

THE OMAHA DAILY BEE

VOL. 49—NO. 104.

Published at Omaha, Neb., Monday, Oct. 13, 1919.

OMAHA, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1919. \*\*\*

By Mail (1 year), Daily, \$5.00; Sunday, \$2.50; Daily and Sun., \$6.00; outside Neb. postage extra.

TWO CENTS.

THE WEATHER:

Fair Friday and probably Saturday; warmer Friday and in east portion Saturday.

Hourly temperature table with columns for 5 a.m., 6 a.m., 7 a.m., 8 a.m., 9 a.m., 10 a.m., 11 a.m., 12 noon, 1 p.m., 2 p.m., 3 p.m., 4 p.m., 5 p.m., 6 p.m., 7 p.m., 8 p.m., 9 p.m., 10 p.m., 11 p.m.

BRIEF BRIGHT BREEZY BITS OF NEWS

SUGAR HOARDER GETS HIS DESERTS.

Washington, Oct. 16.—Jail sentences and fines in two cases brought under the food control act were reported to the Department of Justice by District Attorney John R. O'Connor of San Diego, Cal. Hulett Merritt was sentenced to five months in jail and \$5,000 fine for hoarding sugar and Jose Bernajio to three months and \$250 for hoarding flour. A charge of hoarding sugar has been brought against Dunnivant & Hammer, the department announcing that Hammer will plead guilty.

PRINCE OF WALES DESCENDS INTO MINE.

Cobalt, Ont., Oct. 16.—Mining folk of Cobalt and Porcupine gave the prince of Wales a rousing reception on his arrival here. He descended 500 feet into a silver mine to get first-hand knowledge of how the ore is extracted and converted into metal bars. He carried away several souvenirs.

UNIFORM DRESS FOR MEN IS ADVOCATED.

"Although it might hurt the vanity of men and the sale of clothing, I would be glad to see the men of America adopt a uniform mode of dress," declared Dr. A. J. Todd, speaking at the public affairs luncheon at the Chamber of Commerce today.

Dr. Todd, formerly head of the department of sociology at the University of Minnesota, and now head of the bureau of industrial relations of the Kuppenheiner company of Chicago, explained what he termed the "peace treaty in garment industry," and the terms of settlement with unions reached by the industrial relations bureau. Through the work of the bureau an "oasis of comparative peace had been reached in a desert of war," he said.

TO MANUFACTURE PAPER FROM COTTON LINTERS.

Memphis, Tenn., Oct. 16.—Manufacture of paper stock from cotton linters, declared by experts recently to be possible and also advisable, in view of the decrease in the supply of pulp wood, will be started in two mills to be erected at Memphis and Augusta, Ga., it was announced here by the officials of the Buckeye Cotton Oil company.

WOMEN CAMPAIGN FOR PEACE RATIFICATION.

New York, Oct. 16.—A nationwide woman's campaign to urge the United States senate to immediately conclude peace by ratification of the peace treaty was inaugurated here with organization of the Women's Non-Partisan Committee for the league of nations. Mrs. J. Borden Harriman was elected chairman of the executive committee.

LAW AND ORDER WEEK DESIGNATED.

Nashville, Tenn., Oct. 16.—Acting on a request of the Tennessee Law and Order league, Governor Roberts in a proclamation designated November 9 to 15 as "law and order week" in Tennessee.

"Perhaps never before has America faced greater perils and dangers," said Governor Roberts in his proclamation, "and never has it been so important that good citizens stand loyally and wholeheartedly by constituted authority for the maintenance of the majesty of the law." Ministers are called upon to speak on the maintenance of order and during the week all the forces of the state government will be recognized to meet the situation which the Law and Order league asserted had grown out of the late race riots and the open defiance of bootleggers and other law breakers.

HOUSE EXTENDS PASSPORT REGULATIONS.

Washington, Oct. 16.—By an overwhelming majority the house today passed the bill extending for one year war-time passport restrictions so as to keep radicals and undesirable aliens out of the United States.

POTS NAME TO CHECK FOR \$2,648,309.171.53.

Washington, Oct. 16.—Secretary Glass put his name to a check for \$2,648,309.171.53, said to have been the largest check ever drawn.

LEAVES \$10,000-YEAR JOB TO PREACH THE GOSPEL.

Chicago, Oct. 16.—Stuart B. Edmondson will leave his \$10,000 a year position as district manager for an insurance company to accept the pastorate of the Lake Forest Methodist Episcopal church at \$2,500 a year, he announced, because he says "there are some things better than gold."

He has these three reasons for accepting a job which pays him \$7,500 a year less than he has been getting: "Love of little children. A preacher knows boys and girls of his congregation from the time they are babies to the time he marries them. A preacher can mold their characters and help them to become fine, upright citizens."

"In the pulpit I will get a chance to serve people in need of spiritual help." "There's a need for a new church. A church should be the most important institution in the community. It should be a powerful influence in politics, censor dance halls and movies and bring the workman back to the church. I think the church today is to solve the industrial situation. Out at Lake Forest, I'm going to take advantage of the spirit of giving and services engendered by the war. I'm going to use that wonderful spirit in uplifting our own people."

MAYNARD HALTED BY ACCIDENT

"Flying Parson," Leading All Planes in Army Air Derby, Forced to Land Near Wahoo With Broken Crankshaft.

Will Continue Flight Today With New Motor. Work All Night Transferring Engine From Wrecked Martin Bomber—Another Plane En Route to Omaha.

Lieut. Belvin W. Maynard, the "flying parson," who was forced to land his machine in a cornfield near Wahoo yesterday, will continue his trip today, according to Lieut. H. R. Wells, Omaha control commander.

Capt. Roy Francis, who was compelled to withdraw from the race when his Martin bomber was wrecked Tuesday, immediately upon being notified of Lieutenant Maynard's mishap volunteered his services in repairing the plane. He hurried to Yutan, Neb., where mechanics were dismantling his plane for shipment to Mineola and assisted in removing the motor which was loaded on an auto truck and taken to Lieutenant Maynard.

Work All Night. Lieutenant Maynard on learning that a motor was available started removing his damaged motor and mechanics worked all night assisting Captain Francis and Lieutenant Maynard in installing the motor. They expect to have the plane ready to continue the flight early today.

Neither Maynard nor his companions were injured in the accident and as soon as notification was received from the War department that he would be allowed to complete the trip every effort was made to have a motor ready before Lieut. Alexander Pearson, at Cheyenne, his nearest competitor, cut down the lead now held by the "flying parson."

Still in the Race. "I am still in the race," said Lieutenant Maynard, "and will make up the lost time as soon as I can again take the air."

Mechanic W. C. Kline, who was riding in the plane at the time of the accident, said the plane was flying 3,000 feet in the air when the crankshaft broke. No reason could be assigned by either Kline or Maynard for the accident.

Lieutenant Maynard was the first of the pilots to reach Omaha in the transcontinental race, reaching here last Thursday noon. He arrived at 3:00 p.m. Saturday afternoon and resumed his eastern flight on the last leg of the 5,400-mile race Tuesday afternoon.

Makes Record Time. He spent Wednesday night at Sidney, Neb., and resumed his eastward flight at 7:15 a. m. He made North Platte in record-breaking time and arrived at St. Paul at 10:47 a. m. He remained at that control station for 30 minutes and resumed his trip toward Omaha at 11:17 a. m.

Capt. Lowell Smith, who was the second one of the transcontinental (Continued on Page Two, Column Two.)

Indian Who Struck Officer Who Rebuked Him Gives Self Up

A taxicab drove up beside Camp Dodge troops in front of the court house late yesterday afternoon and out stepped "Big Chief," a renegade Indian member of the detachment who had gone on the warpath the night after striking Lieut. Clarence I. King with a rifle.

The Indian registered a snappy salute to Lieutenant King and said: "Heap big Indian come back." Troops on guard throughout the city had kept up a vain search for their lost member since his disappearance, following the quarrel. The Indian was heavily armed with ammunition and whisky, the officers say.

TEACH WOMEN CARE OF HOME AND DIETETICS

Red Cross Plans Intensive Course to Prevent Deaths of Children and Mothers.

New York, Oct. 16.—Every woman in America will be offered instruction in home sanitation, hygiene, care of the sick and dietetics under plans now being formulated by the American Red Cross, Miss Clara D. Noyes, who succeeded Jane A. Delano as director of the department of nursing, announced. These courses now are being introduced in the public schools and colleges, she said, and classes are being organized among women in various industries to enable them to combat scientifically and intelligently malnutrition and insanitary living conditions. Thousands of nurses who served in the war are enlisted for this work.

While statistics show that 48,000 American soldiers were killed in the war, she said that 300,000 children had died in America during that time and that most of them could have been saved through proper nursing. Miss Noyes declared that 16,000 women die every year in giving birth to children, and that most of them die from preventable causes. In spite of anti-toxin, she said, 15,000 children die yearly of diphtheria, and between 150,000 and 200,000 young men and women die of tuberculosis, a "preventable disease," during the same period. The influenza epidemic, she added, has a world casualty list of 6,000,000.

FEDERAL TROOPS TURN POLICING OVER TO COUNCIL

Camp Dodge Soldiers Leave—Omaha Men on Guard.

The general policing of the city will be turned over to Acting Mayor Ure and Police Commissioner Ringler this morning by Col. J. E. Morris, commander of federal troops that have been stationed here since the night of the riot that resulted in the lynching of Wm. Brown, negro, the burning of the court house and the attempted hanging of Mayor Smith.

However, 250 soldiers with full field equipment will be kept on hand at the court house and in riot squads at the police department again turned over to Acting Mayor Ure and Police Commissioner Ringler.

Will Keep Instructor. Maj. H. C. White will be retained as instructor of the newly enrolled members of the police force.

Colonel Morris will return to his duties at Fort Crook. Lieutenants Conklin and Christian with their detachments of men at the police station will return to Fort Omaha.

All the provisional troops that have been on guard throughout the city since the riot returned to Camp Dodge, Ia., for discharge last night following the arrival here of 200 troops of the 20th infantry from Chicago in charge of Capt. Malcolm Helm.

New Troops Here. Company M of the 20th infantry will be stationed for several days at the court house, Colonel Morris said. Two machine guns will be kept in readiness for action in case of renewal of a riot.

A provisional machine gun company from Fort Omaha under Lieutenants Shelby and J. Batson will be retained for guard duty along the "black belt." Their headquarters will be in the fire station at Twenty-first and I streets.

The troops stationed on the South Side returned to Fort Crook late yesterday.

The prisoners in the court house who were arrested for complicity in the riot will still be under federal control, was an added statement given out by Colonel Morris.

All the troops stationed in the city will act under the direction of Captain Helm, Colonel Morris said.

BOLSHEVIKI GET OUT OF PETROGRAD

Evacuation Follows Mutiny of Red Troops When It Is Learned That Gen. Yudenitch Is Victoriously Advancing.

CAPTURES GATCHINA AND MOVES ONWARD

British-French Naval Squadron Arrives at Riga—Kiev Is Reported Retaken From Denikine by Soviet Forces.

Stockholm, Oct. 17.—(By The Associated Press.)—The fortress of Kronstadt has capitulated after a bombardment by a British fleet which, after the fort had surrendered, entered the harbor, according to advices received here.

London, Oct. 16.—General Yudenitch, commander of the Russian northwestern army, has captured Gatchina and is victoriously advancing toward Krasnoye Selo and Tsarskoye Selo, 18 and 15 miles from Petrograd.

Reports from Reval and Helsingfors say that Yudenitch is meeting with feeble resistance, although Gatchina was strongly fortified. Reports from aviators show that the few barricades on the road to Petrograd and trenches and entanglements outside of the capital are not formidable.

It is also announced that the bolsheviks are evacuating Petrograd, owing to a mutiny among the red troops.

A bolshevik wireless message from Moscow reports that Kiev was retaken yesterday by the bolshevik forces.

Kiev has been occupied by General Denikine's army for a short time, the bolsheviks having evacuated the place. An official report of Wednesday, however, said that fierce fighting was in progress in the vicinity of Kiev.

Twenty Warships Arrive. Copenhagen, Oct. 16.—A British-French squadron of more than 20 warships has arrived at Riga, according to a Lettish private report received here.

According to a dispatch to the Berlingske Tidende, General Yudenitch, having captured Gatchina, is now advancing on Tsarskoye Selo, the former imperial residence, which is only 15 miles from Petrograd.

Germans Out of Riga. New York, Oct. 16.—Capture of Petrograd by anti-bolshevik forces is regarded as certain, according to cable advices received today and dated Tuesday, October 14, from J. C. Miller, representative of the American relief administration of European children's fund at Yamburg, Estonia. Mr. Miller's message said:

"The advance of anti-bolshevik forces is continuing, the army now being 15 miles from Gatchina. The city of Riga is clear of Russo-German troops. It is regarded as certain that Petrograd will fall."

Cheney Sent by U. S. Paris, Oct. 16.—Brig. Gen. Sherwood A. Cheney has been designated as the American member of the inter-allied military commission to go to the Baltic states to inspect and supervise the evacuation of the German troops, lately under the command of General Von Der Goltz.

Foch Gets Reply. Berlin, Oct. 16.—The German government's reply to the demands of the allies concerning the evacuation of the Baltic provinces has been handed to Marshal Foch.

The reply points out that General Von Der Goltz, the former German commander in the Baltic region, has been recalled and repudiates any warlike intentions by Germany against either the Lettish or Russian peoples.

It adds that the German government has strictly forbidden German soldiers to enter Russian units.

Further Guarantees Of Price of Wheat Opposed by Barnes. Chicago, Oct. 16.—Julius H. Barnes, United States wheat director, has given public notice that he would oppose any attempt to extend to another crop the present government policy of a guaranteed price on wheat.

Reinforcements



HOUSE PASSES POLICE BILL IN AMENDED FORM

Chief Given Authority to Discharge Men Found Inefficient—Another Special Session Urged.

Lincoln, Neb., Oct. 16.—(Special.)—After a lengthy discussion regarding the advisability of amending the Omaha police bill, the lower house of the special session of the legislature passed the bill just before adjournment.

Reynolds of Douglas introduced a resolution calling upon the governor to call another special session immediately.

The resolution recited the fact that there was no distinction made in the present law between rape by force and rape by consent and that a distinction should be made. Objection to its introduction was made on the grounds that mention of the matter was not made in the call for a special session, but Speaker Dalbey ruled that consideration of the resolution would not be a matter of business and the resolution went over one day under the call.

A committee consisting of Frantz, Snow and Purcell were appointed to investigate the delay in the printing of the journal of the house of the regular session.

Pass Pay Bill. H. R. 2, a bill to pay the incidental expenses of the legislature, was passed by a unanimous vote, but H. R. 3, a bill to pay salaries and mileage of members, received two dissenting votes, Lampert and Schmidt, both of Saunders county.

Then came up consideration of H. R. 1 in committee of the whole, with Fultz and Furnas, chairman of the judiciary committee, in the chair. Reading of the bill proceeded without interruption until it came to paragraph 2 of section 4190 of the statutes. At this point Dr. Jenison of Harvard sent up an amendment which in effect repealed that section of the law relative to civil service appointment of police officers in the city of Omaha.

Give Chief Power. The amendment provided that the head of the police department could remove a policeman for cause, but that the policeman would have the right of appeal to the commission. If, after a hearing, five of the commission voted to reinstate him, he could retain his job.

Drusewood of Douglas raised the point of order that the amendment was not covered in the call for a special session made by the governor, and therefore was not in order.

Chairman Fultz held that the amendment was in order on the ground that the call of the governor opened since,

League of Nations to Be Launched In Short Time

Plans Made For President Wilson to Issue Call For Meeting of Council After Publication of Ratifications of Peace Treaty and Covenant by Four Powers

Washington, Oct. 16.—While no official declaration can be made in advance of the action of the senate on the treaty of Versailles, it was learned unofficially today that plans were being laid for bringing the league of nations into existence almost immediately upon the publication in Paris of the ratification of the treaty by Great Britain, France, Italy and Germany, which will put it into force.

Although the United States cannot participate in the initial stages of the league's work, it is understood that the decision has been reached to have President Wilson issue a call for the first meeting of the council of the league within the 15-day period provided in the treaty for the appointment by the council of three members of the commission which is to determine the boundary of the Saar basin.

Need Not Wait on U. S. Article V of the covenant provides that decisions of the council "shall require the agreement of all of the members of the league represented at the meeting," and it is held here that this does not specifically require the attendance of an American member to legalize such decision.

No less than 15 commissions, created by the peace treaty, appear to require American participation, and certain plebiscites, confirming title to various disputed territories, also are to be conducted under a joint international control. The present view of the officials here, however, is that representatives of Great Britain, France, Italy and possibly Japan, whose ratification of

the treaty is expected daily, will function in these matters without any challenge of the legality of the proceedings on account of the absence of the American representatives.

House Arranges Program. Plans for the inauguration of the league were discussed by Col. E. M. House during his recent stay in England and he is understood to have pursued the work as far as he felt warranted in advance of the action of the senate on the treaty. It also is understood that quarters for the league secretariat in Geneva tentatively have been obtained, and while in London Colonel House is believed to have arranged with the representatives of other nations a tentative program for the first meeting.

If Colonel House's health permits, he is expected in Washington perhaps next week, and it will then be in order to frame the call for the first meeting of the council of the league, which President Wilson's physicians are expected to permit him to sign.

In the view of officials here this first meeting of the council must arrange for the appointment of the various commissions and the plebiscite described in the treaty, but aside from that its proceedings are expected to be rather limited. Later on, if this initial stage is safely passed and the senate shall have consented to the ratification of the treaty, the president will issue a call for the first meeting of the assembly of the league, which will be in Washington some time early next year.

Four Wounded When Strike-Breakers and Strikers Stage Fight. Cincinnati, Oct. 16.—Former Chief of Detectives William L. Nimmo of Cincinnati was shot in the left arm and right leg and at least three others were wounded during a fierce battle between striking employees of the Andrews Steel company, Newport, Ky., a suburb of Cincinnati, and strike-breakers and guards who were leaving the plant at the close of the day's work.

Rifles, shotguns and pistols were used and more than 100 shots were exchanged. Strikers, it is said, had been assembled along the Licking Pike for several hours before the fray with the intention of intercepting the men working at the plant. Less than a dozen of the men are said to have been working at the plant, which closed down last June and has not been opened since.

SHANTUNG PROPOSAL REJECTED

Long-Debated Amendment to German Peace Pact Fails of Adoption in Senate by a Vote of 55 to 35.

14 REPUBLICANS SWING TO PRO-TREATY FORCES

Three Democrats Line Up With Those Supporting Amendment—But Three Clauses Now Await Action.

Washington, Oct. 16.—The long-debated Shantung amendment to the peace treaty, presented by Senator Lodge and approved by the foreign relations committee, finally was rejected in the senate today with a majority of an even score against it.

In the vote of 35 to 55, 14 republicans swung over to pro-treaty forces, while three democrats lined up with those supporting the proposal.

Of the six senators absent, two republicans were put on record as in favor of the amendment, and one republican and three democrats as opposing it.

The roll call, which came at the end of another six and a half hours of sharp debate, in reality swept away six amendments instead of one, each change in the treaty having been numbered separately by the committee in its decision to strike out the word "Japan" and substitute the word "China" throughout the sections relating to the province of Shantung. By unanimous consent, however, the six changes were debated and voted on as one.

Only Three to Vote On. Only three of the committee's 45 amendments now remain to be acted on by the senate, 36 previously having been rejected.

Of those remaining, one relates to American representation on the commission and two to equalization of voting power in the league of nations assembly.

After the vote was completed Senator Lodge announced that he later would move to strike out entirely the sections awarding the Shantung rights to Japan. Notice also was given by a number of republicans that they opposed the committee amendment that they would present reservations dissenting from the Shantung award.

Twenty Legislators Debate. More than 20 senators took part in today's debate, extended speeches being made for the amendments by Senators Johnson of California, Sherman of Illinois and La Follette of Wisconsin, all republicans, and against it by Senators Phelan of California, a democrat, and McCumber of North Dakota, a republican. Senator Williams, democrat, Mississippi, injected into the discussion a bitter debate of the attitude of some Irish-Americans and sharp replies were made by Senator Phelan.

After the roll call a few minutes were devoted to the formal reading of the long treaty text and the leaders expect to continue the task tomorrow. The general prediction was that a vote on the remaining amendments would not be reached before the middle of next week.

How Senators Voted. The vote for adoption was: Republicans—Ball, Borah, Brandegee, Calder, Capper, Curtis, Dill, Hiram, Fd., Johnson, Frelinghuysen, Gronna, Harding, Johnson (California), Jones (Washington), Knox, LaFollette, Lodge, McCook, McKean, McHenry, Kendrick, Overman, Owen, Phelan, Pittman, Pomeren, Shields, Simmons, Smith (Arizona), Smith (Georgia), Smith (Maryland), Stanley, Swanson, Thomas, Trammell, Underwood, Walsh (Montana), Williams and Wolcott—41.

Total against adoption, 55. The six senators absent, or paired, were:

For adoption: Fernald, republican, Maine, and Elkins, republican, West Virginia. Against adoption: Edge, republican, New Jersey; Johnson, democrat, South Dakota; Martin, democrat, Virginia, and Smith, democrat, South Carolina.

French Chamber of Deputies to Adjourn Next Saturday. Paris, Oct. 16.—At a meeting of the leading parliamentary committees it was unanimously agreed that the Chamber of Deputies adjourn next Saturday.