

Hourly temperatures table with columns for time and temperature.

MAY PROVE EX-KAISER A CRIMINAL LUNATIC.

Manchester, England, Jan. 10.—The Manchester Guardian hints that a solution of the difficulty with regard to the trial of the former German emperor will be found.

The ex-kaiser will be summoned to trial before an allied commission and if he does not answer—it is possible he may not—he will be tried in his absence, the newspaper says. "By this course his full guilt will be made manifest to the world by the testimony of witnesses, including Germans, his correspondence and other documents. Sentence cannot be pronounced and if it cannot be executed it will, at any rate, be on record. Possibility is that on evidence available from Germany and Holland, the ex-kaiser will be proved a criminal lunatic."

BAR AND FOOT RAIL IN NEW TEAROOM.

New York, Jan. 10.—A tearoom with a regular bar and a shiny foot rail, rescued from a notorious saloon of bygone days, was opened on the Bowery by the Salvation Army. Every known brand of drinks of no alcoholic content will be served. Attached to the tearoom is a cafeteria.

PRISONERS NOT PUNISHED BUT GIVEN VACATION.

Chicago, Jan. 10.—The recent hanging in the Cook county jail in view of 200 prisoners was commented by Edwin W. Sims in his annual report as president of the Chicago crime commission. The report pointed out that there were 300 murders and 10,000 thefts in Chicago in 1919.

"If we are to cope successfully with the problem of reducing crime in Chicago, we must understand the criminal," said Mr. Sims. "There has been too much meddling by well-meaning people who do not understand crime."

"We have been providing criminals with flowers, libraries, athletics, hot and cold running water, special visiting, paroles and pardons until what was previously intended as punishment is no longer punishment, but a vacation."

MOTHER FINDS DENTIST KILLED BY HATCHET.

New York, Jan. 10.—The body of J. D. Hanania, a dentist, who had been murdered with a hatchet, was found in his office by his mother.

A man recently released from Sing Sing prison on parole after serving a term for a murderous assault on a member of the dentist's family, is sought by the police. They learned that a man answering the description of the convict was seen climbing down a fire escape of the building shortly before the body was found.

LUIGI LOST HIS WIFE BUT WON \$80,000.

Chicago, Jan. 10.—When Luigi Curci lost his wife, Amelia Galli-Curci through divorce, he gained \$80,000, it became known. When the court granted Mrs. Galli-Curci her decree, the prima donna made a final settlement of \$80,000 to Luigi for any and all property they might have held together in Italy or elsewhere.

"I paid him," Amelia said, "and called it, like you say, quits. I'm happy now and I'm going to be a real American."

Mrs. Galli-Curci made application for citizenship papers at the federal building and gave Chicago as her place of residence.

YOUNGSTER KILLED IN JUVENILE FEUD.

Los Angeles, Cal., Jan. 10.—Jean Belacour, 13 years old, was shot and killed at Vernon, a suburb, as the result of the police said, of a juvenile feud centering about rights of rival gangs to a junk pile in the bed of the Los Angeles river.

Belacour was playing with other youngsters near the junk pile when one of two boys who had jumped off a passing truck, according to the police, fired at him with a small rifle. Belacour fell dead with a bullet through his heart and the two boys fled. The police said there had been exchanges of threats to kill between the two cliques.

"MYSTERIOUS MR. SMITH" MYSTERIOUS NO MORE.

Boston, Jan. 10.—George Eastman Rochester, N. Y., is the "Mysterious Mr. Smith" who has given, or pledged, \$11,000,000 to Massachusetts Institute of Technology. The secret of more than seven years' standing was revealed by President Richard C. MacLaurin of the institute.

BOOTLEGGERS LIABLE FOR RESULTS OF SALES.

New York, Jan. 10.—United States Attorney Caffey issued another prohibition warning. He pointed out that after the prohibition amendment goes into effect a week from today, "any person who shall be injured in person, property, means of support or otherwise by any intoxicated person or by reason of the intoxication of any person" will have a right to bring suit for damages against the individual who sold the liquor to the person who caused the trouble. This clause in the law is expected to serve as a deterrent to "bootleggers."

SLICED EAR RETRIEVED AND SEWED ON AGAIN.

Chicago, Jan. 10.—Frank Glavin, a returned soldier, retrieved his right ear from the street after it had been sliced off by one of two bandits and took it to a physician, who sewed it in place. Glavin announced that the robbers failed to get his money or his ear.

ABRAHAM RUEF POLITICAL BOSS IS FARDONED.

Sacramento, Cal., Jan. 10.—Abraham Ruef, former political boss, convicted in San Francisco of bribery, was granted a pardon by Gov. William D. Stephens. This automatically restores to Ruef the rights of citizenship.

GERMANY AT PEACE WITH OUR ALLIES

Ratifications of the Treaty of Versailles Exchanged Saturday Despite Rumors of Further Postponement.

HOPE AMERICA SOON WILL RATIFY TREATY

Baron Von Lersner Declares Germany Ready and Determined to Execute All Terms of Agreement.

Paris, Jan. 10.—(By the Associated Press.)—Ratifications of the treaty of Versailles were exchanged and peace between Germany, France, Great Britain and the other allied and associated powers, with the exception of the United States, became effective at 4:16 this afternoon. There were 11th hour rumors of a further postponement, but these proved to be groundless.

The outstanding comment to-night on the ceremony is that it leaves the United States the only power which was actively at war with Germany not now on a peace basis. That was the note sounded by Baron Kurt von Lersner, head of the German peace delegation in a statement to the Associated Press, immediately after the ceremony.

"I am naturally happy that peace has finally become effective," Baron von Lersner said. "My great regret is that the United States is the only country with which Germany is still in a state of war. I hope, however, that this situation will soon be changed."

Heavy Sacrifice Imposed.

"Execution of the treaty of Versailles imposes upon Germany the heaviest sacrifice ever borne by a nation in modern times. We lost in the west and in the east territories that belonged to Prussia for many centuries. We have assumed enormous economic obligations. Nevertheless, I am glad that peace is at last established because it will give back to Germany her beloved sons still prisoners abroad."

Asked as to the execution of the terms of the treaty, Baron von Lersner declared that Germany was ready and determined to do her utmost. He continued:

"We have already, even without being obliged by the terms of the treaty, delivered a considerable quantity of products, including 2,500,000 tons of coal, to France and I can say that Germany will go to the utmost limit of possibility in fulfilling all the obligations she has incurred. It will mean hard times for Germany, but with the recovery of our ardor for labor and production we hope to meet every emergency."

Economic Difficulties.

"The recovery of our economic prosperity is as much to the interest of the entente as it is to us, on account of the great economic difficulties that threaten all Europe. It is obvious, speaking chiefly of France, that her economic prosperity depends upon the economic recovery of Germany."

Baron von Lersner said he had several very satisfactory conferences with Louis Loucheur, French minister of reconstruction, regarding the resumption of trade relations between Germany and France and added that he hoped the European nations, working together, would solve the great economic problems. The most thorny remaining problem appeared to Von Lersner to be the question of the extradition of a considerable number of German officers and soldiers to be tried for crimes alleged to have been committed during the war.

Discuss Extradition Question.

"I do not want to give up all hope," continued Baron von Lersner, "that among the allies the conviction will finally prevail that by availing themselves strictly of rights conceded in the treaty for the extradition of those accused, they may cause the greatest consequences, not only for Germany, but for quiet and order in Europe, generally. We pointed out two months ago, very frankly to the allies the harmful consequences that might ensue if their right to demand extradition should be executed literally. At the same time we submitted written suggestions for the solution of the delicate problem."

The principal features of this proposition were that Germany would undertake to arraign before the supreme court of Germany all (Continued on Page Two, Column One.)

Piracy of Trade Marks

Abroad Can Be Stopped. Washington, Jan. 10.—Attempted piracy of American trade marks in foreign countries can be frustrated, according to Chauncey P. Carter of Washington, trade mark expert, formerly assistant to the chief of bureau of commerce, who said that the international convention of industrial property could be invoked to cancel fraudulent registration.

MINISTERS WILL MEET TO PLAN AID FOR THRIFT WEEK

Complimentary Dinner Will Be Given Monday at University Club.

The largest gathering of ministers of the gospel ever arranged in Omaha is scheduled for tomorrow evening at the University club, when practically every preacher, priest, rabbi and minister in the city will come together at a complimentary dinner given by the Omaha thrift committee to the churches of the city.

At the speakers' table will be Archbishop John J. Hartz of the Roman Catholic diocese of Omaha, Bishop E. V. Shaylor of the Episcopal church, the Rev. A. A. De Larne, president of the Omaha Ministerial union, Rabbi Frederick Cohn of Temple Israel and other prominent churchmen.

Churches Endorse Move.

The gathering has been arranged in order that the churches may decide upon the best course they can pursue to get behind "national thrift week," which will be celebrated in Omaha from January 17 to January 24. The leading churches of the city have already endorsed the movement and Monday evening's meeting has been called with their approval so that concerted action can be taken by the churches of all denominations and creeds in the city.

Speakers for the evening will be D. C. Buell, chairman of the thrift committee, who will outline the general position of thrift week; Osmond T. Eastman, manager of the Federal Reserve bank, who will give the government point of view; Ed F. Leary, whose subject will be, "Thrift Thought"; John W. Gamble, president of the Chamber of Commerce, who will point out the advantage of thrift in a community; W. M. Jeffers, general manager of the Union Pacific railroad, "Interest of Employers and Employees in Thrift."

Invitations have been issued to every churchman in the city and all day Saturday members of Boy Scout troop No. 42 were busy delivering these invitations to the ministers.

All Are Invited.

In connection with the delivery of the invitations, Chairman Buell yesterday said: "We are sending these invitations to every minister of every creed and every denomination in the city. Through lack of time it is possible some have been overlooked. But the invitation is to every minister and we want them all. Any one who does not receive his invitation by Monday noon will confer with the committee office by telephoning the committee office, Douglas 5957, when a special delivery messenger will be sent them with their invitation."

Dinner Will Be Served at 6:15 and the addresses will be started as soon as the banquet is out of the way.

10 DAYS' BATTLE AGAINST STORM PROVES FATAL

Two Dead, Third Dying and Mother and Son in Critical Condition, Toll of Elements.

Craig, Col., Jan. 10.—Two dead, a third dying and a mother and son in a critical condition from hunger and exposure was the net result of a 10-days' battle against the elements, news of which was brought here from the Uintah mountain country in Utah, northeast of Vernal.

Frank Hicks, owner of the Hicks saw mill on Diamond mountain, and Oliver P. Hanford, his neighbor, died while trying to reach Vernal, 38 miles from his home, to get food and medicine for Hicks' wife and young son.

Francisco Soile, Mexican laborer, may die as a result of his faithful,ness to his employer and Mrs. Hicks and son are in a Vernal hospital suffering from cold and hunger of many days, when they subsisted on a meager supply of beans and the bristles of a goat which the mother killed.

Father Accused of Murdering His Child With Poisoned Candy

Alliance, Neb., Jan. 10.—Lawrence Lackey under arrest here charged with the murder of his 7-year-old daughter by giving her poisoned candy. It is alleged the child after eating the candy complained it was bitter. A post-mortem examination disclosed the presence of strychnine in the stomach.

Lackey will be given a preliminary examination next Monday. His wife was granted a divorce from him several months ago, since which time the daughter has been making her home with the mother of the accused.

According to the complaint, Lackey proffered two other little girls candy at the time he gave the piece to his daughter, but they refused to eat it.

MURDERER'S LAST HOPE IS NOW GONE

Governor McKelvie Will Not Stop Electrocuting of Cole and Grammer Set for Next Friday at Lincoln.

RULES FAIR TRIAL HAS BEEN GRANTED TO BOTH

Men Sentenced for Death of Mrs. Lulu Vogt in 1917 Lose Hardest Fought Battle for Life in History of Nebraska.

Lincoln, Neb., Jan. 10.—(Special)—Governor McKelvie today refused to grant clemency to Alton B. Cole and Allen V. Grammer, youths under sentence of death by electrocution, next Friday for the murder of Mrs. Lulu Vogt in 1917. His official statement follows:

"In the matter of Alton B. Cole and Allen V. Grammer, convicted of murder and sentenced to death, I have reviewed the case very carefully and am convinced that these men are guilty."

"Also, I am assured that their legal rights have been properly safeguarded and any irregularities that may have occurred in the handling of the case, have not been prejudicial to their interests. "Therefore, and in spite of my own sentiment regarding capital punishment, I shall not interfere with the order of the court."

"This statement is final, so far as I am concerned, and I trust that it may be so regarded by all."

Displays No Emotion.

When Warden Fenton was notified and entered the death cell at the prison, he spoke in a quiet voice and strove to prepare the two men for the news he had. "I have some bad news for you," he began.

"What is it?" asked Cole quickly. "The governor will not interfere in your behalf. You must go to the chair on the 16th."

Grammer's face twitched perceptibly for a second, and he swallowed once or twice with difficulty. He at first appeared about to speak, but made no sound. Cole, the younger of the two men, showed no signs of emotion whatever. He looked Warden Fenton squarely in the eye, with lips tightly closed.

"What do you expect to do?" Cole was asked.

"I don't know what else can be done," replied the doomed man after an instant's hesitation. He spoke with some difficulty, "I have but little hope for myself now," he added in a low voice.

"Have you anything to say relative to the crime of which you were convicted?"

"Nothing further than what I have said. So far as is known, I have made no formal profession of religion, though the prison records show he was received at the penitentiary as a Methodist."

Cole has been seriously engaged in the study of Christian science for several months and declares he will go to the electric chair supported by that faith alone.

Cole was asked what he wanted to say about going to the chair.

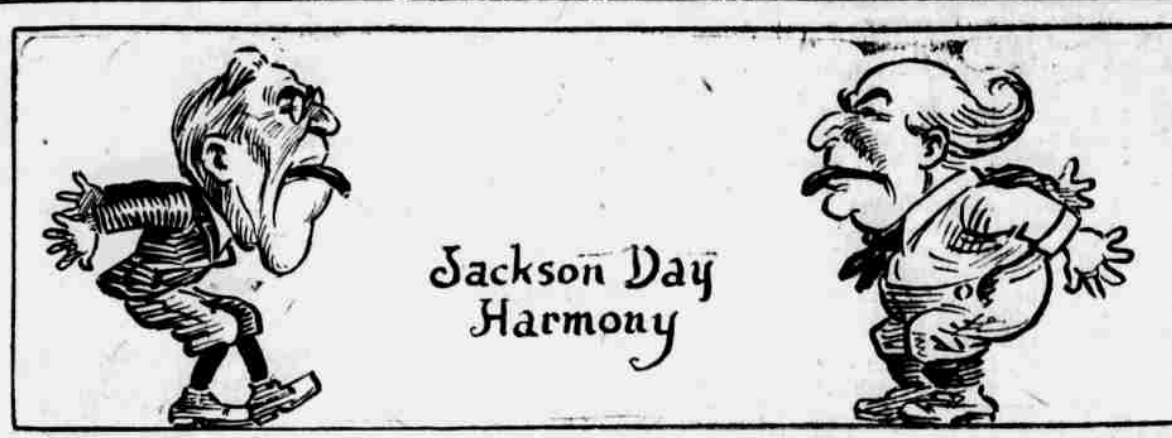
"What's the use of getting scared?" he asked with boyish frankness. "It's something that's got to come to everybody, anyhow. And in this case we know when it is coming," he added grimly. "It may come to the fellow outside most any time."

Cole Tells of Religion.

"Do you believe in any religious faith?" he was asked.

"Yes," he answered gravely. "I believe in the Christian religion, and in Christ. I will put my trust in Christ in this case. If permitted to live I will live under His guidance, and if I have to die I will go to my death under the same guidance. I have not only said that," he continued with marked earnestness, "but I have made my actions show it since this trouble came upon me."

The Passing Show of 1920



INCREASE IN PAY GRANTED UNION BRICKLAYERS

New Scale of \$1.12 1-2 Starts Monday—Another 12 1-2c Increase April 1.

Union bricklayers and contractors of the city reached an agreement yesterday afternoon and the men will return to work Monday morning on contracting jobs now under operation in the city.

Nearly 200 bricklayers met at the Labor Temple, sixteenth street and Capitol avenue, at 3 yesterday afternoon and decided to offer to the contractors the proposition that beginning Monday morning the wage scale be increased 12-2 cents an hour, making the rate of pay \$1.12 an hour, and that on April 1 an additional increase of 12-1-2 cents be given, which would make their pay \$1.25 an hour.

This offer was accepted by the Employers association, which was holding a meeting at its headquarters, 122 Harney street.

The bricklayers contended that the new scale is already being paid in a number of cities and that \$1.25 is necessary to enable them to earn a living wage, due to such broken time.

Man Who Lost Memory Identified by His Son As Dr. John L. Brand

Philadelphia, Pa., Jan. 10.—The man referred to as "Professor X," suffering from loss of memory at Lambertville, N. J., today was identified as Dr. John L. Brand.

The identification was made by his son, Lieutenant Commander Charles L. Brand.

Dr. Brand's home is in Worcester, Mass. He has been missing three years.

He was unable to recognize his son when the latter approached him and said, "Don't you know me, father?"

Johns Hopkins Building Badly Damaged by Fire

Baltimore, Jan. 10.—Fire badly damaged the pathological building of the Johns Hopkins hospital group. A number of rare specimens were removed by physicians. A general alarm of fire was sounded and the flames were kept from spreading to the other hospital buildings.

CHARGE CRIME SYNDICATE IS AIDING FINNS

New Evidence Disclosed Delays Return of Alleged Benson Bank Bandits For Trial.

A national syndicate, backed by almost unlimited wealth and influence, is financing and engineering the fight against the extradition from St. Paul of Thomas McKay, alias George Finn, and Mike Finn, who are being held in the Minnesota city in connection with the recent \$150,000 robbery of the Farmers' and Merchants' bank at Benson, is the opinion of John T. Dunn, Omaha's chief of detectives.

Following the publication in The Bee yesterday afternoon that 14 members of a powerfully organized gang of bank swindlers were being detained in New York, and that Chicago authorities were looking for their confederates in that city, Chief Dunn declared last night he believed eventually the recent Hayden Brothers and Benson bank robberies would be traced back to sources revealing that these two gigantic crimes were initiated by a syndicate of crooks, feared and dreaded by the police departments of the principal cities of the east and middle-west.

Have Powerful Machine.

The boldness with which the bandits have been acting and the success which has crowned the efforts of notorious criminals and attorneys to gain their freedom, when apprehended and accused of serious crimes, is taken to mean that powerful influences are being brought to bear to thwart the ends of justice.

Supplementing the statement of John Louis, representing a New York syndicate concern, given yesterday in Chicago, charging that (Continued on Page Two, Column Four.)

Negro Seriously Hurt When Struck by Car Of Police Department

As the police emergency automobile was speeding south on Sixteenth street in answer to a call, with the siren sounding all the way from Jackson street to Leavenworth, J. E. Nipp, 2677 Harris street, drove his car in front of the police car and chauffeur Frank Haley in an effort to avoid an accident turned the car completely around on the slippery street.

The car struck Sam Lewis, negro, 32 years old, living at 2415 Seward street, and he suffered a fractured skull and possibly a broken ankle. He also received several bruises and scratches.

Witnesses completely vindicated the police driver for the accident and stated that Nipp was at fault for endeavoring to cross the street. The skillful manipulation of the police car by Haley saved the car from plunging into the Hort drug store on the southwest corner of Sixteenth and Leavenworth streets.

BLUFFS GROCER IS WOUNDED BY THREE BANDITS

Defense of Customers and Cash May Cause Death of John B. Judd.

Three masked bandits shot and probably fatally wounded John B. Judd, 1606 High street, Council Bluffs, when he attempted to defend himself and customers in his grocery store at 212 Sixteenth avenue from being held up about 10 last night.

The three holdups entered the store and ordered Mr. Judd and the customers to put up their hands. When Mr. Judd raised his hands they held a meat cleaver and one of the men was felled by a blow on the side of the head. One of his companions instantly shot Mr. Judd and they escaped without obtaining any loot.

The shot entered Mr. Judd's body above the heart and at the hospital it is reported his condition is critical. Physicians entertain small hopes for his recovery. He is about 60 years old and has been in business in Council Bluffs for a number of years.

Customers and employees of the store were able to give but a meager description of the bandits and police have been unable to apprehend them. They are reported to be about 19 or 20 years old and wore long overcoats and caps.

Anti-Sedition Bill Is Passed by Senate; Now Goes to House

Washington, Jan. 10.—An anti-sedition bill, providing severe penalties for acts or propaganda advocating overthrow of the government by force or violence, was passed by the senate without a record vote. The measure now goes to the house.

Under an amendment to the bill proposed by Senator Borah, republican, Idaho, and accepted by the senate, persons having radical literature excluded from the mails may secure a hearing before any federal court and thus avoid the delay and expense of bringing suit in Washington against the postmaster general.

Senator Borah reiterated his objection that the bill would give the Postoffice department press censorship powers, but Senator Walsh, democrat, Montana, declared the measure would affect only propaganda and activities in which use of violence to overthrow the government was advocated.

Discredit Report Ship Hits Mine and Sinks

Buenos Aires, Jan. 10.—The Italian local agents of the Italian steamer Principessa Mafalda discredit a report that the steamer struck a mine and sunk. They say the vessel left Buenos Aires on December 31, with a large passenger list of Argentinians and touched at Rio Janeiro, January 5. The agents said the steamer can hardly have reached Dakar and think it improbable it would encounter a mine in that vicinity.

PRESIDENT WON'T SEEK THIRD TERM

Friends Close to Chief Executive Assert He Will Not Even Consider White House Incumbency Again.

BRYAN DENIES HE HAS SPLIT WITH CHIEFTAIN

"President and I Differ in Method and Not in Purpose," He Says—Thinks Treaty Compromise Will Be Reached.

Philadelphia, Jan. 10.—Attorney General A. Mitchell Palmer was quoted tonight by newspaper interviewers to the effect that persons in close touch with President Wilson are certain that he will not seek re-election.

"The president," Mr. Palmer is quoted as saying, "realizes that there is a certain sentiment throughout the country against a chief executive running for a third time and while he has not made any definite declaration that he will not be a candidate this year, his personal friends know he will not even consider it."

The peace treaty will be ratified with reasonable interpretations or with reservations, said Palmer, who attended a dinner of a Greek letter fraternity of Swarthmore college. "Call them what you will, they will not nullify the treaty and the document will be satisfactory, I personally believe, to President Wilson," he said.

Bryan Denies Split.

Chicago, Jan. 10.—William J. Bryan advocated "free and open discussion where concessions may be asked and given in the United States senate in an effort to reach compromise on the peace treaty in an address at the Iroquois club. Then, "if no compromise can be reached, we must acquiesce, for the present, with the republican majority vote."

He pronounced that in that case enough democratic votes be withdrawn to permit the republicans a constitutional two-thirds vote by which the treaty and league of nations covenant would be ratified with reservations, and allow "the people to pass judgment" at the polls.

Differ in Method.

Mr. Bryan emphatically stated that there had been no "split" in the democratic party and that such a conclusion should not be drawn from the addresses of himself and President Wilson at the Jackson day banquet.

"The president and I differ in method and not in purpose," he said. "The president's letter, read at Washington," continued Mr. Bryan, "contains words open to construction that indicate to me that compromise is possible. The president did well at Paris. He did more there than we could expect any man to do."

Mr. Bryan said his plan of compromise or the alternative of allowing the settlement of the treaty fight, said Mr. Bryan, "and am I to be told that I am separating from the president? I yield to no other citizen in my interest in the welfare of my country."

Country's Welfare at Heart.

"I am proposing the application of good old American principles to the settlement of this treaty fight," said Mr. Bryan, "and am I to be told that I am separating from the president? I yield to no other citizen in my interest in the welfare of my country."

Furthermore, I am a democrat, and I yield to no other democrat, not even the president himself, in my interest in the welfare of the party. There's no law requiring one to confer with a chief or a president before speaking his views. I wouldn't belong to a party which didn't recognize the citizen's right to speak."

"But this talk of party splits comes chiefly from the republicans who have reason to hope for a split. They know the significance of such a break. When it is all threshed over, it will be found that the president, myself and the great majority of the American people are in full accord on the purpose involved."

As to his own position in the coming presidential campaign, Mr. Bryan said:

I was not a candidate for president, but it seems to me that these issues are big enough to be considered on their own merits by those interested in securing the best things for the country."

1,000 Arrested in Chicago In Roundup of Criminals

Chicago, Jan. 10.—Approximately 1,000 persons were arrested Saturday in what the police said was the greatest roundup of criminals attempted in Chicago.

Police in plain clothes raided hundreds of pool rooms, cafes, saloons and other places. One man, an alleged robber, was shot and killed by police during the raids.