

BEN MARKS DIES AT HOME AFTER LONG ILLNESS

Came to Council Bluffs More Than Fifty Years Ago; Owned Much Iowa and Nebraska Land.

Ben Marks, a continuous resident of Council Bluffs for more than 50 years, died at 6:15 o'clock last evening, at his home on Vine street. He had been gradually failing for the last few years, following an operation for gall stones, from which he never recovered. He had been preparing for death for several months by arranging all of his business affairs, and sending cheery farewell messages to friends.

Mr. Marks was 71 years old. He was born in Waukegon, Ill., coming to Council Bluffs when a young man of 20, and established the home here that he cherished throughout his life. While still a young man he acquired ranch property in Nebraska and Kansas and endured all the hardships of pioneer life on the plains. Until a few years ago he owned a 900-acre ranch in Nebraska.

Owned Manawa Land. His ambition, however, was to acquire Iowa land, and many years ago he secured title to nearly 3,000 acres around Manawa. He owned practically all of the north bank of the lake and helped to develop it, donating lake frontage and selling the site of Manawa park at a very low price. The river has taken some of the land, but more than 2,000 acres still remain.

During the last 25 years Mr. Marks devoted himself to the development of what are now some of the finest farms in this section, located south of Manawa. At the close of the Omaha exposition he purchased the Washington state building, constructed of cedar logs, smoothed and polished on the inside, and reconstructed it on his farm south of Manawa. It is one of the most unique and expensive farm houses in Iowa.

Known as Horseman. As a breeder of fine stock Ben Marks attracted wide attention and was the owner of many speedy horses.

In the later years of his life Mr. Marks became a frequent attendant of St. Paul's Episcopal church, where Mrs. Marks had long been a member. Their charity has been of a beneficent character, almost lavish but unostentatious. He is survived by his widow, his companion for 40 years, and one sister, Mrs. Josephine Marks of Waukegon, Ill.

Land Contiguous to Inyo Forest Opened to Settlers

Washington, April 25.—Exclusion of about 84,570 acres of land from the Inyo national forest for restoration in part to homestead entry was announced today by Secretary Lane. The tract includes 68,075 acres in Mono and Basin counties, Cal., and 16,495 acres in Esmeralda county, Nev., all of semi-desert character. It will be subject to homestead entry at and after 9 o'clock a. m., July 1, and to other disposition on and after July 8.

Council of Three Disposes of Helgoland Problem

Paris, April 25.—(By Associated Press.)—The question of Helgoland was disposed of by the council of three this afternoon, while the matter of the Kiel canal and the disposition of the German cables was also discussed. It is understood the economic question was settled although no details were given out.

The council will meet again tomorrow.

Resident of Bluffs More Than 50 Years Is Called By Death



Archangel Troops Opening Transport Avenues to Siberia

Archangel, April 25.—(By The Associated Press.)—According to reports by the Russian general staff important progress is being made in the Petchora district toward opening a line of communication in summer between the Archangel and Siberian forces of the allies.

The Archangel forces recently have made important advances, which are destined to assure sea and river transportation with Admiral Kolchak's army as soon as navigation opens in the Arctic region.

A Russian force under General Shapshnikoff has occupied Ost Uchta at the junction of the rivers Ishna and Uchta, and the bolsheviks also have abandoned their fronts on the rivers Vashka and Mezen.

The Weather.

Comparative Local Record.	1918.	1919.	1917.	1916.
Highest yesterday	41	48	45	45
Lowest yesterday	38	38	40	42
Mean temperature	44	50	44	48
Precipitation	.00	.00	.00	.00
Temperature and precipitation departures from the normal:				
Normal temperature	55	55	55	55
Deficiency for the day	17	5	11	11
Total excess since March 1, 1919	138	138	138	138
Normal precipitation	12	12	12	12
Deficiency for the day	12	12	12	12
Rainfall since March 1, 1919	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Excess since March 1, 1919	1.53	1.53	1.53	1.53
Deficiency for the day	1.53	1.53	1.53	1.53
Deficiency for the year	1.53	1.53	1.53	1.53

Report from Stations at 7 P. M.

Station and State Temp. High. Rain. Wind. Clouds.

Chester, Mo. cloudy 48 56 02

Davenport, clear 50 52 00

Des Moines, clear 58 58 00

Dodge City, cloudy 49 49 00

Lander, cloudy 54 54 00

North Platte, cloudy 58 58 00

Omaha, cloudy 52 52 00

Omaha, raining 42 42 00

Rapid City, cloudy 46 46 00

Salt Lake, cloudy 54 54 00

Santa Fe, clear 58 58 00

Sheridan, cloudy 50 50 00

St. Louis, cloudy 52 52 00

Valentine, cloudy 42 42 00

TREASURY HEAD IS GUEST OF THE CITY OF OMAHA

Cabinet Member Leads 100 Per Cent Victory Loan Parade and Talks at Chamber of Commerce.

"The middle west seems to be thoroughly aroused to the importance of loaning its money to the government in order to put over the Victory loan and indications are that it is going to be fully subscribed, it is not over-subscribed," said Secretary of the Treasury, Glass yesterday morning upon his arrival at the Union station.

Secretary Glass is out on a speaking tour in the interest of the Victory loan. Omaha is on his itinerary and yesterday morning upon his arrival in the government private car, "Palm Beach," he was met at the station by T. Byrne, chairman of the Victory loan committee, O. T. Eastman, Luther Drake and Arthur Mullen.

Holds Informal Reception. The secretary of the treasury came in from Chicago, where he spoke yesterday afternoon. Upon his arrival, he posed for a picture and then was taken in charge by the local committee and escorted to the Hotel Fontenelle, where at 10 o'clock he held an informal reception, bankers and representatives of financial institutions of the city being among the callers.

At noon the secretary and Mr. Byrne marched at the head of the Victory loan 100 per cent parade. Afterwards he went to the Chamber of Commerce, where he luncheoned and delivered an address to the business men of the city, former Senator Millard presiding.

At the Chamber of Commerce the large dining room was crowded to capacity. As the secretary arose to speak, he was greeted with a most enthusiastic reception. As the applause died away the secretary devoted a few minutes to a review of the disadvantages of the old national banking system prior to the adoption of the federal reserve plan.

Loans to Other Nations. He called attention to the fact that the government has loaned foreign nations \$11,000,000,000 for war purposes and has floated \$18,000,000,000 of Liberty bonds and war saving certificates, besides billions of dollars of treasury certificates of indebtedness, issued in anticipation of the Liberty loans.

Launching into the main part of his address, the secretary in part said: "A world is to be rebuilt. Should we timidly pause and debate as to who should rebuild it? Not for an hour, gentlemen; the enterprise should be started right away, here at Omaha, by the blast of your furnaces and the whirl of your mills and the din of a thousand essential industries. It should spread, in healthy progression, to the uttermost parts of the land."

"The American people should supplement the patriotism of war by the patriotism of peace; and just as American soldiers on the fields of battle made notable conquests for liberty, so American business men in a different way and through different instrumentalities should now give expression to their patriotism by promptly and cheerfully meeting the obligations of citizenship which exigently involve triumphs of peace easily comparable, in their ultimate consequences, to the greatest victories of war."

"We are not going to approach the last Liberty loan strictly in a commercial spirit. We are not going to float it strictly on a commercial basis. It is impossible to do it. A little thought will teach the wisest among the financiers of this country that it is impossible now to

float purely for investment purposes a loan of four and a half billions of dollars. We have got to appeal to the patriotism of the American people, and it will not be done in safety, and provided with employment on their return."

Billion a Month.

"While congress has written off the books \$15,000,000,000 of authorizations, for which public funds would have been expended had not the war suddenly terminated, the government is still expending more than \$1,000,000,000 per month to meet the honorable commitments of the country. The honor of the government is involved. Being your government, it is your honor that is involved; and I know that the appeal of the American government to the American people will meet a response of which the nation will be proud."

During the afternoon Secretary Glass rested at his hotel, and at 4:30 left for Denver, where today he is scheduled for an address in his swing across the country.

American Seamen

Rush Police Force

in Scottish City

London, April 25.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company from Liverpool, Scotland, reports that American seamen, engaged in mine-sweeping operations, came into conflict with the local police to-night, the disturbance lasting two hours.

A large crowd of American sailors gathered near the town hall and when they were requested to move on rushed the police. American pickets appear to have backed up the sailors. One constable had his head badly smashed by the club, it is alleged, of one of the pickets.

Several fights occurred between the Americans and civilians and several of the latter were hurt. Two or three arrests were made.

Contracts for Two Million

Tons of Ships Cancelled

Washington, April 25.—Cancellation of contracts made during the war for construction of 2,000,000 tons of steel ships was announced today by the shipping board which is preparing to close government work in many yards throughout the country. This brings total cancellations since the signing of the armistice to 4,000,000 tons.

HAVE A SMILE?

By Universal Service.

"Do you consider it sanitary to permit your pigs to run in and out of your kitchen?" asked a stranger of a Scotch peasant.

"I dinna ken," was the reply, "but in sixteen year ilka one of my hogs has used 'th' kitchen, an' I dinna recollect losin' sae muckle as an hog."

Venus—Nevermore will he make love to me. Gone is the use of pet names whispered as we sat on the sofa with the lights turned low. Vanished are the yards throughout the land, the yarm some German general gink yapped about Bill being an innocent lamb. This leads to the thought that if he is a lamb, innocent or otherwise, why isn't he led to the slaughter?

Mistress—Bridget, I really cannot stand your carelessness. There's dust six weeks old on that chair.

Bridget—Don't blame me, mum; blame me predicessor. I've been in the place but four weeks.

"I'm going to New York Monday and would like to have a return load, or part."—Adv. in Baltimore paper.

Wonder if he drove his car straight on the return trip?

Cabinet Member Here to Push Along Big Victory Loan



Secretary Glass.

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South Side U. S. BUREAU OF MARKETS TO SEND OUT REPORT

Will Furnish Complete Information Each Day; Service Scheduled to Begin Next Monday.

E. H. Schroer, head of the United States Department of Agriculture, bureau of markets on the South Side, has been notified by L. D. Hall, head of the bureau at Washington, that a system for the reporting of all information pertaining to the local exchange will be established April 28.

The communication is as follows: The United States Bureau of Markets, through its live stock reporting force at the Union Stock yards, Omaha, will begin releasing a complete report of the live stock market Monday, April 28. The information will be disseminated over the bureau's leased wires to all market centers where it maintains an office.

A competent force of men, trained in the art of collecting and reporting live stock market information, has been assembled and it is the purpose to supply, in addition to the bureau's leased wire office, the commercial telegraph companies and the various exchange offices with accurate and reliable information that can be obtained relative to the Omaha market.

Each division of trade, cattle, hogs and sheep, will be under the direct supervision of a specialist. At the outset three wires daily will be filed first with 4:30 a. m. will give the estimated receipts; second, third, 11:30 a. m., full market comment for branch of trade together with complete list of prices on each class of stock on sale. It is also the intention of releasing through the mail a report which will include complete market information for the three markets, Chicago, Kansas City and Omaha.

Prof. Lorenzo B. Mann of Chicago, scientific assistant in marketing, is scheduled to arrive in Omaha Monday to assist in the installation of the market report service. Professor Mann is a graduate from the Kansas State Agricultural college and was also connected with the animal husbandry department of the same institution and a like capacity with the University of Kentucky before entering the service of the bureau of markets.

Father of 14 Is Fined on Charge of Illegal Possession of Liquor

A fine of \$100 and costs was imposed upon William Kozil, 4627 South Thirty-fourth street, father of 14 children, by Judge Fitzgerald, sitting in the South Side court, on a charge of illegal possession of 74 pints of whisky.

Kozil was taken into custody Saturday when Detective Hall and Francis of the South Side uncovered the liquor, stored in the cellar and attic of his home.

Kozil stated that the liquor found in the upper part of the house had been purchased previously to the passage of the dry statutes. The 56 pints found in the cellar had been taken there by the boarders, according to his wife.

The court after imposing the fine ordered the 18 pints of assorted liquors found in the attic to be returned to Kozil, but the 56 pints in the cellar were confiscated.

Elmer Gabriel, 16, Forty-second and I. streets, was turned over to the juvenile authorities, and Seville Nelson, 4720 South Twenty-fifth street, was bound over to the district court under \$1,000 bonds on a charge of automobile theft yesterday.

The two youths are alleged to have stolen a Ford sedan from C. B. Newton, Fifty-second and I. streets on the night of April 16. They drove the car to Lincoln and attempted to trade it in that city, according to their own confession. Unable to do so, they returned to Omaha, abandoning the car at Forty-eighth and Dodge streets when their supply of gasoline gave out.

South Side Boy Arrested on Charge of Horse Theft

Mike Rozzari, 15, 3818 Y street, was arrested by the South Side police Thursday and charged with horse theft. He had been turned over to the juvenile authorities.

Mike is alleged to have taken a horse from the yard of William Stoddard, Thirty-ninth and X streets, and to have ridden it over the greater portion of the South Side.

Ambassador Page Cheered.

Rome, April 26.—A huge crowd of manifestants, parading through Rome toward the capitol, passed before the American embassy late today, just as Ambassador Page came out for a walk. The demonstrators shouted "Viva America!"

The ambassador replied, "Viva Italy!"

Juliard Is Dead.

New York, April 25.—Augustus J. Juliard, capitalist and clubman, died at his home here tonight. He was born at Canton, O. Mr. Juliard was director of some of the largest banks and insurance companies in America and trustee of several trust companies.

HUNGARIAN REDS PUT TO FLIGHT BY ROUMANIAN ARMY

Situation at Budapest Grave as Invading Forces Continue Triumphant March to Capital.

Berne, April 25.—(French Wireless Service.)—Part of the Hungarian communist army facing the Roumanians southeast of Budapest has surrendered and the rest is in flight, according to a Roumanian official statement received here.

West of Budapest the Czechoslovaks have occupied Komorn, on the Danube, and Raab (Győr). The Roumanian bureau here announces that after the visit of General Franchet d'Esprey to Budapest recently, Roumanian troops were ordered again to take the offensive against Hungary. It is said the order provoked great enthusiasm and that a number of Saxon officers and troops from Transylvania joined the Roumanian army, which in a rapid march occupied Grosswardein, capital of the province of Bihar. Hungarian red guards fled from the city and large quantities of booty were captured by Roumanians.

Thousands of people are leaving Budapest. Five thousand women at Budapest have met and protested against the soviet government and bolshevism.

Hungary Closes All Borders. Berlin, April 25.—(By the Associated Press.)—Hungary has hermetically closed all her borders in an effort to control the Roumanian invasion and prevent unfavorable news from escaping from the country. Reports from Budapest, therefore, are contradictory, but all indicate the situation is grave.

The days of the soviet government are perhaps numbered. The entente powers are said to have 60,000 colonial troops in Neusatz, which are advancing as a Roumanian reserve. The Czechs are believed to be preparing to attack. The people of Transylvania have revolted and are advancing with the Roumanians because of the agrarian measures imposed by the soviet regime.

Panic in Budapest.

A panic is said to reign in Budapest, where the communist authorities are reported to be ruthlessly arresting scores of the bourgeoisie. Thousands of the citizens are fleeing, according to reports.

The Budapest police have begun a counter revolutionary movement, but it is said that all involved have been arrested. Government troops are leaving for the front unwillingly, having in mind the experience of their comrades who capitulated to the Roumanians.

Kun Prepares to Flee.

Geneva, April 25.—(By The Associated Press.)—The Czechoslovak forces continue to advance toward Budapest, according to advices from Innsbruck.

It is reported that Bela Kun, head of the soviet government, is preparing to flee to Switzerland.

Seven Killed in Collision of Jitneys at Camp Merritt

Camp Merritt, N. J., April 25.—Seven were killed and four injured when four jitneys, carrying nearly a score of passengers each, crashed head-on in a government reservation here tonight.

The dead included Maj. Stanley A. Baldwin, Privates Jeremiah Snibbers, Anthony Hauck and Timothy Marnell, a woman believed to be Mrs. Paul Pecking of New York, a man as yet unidentified, and a child.

Slow Mine Left by Germans Blows Up Railroad Tracks

Paris, April 25.—A slow mine left by the Germans exploded today on the railroad between Mairmont and Achiet. The explosion cut the main line of the road running between Paris and Belgium for a distance of 100 yards. Nobody was hurt by the explosion.

YANK MISSION DISAGREES ON WAR LIABILITY

Memorandum Sets Forth Reservations of Americans On Prosecution of Men Responsible.

Paris, April 25.—(By Associated Press.)—It has become known that the American delegates have been unable to agree to certain portions of the report adopted by the majority of the commission on responsibility for the war and, as presented to the council of war, the report contains a memorandum setting forth the American reservations.

The Americans objected to the principle that persons accused of offenses against "the laws of humanity" should be subjected to criminal prosecution, contending that the laws and principles of humanity constitute a standard too uncertain to be rightly applied in legal proceedings.

The principle that heads of states should be liable to criminal prosecution for breaches of positive law was another point in which they failed to agree with the majority. The American belief in this respect was that the essence of sovereignty lies in the fact that the head of a state is responsible for his illegal acts to the people, from whom he derives his authority, and not to any foreign sovereignty.

This contention was not held to apply in the case of a head of a state who is abdicated for any proceeding against such a person would be against an individual no longer embodying the sovereignty of a state, nor does it apply to political offenses committed by the head of a state which may, if deemed expedient, be made the subject of judicial action and punishment.

Columbia Records

For Dancing

You'll dance till dawn and beg for more if you dance to the music of Columbia Records. Here's your chance to give your next party an unequalled variety of dance music by world-famous orchestras and bands. The Grafonola never grows tired. Columbia Records never give out.

Thousands of Years Ago, from "The Canary" — Fox-trot — Waldorf-Astoria Dance Orchestra. Introducing: Only in Dreams. A-2696 85c

I Wonder Whether (I've Loved You All My Life), from "Oh! My Dear" — Fox-trot — Waldorf-Astoria Dance Orchestra. Introducing: City of Dreams. A-2697 85c

Spanisha — Fox-trot — Earl Fuller's Rector Novelty Orchestra. Send Dunes — Oriental One-step — Earl Fuller's Rector Novelty Orchestra. A-6099 \$1.25

Arabian Nights — Intermezzo One-step — Columbia Band. Peter Gink. Adapted from "Peer Gyn." Suite No. 1 — One-step. Columbia Band. A-6098 \$1.25

The Rose of No Man's Land — Medley Waltz — Columbia Orchestra. Introducing: (2) Dreaming Sweet Dreams of Mother. (3) The Kiss That Made Me Cry. (4) Till We Meet Again — Medley Waltz — Columbia Orchestra. Introducing: (2) The Blue Bird

Here's Your Programme

That Coat You Never Wear
Send it to your nearest Red Cross Chapter this week.

New Columbia Records on Sale the 10th and 20th of Every Month
COLUMBIA GRAPHOPHONE COMPANY, New York

Columbia Grafonolas — Standard Models up to \$300; Period Designs up to \$100.

High War Prices Are With Us Yet

With fighting ended, the troubles war brought us did not stop.

During the war the telephone companies, like most other industries, were hit hard by high prices for equipment and by the loss of trained employees.

Now our former employees are gradually being released from military service and resuming their old positions.

Although the price of telephone equipment is still very high, we are able to obtain it more promptly than a few months ago.

Our plant facilities, which during the war were extended only for urgent needs, are gradually being restored to a normal condition.

And telephone service, too, is steadily improving and getting back to our pre-war standard.

But the cost of furnishing telephone service is much more than it was when the war began.

And high prices for equipment and generally high operating expenses are problems we shall no doubt have to meet for several years.



NEBRASKA TELEPHONE COMPANY