

ERZBERGER IS MADE TO QUIT GOVERNMENT

Resignation Comes as Climax To Day of Sensational Testimony in His Suit Against Former German Treasurer.

SMUGGLED HIS PRIVATE FUNDS TO SWITZERLAND

Involvement in Numerous Questionable Transactions in Connection With Issuance of Import and Export Permits.

Berlin, Feb. 24.—Mathias Erzberger, minister of finance, voluntarily resigned from the cabinet Tuesday.

Erzberger's resignation came as a climax to a day of sensational testimony in his libel suit against Dr. Karl Helfferich, former minister of the treasury.

Three High Officials Of Milford Soldiers' Home Resign Places

Lincoln, Feb. 24.—(Special.)—W. N. Hensley, commandant of the Milford Soldiers' home, has tendered his resignation to take effect April 1.

Criminologist Thinks Victim Of Shooting Was Murdered

Denver, Colo., Feb. 24.—Dr. A. L. Bennett, criminologist on the staff of District Attorney Foley, after an examination of the body of Edward Bell Rodgers, killed in a downtown hotel by Charles T. Brown, filed a written report stating that in his opinion "Brown did not shoot in self-defense, as Rodgers was shot more than once in the back and probably was turning to leave at the time he was shot."

Prohibition Closes Doors Of Famous New York Cafe

New York, Feb. 24.—Prohibition has closed the doors of the Cafe de Paris, formerly known as "Reactor," one of the most famous restaurants on Broadway, and resulted in the filing of an involuntary petition in bankruptcy against the Pekin, also popular in the days of John Barleycorn.

Woman Served Divorce Papers While in Prison

San Quentin, Cal., Feb. 24.—Mrs. Emma Le Doux, serving a life sentence in the state penitentiary here for the murder of her first husband, Albert N. McVicar, was served with papers in an amendment of marriage act brought by her second husband, Eugene Le Doux, in Sacramento.

The Bee's New Service

The Bee, by arrangements now complete, is able to announce a new service which will give its readers the best there is, both of news and features.

By contract with The Chicago Tribune, The Bee has secured the exclusive right to publish in Nebraska and Iowa the news service and features of "The World's Greatest Newspaper."

This includes a telegraphic news report of from 12,000 to 14,000 words each night, supplementing the regular report of the Associated Press. In this will be the dispatches of The Chicago Tribune and New York Times foreign correspondents, scattered throughout the world; the entire product of the Washington bureau of The Tribune, recording and interpreting the political and other news of the national capital; full market and financial reports of The Chicago Tribune and New York Times.

The new service also gives The Bee the right to publish every feature which The Tribune owns, including cartoons by McCutcheon and Orr, sporting news and features; Dr. Evans' health talks, short stories, children's tales and comics—in brief, everything which The Tribune has.

This service has no equal. It is the acknowledged best and most complete.

The telegraphic news service begins Monday, March 1; the feature service shortly thereafter. Both will appear in The Bee daily, morning, evening and Sunday.

HITCHCOCK WON'T ALLOW CAUCUS OF PARTY NOW

Vetoes Proposal Sponsored by Democratic Senators in Treaty Controversy.

Washington, Feb. 24.—Plans to hasten a final decision on the peace treaty were made by senate republicans while the administration leaders were taking counsel among their divided colleagues as to what should be the final democratic stand on ratification.

The republican determination to bring the question to a conclusion was announced on the senate floor by the party leader, Senator Lodge, who said that while today and tomorrow had been allotted to consideration of pressing legislation, he would call up the treaty again Thursday and would ask that it remain the business of the senate until disposed of.

Meantime the democratic leader, Senator Hitchcock, vetoed for the present the proposal for a party caucus, sponsored by democratic senators who want to end the long controversy by taking the republican reservations as they stand.

Senator Hitchcock said he had talked to those who differed with him as to the course to be adopted and had about decided that to call a caucus would be inadvisable.

In some quarters it was predicted that under the program lined by Senator Lodge, the treaty could be brought to a ratification vote within a week or 10 days. The irreconcilable opponents of ratification are expected, however, to insist that there be no hasty action and no one could predict with certainty how much time they might consume in debate.

The decision is surprising. Hitchcock not to call democratic senators into a conference caused considerable surprise among those who had advanced the suggestion, and they predicted that some sort of a party get-together yet would be held before the ratification vote was reached.

Republican claims as to the number of democrats ready to accept the republican reservations still stood at 22, with a dozen more needed to insure ratification. The administration leaders continued to insist that the figure was exaggerated, but they said they would not recent any of the situation and declined to give any estimate of the number that might be defeated on a ratification roll call.

Learned to Continue Head of the Nebraska Republican Committee

Lincoln, Feb. 24.—(Special.)—The executive committee of the state republican committee met at the republican headquarters in this city Tuesday to elect a chairman and secretary to fill the vacancies caused by the resignation of Chairman R. W. Devoe and Secretary A. J. Dunlap.

After considerable discussion it was decided to let the vice chairman of the committee, Myron Learned of Omaha, act as chairman until the new committee is selected by the state convention. He was empowered to select a secretary.

Donor of Theater Tickets Proves to Be Burglar

New York, Feb. 24.—Mr. and Mrs. Philip Hunters of West New York, N. J., went to a theater Monday night and through the performance wondered who had sent them tickets marked "complimentary." When they returned home they discovered that the silverware, Mrs. Hunters' jewelry and other valuables were missing. They also found a note which read:

"Now you know who sent the tickets."

CRANE IS NAMED AMBASSADOR TO CHINESE NATION

Wilson Selects Man Taft Recalled After Nominating Him to Same Position.

Washington, Feb. 24.—Charles R. Crane of Chicago, business man, millionaire and world traveler, who was appointed minister to China by President Taft in 1909 and recalled while on the way to Peking for "talking too much," has been selected by President Wilson for the same position to succeed Dr. Paul Reinsch.

Mr. Crane was appointed minister to China by President Taft in September, 1909, and a month later, when in San Francisco on the eve of embarking, he was ordered back to Washington. The reason for the sudden change was not made public at the time. Mr. Crane professing ignorance of it, but diplomats in Washington began talking about his speeches and it began to leak out that someone was offended. It finally developed that a story appearing in a western newspaper accredited to Mr. Crane and representing him as attacking the Manchurian agreements between China and Japan were the real causes of his recall.

The story also appeared in the Japanese press and caused a considerable reaction in Japan over the supposed views of the new minister from the United States to China.

Universal Military Training Omitted From the Army Bill

Washington, Feb. 24.—Universal military training will be omitted from the house army reorganization bill and the subject of separate legislation at the next session of congress, beginning in December. This was agreed upon by republican leaders and Chairman Kahn of the house military committee, after two days of informal conference.

The agreement is looked upon as eliminating possibility of republican action in the house which might be interpreted as a stand on universal training in the coming presidential campaign and will leave the party's attitude a possible subject for consideration in framing the platform at the national convention in June.

Under the agreement, Chairman Kahn will appoint a special subcommittee friendly to universal training, to draft the training bill.

Not Enough Coffins To Bury Bodies of Dead in Petrograd

Helsingfors, Finland, Feb. 24.—Reports of serious living conditions at Petrograd have been received by Prof. Hermann Zeidler of Viborg, showing that typhus, cholera and influenza are taking a heavy toll of the depleted population. Professor Zeidler will have charge of the Russian Red Cross relief work at Petrograd when Russia is opened again to the outside world.

The reports state that up to January 15, deaths in Petrograd were reaching a total of 3,000 a day. The coffee factories could turn out only 1,000 coffins daily, and most of the bodies were being carried into the country on sleds and left in the snow.

"Living conditions are intolerable," said Professor Zeidler.

Wilson to Name Successor To Robert Lansing Today

Washington, Feb. 24.—President Wilson is expected to announce Wednesday his selection of a successor to Robert Lansing as secretary of state.

NANCY ASTOR MAKES HIT IN PARLIAMENT

In Maiden Speech in British Commons Urges Drastic Drink Reforms, But Does Not Ask for Prohibition.

OVERCOMES NERVOUSNESS AND SPEAKS WITH VIGOR

Cheers and Laughter Greet Her Witty Sallies and High Compliments Are Paid Her at Conclusion of Speech.

London, Feb. 24.—(By the A. P.)—Lady Astor made her maiden speech in parliament tonight during the course of an interesting debate on the subject of liquor control. She was warmly cheered and congratulated by many members.

Sir John Rees, unionist for East Nottingham, in a brilliant and witty speech, urged the removal of the existing war restrictions on the liquor trade, but his motion was talked out by Lady Astor and other opposing speakers.

"I know that strong forces are arrayed against me," she said, "and that there is a rod in pickle for me. But I shall be prepared to kiss the rod."

Lady Astor followed Sir John, and although at first she showed nervousness, was soon speaking with confidence and in a clear voice, which rang through the house to the large and friendly audience.

Supports Liquor Control. Lady Astor supported control of the liquor traffic, for which she pleaded strongly in the interests of the children.

"I am aware," she said, "that this country does not desire prohibition and I am not working for that. I am certain that the country is ripe for drastic drink reforms and I want to see that the drink submarine does not torpedo the prime minister, and that he is master in his own house."

Cheers and laughter greeted this sally. Vigorously attacking Rees and his supporters and accusing them of constantly speaking during the past years against the drink control board, she exclaimed amid cheers:

"What did they do during the great war? Have they not a pretty record?"

Pervent Appeal for Reform. Lady Astor concluded with a fervent appeal for reform, saying: "Drink promises everything, but gives nothing, and I beg the house not to look upon me as either a crank or a fanatic, because I am only trying to speak for thousands of women and children who cannot speak for themselves."

In the course of the subsequent debate Lady Astor was warmly complimented by both Sir Donald MacLean and the Rt. Hon. Herbert A. Fisher of the war ministry for her courageous and brilliant speech.

Mr. Fisher, in behalf of the government, explained the impossibility of returning to conditions before the war, and said that the only alternative was a new bill which must be carefully considered by the house.

Priest Makes a New Effort for Cole; Says Man Never Had 'Trial'

Lincoln, Feb. 24.—(Special.)—Attorney J. M. Priest, acting for Attorney B. Cole, is filing in the district court of Howard county a coram nobis, setting forth that Cole never had a trial and that he was given no chance to appeal, because Attorney Wall threw up the job without making an appeal and as a result he cannot get into the supreme court, there being no bill of exceptions in the matter.

He calls attention to Section 9130 of the statutes, which states that a man is entitled to a trial on a plea of guilty and he wants a chance to get into the supreme court some way so that he can make a showing.

NORFOLK LAWYER CANDIDATE FOR BIG CONVENTION



Charles H. Kelsey Will Run for Republican Delegate-at-Large—Favors Pershing.

Charles H. Kelsey, prominent attorney of Norfolk, Neb., announced yesterday that he will be a candidate for election as delegate-at-large to the republican national convention.

Mr. Kelsey pledged himself to support the primary choice of Nebraska republicans for the nomination. Personally, he said, he will vote for General Pershing because he believes him entitled to the presidency by service and ability.

Particular interest attaches to Mr. Kelsey's candidacy because he was a student at the University of Nebraska during the time when Pershing, then Lieut. "Jack" Pershing, was commandant of cadets and student of law.

In 1895, Mr. Kelsey began the practice of law at Neligh. In 1911 he moved to Norfolk.

Nebraskans Expect Victory. "Republicans of Nebraska are discussing the identity of their next presidential candidate with the thought that their man is going to be nominated and elected," said Mr. Kelsey.

"Everyone wants a big man for president, one who by training and experience is qualified to meet the big political and big problems of the country, one who by nature and ability can work with and through the big men for the national good."

"There is a growing sentiment that General Pershing best meets the occasion. He is the man best qualified to take care of our interests in European and foreign affairs. He has demonstrated his ability as an organizer and executive. He can not only boss the job but he can cooperate with others and hold their loyal and faithful service to the common cause. All that he has proved."

Would Suit the West. "Pershing's plans enabled the allies to win the war in 1918 instead of going over to 1919 and thereby he saved the lives of tens of thousands of American boys."

"Nebraska especially is proud of Pershing and will honor the 10,000 Nebraska soldiers of the world war by selecting their commander as their candidate."

Mr. Kelsey declares that, if elected, he will vote for the candidate who is the choice of the primary and will keep on voting for that choice as long as there is a chance for nomination.

"If the time comes," he said, "when the first choice cannot win, then I shall co-operate with the other Nebraska delegates to use our best judgment and get the man who will best suit the west."

Hot Fight Between Wood and Harding Looming in Ohio

Columbus, O., Feb. 24.—With announcement of former Attorney General Edward C. Turner as a candidate for delegate-at-large to the republican national convention naming Gen. Leonard Wood as his first choice for president, a sharp contest between United States Senator W. G. Harding of Ohio and General Wood for control of Ohio's 48 delegates is looming.

Senator Harding's selection of former Common Pleas Judge Thomas M. Bigger and Henry A. Williams as delegates from the Twelfth (Columbus) district followed announcement of Turner and Common Pleas Judge E. B. Kinkead as candidates.

Both Bigger and Williams filed as candidates for delegates today, with Harding first choice.

No Excitement Attends Arrival of Officers in Rum Revolt District

Iron River, Mich., Feb. 24.—Major A. V. Dalrymple, prohibition enforcement officer, and his assistants arrived from Chicago tonight to clear up alleged violations of the prohibition law, but took no action. There was no excitement, local officers not meeting the federal officers, who went to a hotel while a crowd of curious citizens looked on quietly.

Major Dalrymple sent the following telegram to John Kramer, prohibition commissioner at Washington:

"Recent citizens of northern Michigan are outraged at the conduct of McDougal and his cohorts. If we expect to enforce prohibition we must prosecute this case to the bitter end."

Leo J. Grove, the prohibition agent who reported the alleged prohibition revolt to Major Dalrymple at Chicago, has search warrants for 10 places in Iron county, and the federal agents are planning a drive to clean up the entire district, one of the most isolated in the mining section of the upper peninsula.

"I anticipate no trouble in Iron county," Major Dalrymple said, "I expect to arrest the men we want, place them in jail and seize any stills and contraband liquor we can locate, and leave Iron county a clean and law-abiding place. We are taking precautions in case we should meet resistance during our work, but that does not mean that we expect a fight."

The "precautions" Major Dalrymple described include the issuing of 600 rounds of ammunition to the federal agents.

Mt. Holyoke Freshmen Class Elects Omaha Girl Its President



Jean Kennedy

South Hadley, Mass., Feb. 24.—(Special.)—At the election of officers held by the freshman class at Mt. Holyoke college here Tuesday evening, Miss Jean G. Kennedy of Omaha was chosen class president by a unanimous vote.

More interest was shown in the 1923 election than in any previous freshmen class election in the history of Mt. Holyoke.

GROGERS FIRE BROTHERHOODS OPENING GUN IN FIGHT ON H. C. L. VETO RAIL BILL

Washington, Feb. 24.—Railroad labor decided tonight to ask President Wilson to veto the railroad reorganization bill.

In a memorial to be submitted probably late tomorrow the representatives of the 2,000,000 union workers will request the president to withhold his signature from the measure until they can present a brief of their reasons why it should not have executive approval.

The announcement was made by B. M. Jewell, acting president of the railway employees' department, American Federation of Labor, who with E. J. Manion, president of the Order of Railroad Telegraphers, and Timothy Shea, acting president of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Engineers, will draft the communication.

Knowledge of the president's intention to have Attorney General Palmer pass on the validity of the measure did not deter the union leaders from their determined course of action. Their claims of inequity against the legislation were expressed in a letter to the president.

Stock Market Again Very Much Unsettled; Stocks Go Downward

New York, Feb. 24.—The stock market was again very much unsettled Tuesday, all classes of issues, except rails, breaking from 3 to 15 points. Renewal of liquidation was largely prompted by last week's poor showing of the local federal reserve bank, with reserves below legal requirements and another reaction in foreign exchange which canceled the greater part of the recent recovery.

The day was not without its favorable incidents, notably the January statement of the country's foreign trade, which disclosed a gain of almost \$50,000,000 dollars over the preceding month and an abundance of call or demand loans at 6 per cent.

Buying of rails of the secondary or reorganized groups was again on an extensive scale, at extreme advances of 1 to 4 points, but this advantage was dissipated in the final hour, when liquidation was at its height. Sales aggregated 1,200,000 shares.

Woman Delegate Ineligible To Convention, Is Opinion

Bismarck, N. D., Feb. 24.—Miss Minnie J. Nielson, state superintendent of public instruction, who was nominated by a republican state convention here February 17 to be a delegate to the national convention at Chicago in June would be ineligible for the position if elected, according to an opinion given by Attorney General Langer at Miss Nielson's request.

The opinion quoted a state statute which declares no person is eligible for an "office" for which he is not an elector. The attorney general notes that North Dakota women are permitted to vote for presidential electors, but not for delegates.

Shift in Wind Saves Lipton's Yacht From Fire

New York, Feb. 25.—Fire which broke out shortly before last midnight at the Robert Jacobs shipyards at City Island destroyed the yachts Irolita and Mystery and three buildings. Sir Thomas Lipton's challenger for the America's cup, Shamrock IV, and the American yacht, Vanitie, were endangered by the flames, but were saved by a shift in the wind.

I. W. W. TRIAL TO BE POLICED BY SOLDIERS

Federal Troops Being Sent to Montezano Following Increased Drift of Radicals There and Fear of Trouble.

TO ARE BEING TRIED FOR ARMISTICE DAY MURDERS

Belief That Situation May Get Out of Control Results in Immediate Order for Forces to Leave Camp Lewis.

Montezano, Wash., Feb. 24.—(By The Associated Press.)—A request that federal troops be sent to Montezano, to remain during the remainder of the trial of alleged I. W. W. members accused of the Centralia Armistice day killings, will be made immediately by Governor Hart, Prosecuting Attorney Herman Allen announced.

Mr. Allen said he had telephoned the governor urging that a request for troops be made and that the governor had promised to make such request immediately to Lieut. Gen. Hunter Liggett, commanding the western department of the army, at San Francisco. Mr. Allen said the step was purely a precautionary one.

His recommendation, Mr. Allen said, was the result of what he termed an increasing drift of radicals to Montezano, now the focal point of I. W. W. interest, coupled with alleged vague rumors and threats which have reached the ears of counsel for the state.

Desires to Preserve Peace. Allen's action is dictated, he said, by the desire of the state to preserve peace and to insure a fair trial, protecting the interests of both the prosecution and the defense. Since the trial opened here on January 26, according to Allen, there has been rumors of trouble, even of armed intervention in behalf of the 10 defendants. However, no evidence of trouble has yet been noted.

"We have reason to believe that most of the rumors of impending trouble are idle and unfounded," Allen said today. "At the same time it is certain that no harm can come by taking the proper steps to anticipate and forestall any possibility of serious friction. If troops are sent in response to our request their presence in Montezano will be to protect the interests of the defense as well as the prosecution."

Situation Is Grave. San Francisco, Feb. 24.—Col. Edward Wittenmeyer, chief of staff under General Liggett, tonight said Governor Hart's telegram declared it was feared the situation at Montezano might pass beyond the control of local and state authorities and that it asked for the sending of troops to Montezano at once.

Troops Leave Today. Tacoma, Wash., Feb. 24.—A detachment of federal troops will leave for Montezano, W. Va., where alleged Industrial Workers of the World are on trial on murder charges arising from the Centralia Armistice day slayings, early Wednesday, it was announced tonight at Camp Lewis, near here.

The announcement was made by Maj. Gen. John F. Morrison, in command of Camp Lewis, who said the action resulted from a request of Gov. Louis F. Hart. The exact strength of the detachment, which will be from the 35th infantry, was not disclosed.

Women Want Larger Recognition in National Educational Affairs

Cleveland, Feb. 24.—A fight for larger recognition of women in national educational affairs developed at a meeting of the women delegates of the superintendence department of the National Educational Association. A protest was made against the small representation of women on the major programs of the convention and indignation was expressed at what was termed the failure to recognize the growing prominence of women in educational affairs.

An attack on political "bossism" as it affects public schools was made in resolutions adopted by the national society for the study of education after a discussion of the political wrangle in Chicago in which the action of the board of education of that city in appointing Charles J. Chadsey, formerly of Detroit, as superintendent, was finally carried into the courts.

Want Suffrage Submitted To a State Referendum

Oklahoma City, Feb. 24.—A message from anti-suffrage leaders announcing their purpose of submitting a concurrent resolution in the house of representatives Wednesday asking that ratification of the woman suffrage amendment be submitted to a state referendum during the primary election, August 3, was read in the house Tuesday afternoon. Telegrams opposing ratification were received from Mrs. Rufus M. Gibbs, president of the Maryland association opposed to woman suffrage, Mabel G. Millard, president of the Iowa Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage, and from the National Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage, and to both bodies of the legislature.

Hourly Temperature table with columns for time and temperature.

The Weather forecast table with columns for location and weather conditions.