

WAR PROGRAM OF LEAGUE FIGURES IN TOWNLEY CASE

Pamphlet Which Minnesota Supreme Court Said Was Not Disloyal Is Introduced During Trial.

Jackson, Minn., July 1.—The war program of the Nonpartisan league, drawn up nearly two years ago in St. Paul, was introduced as evidence today at the trial of A. C. Townley, president of the National Nonpartisan league, and Joseph Gilbert, a league organizer, who are charged with conspiracy to commit disloyalty.

The Minnesota supreme court, some time ago, decided that the words used in the pamphlet, which had been distributed by the Nonpartisan league, were not in themselves disloyal. The prosecution in the present case argued that they would attempt to show that this pamphlet was one method used by the league to discourage aggressive participation in the war.

Complain of Abuses in Operation of Farm Loan Banks

Washington, July 1.—Complaints of alleged abuses in the operation of the federal farm loan law were made in the senate today by Senator Smoot, republican, Utah, urged immediate repeal of the provisions authorizing organization of joint stock land banks, which he declared were making excessive profits. He assailed particularly the Chicago Joint Stock Land bank.

Denver Car Men to Quit if Wages and Fares Are Cut

Denver, Colo., July 1.—Five cent car fares will go into effect in Denver next Saturday, under a bill passed by the city council last night repealing the six-cent tramway fare ordinance.

A strike of street car employes is a possible result of an announced cut in wages that will follow the return to a five-cent fare. The tramway company has announced it will return to the 1916 wage scale when the fare is cut and trainmen have declared they will not consent to a wage reduction.

Nebraskans in Washington.

Washington, July 1.—(Special Telegram.)—W. F. Gurley entertained at luncheon in the capitol Tuesday Representatives Jeffers and Reavis and Maj. Fred Ashton of Grand Island, who is on his way home, having been mustered out of the service recently.

Congressman Evans will accompany friends to Huntington County, Pennsylvania, his boyhood home, to spend the Fourth of July. Representative Reavis plans to begin his inquiry into the reasons that actuate the War department in withholding about 40,000,000 pounds of meat product from sale now that the war is over.

Robert H. Manley Resigns As Commissioner of C. of C.

Successor Will Probably Be Named by Executive Committee at Meeting Next Week.

Yesterday at the meeting of the executive committee of the Omaha Chamber of Commerce, Robert H. Manley, commissioner since February 1, 1914, presented his resignation and the same was accepted, effective July 15. In leaving his official position with the chamber, Mr. Manley goes with the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance company, as associate general agent, with headquarters in Omaha.

The successor to Mr. Manley will probably be named by the executive committee of the chamber at the meeting next week. Members of the committee have a large list of candidates to select from, but so far have not picked the man for the place.

The resignation of Mr. Manley will come as a complete surprise to members of the chamber. Members of the executive committee have anticipated it for some time. Two years ago he sought to resign and go into business for himself, but on account of the numerous war activities in which members of the chamber were engaged, he was induced to remain until the close of the war.

Prior to going with the Chamber of Commerce as its commissioner, Mr. Manley was advertising manager for the Brandeis stores. During the past year he served on the national committee on soldiers' employment of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States. During the period of the war he had charge of all the war savings stamp drives in Omaha and managed their conduct. He is now chairman of war savings for Omaha and a member of the state committee.



Robert H. Manley.

CONGRESS DRIES LINE UP FORCES AGAINST BEER

(Continued From Page One.)

July 16, 1920, will be attacked in the minority report.

Bitter Fight Promised. While the majority will attempt to obtain speedy consideration of its new enforcement measure, indications were that there would be a bitter fight on the floor. Chairman Volstead of the judiciary committee was in conference during the day with Republican Leader Mondell, but no statement was made public as to what was discussed.

When the Igoe request was before the house, Representative Gard, democrat, Ohio, asked Mr. Mondell what decision had been reached as to presentation next week of enforcement legislation, to which question the floor leader said he was not prepared to state at this time. The position of the "drys" in congress is that they will stop the sale of 2 1/2 per cent beer within two weeks by rushing through next week a bill defining intoxicating liquor as a beverage or product containing one-half of one per cent alcohol.

Liquor Men Rejoicing. Baltimore, July 1.—Liquor men here are rejoicing over a decision in the United States district court by Judge Rose, in accordance with the ruling of the United States district court of New York handing down an opinion which literally gives brewers in the local district a free right to manufacture and sell beer of not only half per cent, but 2 1/2 per cent until the supreme court makes the final ruling on the question.

The opinion was in the case of Standard Brewing company, the officials of which were indicted for manufacturing beer of one-half of one per cent. Judge Rose sustained the demurrer, but in doing so informed the defendants that they would be still conducting their business at their own risk by manufacturing beer. "I shall sustain the demurrer," said Judge Rose in closing the opinion. My decision will not differ from that made in the other courts, which is to be finally decided by the supreme court. It simply means that a man shall manufacture or sell vinous or fermented liquors that are not intoxicating. He may not, however, sell anything that is intoxicating. If the supreme court decided that the judge in New York was wrong and that I erred in following him, then another indictment can be obtained against these gentlemen and you know what that means. That is the chance that you will take."

Two Bartenders Arrested. Kansas City, July 1.—Two bar-

tenders were arrested here on orders of Francis M. Wilson, United States attorney, charged with selling beer. They were arrested before Commissioner Harry Arnold and entered pleas of guilty. Bonds were fixed at \$500. These arrests are believed to be the first of the kind in the United States, said District Attorney Wilson.

The federal attorney said he had received no word, one way or another, from Attorney General Palmer and was proceeding on his own initiative under the law which prohibits the sale of "beer, wine, or other intoxicating malt or vinous liquors."

City's saloons were open Monday and practically all that were open sold only "near beer" or light wines, it was said.

None of the city breweries operated.

Application Denied. San Francisco, July 1.—Federal Judge William Sawtelle Tuesday denied the application of the Rainier Brewing company of San Francisco for an injunction restraining the United States attorney from bringing criminal proceedings against the company for manufacturing after May 1, or selling after June 20, beer of 2 1/2 per cent or less alcoholic content.

Practically all breweries throughout California will resume the manufacture and sale of beer of not more than 2 1/2 per cent alcoholic content Wednesday, according to a statement issued by the attorney for the California State Brewers' association, at the conclusion of a meeting attended by representatives of brewing interests throughout the state.

Illinois Is Real Dry. Chicago, July 1.—Illinois was made entirely dry and reduced to near-beer, the one-half of one per cent by State Attorney General Brundage's interpretation of the new state "search and seizure" law. The latter, Mr. Brundage said, was in full effect and defined non-intoxicating liquors at no more than one-half of one per cent of alcoholic content.

Chicago authorities accepted the Brundage opinion but with a degree of reservation. Corporation Counsel Ettelson advised the chief of police to observe the interpretation "unless and until otherwise advised."

More than half of Chicago's 6,000 saloons remained open, but the Brundage opinion was regarded as a severe blow. But one violation of wartime prohibition was reported to the federal district attorney.

Refuse Any Licenses. The city collector's office refused to issue liquor licenses unless the corporation counsel issued a favorable opinion.

As a result of developments, liquor men in this district were submitting to prohibition and saloons remained open and were selling soft drinks. William G. Legner, head of the brewers' association, said the brewers still stood by their decision announced yesterday to make nothing more than one-half of one per cent alcoholic beer.

Milwaukee to Sell Beer. Milwaukee July 1.—Although saloon licenses in Milwaukee expired at midnight Monday, 2.75 beer and wine may be sold, according to the interpretation of the law by City Clerk Leuch, but no licenses will be issued until after demobilization.

The common council granted 1,400 saloon licenses, but directed the city clerk to withhold the permits until wartime prohibition is ended by demobilization of the army.

Very little 2.75 beer was being sold in Milwaukee, the supply being about exhausted.

Employees of Kansas Stores Will Help In Wheat Harvest

Salina, Kan., July 1.—Business men of Salina have made plans to release their employes for work in the harvest fields, which will start shortly. According to a letter to the Chamber of Commerce from E. E. Frizell, state farm labor agent, all wheat must be cut within 15 days. Any left uncut after that time will be lost.

Many firms throughout the state, it is reported, will release their men for harvest work. Other firms will have women do as much work as they can in their places. Some towns will send out men in the late afternoon and early evening to harvest near the town to help save the crop.

NEW YORK SENDS MAIL TO CHICAGO BY AIRPLANE NOW

First Plane Leaves Gotham at 5:15 A. M. and Flies to Belfont, Pa., Where it Transfers Its Load.

Washington, July 1.—Air mail service between New York and Chicago was inaugurated today with a six-hour service. The first plane left New York at 5:15 a. m., flew to Belfont, Pa., at the rate of 123 miles an hour and there transferred its mail to another plane which reached Cleveland at 9:30 a. m. in time to transfer the mail to the regular Cleveland-to-Chicago machine. "Mail can now be sent by airplane from New York, leaving there about 5 a. m. and reaching Chicago about 1 p. m.," said the Postoffice department, announcing the inauguration of the service. "About 12,000 letters a day are taken from Pacific coast points and through air mail service from New York to Chicago will advance the delivery of mail to Seattle, San Francisco, Los Angeles, and other cities about 24 hours sooner than if sent from New York through by rail. This applies to letters received in New York post-offices for the 8:40 p. m. train westward."

"Air mail from the west for New York and points east is taken on at Chicago and Cleveland. A plane leaves Chicago at 2:30 p. m., arriving at Cleveland at 5:30 p. m., in time to connect with the 20th Century Limited, and the mail arrives in New York about 9 o'clock the next morning."

This gives the business men about three hours more to dispatch mail from Chicago than if sent by train about noon. An airplane leaves Cleveland in the morning at 8:30, taking all air mail from train connections, and the mail arrives in New York about 1 p. m. This also gives the business men a late night service by train to Cleveland, connecting with the morning plane at that point for New York and points east, and advancing mail delivery many hours over that by through train service."

More Gold Withdrawn. New York, July 1.—Gold coin, valued at \$5,715,000, was withdrawn from the subtreasury for shipment to South America. This brings the total of gold withdrawn for export to South America, Mexico and Spain since the embargo was lifted to \$73,929,000.

Bolshevik Books Seized. Montreal, July 1.—Tons of bolshevik and socialist literature were seized in a raid on the foreign quarters of the city conducted early today by 130 patrolmen under the direction of Chief of Police Belanger.

Stringent Regulations Govern Alcohol's Sale by Medical Profession

Washington, July 1.—Stringent regulations governing the sale of alcohol for medical purposes were issued by the bureau of internal revenue.

"Physicians may prescribe wines and liquors for internal uses, or alcohol for external uses," the regulations said, "but in every such case each prescription shall be in duplicate and both copies be signed in the physician's handwriting. The quantity prescribed for a single patient at a given time shall not exceed one quart. In no case shall a physician prescribe alcoholic liquors unless the patient is under his constant personal supervision."

"All prescriptions shall indicate clearly the name and address of the patient, including street and apartment number, if any, the date when written, the condition or illness for which prescribed and the name of the pharmacist to whom the prescription is to be presented for filling."

"Similar detailed restrictions on the sale of alcohol by drug stores were promulgated. All prescriptions must be preserved and once a month a list of physicians' prescribing alcohol, the names of the patients and the total quantity dispensed to each patient during the month must be transmitted to the collector of internal revenue."

Liquor dealers, wholesale and retail, having stocks on hand, may sell to pharmacists holding permits until the present stocks are exhausted.

Alcohol for internal use must pay the tax of \$6.40 a gallon, while alcohol medicated so as to render it unfit for beverage use will be taxed at \$2.20. Wine used for sacramental purposes may continue to be made in quantities not exceeding 1,000 gallons. It must pay the usual tax.

Plans Being Completed for New Warehouse for A. Hospe

Plans are being completed by George L. Fisher for a warehouse to be erected by A. Hospe at 109 and 111 South Tenth street. The structure will be 44 by 133 feet, six stories and basement, of reinforced concrete and brick facing, and the estimated cost will be \$85,000. Plans will be ready for contractors within a few days.

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COUNCIL WILL CONSIDER NEW BUILDING PLAN

Planning Commission to Submit Program of Improving Streets Thursday; Chicago Man to Talk.

Charles V. Hacker, chairman of the Chicago city planning board, is expected here Thursday to address the Omaha city planners, the city council and others interested in the program of the city planning commission.

The city council has agreed to call a special order of business, following the regular council meeting Thursday, when the planning commission's program will be discussed. The planners will ask the council to approve various proposed improvements, which include: Widening Twenty-fourth, Harney and Twentieth streets; opening Twenty-second street, Howard to Douglas streets, and improving West Center street. A river drive is also referred to in the list.

"I am not in favor of submitting all of these projects at one time, as proposed by the planning commission," Mayor Smith said. "I believe we should start with widening of Twenty-fourth street and also Harney street."

Omaha people interested in the various projects the planning board has been considering are invited to the city council hearing Thursday morning.

Thompson-Belden & Co. Established 1886 The Fashion Center for Women

Smocks for the Fourth Values to \$4.50 for \$1.89

For tennis, golf, a picnic, or just morning wear at home, these smocks are most appropriate.

An attractive model has a high collar, a very effective guard against sunburn, and there are several styles with low neck and short sleeves for those who prefer them. Shades of rose, gold, blue and green with contrasting trimmings make a colorful array.

The Blouse Shop—Second Floor.

Children's Dresses and Rompers for 59c

This sale of percale dresses and striped rompers in dainty shades will be of interest to wise mothers—they are play-clothes that will stand the wear. Values to \$1 will be reduced Wednesday to 59c.

In the Basement.

The Men's Shop Silk Shirts...

A splendid showing of crepe de chine, broadcloths, jerseys, tub silks, fibres and silk mixtures. Manhattan, Eagle and Earl & Wilson makes.

Turkish Towels 35c Values, 25c Each

Heavy bleached towels made from double twisted yarns.

Wash Ties... Delpark's wash neckwear, tubulars, wide-ends or bats, in fast colors. Priced from 25c to \$1.50.

Advertisement for Coca-Cola featuring a large illustration of a bottle and glass, with text: 'Drink Coca-Cola DELICIOUS and REFRESHING. Coca-Cola is a perfect answer to thirst that no imitation can satisfy. Coca-Cola quality, recorded in the public taste, is what holds it above imitations. Demand the genuine by full name—nicknames encourage substitution. THE COCA-COLA CO. ATLANTA, GA. Sold Everywhere'

Financial Statement of the Omaha Loan and Building Association

Table with columns for ASSETS and LIABILITIES, listing various financial items and their values as of June 30, 1919.

NO COMMISSIONS—NO PREMIUMS—NO DELAY.

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS: W. S. WRIGHT, Vice President; W. R. ADAIR, President; J. T. HELGREN, Vice President; A. A. ALLWINE, Secretary and Treasurer; G. T. HILLIER, Assistant Secretary; G. W. LOOMIS, Chairman of Board; Joseph Barker, John H. Butler, E. A. Parmelee, Chas. E. Black, R. J. Dinning, M. M. Robertson. OFFICE: Association Building, Northwest Corner Dodge and Fifteenth Streets. SOUTH SIDE OFFICE: 4733 South Twenty-fourth Street; J. H. Kopietz, Agent.

Advertisement for Grape-Nuts: 'Try to Raise Bread Without Yeast. You Can't Do It! And you can't build and maintain a strong body unless you put all the required material into it. You must have something besides mere flesh-forming food. That's why Grape-Nuts is an ideal food, for besides ordinary nourishment, it contains the mineral elements of the grains—material absolutely required for building and maintaining the right kind of nerves and bone and blood and brain and brawn. Some foods lack these elements. Grape-Nuts provides them. No raise in price to consumers during or since the war.'