

EVIDENCE PROVES MEXICO PLOTTED U. S. REVOLUTION

Hoped to Seize Border States Acquired by America in Year 1848—Carranza Supported Radicals.

(Continued From Page One.)

two Atlantic ports; that a large number of American soldiers were preparing to take sides with them, and that they proposed to establish a capital of a reformed government of the United States in the state of Colorado; that when such a revolution was successful, the Mexicans rendering their assistance, the border states which were acquired by the United States under the treaty of 1848, would be returned to Mexico.

Secure Copies of Letters.

The three men referred to are the same, the memorandum states, as those mentioned by Carranza in letters of which the committee has secured photostatic copies. The first of these letters, dated June 3, and addressed to Manuel A. Aguirre, Berlanga, Mexican minister of Gobernacion, says:

"Senior Lino Caballo, bearer of this letter, is the person who, in company with two friends, will bring to you the manifestos and the plan which they desire to put into practice in the state of Texas.

"This plan being very favorable for Mexico, please aid them in every way and give the necessary instructions in the frontier states.

"I remain your affectionate friend,

"V. CARRANZA."

The second letter, dated August 19, and addressed to the same government official, follows:

"The present letter will be delivered to you by Mr. Juan N. Garcia and the two friends from Texas, who accompany him, and in accordance with our conversation, please give them the guarantee they solicit as well as the pecuniary assistance they may desire.

"I remain your friend affectionately,

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Mexico and Japan.

Other information secured by the committee and which it regards as reliable, indicates treaty negotiations between Mexico and Japan. The document in possession of the committee states that one high official of Mexico would communicate to another high official that "the treaty with Japan is coming along" and that the writer is convinced of the "great advantages" it would bring Mexico for its national integrity.

Reference is contained in another document to the support the Mexican government proposes to give German commercial initiative in Mexico.

Senator Fall's comment on the plan of revolution disclosed in the minutes of the Lodge meeting, is that it would appear "preposterous, ridiculous and so fantastic of itself to deserve little attention, were it not first, for the fact, that it is similar in all essentials to the plan of San Diego, which the only judicial tribunal passing upon the question was declared to have lacked support by armed forces through the state of war by V. Carranza in 1915, and second, were it not for the fact that the plan of San Diego itself antedating, and this present plan following, were and are in exact line with the note of June 19, 1917, from Zimmerman to Von Eckhardt, then ambassador from Germany to Mexico.

The Zimmerman Note.

"The Zimmerman note contained the paragraph: 'We (Germany) shall give general financial support (to Mexico), and it is understood that Mexico is to reconquer the lost territory in New Mexico, Texas and Arizona.'

In connection the memorandum called attention to the suggestion in the Zimmerman note, that Mexico communicate with Japan, suggesting adherence to the plan and offer her mediation between Japan and Germany.

The evidence in possession of the committee, Senator Fall informed the president, indicates that conditions now along the border are rapidly taking on the same char-

acter which had been assumed in our relations with Mexico prior and subsequent to the date fixed for the springings under the plan of San Diego.

The New Mexico senator supported his recent charges that radical literature advocating the soviet form of government was being distributed by the Mexican embassy and the consulates of Mexico in the United States by an account of the manner in which the information was secured. Carranza's copy of the booklet was procured from the embassy by mailing a request to the embassy, the senator said, adding that admission by the author, Arthur Thomson, that the Mexican government was aiding him in the distribution of his article and that it had secured from him several thousand copies, is contained in a letter in reply to one signed by a German name.

Carranza's Blue Book.

The committee, the memorandum said, had obtained possession of what President Carranza calls his "blue book." At various places in this book attention is called to the "oppressive policy" of the United States toward Mexico and stress is laid upon the assertion that President Carranza has resisted every such encroachment and in every instance "from the first proposed Niagara conference, down to and including the American protests as to nationalization of lands and other properties" that he has been successful by "refusing absolutely" to yield in any respect to the demands of this government.

The memorandum also contained a copy of a letter said to have been written by Carranza to Miss Hermila Galindo, who had written a book entitled "The Carranza Doctrine." The Mexican president's note to her concerned a second book which she said she wished her to write and with this in view he was sending her a copy of the "blue book," which he said would justify the attitude of his government in its "systematic hostility towards foreign speculators, especially Americans and English."

"Do not forget my injunction," Carranza wrote, "to describe in lively colors the toxicity of the American policy with relation to our country, causing the figure of Wilson to stand well out as the director of that policy."

ESTIMATES OF COAL STOCK IN OMAHA DIFFER

Coal Committee Denies Claim Of Commissioner Butler That There Are 1,000 Cars in Yards.

(Continued From Page One.)

Union Pacific tracks between Sixteenth street and Vinton street viaduct, 150 cars in Gibson yards and 200 cars in the north railroad yards," he said.

Worse Two Years Ago.

"Fuel men told me that this coal isn't being moved and I was also told that a trainload of coal has been on the Missouri Pacific tracks here for a week and the cars have not been separated."

"There is more coal in Omaha now than there was at this time two years ago and I can't see the necessity or sense of closing industries. I believe it is time that the city officials should get busy and obtain reliable information on just how much coal there is in Omaha."

State University Closed.

The University of Nebraska, which has been open on part time, was completely closed yesterday morning on account of coal shortage. "The Daily Nebraskan," the student publication of this institution, was suspended on account of lack of advertising.

Weather conditions seriously interfered with the regularity of street car traffic yesterday and caused much inconvenience for those who had to stand at chilly corners waiting for their cars.

First-hand information on just how much coal there is in Omaha was sought yesterday by the city council following reports that there are 500 cars standing in the railroad yards of Omaha. Mayor Smith said that a railroad man gave him this information yesterday morning. Men were sent out to make a check on the cars of coal in the railroad yards.

Wire from Denver.

It is believed that great quantities of coal are being consigned by the railroads. Commissioner Butler received word that two cars of coal for the municipal coal yards were shipped from the Colorado mines two weeks ago. Yesterday morning he received a telegram from Richard Grotte, chief clerk in his office, who went to Denver last week, stating that both cars had been consigned by the railroads.

Mayor Smith received a telegram from Peter Kooi, big coal operator in Sheridan, Wyo., stating that two-thirds of the output of the mines there is being used by the Burlington railroad.

According to the result of the mayor's investigation the quantity of cars but no coal, contrary to Governor McKelvie's statement last week that there was plenty of mined coal in Wyoming but no cars in which to move it.

Severe Weather Conditions.

Severe weather conditions prevailing yesterday throughout Nebraska, Wyoming and Colorado, had a direct bearing upon Omaha's coal situation. In the opinion of members of the terminal coal committee when they entered upon their second week of serious work yesterday morning, "This storm will have a direct effect upon Omaha," remarked H. L. Snyder, acting chairman of the committee, while waiting for the committee to meet.

Snow was reported along the lines of the Union Pacific and Burlington lines through Nebraska, Wyoming and Colorado, with slight winds and temperatures from zero to 15 degrees above zero. Trains are belated and wire trouble is reported from points in western Nebraska and Wyoming.

Colder Weather Coming.

The United States local weather bureau forecasts snow today. Nine degrees above zero was registered here at 7 yesterday morning and at 10 a. m. the temperature was 6 degrees above. The weather bureau reported a general snow over the state Sunday night and yesterday morning, with prospects of fresh northerly winds over Nebraska today. No heavy winds were reported in Nebraska yesterday morning.

L. A. Welsh, local weather forecaster, this afternoon stated that he expected the temperature will fall below zero in Omaha tonight.

Valentine, Neb., reported 6 degrees below yesterday morning and 2 above zero was reported by North Platte.

No additional receipts of coal from the Rock Springs district in southern Wyoming or the Sheridan fields in northern Wyoming were reported by the coal committee, which is following with keen interest developments from day to day in these districts whose production is of material interest to Omaha.

This committee is making a careful check today of the local situation, with a view of imposing more restrictive measures, as announced in a statement issued Saturday night.

All Mines Closed.

"The snow storm now raging in Wyoming and Nebraska is cutting off wire communications from the Rock Springs district in southern Wyoming, so that there is no recent information from that district. News received yesterday morning from the Sheridan coal fields in north Wyoming indicate that all mines are closed, due to a refusal of the miners in that district to return to work Monday morning.

"No advice has been received by the committee from Washington or Chicago which would change the present measure of conservation. In the event that the strike is ended the first effort of the committee will be to supply coal for use in the homes of Greater Omaha and Council Bluffs, after which, if the situation is improved, distribution of coal will be made to industries, so that workers may earn their livelihood.

Coal Receipts Dwindle.

The committee is of the opinion that under the most favorable circumstances now in sight, Omaha's coal receipts this week will be less than last week and it is stated that last week's receipts did not equal the consumption even under conservation.

Omaha's coal supply is being re-

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reckon with a return to the monarchy immediately or even soon.

"It can be assumed that the next elections will show a strong shift to the right (nationalist or conservative side), should this assumption prove correct, and we get a Buergerliche (bourgeois) majority in the reichstag—that is, a majority of the middle classes—then there is reason to believe the desire for the restoration of the monarchy will gradually become more general.

Plebiscite to Decide.

"In any case, and under all circumstances, the reintroduction of the monarchical system would have to be brought by a vote of all the German people, that is, by a plebiscite."

"Will the future monarchy, as conceived, differ from the old, and in what respects?" I asked.

"It is self-evident that the future monarchy will have to differ in many respects from the old regime," answered Colonel Bauer. "It will essentially be a democratic and constitutional monarchy, with responsible ministers—that is, similar to the one in Britain."

"For that matter, the power of the former monarchy has been much overrated. Many of the old catch words about our former monarchy, such as 'absolutism,' 'militarism' and 'junkier domination' are based upon ignorance of the real power of the kaiser and our inner political relations and governmental system. This must be clear to every one after unprejudiced study."

"Had the former monarchy really been as strong as it was generally credited with being, there certainly would have been no revolution."

"The future monarchy will be, of course, a really central power, but this centralized power will above all lie in the representatives elected by the people."

"As it assumed, then, that a monarchical government can more quickly reconstruct and build up Germany than the present form?" was my next question.

Can't Reconstruct Germany.

"The present German government can in no event reconstruct Germany," answered the spokesman of the German monarchists. "The present government is identified in the consciousness of the German people with the signing of the armistice and the Versailles treaty which forced upon us unfillable conditions."

"In addition, the realization and the conviction that our collapse was due to the undermining agitation of the social democrats during many years, is gaining ground among the German people."

"But quite apart from all this, it is not a popular government, but purely a party regime, and of exclusively social democratic tendencies. The ministers, not even Noske, can get away from their party, since it would mean the loss of all their following."

"On the other hand, it has been demonstrated that the social democratic principles transformed into practice demoralizes and ruins every state, for the reason that they are neither social nor democratic and lead to general corruption."

"Germany, which formerly was above all suspicion of corruption and graft, is now a hotbed of both. Out of these traits and characteristics of the social democratic system arose the splitting of the movement into communists and extremists on the one hand and the more sober, wiser and more moderate socialists on the other."

"The reconstruction of Germany is possible only by the co-operation of the moderate industrial working classes, the peasantry and civil service officialdom. All these desire a truly liberal constitution in the real democratic sense."

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Nebraska's low fuel supply was further reduced by temperatures that reached as low as 9 degrees below zero. Snow storms interfered with railroad traffic and all railroads operating from Denver to the east were experiencing great difficulties. Temperatures have already fallen to below zero over Wisconsin, northern Iowa, Minnesota, the Dakotas and other western states. The cold wave will spread southward during Tuesday and Wednesday to the Gulf of Mexico and Wednesday and Thursday generally east of the Mississippi river.

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There was much speculation tonight as to the terms of the proposal of President Wilson and widely different views were expressed. However, a preponderance of opinion favored reports that the proposal did not contemplate any advance in wages above the 14 per cent proposed by the government through Fuel Administrator Garfield at the close of the last joint conference of operators and miners in Washington, but contained provision for ap-

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Ice Firms Pool Coal.

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Omaha ice manufacturers yesterday agreed with the terminal coal committee to a conservation measure which they believe will reduce their coal consumption 50 per cent.

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By pooling their product with the municipal ice plant the ice needs of the city will be met until natural ice is cut, which it is believed will be soon.

It is estimated that this measure will effect a reduction of 50 per cent in the amount of coal now being consumed by these industries. Employees of the ice plants not operated will work at the plants which will be open.

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pointment of a commission to investigate and report on what is a just increase in wages.

Under this plan, it was believed, the miners would return to work at once at the 14 per cent advance and after final settlement be given the benefit of any increase above the 14 per cent by payment of back wages during the period intervening.

To Probe Reds.

Tacoma, Wash., Dec. 8.—Federal Judge E. E. Cushman called today a federal grand jury in line with the government policy of prosecuting radicals in this part of the state.

THOMPSON-BELDEN & COMPANY



His Gift

Isn't the hopeless problem that seems to overwhelm most people, and our Men's Shop simplifies the choosing of it by an offering including only the tasteful, the correct and thoroughly Metropolitan in haberdashery.

Good looking plaids, checks and two tones in any shade or quality, in silk or lisle hose.

Handkerchiefs of pure Irish linen, have hand-embroidered initials, and hand hemstitched hems, or borders of cord or tape. Colored ones as well, in linen or silk.

Gloves of all sorts, from heavy driving gauntlets to white gloves for evening wear.

To the left as you enter.

THOMPSON-BELDEN & COMPANY

Most Attractive Aprons

For Maids, for Nurses, for Office Wear

Maids' aprons in charming styles, come either long or short, with bibs. Simply hemmed and hemstitched aprons or daintily lace-trimmed styles are to be had, aprons at all prices.

Tea aprons of crisp dotted swiss or plain materials, have the most charming variations in the way of bibs and trimmings; they are priced from 75c to \$1.25.

Nurses' aprons with either fitted or full gathered skirts, and with or without bibs, are \$2.

Black sateen office aprons are \$1.50.

On the Second Floor.

Light and Heat Rules Of 1917 Are Restored

HEATING REGULATIONS.

(Continued From Page One.)

phone, telegraph or public utility companies are exempted.

Heating Regulations.

Only enough heat may be used in offices, stores, warehouses and manufacturing plants to keep the average temperature at 68 degrees Fahrenheit, and then only during the hours for which light is permitted. During other hours only enough heat is to be used to prevent freezing of water pipes or sprinkler systems.

In manufacturing plants or plants coming under power curtailment rules, heat (to 68 degrees Fahrenheit) will be allowed only during that time prescribed for use of power.

No manufacturing plant or factory shall be furnished bituminous coal or coke, or heat, light and power from bituminous coal or coke furnished by or through the United States fuel administration for operation in excess of this day a week, on the basis of present working hours. The exceptions are dairies, refrigerating plants, bakeries, plants for the manufacture of necessary food products, of necessary medicinal products, water works, sewage plants, printing plants for the printing of newspapers only, battery charging outfits in connection with plants producing light or power for telephone, telegraph or publicity companies.

Elevator service must be curtailed as much as possible in accordance with above regulations on use of heat, light and power.

Electric railways shall reduce schedules to minimum requirements of service under revised hours of heating, lighting and power as herein provided.

No heat shall be provided on electric cars during rush hours and heating during nonrush hours shall be curtailed as much as possible.

Electric railways and manufacturing plants, stores and offices are required to co-operate in arranging, within the provision of the order schedules, days and hours of work to permit the maximum utilization of transportation equipment.

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SEEKING TO REVERT TO THE MONARCHY IMMEDIATELY OR SOON.

(Continued From Page One.)

Thermometers on the streets at midnight last night registered 3 degrees below zero, the lowest mark the mercury has reached this year.

Automobilists railed at the day, they railed at the storm, they railed at their cars, and then called at the nearest garage to tow them in off the streets. One garage in the downtown district towed in 11 cars between 8 and midnight. Towing business in other garages was rushing.

Wearry street car patrons felt last night that their grief had reached the highest. When Old King Coal curtailed the already "punk" street car service, they didn't complain. But when a lusty young blizzard dropped in on them and curtailed still further the "already-curtailed-punk" service, they were rightly peeved.

Taxicabs were at a premium, but taxi service was little better than that of the street cars.

Every police officer is supposed to try the front and rear doors of each business house on his beat after closing hours. When a cop finds an open door he informs the owner at once by telephone and then stands guard until the owner arrives. Last night the quest for open doors was more spirited than it has been for months. The order of procedure on finding an open door, differed, however, from the regular course. An open door last night meant a refuge from the wind and cold and snow. Last night's open door list at central station was dozens more than ordinary.

A barrel of rubbish burning in the basement of the W. O. W. building at 6:30 brought several fire companies to the scene. No crowds gathered about the fire trucks.

Blizzard Is Raging Throughout the West

(Continued From Page One.)

temperatures in Missouri, Kansas, parts of Oklahoma and Texas, as well as eastern Colorado and Nebraska were said to be rapidly falling. Severe suffering among live stock is feared.

Nebraska's low fuel supply was further reduced by temperatures that reached as low as 9 degrees below zero. Snow storms interfered with railroad traffic and all railroads operating from Denver to the east were experiencing great difficulties. Temperatures have already fallen to below zero over Wisconsin, northern Iowa, Minnesota, the Dakotas and other western states. The cold wave will spread southward during Tuesday and Wednesday to the Gulf of Mexico and Wednesday and Thursday generally east of the Mississippi river.

Still Mum on Terms Of Coal Agreement

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taken and it was indicated that they expect a speedy settlement of the strike and resumption of work in the mines. It is believed that a statement by Ellis Searles, editor of the United Mine Workers Journal, to the effect that any proposal which met the approval of Mr. Lewis and Mr. Green would be endorsed by the executive board, reflected opinion among the miners generally.

Speculation on Proposal.

There was much speculation tonight as to the terms of the proposal of President Wilson and widely different views were expressed. However, a preponderance of opinion favored reports that the proposal did not contemplate any advance in wages above the 14 per cent proposed by the government through Fuel Administrator Garfield at the close of the last joint conference of operators and miners in Washington, but contained provision for ap-

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duced, the committee reports, and as long as that condition obtains, a stricter policy of conservation requirements will be imposed.

Distress Increases.

Continued wintry weather and the closing of industries are revealing an increasing number of cases of distress.

"I wouldn't care so much if I didn't have a wife and two children at home," said an applicant for work at the city free employment bureau yesterday morning. "One of the kiddies is 7 months old and I have to get work," and "I have to get work," he added.

"We receive appeals from more than 45 destitute families every day, in addition to many other cases of the usual class," said Mrs. G. W. Deane of the Associated Charities.

"Many of these families who are now asking us for relief are absolutely destitute, without food or fuel and in some instances they are in need of warm clothing for their children. A mother told me Monday morning that she and her husband and four children have been eating only one meal a day and that they held out as long as they could before applying to charity for the first time."

Children Need Clothing.

"The saddest case we had Monday," said Maj. Frank McCormick of Volunteers of America, "was that of a mother, father and five children, the oldest child being less than 9 years old. The father has been working four hours a day and the mother is ill. The children all need warm clothing."

A woman applied at the Volunteers of America yesterday morning for aid to help a sick husband and three children who are less than 6 years old.

A deaf and dumb man also applied to Major McCormick for assistance.

"There will be no further curtailment of schedules for at least the next few days," said R. A. Leussler, general manager of the street railway company. "We are hoping that the miners will return to work this afternoon and if they do not, then we will not anticipate any further reduction of our service. Street car service will be resumed to normal conditions as fast as fuel conditions warrant."

Receive Fuel Oil.

The Nebraska Power company's report yesterday stated that this public utility can operate at least 10 days, under restricted conditions, and with present fuel supplies. The company received eight cars of fuel oil Sunday and yesterday, which will be the plant an advance oil supply for the first time during the coal emergency. During the last week conservation measures observed in homes resulted in a reduction of 5 per cent in the demands for electrical energy produced at this plant.

Ice Firms Pool Coal.

Ice yesterday was seven inches thick on the lakes near Omaha and in the event that cold weather continues 10-inch ice will be available soon.

At a conference yesterday manufacturers producing ice for the preservation of food agreed with the coal committee to pool their supply of ice, which will result in the closing of four plants now operated by coal-made steam.

Omaha ice manufacturers yesterday agreed with the terminal coal committee to a conservation measure which they believe will reduce their coal consumption 50 per cent.

The Storz Beverage and Ice company and the City Ice company have closed their ice plants and the Omaha Ice and Cold Storage company and the People's Ice company have each closed one of their plants.

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BIG DOLL FREE

HAS REAL CURLY HAIR



Can You Solve the Dolly Puzzle?

In the picture of Dolly on the left are a number of hidden faces. See how many you can find. Some are looking at you—some stare side of faces—you'll find them upside down; in the folds of Dolly's dress, and every way. Mark each face you find with an X. If you find 10 hidden faces you have solved the Dolly Puzzle.

I Have a Big Doll Like This for You

This is not a cloth doll to stuff, but a big baby doll in a beautiful dress, has nice long curly hair, complete set of underwear, nice stockings and shoes, and everything to match. Dolly stands nearly half a yard high. You'll be the proudest girl in the neighborhood when you get this doll. The big blue eyes, the peachy and cream complexion, the little rose-smooth mouth, makes this the handsomest and greatest doll you could possibly imagine.

Every Little Girl Can Have a Dolly Like