.—Delegates to the convention of the Associated Advertising Clubs of the World tonight helped Indianapolis celebrate its centennial with a parade depicting the growth of the city.

Sectional meetings were held this afternoon. One of the largest attended was on church advertising. Merle Siderer of Indianapolis said the big fault of the church today is that it is not sufficiently aggressive. "It has the 'goods,' but it has never told the world about them," he declared.

PHOTO-PLAYS.

RIALTO

A. H. Blank

NOW SHOWING

ETHEL CLAYTON

A Lady in Love

Strand

NOW PLAYING

It's a Scream!

Joseph M. Schenck

CONSTANCE TALMADGE

THE LOVE EXPERT

A First National Attraction

MUSE

Corinne Griffith