

CORRUPTION CHARGED BY SUFFRAGISTS

Leaders Denounce Attempt to Defeat Amendment in West Virginia by Reseating Senator Who Left State.

VOTES WERE BOUGHT, ASSERTS ALICE PAUL

Decisive Action Expected Today on Arrival of Senator Bloch, Whose Affirmative Vote May Break the Tie.

Chicago Tribune-Omaha Bee Leased Wire. Washington, March 9.—Charges of corruption were made tonight by leaders of the National Woman's party and Frank Barrow, representative of the national republican senatorial committee, against the forces opposing suffrage in the West Virginia legislature.

While State Senator Bloch has been speeded across the country from California to save the day for ratification, opponents of the amendment have brought to life a member of the legislature, Senator Archibald Montgomery, who moved from West Virginia to Illinois some time ago and has not been considered a member of the legislature.

Our workers have never encountered, Alice Paul, chairman of the national woman's party, stated tonight, tactics so corrupt or such attempts as the buying of votes as are a matter of common report today in the halls of the West Virginia legislature.

Force favoring ratification of the federal suffrage amendment in the West Virginia legislature will meet in session until effort to keep that body in session until Senator Jesse A. Bloch can arrive in Charleston. It is expected he will reach here early Wednesday and cast the deciding vote in the senate at its session Wednesday afternoon.

The fight in the senate centered upon the right of Senator A. R. Montgomery to vote. He had come from his home in Illinois in an effort to break the deadlock existing between pro and anti-suffrage forces, and his regular train due in Charleston early tomorrow.

Before adjournment Governor Cornwall was asked to provide the senate with a copy of the letter which it is said Senator Montgomery wrote to him when he moved from West Virginia to Illinois relative to his resignation.

No word has been received of Senator Bloch since he left Chicago on a special train for Cincinnati, where it is expected another special train will rush him to Charleston to assure his being in his seat Wednesday.

Bloch Near Goal. Cincinnati, March 9.—The special train carrying Senator J. A. Bloch of West Virginia, which left Chicago at noon, arrived in Cincinnati at 6:15 p. m. Mr. Bloch, an hour later boarded a regular train due in Charleston early tomorrow.

Hoover Says His Ambition Is To Remain Common Citizen. New York, March 9.—Herbert Hoover in a letter received by Ralph Arnold of Los Angeles, New York representative of the "Make Hoover President club" of California, declared he was not seeking public office, that his ambition is to remain a common citizen, but that he believed he "like every other citizen should always be ready for service when really called upon."

Mr. Hoover's letter followed the action of a group of prominent Californians residing in this city in appointing a committee to go to Washington to ask Mr. Hoover to make known his position. The committee included Mark Requa, oil administrator during the war.

Mexican Bandits Kill American at Tampico. Houston, Tex., March 9.—A cablegram sent by P. J. Buchanan, manager of the Magnolia Petroleum company at Tampico, to S. J. Byington of Houston stated that "Pat" Foley, an employee of the Magnolia Petroleum company, had been killed by Mexican bandits.

Dan Foley was formerly a resident of Corpus Christi. He was 35 years old and unmarried. Pilot and Two Passengers Killed When Plane Burns. Wichita, Kan., March 9.—Emil Saggasser, an airplane pilot, and Miss Clara Hart and G. D. Ratcliff, the latter 11 years old, were killed when an airplane in which they were riding caught fire 500 feet in the air near Cunningham and fell to the earth. The cause of the accident is unknown.

Normal Economic Relations Throughout World Asked By League of Nations Council

"Peace Conditions Should Be Fully and Completely Restored at Earliest Possible Moment," Says Memorandum—Would Limit Armies to Lowest Possible Figure Compatible With Security.

By Associated Press. London, March 9.—The supreme council has issued a memorandum on world economic conditions. Its conclusions are as follows: "Firstly—It is of paramount importance that peace conditions should be fully and completely restored at the earliest possible moment throughout the world.

To achieve this object it is desirable (first) that peace and normal economic relations should be re-established at the earliest possible moment throughout eastern Europe; (second) that armaments everywhere should be limited to the lowest possible figure compatible with national security and that the league of nations should be invited to consider as soon as possible proposals to this end; (third), that states which have been enlarged as a result of the war should immediately re-establish full and friendly co-operation and arrangement for unrestricted interchange of commodities in order that the essential unity of European economic life may not be impaired by the erection of artificial economic barriers.

"Secondly—Not only the government of each country, but all those engaged in the task of production in every land should give immediate attention to the execution of all measures which will contribute to the full resumption of peaceful industry, to the encouragement of a better output on the part of the workers in every country, to the improvement of machinery and means of transportation and the removal of such disturbing factors as profiteering.

"Thirdly—Each government should immediately consider means for urging upon its nationals in every part of the world the vital necessity of suppressing extravagance and reducing expenditure, so as to bridge the gap which must for some years exist between the demand for and the supply of essential commodities.

"Fourthly—It is essential that early steps be taken to secure the definition of credit and currency; first, by the reduction of recurrent government expenditure within the limits of the revenue; second, by the imposition of such additional taxation as is necessary to secure this result; third, by the funding of short term obligations by means of loans subscribed out of the people's savings; fourth, by the immediate limitation and gradual curtailment of note circulation.

"Fifthly—Provisions for raw materials being essential to the restoration of industry, means should be found whereby the countries which are, in the present conditions of international exchange, unable to purchase in the world markets, and, so, unable to re-start their economic life, can obtain commercial credits. It will be possible to achieve this when the countries have made the reforms indicated in the foregoing paragraphs.

"Sixthly—The powers represented at the conference recognize the necessity for the continued co-operation between the allies and for removing obstacles to the easy interchange of essential commodities. They will continue to consult together regarding the provision and distribution of necessary raw materials.

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NEW HAMPSHIRE DELEGATES ARE PLEDGED TO WOOD. Granite State Representatives Instructed to Back General at Chicago Convention.

Manchester, March 9.—The native state of Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood will send to Chicago a republican delegation pledged to vote for him so long as he is a candidate for the presidency. At Tuesday's primaries the Wood pledged ticket for delegates-at-large defeated by a big majority an unpledged group of four and a fifth candidate pledged for Senator Hiram Johnson. The unpledged men won in only one city, Dover, the home of Fred N. Beckwith, one of the unpledged group. The Wood men won easily in the First congressional district and were unopposed in the Second district.

The democrats elected three district delegates pledged for Herbert Hoover, one in the First district and two in the second. The other democratic delegates elected were unpledged but are generally considered favorable for Hoover. Some 50 small towns did not hold primaries because of snow blocked highways but their votes could hardly affect the result.

Out of 248, for instance, the 140 gave Fred W. Estabrook, who led the Wood pledged ticket for delegates-at-large, 5,207 against 2,644 for Benjamin F. Worcester, who polled the largest vote of the four unpledged. The same towns gave John W. Flaherty, pledged for Senator Johnson, 1,146.

Millionaire Woman Socialist Is Granted New Trial by Court. St. Louis, March 9.—Mrs. Rose Pastor Stokes, millionaire New York socialist, convicted in Kansas City in June, 1918, for violating the espionage act, has been granted a new trial by the United States circuit court of appeals here in an opinion reversing the verdict of the trial court.

The opinion asserted "there was substantial evidence against the trial in support of the verdict against the defendant, but that District Judge A. S. Van Valkenburg's instruction to the jury was prejudicial to Mrs. Stokes. It declared Judge Van Valkenburg acted correctly in overruling a motion to take the case from the jury and in overruling various other demurrers offered by the defense. A concurrent opinion, however, warned that "we should be very careful not to punish a citizen for opinion honestly held."

Rise in Price of Coal Hinted at by Operators. New York, March 9.—Demands which anthracite mine workers of Pennsylvania have asked operators to incorporate in the new wage agreement to be drafted to take effect April 1, and formally presented to the mine owners Tuesday and a sub-committee of practical men was named to negotiate the new contract. Unofficial opinions were expressed by operators that the increase in wages asked by the miners would mean a rise in the price of coal to the consumer, if granted.

Each side admitted that no definite decision would be reached until the award of the bituminous coal commission in the wage demands of the soft coal miners is handed down at Washington.

Arguments on Prohibition Concluded in Supreme Court. Washington, March 9.—Presentation of arguments in cases from Rhode Island and Massachusetts attacking the validity of the prohibition amendment to the constitution were concluded in supreme court. The case from Kentucky, after which the question will be left to the nation's highest tribunal for decision.

Counsel for those attacking the amendment continued, Tuesday, to argue that it was revolutionary and an invasion of states' rights. Turkish Beauty Found a Prisoner in Gotham Hotel. New York, March 9.—Delirious and suffering from starvation, Sardi Hadahismo, 17-year-old beauty, daughter of the "Rockefeller of Turkey" and fiancée of the Amir of Hedjaz, was found late Tuesday a prisoner in a New York hotel, according to an announcement by a private detective agency which was employed in a world-wide search for the heiress.



PARKE BROWN

The Bee's corps of foreign correspondents, made available to its readers by The Bee's new connection with the Chicago Tribune, includes experienced and able men in every European news center. At Berlin, for instance, is PARKE BROWN—formerly of the Tribune's star reporter in Chicago, later its war correspondent with the American Army of Occupation, a "digger after the facts" and a forceful writer. Mr. Brown's dispatches on the German situation are to be a regular feature of The Bee.

DROP BOMBS ON ICE JAM FROM PLANES

Army Aviators Begin Attack With Explosives on Gorge in Susquehanna River, Which Menaces Town With Flood.

OVER 4,000 POUNDS OF TNT USED BY FLYERS

War Department Announces Purpose to Continue Experiment to Successful Conclusion or Until It Fails.

Chicago Tribune-Omaha Bee Leased Wire. Fort Deposit, Md., March 9.—Army aviators, hovering at an altitude of 500 feet bombed a huge ice gorge in the Susquehanna river this morning to save the town from flood.

De Havilland carrying eight TNT bombs of 112 pounds each, flew up and down the river, releasing the powerful high explosives at regular intervals. The first bomb, dropped at 9 o'clock, was timed to penetrate the ice before it exploded. When it let go the whole country side was shaken and the wedged ice hurled hundreds of feet in the air, was scattered over a half acre.

At noon a Martin bomber, measuring nearly 100 feet from tip to tip, left the Aberdeen proving grounds and commenced at attack from the air with eight TNT bombs weighing 550 pounds. The Martin bomber, shortly after beginning operations, was forced to discontinue for the day when the wheels of the landing gear became imbedded in the aviation field.

In the meantime, several De Havilland planes resumed bombing, using 250-pound charges. Thus far the ice has been broken up near Perryville and Hayre De Grace to a depth of from 15 to 20 inches for an area of about one square mile.

The War department has announced that it will push the experiment to a successful conclusion or until it has proved a failure.

May Call John D., Jr., to Stand in Anti-Saloon League Investigation. Albany, N. Y., March 9.—Assemblyman Louis A. Cuvillier of New York, author of the resolution adopted by the assembly calling for an investigation of the anti-saloon league's activities within the state, announced that he would subpoena John D. Rockefeller, Jr., as a witness.

Mr. Cuvillier stated that it had come to his notice that Mr. Rockefeller paid a salary to State Superintendent William H. Anderson of the Anti-Saloon League of \$15,000 a year, at the rate of \$1,250 a month. Payments, he said, were made through the Fifth Avenue branch of the Corn Exchange National bank of New York city.

Robert E. Davey, counsel for the anti-saloon league, denied the charge, which he termed "ridiculous." Mr. Cuvillier also stated that a Department of Justice representative had sought a conference with him regarding the investigation. Mr. Cuvillier said he was ignorant of the purpose of the conference.

200 Aliens Held for Possible Deportation Go on Hunger Strike. Detroit, March 9.—More than 200 aliens held at Fort Wayne for possible deportation declared a hunger strike as a protest against an order which curtailed the number of visitors they may receive daily. The prisoners, who were taken in federal raids in January, refused food and declined to perform light duties, including firing the boilers, which supply heat for their quarters.

Five of the aliens escaped recently, leading the federal authorities to believe they were aided by visitors. The prisoners declared the order "an unwarranted abridgement of their rights" and the "soviet" declared the strike on.

Former Senator Brown talked for more than six hours. In closing he said: "The question is: 'Which flag do you follow? Do you follow the red flag of anarchy now suppressed by law which these men would, if they could, parade in every street in every city of the world, or do you follow the Stars and Stripes? Gentlemen, your judgment will be a great judgment. Let it be a just one.'"

In a 15-minute address Mr. Block declared that inasmuch as the members of the committee took the oath to support the federal and state constitutions their only verdict could be one seating the defendants.

Stage Bold Jewel Robbery in Heart of Baltimore. Baltimore, Md., March 9.—Five armed men, accompanied by a young woman, drove an automobile to the jewelry store of the James A. Aigner company, smashed the plate glass window, stole \$25,000 worth of diamonds, shot and slightly wounded Charles Willard, who in his automobile tried to block their way, and escaped.

The street is in the heart of the shopping district and was thronged with women and children. The lives of several pedestrians and autoists were endangered by shots fired by the bandits.

Peary's Will Leaves Everything to Family. Washington, March 9.—The will of Rear Admiral Robert Peary, U. S. N., retired, filed for probate, directs that all medals, trophies and books of Eagle Island, North Greenland, Maine, be given to his 16-year-old son, Robert E. Peary, Jr. The island was purchased with money earned while Admiral Peary was a high school student, and is to remain permanently in the Peary family.

Mr. Peary receives for herself and division among the children the residue of the estate, including securities estimated in value at \$90,000 and a group of islands in Casco Bay, Maine.

To Thrash Out Wages. Washington, March 9.—Representatives of railroad labor and railroad officials will confer Wednesday on the question of wages for the first time in more than two years. Committees acting for the recognized railroad labor unions and the Association of Railway Executives will meet to arrange for the formation of a joint board which will thrash out wage controversies.

Cashier of Kansas City Bank Killed by Bandits. Kansas City, Mo., March 9.—Five men are being held by the police in connection with an attempted robbery of the South Side bank here this morning in which Glen M. Shockey, cashier, was killed and James Smith, negro janitor at the bank, was injured. One of the bandits is believed to have been wounded.

Editor Indicted. Chicago, March 9.—Ludwig Lore, New York, editor of "Class Struggle," and said to be one of the founders of the communist labor party, and four other members of the organization were indicted here, charged with conspiracy to overthrow the government by force.

Rambunctious



"OUTLAW" STRIKE OF EXPRESSMEN FALLS THROUGH

Cancellation of Union Cards Planned Unless Men Return; Many Already Back.

Chicago Tribune-Omaha Bee Leased Wire. Chicago, March 9.—The "outlaw" strike called by clerks of the American Railway Express company collapsed utterly Tuesday. Wholesale cancellations of union cards in the Brotherhood of Railway and Steamship Clerks' union are planned; beginning Wednesday, unless the men return to work by noon.

More than 1,000 of the strikers have already been reinstated and many other applications are in. Telegrams were sent by the grand officers warning the strikers that their cards would be cancelled and the announcement was met by hoofs of derision when it was read in the hall, but many of the "hooters" were in the waiting line before nightfall, asking for their places back again.

Grand officers charge that members of the I. W. W. have filtered into the Express Clerks' union and this element urged the outlaw like and are the ones still holding out against calling off a movement that is stone dead.

Threats were made by the recalcitrants to "knock the block off" J. R. Abbott, grand vice-president of the order, who made the charge of bolshevism and I. W. W. control of the strikers. The express company was running at almost normal gait and extra forces are cleaning up the immense quantities of express matter that has accumulated since the strike was called.

Fate of N. Y. Socialist Assemblymen in the Hands of Committee. Albany, N. Y., March 9.—Investigation into the charges of disloyalty against the five suspended socialist members of the state assembly ended Tuesday night. The case went to the judiciary committee with the close of the summing up addresses of Elton R. Brown, of counsel for the committee, and John Block, of counsel for the defense.

Former Senator Brown talked for more than six hours. In closing he said: "The question is: 'Which flag do you follow? Do you follow the red flag of anarchy now suppressed by law which these men would, if they could, parade in every street in every city of the world, or do you follow the Stars and Stripes? Gentlemen, your judgment will be a great judgment. Let it be a just one.'"

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REPUBLICANS OFFER NEW COMPROMISE

Many Senators Inclined to Accept Draft of Reservation To Article 10 Introduced by Watson of Indiana.

WAY BEING CLEARED FOR DECISIVE BATTLE

Action on This Section Is Expected to Determine Fate of Peace Treaty, Probably Before End of Week.

By ARTHUR SEARS HENNING. Chicago Tribune-Omaha Bee Leased Wire. Washington, March 9.—Having adopted by a vote of 57 to 20, a new bipartisan compromise designed to equalize the votes of the United States and Great Britain in the league of nations, the senate came face to face today with the disposition of article 10, which will determine the fate of the peace treaty, probably before the end of the week.

While the way was being cleared on the floor for the big battle on article 10, the senate cloakrooms were the scene of 11th hour efforts at compromise, despite the president's denunciation of all reservations that actually reserve American rights and of speculation on the fate of the covenant if Mr. Wilson should persist in injecting it into the presidential election.

Senators were predicting that the democratic convention will never endorse the league without reservations unless absolutely dominated by the president and that no democratic candidate, except Mr. Wilson, would stand the ghost of a chance of success on such a platform.

Send Out Telegrams. While the attempts to negotiate a new compromise on article 10 reservation were in progress whips on both sides sent out telegrams to all absent senators, urging them to return to Washington in anticipation of a final vote on the treaty Friday.

The latest product of the compromise efforts is the handiwork of Senator Watson of Indiana, republican. Several other republican senators were credited with having assisted in the preparation of the new draft and according to report, Elihu Root, who favored complete elimination of article 10, has passed favorable judgment on it.

The United States assumes no obligations to employ its military or naval forces, its resources, or any form of economic discrimination to preserve the territorial integrity of lands.

When George T. Peak, counsel for the receiver of the Hayes concern received a copy of the magazine showing advertisements of the Hayes company said to have been written as news items, Judge Landis issued subpoenas for Andrew Early, president and treasurer of the National Credit corporation, and W. J. Cobb, editor and manager of the trade journal.

Mr. Early denied knowledge of the publication's policy, but Cobb admitted that the news items concerning the Hayes company was a paid advertisement and that \$250 had been received for its insertion. The advertisement was said to declare that the Hayes company stock was as good as a government bond.

Cobb denied that it was published with any intention of defrauding the public and said he saw nothing wrong in running the advertisement as a news item as long as he knew the company was sound. The item was said to have been placed beneath the caption "The White List," which purported, it was said, to be a list of names of companies investigated by the trade journal and found financially responsible.

Germany Charged With Attack on French Body Still in Berlin Jail. Berlin, March 9.—Prince Joachim Albrecht, cousin of the former German emperor, and Captain Von Platen are still locked up in the Moscow jail awaiting final action of the court respecting the legality of their arrests. Both disclaim responsibility for the attack in the Hotel Adlon on members of the French commission, but the states attorney has confronted them with damaging evidence given by dining room employees at several guests.

Count Matternich, an Austrian, who sat near the prince's table, charged that Prince Joachim not only shouted: "Throw out the swine, kill the dogs if they refuse to go," but declares that Joachim threw cracker and glassware at the Frenchmen, who were on other guests joined in the attack upon Captain Klein and Roughevin.

A certain Prince Hohenlohe is charged with removing one of his boots and striking one of the Frenchmen with it. General Nollet, head of the French mission, has forwarded a report to Paris in which Prince Joachim is primarily blamed for the attack.

France and Italy Delay Constantinople Decision. London, March 9.—The continued postponement of the allied decision with regard to Constantinople is attributed in peace conference circles here to the hesitation of France and Italy, neither of which, it is asserted, has definitely answered Great Britain's invitation to co-operate in occupying the city. Meanwhile speculation is being indulged in as to why M. Millerand, the French premier, submitted the Turkish draft treaty to President Wilson. Among the suppositions is that either the French premier wishes to forestall possible eventual interposition by the president, if the latter is uninformed as to the terms of the settlement, or that M. Millerand again is trying to obtain American aid in the settlement, even hoping to persuade the United States, after a time, to undertake the mandate for Armenia.

Pope Benedict Announces Appointment of Bishops. Rome, March 9.—At the secret consistory Pope Benedict announced the following appointments: The Most Rev. Edmond Helan, bishop of the diocese of Sioux City, Ia.; Monsignor Ruiz, auxiliary archbishop of Mexico; the Rev. James Macloskey, bishop of Jaro, Philippine Islands; the Rev. Genaro Anaya, bishop of Chiapas, Mexico; and the Rev. Marco Sergio Gotmy to be bishop of Zulia, Venezuela.

The Weather. Nebraska—Increasing cloudiness Wednesday; becoming unsettled Thursday; moderate temperature. Iowa—Fair Wednesday, probably becoming unsettled Thursday; moderate temperature. Hourly Temperatures. 5 a. m. 38 6 a. m. 38 7 a. m. 38 8 a. m. 41 9 a. m. 45 10 a. m. 48 11 a. m. 50 12 noon 52 1 p. m. 52 2 p. m. 52 3 p. m. 52 4 p. m. 52 5 p. m. 52 6 p. m. 52 7 p. m. 52 8 p. m. 52 9 p. m. 52 10 p. m. 52 11 p. m. 52 12 noon 52