

Lincoln Bureau of The Omaha Bee

r. A. Barrows, Correspondent

SPLIT IN STATE MEETING FAILS TO MATERIALIZE

Selection of Robert Devoe as Committee Chairman Satisfactory to Majority of Those Concerned.

Lincoln, June 11.—The "big split" in the republican state committee meeting, as heralded by a local democratic paper Tuesday afternoon when the state committee was meeting at the Lindell hotel for the purpose of selecting a state chairman to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of E. D. Beach, who has carried the honors through two campaigns, did not materialize and those who were waiting and hoping for such a thing are sadly disappointed.

The selection of Robert W. Devoe as chairman of the committee appears to suit everybody but those who wanted to see trouble, and if a unanimous choice of the committee can be called a "split" then the committee was badly broken up, for never in the history of the state committee has there been more universal satisfaction over what at first appeared to be a fight, than the selection of Mr. Devoe.

Corrick Declined.
The name of F. P. Corrick was not presented to the meeting at the request of Mr. Corrick himself, although there were several members of the committee and many of the state officers, who would have liked to have seen Mr. Corrick made chairman. There was a large sentiment among those who favored Devoe for chairman that Corrick should take the secretaryship, but the latter has had plans in view for some time that he preferred to take up which he will now be at liberty to accept. However he was willing to accept the chairmanship if there appeared to be a call for him to do so. As soon as he discovered yesterday that Devoe appeared to be strong with many of the influential mem-

bers of the committee he told his friends not to announce his name and when the time came for a selection the name of Mr. Devote was the only one considered.

Result Satisfactory.

"The result of the work of the state committee is perfectly satisfactory to me," said Mr. Corrick to The Bee correspondent. "It was a question to me whether I really ought to take it or not because of other plans, but of course if the sentiment favored me, I was willing to give up those plans."

Robert W. Devoe represents the progressive element in the republican party and is exceedingly strong with all republicans. His address before the republican state convention last year made so strong an impression that National Chairman Will Hays, who was present, at once suggested its use as a campaign document, and it was used extensively during the campaign by the national committee. Mr. Devoe is a live wire, and while there was some fear that he might not accept, it was understood at the meeting that he was willing to take hold if the committee so desired.

Mr. Devoe is out of the state and may not return until some time next week, and, therefore, the selection of a secretary will be left until he makes his choice upon his return, as the state committee gave him full power to not only select his secretary, but a new executive committee if he desired to make a change.

Says Burlington Refuses to Build Safe Cattle Pass

Lincoln, June 11.—John F. Anthes of Wellfleet has made complaint to the State Railway commission that the Burlington railroad, which runs through his land near that town, has refused to obey the law and build a cattle pass under the tracks so his cattle can safely pass from one part of his farm to the other.

The Burlington takes exception to the statement that they refuse to build the pass, alleging that Mr. Anthes wants too expensive a structure, one that will cost \$600, when in their estimation one sufficient to cover the needs can be put in for \$60.

The railroad company also contends that the commission has no jurisdiction over the matter of the building of underground crossings or cattle passes.

EXTRA SESSION NOW DEPENDS ON LEGISLATORS

Governor Sends Out Letters Regarding Suffrage Amendment; Writes Executives of Neighboring States.

Lincoln, June 11.—If the response to the letters sent out by Governor McKelvie show a feeling on the part of a majority of the members of the legislature that a special session should be called to pass upon the adoption of a joint resolution ratifying the national woman suffrage amendment to the constitution the governor will make the call. In his communication sent out today the governor says:

"From information that I am able to get from other states, it appears that it will be practical for Nebraska to have a special session of the legislature for the purpose of considering the ratification of the suffrage amendment to the national constitution. I shall be glad to have an expression of opinion from you bearing upon this subject, and would like also a suggestion as to the time when you think such a session should be called. If you have other suggestions to make bearing upon the matter of a special session, I shall be very glad to have them."

The governor has also sent the following message to the executives of other states in an effort to discover the sentiment along the line of special sessions in states where the legislature is not now in session or will not be in time to give the women a chance to vote at the next presidential election.

I shall call a special session of the Nebraska legislature if enough other governors take similar action to make it appear that approval of the suffrage amendment will be materially hastened thereby. I shall appreciate it very much, therefore, if you will advise me of the action that you have taken or intend taking in this matter.

NEBRASKA MAN FAVORS LICENSE ON ALL POTASH

W. E. Richardson Thinks Tariff System Would Cost Farmers More; Should Have Quick Action.

By a Staff Correspondent.
Washington, June 11.—W. E. Richardson, who is interested in a large potash plant at Lakeside, Neb., and representing the Nebraska potash producers before the ways and means committee, completed his statement begun Tuesday before that committee.

Mr. Richardson declared himself unreservedly in favor of the licensing system against the direct tariff system "because" he said, "it would cost the farmers less under the former than under the latter system." He said that 90 per cent of all potash goes into fertilizer and that 75 per cent of that fertilizer is manufactured by six concerns in this country, all large and powerful with big capital behind them.

"These firms," said the Nebraska man, "are in a position to report quickly as cheap a price as can be procured and unless we get speedy relief these large users of potash may import or arrange for importation of 100,000 tons of potash which will spell ruin for the domestic producers of potash."

Mr. Richardson gave it as his opinion that the domestic potash producers and the Nebraska field produces 75 per cent of the potash in the country at this time. It could furnish potash at \$2.50 a unit for the next two years and break even.

In answer to a question of Chairman Fordney, he said that represented \$250 a ton.

"We believe that in order to protect the domestic potash industry we would need at least a duty of \$1.50 per unit."

Judge Kinkaid is of the opinion that a majority of the ways and means committee look with favor on the licensing system, which also has the endorsement of Dr. White of the bureau of mines.

Collections Break Record

North Platte, Neb., June 11.—(Special Telegram.)—Collections for the past month at the county treasurer's office were \$94,000, the largest since the opening of the office.

Commercial Club of Grand Island Complains of the Freight Service

Lincoln, June 11.—Because of the consolidation of freight houses at Grand Island by the government administration of railroads, it is impossible for shippers of perishable goods to unload and have the freight handled under the orders of the state railway commission, according to a telegram reaching the commission from E. L. Brown, chairman of the traffic committee of the commercial club of that city.

Mr. Brown says that the Burlington refuses to accept loads of perishable goods backed up at the freight house at 4:10 Tuesday afternoon. The railroads, according to Mr. Brown, interpret the order of the commission so that the burden is all thrown on the shipper. He says that lack of platform space since the government consolidated the freight houses makes it impossible to live up to the commission's order made some time ago relative to closing of freight houses at a certain hour and requiring goods to be on platform in time so they could be handled. He says that relief must come immediately.

The commission will take up the matter immediately.

Law Students Admitted to Practice Profession

Lincoln, June 11.—The following students have passed examinations before the law commission and have been given their authority to practice in this state:

J. Ralph Dukes, Roderick G. Roberts, Robert S. Cain, Robert B. Schuyler, Dennis E. O'Brien, Theodore W. Metcalfe, Joseph Francis Powers, Jonathan A. Frye, James T. English, Eugene M. Clennon and Joseph J. Fraser, all of Omaha.

Paul F. Good, Lincoln; Joseph Homer Richert, Fairbury; James E. Mong, Bloomington, and Henry B. Downs, were admitted by certificate from Illinois.

Celebrate Sixth Anniversary.

North Platte, Neb., June 11.—(Special Telegram.)—The Twentieth Century club celebrated its sixth anniversary last evening with a banquet in the Methodist church parlors. One hundred and twenty-five attended. Mrs. Roy Cottrell acted as toastmistress and papers were read by members. The program was arranged in burlesque.

BANKERS FROM EVERY COUNTY IN STATE HERE

Twenty-Second Annual Convention Opens With Nearly 1,000 in Attendance; Full Card of Oratory.

Representing every county in Nebraska and practically every city and town of the state, yesterday afternoon, in the ballroom of the Hotel Fontenelle, there gathered nearly 1,000 bankers, to hold their 22d annual convention. There was a full card of oratory, so full, in fact, that the automobile ride about the city, planned for late in the day, was postponed until 9:30 a. m. today.

The convention was presided over by W. S. Weston and the invocation was pronounced by Rev. E. H. Jenks of the First Presbyterian church of Omaha.

The bankers were welcomed to the city by Mayor Smith, who assured them that while he had greeted many assemblages in Omaha, there were no men for whom he had more respect than for the bankers of Nebraska. He referred to them as men who in the communities in which they reside are looked up to socially and as thorough, reliable and substantial business men.

The mayor expressed the hope that out of the meeting and out of other meetings of a similar character would be brought about peace and prosperity to the entire world, and a peace that would maintain for all time to come.

J. L. Hobbs, bass of the First Presbyterian church, sang, "Son of the Desert Am I," with Miss Louise Zabriskie at the piano.

Tells of Experiences.

As dean of Nebraska bankers and "the young man who took Horace Greeley's advice and came west to grow up with the country," J. H. Millard, president of the Omaha National bank and also president of the Omaha Clearing House association, was introduced and greeted with applause as he stepped to the front of the platform.

Mr. Millard told the bankers that he came to Nebraska in 1855, long before national and state banks

were in existence. He detailed the method of obtaining a circulating medium, explaining that each and every bank issued its own currency and that the same passed as real money within the country around the town in which the particular bank was doing business.

In behalf of the Omaha bankers, Mr. Millard welcomed the visitors to the city, assuring them that the financial institutions here regard it as a distinctive honor to have the bankers of the state with them.

Speaking for the visiting bankers, John M. Flannigan, cashier of the Citizens' Bank of Stuart, responded to the addresses of welcome. He thanked the Omahans for the courtesies extended, adding that "I desire to quote the words of the Ogalala Sioux and say, 'We come with good hearts.'"

Doctors of Financial Ills.

Richard S. Hawes, vice-president of the Third National bank, St. Paul, Minn., and also vice-president of the American Bankers' association, spoke on the "Independence of Bankers," taking the position that they are the doctors of financial ills and some of the ills with which families are afflicted at times.

Detailing duties of bankers and the responsibilities that they owe the public, Mr. Hawes digressed and went into a discussion of the railroad proposition and the operation and control of transportation lines. He urged the necessity of the government returning the railroad properties to corporate control and ownership at the earliest possible date, although he thought it possible some government restriction should be maintained. He characterized government operation of the roads as "inefficient and impracticable and not satisfactory to the public."

Mr. Hawes expressed the opinion that during the readjustment period following the war, to attain the best results, labor and capital must recognize each other's rights and work together for the good of the country and its people, its business and its institutions. He asserted that at this time, 20,000 propagandists throughout the country, well supplied with money, are seeking to stir up discord and strife between labor and capital. These men lie pictured as being dangerous to the communities in which they work, their main purpose being to tear down and destroy the institutions of liberty. He urged going after foreign trade and holding it, that goods of American manufacture not be found in all the markets of the world.

Governor Discusses Code Law.

Governor McKelvie discussed the administrative code, asserting that the passage of the code bill and that let it go into operation is not a new idea in Nebraska. He stated that two former governors, Morehead and Neville, had pledged a similar code to the people of the state. He asserted that while the code contains 512 pages, but 20 pages constitute new legislation.

The governor discussed the code topic by topic, explaining that under its operations the constitutional offices of the state are not interfered with, it having to do only with those created by the legislature. Of these it eliminates numerous boards, consolidating the former 20 subdivisions of state government into six departments, with a responsible head over each.

The afternoon session closed with an address by W. J. Bailey, former governor and congressman of Kansas, but now the owner of several banks in the state and also a director of the Kansas City Federal Reserve bank.

Ex-Governor Bailey paid a high tribute to Nebraska, expressing the opinion that "with the exception of Kansas, it is the best state in the union and that the two states are so near alike that you will be unable to tell when you pass from one into the other."

The ex-governor dwelt at length upon the benefits that are to accrue by reason of the establishment of the reserve banks, contending that they are a protection to state and national banks; that they make it possible for banks to do business without carrying such enormous reserves as in the past and that they establish the credit of all institutions having dealings with them.

Feels at Liberty.

Asserting that he was a republican, Mr. Bailey told the bankers that during the war he did everything possible to hold up the hands of President Wilson; that he went without sugar in his coffee and ate bran bread, but that now he felt at perfect liberty to express his opinions freely. However, he did not criticize the president.

The speaker asserted that he looked upon the future problems of the country with considerable concern, but believed that they would be settled in the interests of human liberty and on Christian principles. "For," he added, "a country that in a little more than a year can equip and send 2,000,000 soldiers abroad and raise \$200,000,000 to loan to its allies and finance a war can handle the problems that are to come up for future consideration."

Official of A. O. U. W. Goes to Grand Island Meeting by Airplane

Grand Island, Neb., June 11.—(Special Telegram.)—Grand Master Stevens of the A. O. U. W. was the first air passenger to alight in Grand Island brought here by his son, W. A. Stevens, army aviator, and made a perfect landing on a field just east of the city. Despite the fact that there was a misty rain and quite heavy clouds, the trip was made in one hour and 48 minutes, covering a distance of over 120 miles. From Beaver City to Minden, the flight was made above the clouds, from Minden straight to Grand Island the plane remained below the clouds. The trip was made on about 15 gallons of gasoline. The return will be made early Thursday morning.

Storm at Louisville.

Louisville, Neb., June 11.—(Special.)—The heaviest rain of the season visited this section Tuesday night and considerable damage was done to the wheat and listed corn. The Platte river felt its banks and the bottoms are covered with water. Much timber is coming down the river, indicating that many small bridges have been washed out.

A DISCOVERY THAT BENEFITS MANKIND

Two discoveries have added greatly to human welfare.

In 1835 Newton originated the vacuum process for condensing milk with cane sugar to a semi-fluid form.

In 1883 Horlick at Racine, Wis., discovered how to reduce milk to a dry powder form with extract of malted grains, without cane sugar.

This product HORLICK named Malted Milk. (Name since copied by others.) Its nutritive value, greatest of any condensed milk, is (by simply stirring in water) and the fact that it keeps in any climate has proved of much value to mankind as an ideal food-drink from infancy to old age.

Ask for HORLICK'S—Avoid Imitations

LONG SEARCH BY ILLINOIS WOMAN ENDS HAPPILY.

Ten Years' Trouble Overcome By Tanlac When Everything Else Had Failed.

"I tried for more than ten years to find a medicine that would overcome my troubles, but I never got any relief until I commenced taking Tanlac," said Mrs. George Schroppe, who lives on R. F. D. No. 1, Peoria, recently.

"The awful suffering I underwent during all those years almost made a physical and nervous wreck of me," continued Mrs. Schroppe, "and when I began taking Tanlac I had about given up all hope of ever being a well woman again. Owing to the awful condition of my stomach, I was not able to eat anything without suffering terribly afterwards, and I just got so weak and rundown that I had to give up trying to do any part of my housework. My food would sour and I would have such awful cramping pains in the pit of my stomach that I would actually break out in a cold sweat all over my body. I suffered from shortness of breath, too, and I was so nervous that I never slept more than an hour or two any night. Nothing I took seemed to do me the least bit of good, and I finally got to where I had no energy at all, and just felt tired and completely worn out all the time."

"Then I decided to give Tanlac a trial, and to my great surprise I began to improve before I had finished my first bottle, and I was so encouraged that I just continued to take Tanlac, and now I am as well and hearty as I ever was in my life. When I think of how completely Tanlac has overcome my ten years of suffering, after everything else had failed, I can hardly believe it myself. Why, I can eat things now that I honestly believe would have killed me to eat before I took this wonderful medicine. I have such a splendid appetite that I can hardly wait for mealtime to come. I never suffer a particle from indigestion or sour stomach now, and my nerves are in such perfect condition that I sleep like a child every night. I do the cooking and all the rest of my housework with perfect ease, and I never have that worn out, tired feeling any more. I wouldn't take anything in the world for what Tanlac has done for me, and I never lose an opportunity to sing its praises wherever I go."

Tanlac is sold in Omaha by all Sherman & McConnell Drug Company's stores, Harvard Pharmacy and West End Pharmacy. Also Forrest and Meaney Drug Company in South Omaha and the leading druggist in each city and town throughout the state of Nebraska.—Adv.

THE MEN IN CLASS A1

A sound, healthy man is never a back number. A man can be as vigorous and able at seventy as at twenty. Condition, not years, puts you in the discard. A system weakened by overwork and carelessness in your old age prevents you from enjoying life. The bodily functions are impaired and unpleasant symptoms appear. The weak spot is generally the kidneys. Keep them in proper working condition and you will generally find yourself in Class A. Take GOLD MEDAL HAZELIM OIL CAPSULES periodically and your system will always be in working order. Your spirits will be enlivened, your muscles supple, your mind active, and your body capable of hard work. Don't wait until you have been rejected. Commence to take a first-class man now. Go to your druggist at once. Get a trial box of GOLD MEDAL HAZELIM OIL CAPSULES. They are made of the pure, original, imported Hazelim Oil—the kind your great-grandfather used. Two capsules each day will keep you toned up and feeling fine. Money refunded if they do not help you. Remember to ask for the imported GOLD MEDAL Brand. In three sizes, sealed packages.

Cocoanut Oil Makes A Splendid Shampoo

If you want to keep your hair in good condition, be careful what you wash it with. Most soaps and prepared shampoos contain too much alkali. This dries the scalp, makes the hair brittle, and is very harmful. Mulsified cocoanut oil shampoo (which is pure and entirely greaseless), is much better than anything else you can use for shampooing, as this can't possibly injure the hair.

Simply moisten your hair with water and rub it in. One or two teaspoonfuls will make an abundance of rich, creamy lather, and cleanses the hair and scalp thoroughly. The lather rinses out easily and removes every particle of dust, dirt, and dandruff and excessive oil. The hair dries quickly and evenly, and it leaves it fine and silky, bright, fluffy and easy to manage.

You can get Mulsified cocoanut oil shampoo at most any drug store. It is very cheap, and a few ounces is enough to last everyone in the family for months.—Adv.

Read The Bee Want Ads for the best opportunities in bargains.

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No C. O. D.'s No Credits. No Approvals. No Exchanges. No Layaways. No Deliveries. EVERY SALE MUST BE FINAL.

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Storm at Louisville.

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