

HOUSE REFUSES COMPROMISE ON NATIONAL GUARD

Vote Down Motion to Instruct Conferees on Army Bill to Accept Suggestion of Senate Committee.

Chicago Tribune-Omaha Bee Leased Wire. Washington, May 19.—After a three-hour debate, the house today refused to accept a compromise proposal involving the proposed federalization of the national guard. The house voted down a motion by Representative Kahn of California, chairman of the committee on military affairs, to instruct the conferees on the army reorganization bill to accept the senate committee's suggestion under which it would be optional with the states to provide for a federalized national guard under the army clause of the constitution or to continue the national guard as at present under the militia clause. The test came on a motion for the previous question, the vote being 109 to 206.

The Nebraska delegation voted solidly in favor of the home boys and against instructing the house conferees to agree to the compromise as suggested by the senate. The bill now goes back to a new conference to be thrashed out on the merits of the house and senate plans. Preparedness advocates lined up with Representative Kahn in support of the committee compromise proposal while southern democrats and "little army" republicans from western states were lined up in opposition.

Amended by Senate.

The bill as passed originally by the house continued the present system of organization of the national guard under the military clause as provided by the national defense act of 1916, with some modifications. The senate amended the bill to provide for a federalized national guard, the troops of each state being organized under the army clause which would make them subject to regular army discipline and to use in times of emergency by the federal government. The governors of the states would continue to have authority also over the guard.

A commotion was caused during the debate when Representative Sanford of New York charged that opponents of the committee compromise proposal were not right on war measures. "Not one of these men were on the right side of any great question during the war," declared Mr. Sanford. "These gentlemen were loyal, but the house didn't follow their lead." Representative Frear of Wisconsin demanded that the words be "taken down" under the house procedure by which action to determine their propriety is made possible. Representative Campbell of Kansas made a similar request.

After a period of turmoil, Representative Sanford obtained unanimous consent to withdraw his remarks, declaring he meant no reflection upon the loyalty of those in question. Calls it "Hybrid" Plan. Representative Denton of Alabama, who led the fight against the

MEMBERS OF A. E. F. WHO DIED IN ENGLAND ARRIVE HOME.—

The bodies of eighty-seven members of the Expeditionary Force who died in England, on the pier at Hoboken, after their arrival aboard the transport Nansmond. The coffins were arranged in long rows and draped with the American flag, where, under guard, they awaited shipment to various parts of the country. A military guard stood over the coffins until the last shipment was made.



ENGLAND DEALING WITH QUESTION OF U. S. INDEBTEDNESS

Take Up Problem Independent Of Share in Indemnity From Germany.

London, May 19.—Austen Chamberlain, chancellor of the exchequer, stated in the house of commons today that the question of Great Britain's indebtedness to the United States was being dealt with independently of any question of Great Britain's share in the indemnity from Germany. The chancellor's statement was called out by a question as to whether an arrangement had been made with France that she repay her indebtedness to Great Britain when France receives her share of the German indemnity, and if so, it would be possible for Great Britain to repay her borrowings from the United States on the same condition, namely, when Great Britain receives her share of the indemnity.

Strike Results From Row Of New York Milk Drivers

New York, May 19.—A controversy between opposing elements in the local milk drivers' union arising from dismissal of nine union members by two distributing companies at the alleged request of the union's walking delegates resulted in a general strike of drivers. Those who had not joined the strike of 2,000 drivers met and voted unanimously to stop work Thursday morning, according to Louis Miller, who presided at the meeting. Strike leaders announced 3,500 additional men would be affected, bringing the total to 5,500.

It was agreed to permit the usual delivery of milk to hospitals, health stations, orphan asylums and charitable institutions and as far as possible, to the city's poor.

DEMOCRATS OF MICHIGAN BACK PEACE TREATY

Support of League and President Wilson Pledged in Resolutions of State Convention.

Grand Rapids, Mich., May 19.—Support of the league of nations covenant and the Versailles treaty without amendment and "unflinching support of President Wilson, who has given all but life itself in the service of his country and the world," were pledged in resolutions adopted by the Michigan state democratic convention here.

Thirty unopposed delegates to the San Francisco convention were elected, four by the convention and 26 by district caucuses. The delegation will observe the unit rule. The delegates-at-large are: William F. Connolly, Detroit, national committeeman; John W. Bailey, Battle Creek; Dr. Emma E. Brower, Port Huron, and Thad B. Preston, Ionia, chairman of the state central committee.

Another resolution criticized the day by congress in acting on the soldiers' bonus bill, declaring the executive men were being used as "political foot balls." The convention came to a close after heated debate over a resolution on the prohibition question. As drawn and finally adopted, the resolution declared national prohibition "a constructive act of the Wilson administration."

Pledged for Glass.

Roanoke, Va., May 19.—Virginia democrats in convention here elected eight delegates-at-large to the national convention, pledged to support Senator Carter Glass for the presidential nomination, endorsed the Wilson administration, advocated adoption of the peace treaty without reservations and unalterably opposed a soldier bonus.

Two attempts to place the convention on record as favoring an amendment to the Volstead prohibition act were defeated. A resolution advocating the right of states to permit the manufacture and use of medicinal wines and beers and the use of ardent spirits, for medicinal purposes, was tabled by a large majority. A substitute which sought the same end was also tabled.

Delegates-at-large elected are: Senator C. A. Swanson, Senator Carter Glass, Gov. Westmoreland Davis, Representative H. D. Flood, Representative E. E. Hollard, Rorer A. James, State Senator G. W. Mapp and Lieut. Gov. Frank Buchanan.

Predict Harmony.

Indianapolis, May 19.—Democratic leaders on the eve of the state convention, predicted harmonious sessions. The state committee endorsed the candidacy of Mrs. Alice Foster McCulloch of Fort Wayne for delegate-at-large to the national convention at San Francisco. Party leaders said it was almost certain that the "big four" will consist of Vice President Marshall, Thomas Taggart, the nominee for United States senator; former Gov. S. M. Ralston, and Mrs. McCulloch.

Endorse State Ticket.

Fargo, N. D., May 19.—An entire state ticket with the exception of the attorney generalship, on which no decision was reached, was endorsed for the June primaries at the democratic state convention here Wednesday, J. F. T. O'Connor of Grand Forks, heading the ticket with the gubernatorial endorsement. For United States senator, H. H. Perry of Ellendale, was endorsed

SAYS PEOPLE, NOT LAWS, MUST BREAK PRICES

Senator Thomas of Colorado Directs Another Broadside At Profiteers During Debate in Senate.

Washington, May 19.—Frankly confiding to his colleagues that the clothes on his back were threadbare and patched, Senator Thomas, democrat of Colorado, joining today in another senate broadside on profiteers, declared the people themselves and not legislation must break the sweeping wave of high prices.

Linking the overall movement, started as a protest against the cost of clothing, with widespread price reductions, reported from many cities, Senator Thomas said the public had found the remedy in its own hands.

Kenyon Opens Attack.

The attack on "profiteering" was opened by Senator Kenyon, republican of Iowa, who urged social ostracism and criminal punishment for the offenders. Corporations principally and retailers were held up as profiteers, some of them were characterized by the Iowa senator as robbers and traitors.

In urging publicity as a means of sweeping dealers demanding excessive profits "to the junk heap of disrepute," Senator Kenyon declared department of justice prosecutions had failed to bring relief and that the people should elect a president who would break the evil by naming an attorney general "who cares more about enforcing the laws than he does about running for president."

There was a shift toward the railing and the crowd in the gallery leaned forward to hear Senator Thomas appeal for a return of the old-time threat.

Wears Suit Four Years.

"I have on a suit of clothes four years old, somewhat patched but still serviceable," he said as he stroked the sleeves of his coat. "The shoes I have on were bought in 1916. I do not propose to buy any more clothes until prices go down to a reasonable level if I subject myself to danger of arrest for not wearing enough clothes on the streets of Washington. I am willing to live on corned beef hash and if corned beef goes too high I will go without meat to bring down costs."

Senator Thomas said, he was not defending profiteers, that he believed they should be vigorously punished, but that he did not believe the extortions of profiteers represented 5 per cent of the high cost of living. "All the people share the responsibility," he said, "when I consider the number of people in this country who live without working I am tempted to change the expression 'high cost of living' to 'high cost of loafing.'"

\$25 Shoes and \$150 Suits Must Go, Banker Declares

Kansas City, Mo., May 19.—"The bankers of the country are determined there shall be no more \$25 shoes and \$150 clothes," Richard S. Hawes, St. Louis president of the American Bankers' association told the annual convention of the Missouri Bankers' association here.

Mr. Hawes condemned what he called "government extravagance and the sample in extravagance set by government officials."

BIG START MADE IN FRAMING OF G. O. P. PLATFORM

Executives Put Finishing Touches on Data—Complete Harmony Attained.

Washington, May 19.—Executives of the republican committee of 171 in conference with other leaders in the party, Wednesday put the finishing touches on the data collected by the committee for use in framing the national platform.

Completing two days of discussion on the 21 subjects covered by the committee's report, the party chiefs declared complete harmony had been attained on these subjects and a big start made toward constructing the framework of a platform on which all republicans could unite.

In the form to which it has been revised the committee report will be distributed to convention delegates and submitted to the convention's platform committee for its guidance.

All subjects included in the committee's report and discussed yesterday and today, however, relate to domestic affairs and do not touch on some problems which are expected to be storm centers at the convention. The treaty of Versailles, Mexico and liquor were among the topics omitted from the committee's report and from the round table discussion.

These subjects are expected to be taken up in consultations during the next few days, although leaders said no final program could be agreed on before the meeting of the convention. Will H. Hays, national chairman, and other prominent republicans will remain in Washington most of this week and with the report of the committee of 171 out of the way, they are expected to turn their attention to other issues.

The feeling among the titular leaders of the party is understood to be that republican senators can most easily work out the party's declarations on foreign affairs, including the plank on the treaty. The senators already have done considerable work in that direction, but it was said tonight that there had been no agreement on details.

Dr. Elizabeth Bass of New Orleans is the new president of the Medical Women's National association.

LOWDEN PEOPLE PREDICT VICTORY AT G. O. P. MEETING

Claim Illinois Candidate Will Garner 522 Votes at Chicago Convention.

Chicago Tribune-Omaha Bee Leased Wire. Chicago, May 19.—Governor Lowden's managers are assuring him that they have the Republican nomination "sewed up" and that the convention is all over but the shouting. They claim the governor will have 522 votes, while 493 are necessary for a choice.

The Lowden lieutenants claim they will have the assistance of Will H. Hays, chairman of the Republican committee, and A. T. Hert, national committeeman from Kentucky. It was hinted along presidential row today that Mr. Hert will come to Chicago about June 1 and step out into the open as Governor Lowden's campaign manager. The Lowden managers do not appear to be paying any attention to the 76 Pennsylvania delegates counted by the national committee.

The Governor's friends say all these votes will come over to his camp on the third ballot. They expect General Wood to show the greatest strength on the first ballot and admit Johnson may have more votes on the first ballot than Lowden, but they expect things to happen when the third ballot is called.

Headquarters of the state delegations to the national convention have been distributed among 11 big hotels in the loop district. The bulk of the delegations will be quartered at the Congress Hotel.

Hindu Farmers Acquitted On Charge of Killing Youth

Phoenix, Ariz., May 19.—Harman Singh and Marr Singh, Hindu farmers living near Chandler, were acquitted of charges of murder in connection with the death of Ruben Cervantes, 17, who disappeared April 19, 1919, shortly after selling a ranch for \$10,000. Bones and scraps of clothing from a shallow grave were introduced as evidence.

THOMPSON-BELDEN & COMPANY

Sale of Japanese Blue Prints Luncheon, Table Cloths and Napkins

The best quality of Japanese cotton—all in two tone effects

- \$3 luncheon cloths (48-inch) for \$2.39 each.
- \$4.50 luncheon-cloths (60-inch) for \$3.39.
- \$5.75 table cloths (72-inch size) for \$4.39.
- \$2 napkins (12-inch) for \$1.29 a dozen.

Linens—Main Floor

Dry Cold Air STORAGE for FURS

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Appreciated Gifts Pearl Beads

A fitting gift for a young girl at graduation or confirmation time are these imported pearl beads. So artfully do the French make them that the luster and tone is almost identical with the Oriental pearls.

We have strands from 24 to 54 inches long, with white gold mountings. They are priced all the way from \$3.50 to \$13.50 a strand.

Notions—Main Floor

Fine Silk Lisle HOSIERY

Full fashioned silk lisle hose, black, white, brown, gray or navy, with garter tops and double soles, are \$1.50 a pair.

Very sheer, fine silk hose in black or white in a flare top style, with a double top for garter protection and double soles, are \$2 a pair.

Main Floor

Children's Wear To Be Embroidered

Needleworkers will find our selection of dresses, skirts, aprons and pique jackets a varied and pleasing one, the sizes are from one to four years.

For small babies, the daintiest of dresses, undershirts, pillows, carriage afghans and the like, all ready for embroidering, are offered.

Stamping is done to order on any of the above mentioned articles if you prefer a design you have already in mind. Lessons in embroidering are given daily from 10 to 12 and 2 to 5 o'clock.

Artneedlework—Second Floor

Inexpensive Undermuslins

Gowns of cambric, muslin, nainsook or cotton crepe, white, flesh colored or lavender are made in dainty slipover and sleeveless styles, priced from \$1.50 to \$5, according to quality and material.

Envelope chemise of cambric, nainsook, crepe or mull are priced from \$1.35 to \$3.50.

Lace and embroidery trimmed corset covers are to be had for prices from 85c to \$2.

One Day Special Women's bloomers of cotton crepe or nainsook, regularly \$1.75 and \$2, are priced for Thursday, \$1.19 a pair.

Second Floor

HERZBERG'S

1517 Douglas Street

—effective now and until further notice—

Every garment in our entire stock will be offered at a positive discount of

33 1/3 %

Well advised women will be keenly interested in this announcement, because it means the rare opportunity of selecting apparel of recognized style superiority at prices one would hardly dare expect at this season of the year.

- Tailored Suit
- Coat and Wrap
- Dress and Gown
- Blouse
- Skirt
- Silk Undergarment
- Petticoat
- Lady Duff Gordon Creation
- Blackshire Gowns and Blouses

THOMPSON, BELDEN & COMPANY

To Purchase Wisely Is the Most Sensible Course

To know your wants is the first consideration. The unnecessary things are the most expensive.

Determine the quality of the articles you contemplate purchasing. This is easily accomplished by having confidence in the store which you patronize.

Desirability and Quality Having Been Assured—Then Consider Price

Those who choose on the basis of price alone, generally derive the least satisfaction from their purchases.

This store makes a constant practice of offering merchandise of the most dependable quality at prices which represent its true value. Courteous and intelligent service is at all times characteristic of this establishment.

We never fail to pass on every advantage in price which the market affords

But do not consider that false or misleading statements display good judgment, common sense or fairness to the public, who have learned during a period of thirty-four years to respect and have confidence in the policy of the Thompson-Belden Store.