

### COUNTRY STORE LOOTED OF \$8,000 WORTH OF STUFF

#### Truck Tracks Show Robbers Headed for Bluffs—Two Months' Losses Total \$50,000.

The Council Bluffs police department was notified yesterday that another successful big raid had been made on country stores in this vicinity. Wednesday about midnight the general store of Saar & Co. at Essex, about 40 miles south of Council Bluffs, was raided and \$8,000 worth of clothing hauled away in an automobile truck. The Essex men authorized the Bluffs police department to post a reward of \$1,000 for the arrest of the thieves.

The bandits backed their truck to the rear of the store, smashed in a back window and carried out a full truck load. The truck and men left plenty of tracks in the snow, but the truck could not be followed beyond the main highway.

Within the last two months more than \$50,000 worth of merchandise has been taken from country merchants in the vicinity of Council Bluffs by automobile bands. Not a dollar's worth of property has been recovered and no clue to the identity of the bandits has been found.

### 60,000 Baby Game Fish Placed in Lake Manawa

Officers and members of the Fish and Game club at Manawa watched with keen interest Wednesday night, the placing of 60,000 baby game fish in Lake Manawa by the Iowa fish and game warden. The fish reached Council Bluffs at 6 Wednesday evening in a specially equipped car, over the Milwaukee road, and were liberated in the icy waters of the lake without delay. Only one dead minnow was found in the shipment.

#### Overcome by Gas.

Thomas Sudborough, 75 years old, 610 North Twenty-first street, was nearly asphyxiated at 7 past night by gas escaping from a small stove in his kitchen. A police surgeon received him.

### WILSON MAKES 24-POUND GAIN IN SHORT TIME

#### Iowa Manufacturer Makes a Statement to Public About Tanlac.

J. D. Wilson, secretary and general manager of the Algona Brick & Tile Company of Algona, Iowa, called at McNeerney's Drug Store in Des Moines, recently, and made a statement regarding the benefits he has derived from the use of Tanlac that will be of interest throughout the entire state.

In relating his experience with the Master Medicine Mr. Wilson says he has not only gotten rid of a case of nervous indigestion, from which he had suffered for three years, but that he has also gained twenty-four pounds in weight. Here is his statement:

"I have been benefited even beyond my belief and feel that it is time for me to talk for the benefit of others. I had suffered from nervous indigestion and a general run down condition for three years. My stomach was so weak and upset that I could not retain and digest enough of what I ate to keep my strength up all the time. My food would sour almost as soon as I had eaten it and the gas from it would press on my heart, causing palpitation, shortness of breath and intense pains. My kidneys were also in bad shape and I often suffered with severe pains in the small of my back.

"No kind of treatment or medicine did me any good and as a result of my condition I was continually losing weight. I was worried constantly with the fear that my case was beyond the reach of medicine. But I finally began taking Tanlac on the advice of an old friend, and not only have my troubles been relieved, but I feel like I have been given a new lease on life. At the time I began taking this medicine I only weighed one hundred and eighteen pounds, but I now balance the scales at one hundred and forty-two, making an actual gain of twenty-four pounds. I can now eat just anything set before me and I am absolutely free from all pain and am in better shape physically than I have been in a long time. A medicine that will do what Tanlac has done in my case is certainly worth recommending to the public, and I am glad to give this statement to be used in letting others, who are trying to find relief, know about it."

Tanlac is sold in Omaha at all Sherman & McConnell Drug Company's stores, Harvard Pharmacy and West End Pharmacy. Also Forest and Meany Drug Company in South Omaha and the leading druggist in each city and town throughout the state of Nebraska.—Adv.

### Appalling Scandal of Slavery of Children in England Revealed

London, Nov. 27.—The appalling scandal of child slavery in Great Britain, as unearthed by the National News, which has continued its investigation, reveals that 1,500,000 British children under 16 years old are employed in and exploited by industry.

Thousands of these child victims, who are stunted in body and mind and whose future is hopelessly handicapped, are but 7 or 8 years old and work 50 hours a week for less than \$1.

### Hostilities Between Lithuanians and Russ And Germans Stopped

Copenhagen, Nov. 27.—The inter-allied commission has stopped hostilities between the Lithuanians and the Germans and Russians and has directed the combatants to retire to the demarcation line of October 30, according to advice to the Lithuanian press bureau from Kovno.

### Undesirable Aliens' Camp Is Planned For Ellis Island

New York, Nov. 27.—Establishment of a large camp for detention of undesirable aliens pending investigation and disposal of their cases is the latest plan of the house immigration committee now conducting an inquiry at Ellis Island, it is announced.

The camp would be similar to those in use during the war for the internment of enemy aliens and would be the temporary abiding place of all agitators collected anywhere in the United States who by their conduct or utterances make their further sojourn in this country questionable.

It is the opinion of the investigating legislators that such a corral would aid substantially the work of centralizing the disturbers and would result in much more rapid expedition of their exit to the lands from whence they came. The task of deportation, it is suggested, will eventually devolve on the Department of Justice instead of the Department of Labor.

### Large Delegation of Japs at Big Labor Conference Causes Much Comment

#### Representation Is Larger Than Empire Had at Peace Conference—Explanation Develops When Report of Committee on Application of 48-Hour Week Convention to Special Countries Is Made Public.

By JUSTIN M'GRATH, Universal Service Staff Correspondent. Washington, Nov. 27.—When the interallied labor conference opened here it was noted that Japan had a larger delegation than it had sent to the peace conference. There were also about 30 representatives of the Japanese press present. This remarkable representation caused much comment and aroused considerable curiosity.

The explanation of Japan's surprising interest in the conference developed when the report of the committee on the application of the 48-hour week convention to special countries was made public.

It then became apparent that the labor principles adopted by the peace conference, and which the interallied labor conference was called to put into operation, presented to Japan a problem of far greater consequence than any other growing out of the war.

Big Industrial Question. The labor principles adopted by the peace conference, particularly the declaration in favor of an eight-hour day, left Japan torn between the tugging of two emotions—pride and self-interest. Pride demands that Japan should subscribe to the same conditions accepted by the other great powers. But self-interest urged a plea to have concessions made to Japan, for the strict application of the eight-hour day and the abolition of child labor admittedly would spell industrial ruin for the Nippon empire.

### IOWA GOVERNOR REFUTES ATTACK FOR PRIMARIES

#### Civil War and Spanish War Veterans Tax Exemption Secure—Chase for G. A. R. Commander.

Des Moines, Ia., Nov. 27.—(Special)—Governor Harding Wednesday took occasion to meet the criticism which he says has been made in some quarters that he has delayed in calling the extra session of the legislature because there was the possibility of passing primary suffrage and that primary suffrage might revert to the political advantage of some of his political opponents.

"This criticism is unjust," he said, "for I have favored this measure. I recommended primary suffrage in my message to the legislature last winter. I called a special session this past summer to pass on the ratification of the suffrage amendment. Hence it cannot be said that this had any part in the postponement of the session."

While the governor would not say whether or not the special session would be indefinitely postponed this seems to be the general interpretation of the governor's published statement.

Dr. R. L. Chase, chairman of the legislative committee of the G. A. R., was endorsed for department commander of the state organization at a recent meeting of Kinsman Post.

Dr. Chase has been an active member of Kinsman post for many years and will be placed in nomination for head of the state department by comrades from his home post when the annual meeting is held next year.

Considerable misunderstanding appears to exist concerning the amount of exemption veterans of the civil war and of the Spanish-American war are entitled to under the law passed by the Thirty-seventh general assembly.

Dr. R. L. Chase has recently secured an opinion from Attorney General Havner in which he states that civil war veterans are entitled to a \$2,800 exemption, and of the Spanish-American war veterans \$1,200, on the full valuation of their property. This exemption is applicable to taxes to be paid in 1920.

### Churchill Given Credit For Use of Tanks in War

London, Nov. 27.—"It was primarily due to the receptivity, courage and driving force of Winston Spencer Churchill that the general idea to use such an instrument of warfare as the tank was converted into practical shape," was the statement made in the report issued by the committee which investigated at great length the numerous rival claims to credit for inventing the tank.

But it was said in the report that as the war minister is considered a servant of the state he is not entitled to any award.

The report deals with a number of men who made valuable contributions toward perfecting the tank, awarding some of them sums of 500 or 1,000 pounds sterling each, the principal award amounting to 14,000 pounds, being divided.

Britain. The report set forth labor conditions in Japan as follows: "The position of Japan presents a problem of some difficulty. Japan is a country whose industry is still largely domestic, but which is rapidly becoming organized along the lines of modern factories. During recent years the progress in the organizing of Japanese industry has been very great. At the same time Japan has had very little experience in factory legislation. The hours of work have been very long and in the case of adult male workers no regulation of hours of work exist at all. There is no provision for a weekly holiday; and over and above the hours which custom has established, overtime to the extent of two or three hours a day, is very common. The factory act of Japan applies only to women and children. It prescribes a working day of 13 hours as a maximum. But in the silk industry, for example, which is the largest industry in Japan, an additional hour of overtime is permitted on 120 days in the year. The nominal hours of work in cotton are 11 a day and in some industries, like ship building and iron works, the nominal number of hours are 10, but in all cases it has to be remembered that overtime is universal and extensive. Probably in most industries other than silk it is accurate to say the usual working day is 12 hours.

In view of these facts it seemed to the committee to be impracticable to reduce the hours of work in Japan at once to the level which it contemplated for western countries. To do so it was thought would bring ruin.

### King Victor Emmanuel Will Visit in America

Rome, Nov. 27.—King Victor Emmanuel will go to the United States next summer and also will visit South America, especially the republics of Brazil, Uruguay, Argentina, Chile and Peru, unless the political situation prevents him from carrying out his desire.

Lockout in Madrid. Madrid, Nov. 27.—The employers of Madrid decided to proclaim a general lockout on December 6

### Omaha Sees Silver Lining to After-War Clouds and Unites in Thanksgiving

#### Optimism Keynote of Prayer of Thanks Issuing From The Hearts of All-Americanism of a Higher Order One of the Benefits Seen From the Reconstruction Period Following the Dark Months While Our Nation Was Plunged in War.

What have we to be thankful for? Most Omahans declare they see the silver lining to the clouds and aver that they have much to be thankful for.

Some are thankful because they live in the U. S. A., and in this particular of this great nation. Sheriff Clark asserts that we should be thankful we are alive. Bishop Shaylor said we should be thankful for the riot last September and then explains his paradoxical statement. Everybody seems to have something to be thankful for.

A man was seen on Farnam street yesterday morning, with a smile all over his face. He seemed to be thankful about something.

"What are you so thankful about, brother?" a stranger asked. "Well, the stork brought a baby boy to our house, why shouldn't I be thankful?" he replied. "A few Omahans have been asked to relate why we should be thankful. The statements follow:

ERNEST VINCENT SHAYLER, Episcopal Bishop of Nebraska. Thanksgiving day is pre-eminently an American institution. Inaugurated by the Pilgrims at Plymouth Rock, it has reached a wider application than the Puritan could see.

It generated a spirit of thanksgiving to God for His goodness, it has largely degenerated into turkey feasts and foot ball games.

Let us hark back today to beginnings and we shall find room for thankful thought. The Puritan rejoiced that he lived in a free land. Let us rejoice that freedom is still an American possibility, even though it is in grave danger.

The Puritan rejoiced because food, clothing and the necessities of life were plentiful. Let us be thankful that, though plenty is fast slipping away in the decreased production we still enjoy the necessities of life.

The Puritan rejoiced that God was still left. Let us be thankful today that in spite of the attacks of the foes of civilization we still have God and some of Christian religion.

The city of Omaha should be thankful for Christian churches and Christian religion because they alone hold high standards and exist and labor for the highest good of the city.

Omaha should be thankful for its splendid public schools, under such a sane, virile superintendent. These schools are standing for ethical citizenship and an educated Americanism.

Omaha should be thankful for the solidity of its financial institutions

and the growing importance of its commerce.

Omaha should be thankful for the high type of its representative citizenship. Omaha should be thankful for the riot and the mob of September last. They revealed a hidden, lurking spirit of revolution, which must be crushed out, and which shall be supplanted by respect for law. They revealed inadequacy and inefficiency of guardians of our peace, and now, therefore, we must be better policed. The dastardly deeds aroused the latent citizenship in many lives and which must call them to greater thought and greater service for our city.

Thanking is thinking, and thinking is thanking. Let us think of our citizenship privileges, of the great joy of the God life in man and of our relations to one another. Let us think of our schools and our business, our plenty and our store. Let us think that no further disgrace shall rest upon us. And thus thinking, thank God for all that we have, and for the better things that are to come.

J. H. BEVERIDGE, Superintendent of Schools. We are thankful for those true and tried souls who, in this time of unrest have poise, balance and judgment; for those who look into the future with a spirit of optimism striving not only to see but to attain that which is best for humanity. Every real American must bow his head in profound gratitude that the boys and girls of today, the citizens of tomorrow, can come to their appointed tasks fortified by all the advantages found in this country which we revere—our America.

SHERIFF CLARK. We ought to be thankful we are alive. That is enough of a blessing nowadays. I am also thankful for the ability to look forward to better times. I think better times are coming and everything that is troubling this old world is going to calm down. Even the high cost of living

will get a wallop before long. I believe, and then we can be even more thankful that we are alive. Yes, it is a pretty good old world. With all its faults, we love it still.

BISHOP HOMER STUNTZ. The whole of our country has limitless reasons for thanks this year. The Methodist church has additional reasons for thanks beyond those of the rest of the people, in the successful raising of our great centenary fund. Never have we as Christian people had more reason to be thankful than we have this year.

ARCHBISHOP HARTY. Through a 12-month period, of that difficult time of reconstruction which follows in the wake of war, we have come successfully. Great problems and crises have confronted us, but we have gone right on, meeting them with wisdom. The future is getting to look better every day. Labor's disputes with capital are becoming less and less pressing as we pass through each great, recurring crisis. God is leading us and will continue to lead us. Therefore, let us be thankful and go forward with faith, hope and trust.

MAYOR SMITH. I am thankful that amidst all this social and industrial unrest and disorder prevailing throughout the world, Omaha has a citizenship that faces the future with a stout heart and an undaunted spirit. I am thankful that in Omaha labor is universally employed at good wages, the health of the city is good, and the business and industrial future is bright.

Personally, I am thankful for the good health of my family as well as myself; thankful for the friendship of the good people of Omaha; and profoundly thankful that I can boast of citizenship in the great state of Nebraska.

REV. DANIEL E. JENKINS, President University of Omaha. It seems almost impossible to enu-

merate the blessings of God to us. Everything that we have—health, the homely pleasures of the day—all are from Him, and we ought to be thankful every day of the year, as well as on the officially appointed Thanksgiving day. When you stop to count your blessings you worship God and at the same time make yourself happy.

### Many British Notables Attend Thanksgiving Dinner of American

London, Nov. 27.—The American society at its Thanksgiving dinner Thursday evening had as guests the lord mayors of London and several provincial cities and 300 men and women. The dinner was presided over by Clarence L. Graf and the lord mayors of London, York, Belfast and Sheffield, delivered speeches.

John W. Davis, American ambassador, in proposing the toast "Thanksgiving Day," touched intelligently upon politics, declaring that the war would be lost if it did not establish a new order of things. "I do not think the United States is going to be detached by any self-seeking interests from that new order of the world," said the ambassador. "The price of peace is the putting away of all the dreams of aggrandizement that have caused suspicion among the allies."

### Many Mexicans Kill Selves, Fearing End of World War

Douglas, Ariz., Nov. 27.—Believing that the world will end between the 17th and 20th of December in accordance with the prediction of the French astronomer, Porta, a few persons have committed suicide in Mexico City, according to a special dispatch from Mexico City to El Tiempo, a newspaper published at Cananea, Sonora.

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