DAILY (MORNING) - EVENING-SUNDAY FOUNDED BY EDWARD ROSEWATER

VICTOR ROSEWATER, EDITOR THE BEE PUBLISHING COMPANY, PROPRIETOR

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Subscribers leaving the city should have The Bee mailed to them. Address changed as often as requested.

It was some peace meeting.

It is put up or shut up for Germany now.

"Pa" Rourke's boys ought to take the home grounds along when they travel.

Nebraska's crop of sweet girl graduates was tot materially lessened by the war.

Cheer up, Omaha! Other Nebraska towns are getting paving put down, and maybe we will

Herr Hohenzollern is to be invited to return to Germany. He will not be out of reach of the international court, however.

German sympathizers in eastern Iowa have received an impressive reminder that the treaty of peace has not yet been signed.

California flyers have survived a 1.000-foot plunge, but their experience is not likely to make that way of landing popular.

Germans who roar against the "slavery" about to be forced on them should reflect that the first hundred years always are the hardest.

Yaqui Indians are whooping it up again down in Sonora. We will not run short of first-page items until this outfit is finally "pacified."

Elsie Janis says she is "engaged" to the whole A. E. F. Very likely, but she will probably go the way of all attractive women in time.

Nebraska banks show an increase of \$11,000,000 in May over the report made in January. That shows you how the state is going

Commercial demand for the airplane is based on the statement of a Chicago dealer that he sold 40 in a week. Looks like the age of flight, sure enough.

The Serbian crown prince has been offered the vacant throne of Hungary. This shows how complete the overthrow of the Magyar influence has been.

Nebraska's new gasoline test law goes into effect at once, and auto owners are looking for some relief in quality whether they get any in

Austria will get the "bad news" at noon today. And the delegates need not disturb themselves over the blank pages in the abstract. They will all be filled out.

The Kiwanis club has tackled a big job, but is going about it in a big way. Raising money to help babies who cannot help themselves ought not to be so very difficult in Nebraska.

Methodists are planning a "sermon from the air" stunt for an Ohio celebration, but what would John Wesley say if he could get a chance to give his view on the plan of attaching his church to an airship?

Packers are talking about cheaper beef with the coming of the grass-fed cattle. It is yet a little early for the real run of "grassers," but any excuse will be accepted if only the price of steaks is brought down.

When Dame Nature puts on an electrical show, she generally stages a display well worth watching. The unpleasant part of it is so little attention is paid to the works of man while the performance is going on.

"Ma" Burkitt, champion pie-baker of the A. E. F., has been awarded the Croix de Guerre, but we will wager one of her doughnuts that she puts far greater value on the intangible decorations conferred on her by the boys she

Not the Way to Save Mooney

The Central Trades and Labor Union of St. Louis adopted a sensible course in declining to send delegates to a convention of the so-called Mooney Defense league, which is committed to the plan of a general strike throughout the country to force the California authorities to release Thomas J. Mooney, whose death sentence for conviction of murder has been commuted to life imprisonment by Gov. Stephens. Some of the members pointed out that the active backers of the league are really more concerned about strengthening the I. W. W. than about aiding Mooney or advancing the general cause of labor. Such a strike would be not only revolutionary but anarchistic. It would be a defiance of the limitations of the constitution of the United States, which respects the jurisdiction of the states to try such offenses as Mooney was charged with committing. Without regarding the injury that a general strike would inflict upon the people not living in California and upon persons with whom the strikers have solemn contracts, it would be a sort of coercion which California or any other state would be compelled to resist, or cease pretending to have an orderly government.

The leaders in the league movement probably do not really know whether Mooney is guilty or not. The Globe-Democrat, after examining representations by both sides, long agoconfessed its inability to pass on Mooney's guilt and expressed the hope that he might be tried on some of the other indictments against him, involving the same general state of facts. Should such a trial result in his acquittal, then the governor of California would naturaly grant

nim a full pardon. Whatever pressure may be exerted should be to bring about this sort of arrangement. But while there is enough doubt about Mooney's guilt to justify his trial in one of the other cases, these is no justification for the demand hat he be arbitrarily set free, merely because ie has been a labor leader. It would seem that, with all the pressure that has been brought and with the lively interest the citizens of California must have in the case, the governor and the local authorities could be trusted to do justice.-

St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

AN END TO THE PARLEYING.

Premier Clemenceau has informed the German peace delegates that no more notes will be received from them relative to terms of the treaty. An end is thus put to parleying. The Germans have occupied the time since the treaty was handed them with fruitless debate over points they hoped to have modified. Assurance has been given them that the Allies will not recede. All that now remains is for the

Germans to sign, or finally to refuse. Refusal to sign means the restoration of the blockade of Germany. If cut off from the world, deprived of communication, shut out from supplies, the German people will be brought to realize the extent of the defeat they now apparently do not recognize. That this will be needed is unlikely.

Evidence is not lacking that President Ebert and his associates have been playing to save their faces. While they have been reiterating demands and making requests they knew would not be granted, a powerful influence has been developing among the people in favor of signing the treaty. Germany has had quite enough of fighting for one time. Whatever may the plans for the future, dreams of revenge, of conquest, and of dominion, just at the moment the individual German knows the folly of further resistance. If the kaiser deceived his subjects in 1914, it was because they wanted to be deceived. They were as devoted as their leaders to the purposes for which they went to war. Going into it with their eyes open, they have come out of its disillusioned. Self-pity may uphold their pride, but they know they have

Junkers may bluster, and kaiserites snort in indignation at the terms laid down for Germany, but the time is right at hand for action. The business before them is the signing of the treaty, and that will soon be over with.

Smoking in Church on Sunday.

Somewhat startling is the information that in England serious consideration is being given a proposal that certain pews be set aside for the use of smokers who want to go to church on Sunday, but also wish to mingle with the drippings from the sanctuary of solace of slowly burning tobacco. Just how this will strike the uplifters of America, who have pledged themselves, tentatively, at least, to uproot the devil's weed, both figuratively and literally, is hard to imagine. Yet it will carry something of interest to the contemplative mind, for it involves a way to attract to religion men who might otherwise stray widely. When General Booth began his Salvation Army work, he was generally condemned because of the method he adopted. Casual observers or hasty critics mistook the symbol for its meaning, and heard in the Salvation Army only the rattle of the tambourine or the boom of the big bass drum. They did not note that the noise was but the outward show and that the inward purpose of the army was denoted by its title. To the closer observer, however, the relation between the noise and the work of the army soon was clear. Back of the banging was the more definite program of "soup, soap and salvation." Sinners were first fed, then washed, and afterwards saved, if possible. All the world now honors the Salvation Army, and understands its ways. May it not be possible to bring real religion a little closer to man through the mingling of some tobacco smoke with the incense that arises in front of the altar? The symbolism of the one is not very much different from that of the"

Victories of Defeat.

I hoped that either the senators would change their minds, or that the people would change the senate, but instead they changed me," is the way William Howard Taft tells of the fate of his effort to secure the adoption of arbitration treaties. To this he adds: "Any man in political life learns that there are worse things than defeat." And herein he sums up the wholesome philosophy of useful life. Defeat is not easy to bear, but it brings with it realization of weakness in method or principle, shows the mistakes, and encourages greater effort if the end sought is worthy of attainment. Not everyone is possessed of the well-tempered optimism that animates Mr. Taft, but it is within the reach of any. Self-discipline is the means by which the victory to be found in defeat may be achieved. The individual who can put aside the disappointment of failure, and start on new effort is the one who eventually succeeds. "Sweet are the uses of adversity," for they bring out the worthy qualities of the strong and develope those elements of the soul which might have slumbered had the goal been reached with too little exertion.

Keep the Army Posts as Monuments.

Again the abandonment of the "frontier" army posts is being talked of. While these may no longer be needed to protect settlers against possible Indian outbreaks, they have a sentimental value, and may well be maintained because of that. Secretary Baker's plan for establishing great training centers will not seriously be interfered with through the maintenance of the little post whose existence was of such tremendous value in the days when the west really had a frontier. If these posts are to be abandoned by the army, they should be turned over to the states, to be preserved as public grounds. They are part of the history of the west and deserve to be kept as monuments of the time when life was not a "long, sweet song" to the men and women who blazed the way for present day prosperity and future greatness. The soldier and the pioneer should not be forgotten because their work is done. Keeping the little army posts as monuments to the trail blazers will be little enough in way of an installment on the debt the country owes them.

The Nebraska convention of the League to Enforce may be taken as fairly well representing the sentiment of the people of the state, who are not too proud to fight, but who would prefer to be allowed to go about their daily business, feeling secure in amicable relations with all the world.

Army estimates indicate that 200,000 American soldiers will be required for the army of occupation after September. How soon this number will be reduced depends on how Germany behaves, but close watchers think it will

Nebraska soldier boys are getting home just in time to help raise the biggest crop that ever grew in the state, which is out to encourage them mightily.

A City of Clacking Tongues

From the Literary Digest.

One of the keenest journalists that ever visted Athens wrote that "all the Athenians and strangers who were there spent their time in nothing else but either to tell or to hear some new thing" This journalist, Dr. Luke by name, was himself a Greek, and he recorded his impressions in the 17th chapter of the Book of acts, where they may still be read.

Supplementing this ancient comment is the remark made a few weeks ago by a diplomat in Athens. His view of the Greek habit of much talking, which amounts to the same view that was held by Dr. Luke, was expressed as follows: 'The trouble with these Greeks is their cafe habit. They spend too much time sitting in the Philadelphia presiding over the concafes talking, talking, talking about all sorts of

doers, and so are never content with whatever order my be existent." Thus the first century and the 20th coincide in their judgment of the Athenians, comments

Dr. William T. Ellis, writing from Athens to

the New York Herald, and he continues: the "An epidemic of taciturnity would be greatest of boons to this volatile people. With economist, she removed to Chicago every man doing a task and nobody talking and there continued the work she about the other man's work, Greece would quickly restore the glory of the older days. Given a general visitation of silent loyalty, with he nation resolute and diligent behind its chosen course and leaders, it would quickly become ie dominant force in the near east.

"So far as a superficial investigation reveals, Athens is more interested in the latest political and social gossip than in the big problems of the new era, thus vindicating the historic criticism with which this article began.

"Of paramount interest seems the question of King Alexander's marriage. He is in love with a young Greek woman of excellent family, but the government will not let him marry her. The demand is for a foreign queen. Reasons of state are given for this. It is said the parents of the young lady in question are pro-German in sympathy; but this is indignantly denied by Americans who know the family. Also it is declared that the marriage would give one Greek family great influence in politics. Other observers say that the real reason is that the Athenian ladies refuse to accept as their leader and liege sovereign one whom they formerly outranked.

'Now, while this discussion rages, an English speaking Greek officer brings me the latest tid-bit of gossip, which is that the loyal king received her education largely from lover has transferred his interest and affections to an American Red Cross girl. From young American naval officers who met the king often and have taught him American dances, American humor and American good times, I learn that while the king likes American girls he is still true to his old love.

"Of more real interest is the growth of the republican sentiment here. There is a 'royalist' party, favoring the return of King Constantine, but apparently it is actuated, like parties the world around, more by the zest for the of life. spoils of office than by any more abstract consideration. Also it is anti-Venizelos, although orudently cautious in its opposition. Venizelos, however, is as firmly in control as anybody ever was in Greece. This is now a one-man country, and Venizelos is the man. I wonder what the young king thinks as he goes about and sees 10 portraits of his prime minister displayed to every one of himself. He knows, too, hat Venizelos openly promised Parliament that if the present king is not a success no other would be put forward; a republic would be the next experiment.

Behind and beneath all this external life and politics lies the grim and gory Balkan problem, which is working out in Greek villagers slaying and being slain, and in such vast human misery as the western world simply

Food Costs on Congress

Mr. Wilson came into office upon a platform Yet, even prior to the outbreak of the war the living cost had been mounting higher and higher. Unscrupulous advantage has been taken of the distracted state of the country and of the world demands upon the American larder, to run up the cost of living to prohibitive figures. It is a fact that wage increases kept petty nearly with the pace of war prices for food. But the case has been very different with salary earners. The salaried class has not largely benefited n the prosperity era.

The wage-earners cannot hope to have the present grade of pay sustained, although there will be no return to the former level. In some industries wages will even advance further. The problem for the present congress will be to make searching and speedy investigation into the bases for the high cost of living and to seek to effect reductions that will provide a wider margin between the outlay for absolute necessities and the wages and salaries that are received.

Congress cannot itself cut food costs. But congress can bring about amelioration of conditions, and congress can effect the publicity that will result in squeezing some of the excessive profits out of those articles of merchandise that bear directly upon living costs. It will be looked to for such relief .- Baltimore American.

The Colors of a Nation

If there really is a new Germany, there must be a new German flag. That was naturally the first thing that should occur to the men who are at the front in present German affairs. It was a necessity if they were establishing a new government; a policy if they were camouflaging the old. So they changed the flag by substituting for the white stripe a stripe of yellow. And immediately they were in trouble.

Belgium's flag is not really red and yellow and black, but red and gold and black. But yelow and gold, on a flag, are with difficulty distinguished. There is no law preventing new fermany from adopting Belgium's colors, but Germany from adopting beigium's colors, but pressed, for ord, had possessed anything Ask, as of old, the chance to give their best. approaching good taste, that thing would not have been done at this time. However, they claim that this is the flag of the old Germanic tederation, and there seems to be no ground for disputing it. It has been well said that all the old German flag needed to make it appropriate was a streak of yellow, and surely the elimination of white was justified.—Hartford Times.

The Day We Celebrate.

George Rasmussen, vice-president of the Nebraska Bridge Supply and Lumber company, born 1884. Arnold S. Borglum of the Darlow Advertis-

ing agency, born 1869. Dr. Ewing Brown, physician, born 1858. Thomas Hardy, who is generally considered in England their greatest living novelist, born

in Dorsetshire 79 years ago. Sir Edward Elgar, distinguished musician and composer, born in Worcestershire, England, 62 years ago.

ress, born in Alleghany City, Pa., 43 years ago. Mrs. William Howard Taft, wife of the former president of the United States, born in incinnati 58 years ago.

Edward Penfield, celebrated artist and illus-

trator, born in New York City 53 years ago.

Thirty Years Ago in Omaha. Councilman A. H. Sander of Omaha is among those reported missing in the Johnstown flood. Rev. Dr. Patterson of Boston, in the city with

view to gathering a Universalist church, preached at Masonic hall. Rev. William Rosenau has been chosen by the Jewish congregation as their pastor to suc-

ceed Rabbi Benson. The Lefever Gun club held their regular weekly shoot. Billy Townsend carried off the

People You Ask About

Information About Folks in the Public Eye Will Be Given in This Column in Answer to Readers' Questions. Your Name Will Not Be Printed.

Let The Bee Tell You.

Mrs. Raymond Robins.

Where is Mrs. Raymond Robins at present, and what is she doing? WOMAN READER.

Mrs. Raymond Robins continues in her work as social economist, particularly as that subject relates to women. Just now she is in vention of the National Women's trivialties, mostly political. That breeds in-trigue and scism. They are talkers and not cussing the new problems of women workers as developed by the war A native of Brooklyn, her first efforts were in connection with the New York Women's Trade Union league of which she was one of the organizers and later president. Follow ing her marriage to Raymond Robins, also distinguished as a social had begun in New York. Mrs. Robins has served as chairman of the industrial commission of the Illinois Federation of Women's Clubs, as a member of the industrial education committee of the American Federation of Labor, and on the executive committee of the American Association for Labor Legislation.

An Immortal Name.

Information: The celebration on May 27 which you ask about was no doubt the Julia Ward Howe centenary, that day having been the 100th anniversary of her birth. The day was celebrated by women's organizations and especially by suffra-

gists throughout the country. On her father's side, Julia Ward descended from such men as Roger Williams and Governor Samuel Ward of Rhode Island, who was a member of the First and Continental congresses. Her father was a man of wealth and influence who took an active interest in religious work and formed the first temperance organization in America. The home environment was one of private toutors. She married Samuel Gridley Howe in 1843.

During the course of her long life she lived to be 91-Mrs. Howe was at the very forefront of many movements which had to do with American literature, philanthropy and the emancipation of her sex. From the early days of her womanhood, she was a woman of consequence. woman of affairs, a woman who had a very high conception of the duties

Mrs. Howe was a frequent contributor to the best American magazines. She was also a poetess who found a ready response in the hearts of the people. Her famous "Battle Hymn of the Republic" was written after a visit to the camp of the Army of the Potomac during the Civil war, has made her name immortal.

The French Premiership.

Who is likely to succeed Clemeneau as French premier? M. L. K. The successor of M. Clemenceau uld he retire as premier at the final conclusion of peace, is not now a certain matter. Andre Tardieu has been prominently mentioned, however, and a survey of his record furnishes evidence of his fitness for such high position. For nearly two years during the war he resided in Washington as French high commissioner in the United States. Previous to his apointment to this post States, lectured at its universites, studied its political life, interviewed its statesmen and publicists, and put himself on record in book giving his impressions of what he saw, heard In the early part of the war he saw active service, especially before Verdun, and was cited in army reports for bravery. He is known as a journalist, as former editor of Le Temps, and as a diplomat.

IN THE BEST OF HUMOR.

"Hey, wotcher doing? Stealing a ride?" "Ain't the railroads being run by government?" demanded the tramp. "Yea."
"Then stealing a ride is merely a polit-

leal crime, and political crimes don't in this kentry."—Kansas City Journal. "When I'm tired my wife reads to me he news of the day."
"I tried that once."
"Yes?"

But my wife couldn't see any news except news about marked-down diamond necklaces and sales in furs."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat. Physiology Teacher-Robert, you may

Church—They tell me we're going to have a hard summer?
Gotham—I can't see how it can be anything else. The war is all over, and we didn't have enough snow last winter to talk much about."—Yonkers Statesman. "Why do you wear that thin waist?" "Why do you wear that thin "stylish."
"You must be cold."
"I am."
"I should think you'd shiver."
"No, it isn't stylish to shiver."—Judge.

"FOR WITHOUT ARE DOGS."

Not very far without! Oh, let them be Gathered beyond Heaven's door all hope Walting their lord's quick summons or Dreaming they hear his voice, or feel his hand,

And, wistful muzzies to the threshold Thus may they wait, with homage in their eyes, Till the Great Master of the House arise, And, flinging wide the door, their penance "Love is Heaven's password. Come ye in, my Friends"
—ELEANOR DUNCAN WOOD in New
York Times.

DAILY CARTOONETTE

JOHN - MOTHER ARRIVES ON THE TWO O'CLOCK TRAIN FOR A SIX MONTHS VISIT-SO YOU MUST BE AT THE STATION TO MEET HER!



Little Folks' Corner

DREAMLAND **ADVENTURE**

LITTLE LAME LADDIE. (When the Little Lame Laddle wishes go to Birdiand, Peggy and Billy sum-on the Mighty Bronze Genie, who car-sa him there.

By DADDY.

Judge Owl Tells a Secret. TO, HO, it's a happy day!" sang II the Mighty Bronze Genie, run- hands over his ears. ning and leaping and jumping in

Little Lame Laddie from the Genie's the hollow voice. shoulders. "Chee, chee, it's a happy day!"

gladsome play.

warbled Bob Olink from an orchard. "Rap, rap, it's a happy day!" drummed Reddy Woodpecker on a "Tweet, tweet, it's a happy day,"

twittered dozens of birds, as they entered the forest. Lame Laddie, high on the Genie's shoulders, was delighted. His eyes



"Ho, ho, it's a happy day," sang the Mighty Bronze Genie, running and leaping and jumping in gladsome play.

sparkled gladly and his cheeks were red with pleased excitement "See the birds, the birds, the legs when there is a new leg builder birds!" he cried. "I didn't know close at hand." there were so many beautiful birds in all the world. And they all seem to be singing, 'It's a hapy day,' just as I am singing it. "That's what they are singing,"

replied Peggy. 'Oh, can you understand them?" asked Lame Laddie, his eyes grow- being here is a secret, but I heard it Great Doctor.)

"I wish I could." "Blow, blow, blow in his ear!" advised a deep, hollow voice, seemingly coming from nowhere.

"What's that?" asked Billy, looking all around. "Blow, blow, blow in his ear!" repented the hollow voice. looked and they looked, but they couldn't see where it came from. Persy, however, had learned from experience that in Birdland it is wise to take so such advice, even from unknown sources, so she blew in Lame Laddie's ear.
"Oh, oh!" he cried, clapping his

stand what the birds are singing. Isn't it fine?'

"It would be fine if you would go "Hi, hi, it's a happy day!" echoed away and let me sleep," grumbled

"Why, it's Judge own, Judge oggy, "Wake up, wake up, Judge you to Peggy. "Wake up, wake up, owi, I want to introduce you to But the only answer was a snore-

muilled snore that seemed to come from nearby. "I'll get him out!"

Reddy Woodpecker, beginning to drum vigorously on a tree. drummed a regular bugle call; an't get him up, I can't get him up, can't get him up in the day time Why should I get up in the cay time? It's a lot more fun roaming around at night learning se-

Owl's head popped out of a hole in a tree right beside them. "Hello," he said, putting on his dark goggles. "Did you blow in his

crets," grumbled the muffled voice

But now there was a scraping and

a fluttering and in a moment Judge

'Yes," answered Lame Laddie "And I thank you for telling 'em to. for now I understand bird language,

and it is wonderful. "Phoo, phoo, it's just bird talk," said Judge Owl. "Why are you ridng on the Bronze Genie's shoulders? Why aren't you running around on your own legs? Are you lazy?" "I can't walk," said Lame Laddie sadly. "Something happened to my legs when I was a tiny chap, and I haven't walked since.

"How silly!" grumbled Judge Owl "How stlly to go without

"A new leg builder here in Birdland?" asked Peggy in amazement. "Right here in Birdland, camping by the river," hooted Judge Owl. 'Who is he?" demanded Billy Bel-

"They call him 'Great Doctor.' His

DAILY DOT PUZZLE

28 • 29 Just wait a moment, please, until

buish this Draw from one to two and so on to the

while prowling around his camp last night and having fun scaring his servants into fits," hooted Judge Owl. "He is in the woods on a vacation.

Ah, I'd heard a famous surgeon was camping near here," said the Genie. "If he is able to give Little Lame Laddie new legs in place of his uscless old legs, we're going to get a pair. Come on!"

(Tomorrow they seek the camp of the

which is now 4:30. And you cannot

Franklin on a League for Peace. than common people are to com-

Omaha, May 31. To the Editor of mon laws. Whoever attempts this The Bee: "Observations of Benja-min Franklin in reading History," fail of pleasing God and of meeting May 19, 1731, 188 years ago, Benja- with success." min Franklin wrote the following on a "Party of Virtue" (or league of nations) "The the great affairs of the

world, the wars, the revolutions, etc., are carried on and affected by par-"That the view of these parties is

their present general interest, or what they take to be such. "That the different views of these extract. different parties occasion all confu-

"There seems to me at present to be great occasion for raising a considerable property in Monona united Party of Virtue (league of county at one time. The extract M. Tardieu had visited the United | nations) by forming the virtuous and god men of all nations into a regular body, to be governed by suitable, good and wise rules, in which good and wise men may probably be more unanimous in their obedience to, than common people are to common laws. "I at present think that whoever attempts this aright and is well qualified cannot fail of pleasing God

and of meeting with success." The league of nations is not a new Wilsonian idea. Benjamin Franklin had the same vision way back in

The sponsors and advocates of the present plan of the league of nations have assured us that it is a practical thing, a beautiful ideal, that will do away with all future wars and bring all the nations of the world together in the cause of If this is true, then the people of the United States want the eague of nations to become a reality without any further unnecessary de-

lays. On the other hand, those posed to the league of nations are elling us that, as the league of nations now stands, it is impractical hat the United States cannot ratify t unless it is changed in many re-

spects. We hear cries of derision and warning from many of our most ilustrious United States senators, both against the league of nations as it treaty presented to Germany. course this opposition may be disthe the greatest reasons why this law United States senate has been completely ignored in the ratification of ooth the peace treaty and the league

of nations. Somewhere in our constitution, I believe you will find a clause to the effect that treaty negotiation ratification are in the joint hands of the president and the senate. far our senate has had no

share in the making of the peace Our senate is not in the habit of being dictated to, as the majority of them are capable thinking for themselves. Nor do they all agree with Mr. Wilson's attitude that he is the one efficient person able to carry out the peace treaty and the league of nations The main trouble seems to be that

a great many of its former allied supporters are now losing or have lost sight of the great principle involved and are scrambling for spoils Probably a good suggestion would he that Mr. Wilson and his foreign associates should be furnished with copies of Benjamin Franklin's plans "United Party of Virtue," calling their attention to the following which Franklin seemed to think most important:

"By forming the virtuous and good men of all nations into a regular body, to be governed by suitable good and wise rules, in which good and wise men may probably be more unanimous in their obedience to,

RALPH A. LEE.

Charles Sumner's Vision. In connection the foregoing, the following clipping from an

paper, sent to The Bee by a friend,

is of peculiar interest: Through the courtesy of A. H. Hoffman of the abstract office, we were able to copy from a will which has been on file there, the following ner thought of the league of nations, back years ago, and hoped that it would come. Mr. Sumner

from the will follows: "Paragraph (9) of the will of Charles Sumner, Boston, Mass., dated September 2, 1872. "A transcript of which will is re-

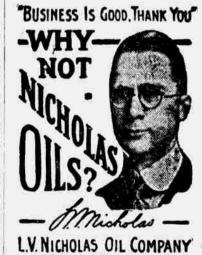
corded in Will Records '3' page '12' in Monona County Probate Records: "I bequeath to the President and Fellows of Harvard College, one thousand dollars in trust for an annual prize to the best dissentation by any student of the College or any of its schools, under graduate or graduate, on Universal peace and the methods by which war may be permanently superceded. I do this in the hope of drawing the attention of students to the practicability of organizing peace among the nations, which I sincerely believe may be I cannot doubt that the same modes of decision which new prevails between individuals, between towns and between smaller munities may be extended to na-

Baby's Feeding Time.

Superior, Neb., May 29 .- To the Editor of The Bee: I have read with interest the many comments in your columns of Mr. Frank A. Agnew concerning the daylight saving law. The one about spoiling the morning appeals to me. The dear old sun no doubt thinks people are getting up to see him dress and resenting it now stands and against the peace winder, by gosh. The mornings sure simply knocks the morning's stem Of are punk. But, I think, Mr. Agnew has overlooked one of

> Now suppose a baby is born after the time has been changed in the spring. He eats his breakfast earnestly and with full faith in his parents every morning at 5:30. And along comes fall and all at once you turn the clock back an hour and what was 5:30 becomes 4:30. But what does baby know about clocks? Time is time to him, whether it is God's time or sham time, so he continues to wake up at the usual time

should be repealed.



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Attractive Rate INTEREST NO COMMISSION

reason with him. To tell him he should get back to God's time does No, sir, you don't shift no good. time on baby. So, I say, what if we do save a few millions tons of coal a year, and what if the man who works until

5 or 5:30 feels like he is getting a half holiday each day since he quits work with the sun so high. What if he does have lots of time to work his garden, go fishing, mow his lawn, go for a pienie or play base I say, are these things worth while if the parents of young bables must have their sleep cut from 11 to 10 hours thereby A. A. CUMMINS.

Indicated by the Thumb.

It is a well-known fact amounerve specialists that by an extell if the patient likely to be affected, by paralysis or not, as the thumb will indicate this a long time before there is any trace of the disease in any other



The money you de-

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wall to you and your

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