

ASK VIEWS OF NEBRASKANS ON SOLDIERS' BONUS

Secretary of Legion Pact Wires Congressman of Prairie State—McLaughlin Suggests Way to Raise Funds.

Washington, March 27.—(Special Telegram.)—Frank B. O'Connell of Lincoln, secretary of the Nebraska post of the American Legion, Saturday wired the delegation from the prairie state desiring to know exactly how the members stood with reference to the four-fold plan of optional bonus legislation for ex-service men as recommended to the ways and means committee at the American Legion conference in session in this city. The telegram further said, "We desire to know your personal views at this time regardless of the action of the committee."

The bill which was introduced by Chairman Fordney of the ways and means committee will "require no increase of taxes nor impose any extra burden upon the government, but will be a simple problem to provide funds for the payment of additional compensation to the soldiers who served in the world war," said Congressman McLaughlin.

Would Eliminate Bureaus.
Mrs. McLaughlin is of the opinion that "if a few useless government bureaus and practices could be abolished and the funds now used by such bureaus applied to a soldier bonus fund the amount could be raised without resort to a bond issue. The money expended for the free distribution of garden seeds and for the national council of defense, in two years alone, would provide a bonus fund sufficient to make up the entire amount required to meet the provisions of the legion bill introduced by Chairman Fordney," he declared.

If free garden seeds are eliminated from the agricultural bill as now seems likely, there will be a saving of \$239,000; if the appropriation for the council of national defense was dropped off an additional saving of \$320,000 would be made and if the pamphlet and propaganda issued by the various executive departments were stopped it would mean a saving of \$175,000.

Opposes Flat Bonus.
Congressman Evans in answer to the telegram of the department secretary said that generally he was "favorable to any measure that is fairly possible of being carried into effect and that is satisfactory to the service men. I have been against any provision for a flat bonus, regardless of the length of their service. I have been against a measure that provided a bonus that could only be accepted by a part of the men. I have always favored a measure which recognized and would furnish compensation in proportion to their service."
"Uncle Mose" Kinkaid said he favored anything the service men wanted last night.
Congressman Jeffers said he was in favor of anything that was fair to the men and fair to the country and had so indicated to Mr. McDermott, the representative of the Nebraska post of the American Legion.

Pershing Able To Take Civilian View of National Problems

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rance and had such great confidence in him. Some of those who know something about conditions think that it was due to the wonderful poise which Pershing exhibited in the extremely trying conditions under which he held his command in Mexican territory for months, enduring the taunts of the enemy and on orders not to strike back. It was a trying experience and it is quite likely that his conduct at that time had much to do with strengthening the president's confidence in him, and that patience, that uncomplaining attitude in a position exceeding in difficulty to a spirited soldier is one of the best evidences of the civilian traits in Pershing's character.
If he had been simply a military man with the military view of things, his mind wholly of the military slant, he would possibly have found it exceedingly difficult to possess his soul in patience under those conditions. But this civilian, this plain, ordinary, average American of great capacity upon whose civilian character was suspended a military education and training, presents the most completely branched-out and satisfactory example of the civilian soldier and soldier-civilian that America has produced.

Lowden Willing to Give Statement on Campaign Expenses

Springfield, Ill., March 27.—Gov. F. O. Lowden Friday night telegraphed answer to the dispatch of Senator Borah suggesting that he would be glad to meet Governor Lowden's campaign manager in Washington April 5 or 6, and would read into the congressional record any statement as to campaign expenditures which the Lowden manager cared to make. The governor asked for a complete congressional investigation of campaign expenses of all presidential candidates.
The governor, however, in his reply stipulated that he will consent to this plan only on condition that the representatives of other republican candidates be present at the same time and make similar accounting of campaign funds. If not, Governor Lowden suggests prompt congressional investigation.

Lift Wool Embargo.
Washington, March 27.—Consul General Skinner at London tonight advised the Department of Commerce today that the British Board of Trade had agreed to the removal of the embargo on wool.

1,600 Hear Bryan Open His Campaign

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the class of men who were affiliated with the liquor interests and I told him that I did. He asked me if I knew how unscrupulous some of those men were and I said that I did.
"Do you know that they will resort to physical violence?" he asked me, and I told him that I did and I told him that it might take the death of one prominent man to put the liquor interests out of business."

Expert in Politics.
Mr. Bryan stated that he was an expert and a veteran in politics; that Nebraska at this time is a pivotal state and he reiterated that if he should be elected as a delegate and the democrats of this state instruct for Hitchcock, he will permit his alternate to carry out the wishes of the voters.

He reviewed the differences between him and the Senator Hitchcock eight and four years ago, and turned his thoughts to the senator in this manner:
"He represents Wall street today as much as he did eight years ago and until he repents, I will oppose him. The nomination of Hitchcock would be a repudiation of the party record of the last eight years. He was and is opposed to prohibition. The leopard can not change its spots and he is as spotted now as he ever was."

Wants Joint Debate.
"I have kept his books on the suffrage question and I know. When the legislature of this state asked him to support suffrage, he defied his own state and voted 'no' when one vote would have carried it. The liquor interests needed his vote because the backbone of prohibition is the woman's vote. And yet he has said that I am not fit to be a delegate to the national convention. I have some standing with the democratic party of this nation."
"Let him come to Nebraska and I will meet him on any platform and I will show him up."

Not Begging Votes.
Mr. Bryan alleged that Governor Edwards withdrew from the Nebraska contest because he did not want to endanger the senator's chances in this state. He also stated that he did not come to Omaha to beg the democrats to vote for him and he told what he would do if sent as a delegate to San Francisco, stating that if the democrats did not like the way he would act, they should send somebody else.
He declared that if sent as a delegate he would fight compulsory military training, profiteers and private monopolies.

Attacks General Wood.
"General Wood," he said, "is trying to hedge on military training. They are trying to unload the military feature on his character. I would not be surprised if one of the chief arguments before the republican convention would be that Wood was kept from going to Europe because of his lack of military training. They are now saying that he has had only eight months of training."

He asserted that money for the payment of soldiers' bonuses should be taken out of the unexpected fortunes made during the period of war and he added that Senator Borah is trying to limit the amount of money that should be paid. He favored the limitation of profits so that a shoe dealer, for instance, should not be allowed to charge more than 1,000 per cent profit. He averred that he would do his best at San Francisco to have the middle-man cited as "intolerable and intolerable."

Opposes League Issue.
Referring to the peace treaty, he said he favored ratification with reservations that a majority would approve, and he asked how Senator Hitchcock could reconcile his action on the treaty while the world is waiting and bolshevism is threatening chaos. He said he was not willing that the San Francisco convention should make the treaty an issue.
"I have confidence that I can tender a service if you will give me a chance to go to the convention," he said in closing.

Reds Unable to Give Proof of Atrocities

(Continued From First Page.)
ammunition going to the front and pouring out the shells, making the chauffeurs take them to the rear.
There are strict orders against women reds going to advanced positions but in the darkness of the night the women creep forward to be with their husbands and a number of women have been wounded by shell fire. Farther back in the reserve positions crowds of women besiege the officers, demanding food, but there is scarcely enough for the troops.

Regis Driven Back.
The Hagus, March 27.—Government troops at Wesel made a sortie early today, attacking and driving back the Spartans eight kilometers southeast of the city, according to an authoritative Dutch source. In the meantime reinforcements of well organized government troops have reached Wesel from the direction of Borkens. Fighting is in progress near the Dutch frontier.

The communication issued by the reds that they have entered Wesel is characterized by such officials as Alexander, who confirms newspaper dispatches that the utmost confusion prevails in the red army.
Foreigners Arrested.
Berlin, March 27.—An extensive police raid was carried out in Berlin this morning and all foreigners, who had not reported themselves, were arrested.
Die Freiheit says that among those taken by the police are numerous Russians who have been detained in Alexander barracks. An order, it is understood, has been issued for the arrest of all Russians in Berlin.

Dusseldorf, March 27.—The executive committee announces that the workmen's conference has sent a message to Berlin proposing that the fighting throughout Germany should be discontinued, the workmen, however, retaining their arms. It is suggested that both sides withdraw, leaving a neutral zone. An agreement has not been concluded.
Lighting Fixtures, Burgess-Granden.—Adv.

Reds Working Hard For Revolt in U. S.

(Continued From First Page.)
lishing Company," alias, "The International League of Defense." The I. W. W. operates under any local name that may be handy.
While the number of adherents to, or sympathizers with, the revolutionary movement can only be guessed at, information about actual membership in some of the various organizations is more definite. The socialist party has a paid-up membership of 81,000, yet in 1916 the

party polled 597,000 votes, a ratio of six sympathizers to one active member. The socialist labor party has about 14,000 members. The non-partisan league, socialist in everything but name, has 200,000 members, "as radical as radical can be," according to information received.
The communist party, one of the most active of the radical organizations at present, has 688 branches, with an aggregate membership of more than 200,000 in 25 states. Here are four out of 10 radical organizations with a membership of 495,000. If they have the same ratio of sympathizers as the socialists, as indicated by the vote, the aggregate of

adherents to these four organizations alone would be 3,465,000. The communists are strongest in Pennsylvania, with 133 branches.
At a recent meeting in Detroit, according to information received by the United Americans, the communists decided upon a tremendous campaign as soon as the weather becomes more favorable.
The communists are working with the confident assurance that is derived from ample funds. A courier recently arrived from the communist conference held in Amsterdam last month bringing the news that the Russian bolshevik had contributed jewels valued at \$20,000, obtained by the murder and robbery of the Russian nobility, to finance propaganda, principally in the United States. Mexico City was designated at this conference as communist headquarters for North America.
The I. W. W., which now has 300,000 members, is also very active just now, under the leadership of Haywood.

Geddes Sails April 10.
London, March 27.—Sir Auckland Geddes will sail for New York April 10 to take up his post as ambassador to the United States, according to announcement.

Manager of Swift's Packing Plant Here For 15 Years Is Dead
Henry O. Edwards, for 15 years manager of Swift & Co. in Omaha, died Friday night after an illness of nearly three years.
Mr. Edwards was one of the half dozen leaders in Omaha's packing industry during the period of his residence here. He was born in Richmond, Va., November 15, 1865, and came to Omaha from Philadelphia, 32 years ago. He was active in commercial organizations, in various clubs and in the First Congregational church.
A wife, a son, Robert, and a brother, George, the latter living in New York, survive.
Funeral services will be held at 2:30 Monday.
Omaha Boy Appointed.
Lawrence V. Guild, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Guild, 3027 California street, was appointed purchasing agent for the Oregon Short Line railroad yesterday by E. E. Calvin, vice president of the Union Pacific system. He will leave for Salt Lake City April 1.

THOMPSON-BELDEN & CO.

Easter Brings the Joy of Selecting Apparel in General---and Suits in Particular



No Charge for Alterations
Apparel Sections Third Floor

WITH fashions so charming and a selection so large, the pleasure is immeasurably increased, and the variety of silhouettes, the straightline, the box-coated, the rippled, the bloused, the Eton, allows the indulgence of your personal inclinations.

We find, however, that the plainly tailored mode in suits is quite pronounced, no matter how generously trimmed the gowns may be. The degree of elaboration a tailleur may attain is limited to silken embroideries and applied braiding with, perhaps, a satin sash on an Eton style—permitting nothing that might mar the lines.

Navy blue is, of course, the most fashionable color, although black and a number of others are to be had, and tricotines, Poiret twills, serges, gabardines and mixtures complete the range of fabrics.

Our selection of Suits in the Larger Sizes deserves individual mention, it is larger and more varied than the customary showing.

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Fashionable and Charming are the

Taffeta Frocks

CRISP, rustling taffeta expresses admirably the bouffant silhouette, and the fullness at the hips is emphasized in a number of ways; by knife pleated frills of the same silk; by distended pocket effects on either side, and by flounces, one, two or three of them, edged with shirred ruffles.

TRIMMINGS are many, tucked and pleated white organdy, ecru net and laces form the collars and vests of quite a few and embroideries of silk, metal threads, chenille and wool add an attractive note of color.

Taffeta Dresses will serve for both street wear and semi-formal occasions.

The Finest of Wash Cottons

Printed Voiles Fine Ginghams

Georgette patterns, dark blues and tans in conventional designs; gingham plaids and stripes in lovely shades and very summery floral patterns, in both light and dark colors—all of excellent quality, 38 and 40 inches wide, for prices ranging from 75c to \$2 a yard.

Both imported French ginghams and American weaves in a really surprising array of patterns, bold checks and plaids in correspondingly daring color combinations, and very dainty checks and stripes and plain shades complete the attractive showing. Thirty-two-inch ginghams are priced from 50c to \$1.50 a yard.

The materials for many dainty and inexpensive summer frocks are displayed on the second floor

Those Immensely Important Littler Things

Trefousse Gloves

That come from France to grace Milady's Easter costume, are to be had in one and two-clasp styles, with self-colored or contrasting embroidered backs. Prices are from \$3.75 to \$5 a pair.

Frisolous Hosiery

In a wonderful array of lace and embroidered styles—hand embroidered clocks on navy, cordovan, African brown, black or white hose. Black or white hose with dainty lace clocks. Lace boots, lace inserts and allover laces in white, black, or brown.

And quite a daring, but unquestionably dainty stocking of sheerest silk net, very new and fashionable. These lace and embroidered hose are priced all the way from \$4 to \$12 a pair.

Vogue for Veils

Has gained such favor that the styles shown are almost innumerable—the various meshes, hexagonal, round and square, are to be had in a number of weights.

The selection of a becoming one is a matter of discriminating between a host of lovely patterns, Chenille dots, hand drawn traceries in allover patterns or borders distinguish some, and there are woven patterns like a tiny cobweb caught here and there in the mesh.

Frilly Neckwear

—To completely disguise a last year's tailleur we prescribe a new vestee in any of our charming styles, with Filet lace, or Val, or Venetian to make it thoroughly feminine and fashionable.

Or you may prefer one of the new collars of net, Georgette or organdy, trimmed with hand embroidery perhaps, but with lace, most certainly.

—There's a demure round Eton that has a frivolous pleated ruffle for contrast.

New 'Kerchiefs

French embroideries that are wonderfully dainty are to be had in 'kerchiefs from 35c to 60c. Madeira, scalloped and embroidered squares are priced 60c, 75c and up.

Plain hem-stitched ones of fine Irish linen, with or without initialed corners are from 35c to \$1.25 each.

Interesting Bags

Of moire, taffeta, velvet, duvetya, suede, a host of them in every conceivable style. Linings are quite vivid, but always harmonious. There's a brown suede bag in an odd, but practically indescribable shape that is lined with a lovely shade of orchid. The prices of all of them are quite reasonable.

Two Eyelet Ties are the season's best style

A pleasing combination of oxford and pump, beautifully fashioned with light hand-turn soles and Louis heels.

The style is most beautifully expressed in rich black suede and is priced \$15.

In dull kid, \$13 a pair. And in patent leather, \$13 a pair.

Irish Linen Cloths and Napkins Reduced

Two Very Special Values for Monday

\$17.50 Table Cloths—size two by two yards, for \$15
\$17.50 Napkins—size 22 inches, dozen \$15

\$15 Table Cloths—size two by two yards, for \$13.50
\$20 Table Cloths—two by 2½ yards, for ..\$17.50
\$20 Napkins to match—a 22-inch size, doz. \$17.50
Linen Section.

Dainty Muslin Lingerie

The Philippine embroidered gowns are very lovely with their very tiny scallops and delicate traceries of fine hand work. The prices are from \$4.25, \$5.50 and \$6.25 and up. Teddy bears may be had either machine or hand made, of soft nainsook, prettily lace trimmed. They are very reasonably priced.

"La Greque" undershirts, knee length, plain or with an embroidered ruffle. come in all sizes and for all prices.

Reductions in Toilet Goods

Double bristle hair brushes with removable cushions are priced for Saturday, \$1.25.
Djer Kiss talcum is only 25c a box.
La Trefle talcum in either flesh or white is also 25c.



Our Usual Month-End Clearance Sale Begins Tomorrow, bringing you

EASTER HATS

This event is remarkable for its timeliness, as well as for the exceptional values presented. It is our custom each month to clear out stocks, and since Easter is so early this year we find it necessary to include in the usual Month-End event many Easter Hats which ordinarily would not be reduced.

HATS WHICH WERE

\$7.00 to \$10

\$4.40

HATS WHICH WERE

\$12.50 to \$15

\$6.40

HATS WHICH WERE

\$16.50 to \$18

\$8.40

HATS WHICH WERE

\$20 to \$25

\$11.40

Millinery—Fourth Floor