

SWEDEN TO JOIN LEAGUE PARLEY WITH NEUTRALS

Demand Right to Participate in All Deliberations Before Deciding on Attitude Toward Plan.

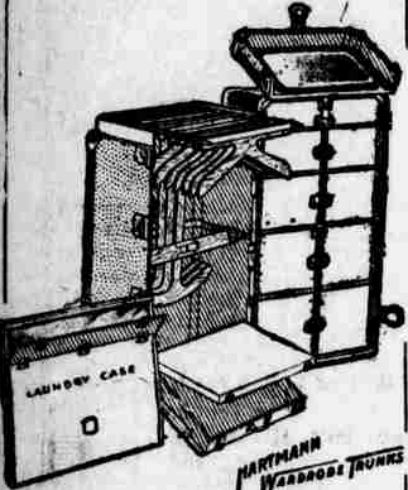
Stockholm, Sweden, March 18.—In announcing Sweden's acceptance of the invitation extended to her and other neutral nations to attend a conference in Paris on the subject of the league of nations, Premier Eden said today that the government had confided Swedish representation to a committee which had been long studying the question, which would act in conjunction with the Swedish ministers in Paris and London.

"Naturally," the premier said, "this procedure in itself cannot satisfy the neutral powers. We maintain unconditionally the demand to be permitted to take part in the actual, full, official deliberations of this world problem before we shall find ourselves able to decide upon our own attitude.

"Obviously the league will not become a real league able to perform its tremendously difficult task unless it is made universal and is built on the principle of full justice for all its members. We can only present certain important views at the present stage of the proceedings and have not neglected the opportunity to do so, and this initial courtesy from the peace conference to the neutrals, favoring the unconditional rights of neutrals, seems to me to be prophetic of new and more decisive concessions which finally will place this difficult problem on the only correct foundation—all free nations uniting for right and peace."

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Hawkeee Legislature to Investigate H. C. of L.

Des Moines, Ia., March 18.—(Associated Press.)—Early consideration is expected on the concurrent resolution introduced in the Iowa house by Representative Epps of Wapello county for an investigation of the high cost of living in Iowa. Representative Epps declared the cost of foodstuffs in Des Moines was too high and the cause should be investigated.

WHEN IS BEER LEGALLY BEER? ROPER'S PUZZLE

(Continued From Page One.)

Mulgated February 6 provide that after May 1 producers of near beer will have to qualify as "industrial distillers, since the business of brewing, it was said, cannot be recognized under the act of November 21, 1918, forbidding use of grain, cereals, fruits and other food products in the production of fermented malt liquors after that date. Under this regulation, makers of near beer would be considered technically producers of alcohol with the beverage as a by-product.

New Haven, Conn., March 18.—The brewers in Connecticut will resume the manufacture of beer containing 2 3/4 per cent alcoholic content immediately, it was announced late today following a meeting of the Connecticut Brewers' association here.

Milwaukee to Remain Closed. Milwaukee, March 18.—Milwaukee brewers will not change their attitude because of the action of New York and New Jersey brewers, who are going to make 2 3/4 per cent beer on the assumption that the internal revenue department had no right to decree that only 1/2 per cent beer shall be brewed.

H. J. Stark, secretary of the Pabst Brewing company, said that the local brewers are not likely to attempt to change any rule laid down by the government. Chicago, March 18.—William G. Legner, president of the Chicago's Brewer's Protective association, said tonight local brewers would not at this time take steps toward producing beer of 2 3/4 per cent alcoholic content, as eastern brewers are planning to do. Mr. Legner conferred today upon his return from New York with several leading brewers of the midwest and he said the sentiment was to take no action. Mr. Legner said, however, that he had found eastern brewers optimistic.

St. Louis Brewers Wait. St. Louis, March 18.—Officials of local breweries tonight said they would not resume the manufacture of beer containing 2-3-4 per cent alcohol until they were absolutely certain of its legality, and conformity with President Wilson's permission on the matter and would await the outcome of the announced action of New York brewers.

Knepher and "Stretch" Bird Freed on Auto Tire Stealing. Perry Knepher and "Stretch" Bird, in police custody on the charge of connection with the theft of a dozen new Firestone automobile tires from the Midway garage on West Broadway, Council Bluffs, were given a hearing in police court yesterday morning and exonerated. The evidence submitted by Manager Willis and other witnesses was admitted by Assistant County Attorney Northup to be insufficient and both men were discharged. John Knepher, brother of the other, is in the county jail under \$500 bonds after having waived police court hearing and was held to the district court grand jury. Eight of the tires have been recovered.

LEADERS ARE IN ACCORD ON TREATY TERMS

(Continued From Page One.)

opinion existed on the financial terms of the treaty. While no authoritative statement was made there is reason to believe that the territorial question of the league of nations figured in the deliberations. No final decisions were reached, but the general trend of the discussion was favorable and tended to dissipate any apparent divergence in viewpoint.

That general satisfaction was felt was indicated by the statement made at the close of the conference that the treaty doubtless would be ready to present to the Germans within a fortnight.

Britain Wants League in Treaty. Returning to the "white house," President Wilson dined with Lord Robert Cecil, the British league of nations delegate, and Colonel House. Before the dinner Lord Robert received the British and American correspondents and announced that it was the opinion of the British delegates that the league of nations covenant should be incorporated in the preliminary peace treaty with Germany.

Asked if the covenant might provide for race equality, Lord Robert said that this could not be done without interfering with the international affairs of various nations, which would violate the principles of the league.

Regarding the voluntary withdrawal of any nation from the league, Lord Robert pointed out that there was much to be said on both sides of the question.

Neutrals Ask Larger Share. Although no final decision has yet been reached, it is said that the present plan of a majority of the five big nations contemplates attaching the league of nations compact to the peace treaty as an appendix. This would enable Germany to sign the treaty without securing admission to the league of nations, although at the same time it would accept the declaratory principles.

A plea that neutral countries should have a larger share in the organization and direction of the league of nations than is now proposed was made to a subcommittee of the peace conference commission on the league of nations today by envoys of Holland, Switzerland, Denmark, Norway and Sweden. Otherwise, the representative said, they were generally satisfied with the plan.

The Dutch league of a lasting peace has adopted a resolution for presentation to the peace conference on the subject of a league of nations. The resolution proposes that a maximum be fixed for armaments, that the smaller powers have greater representation and that the examination of the league be revised after a certain period. The resolution asks that The Hague be granted the honor of becoming the seat of the league of nations.

The Weather. Comparative Local Record. Highest yesterday... 66 80 36 1918 1917 1916. Lowest yesterday... 36 49 26 24. Mean temperature... 51 64 28 44. Precipitation... 0.00 0.00 0.00. Temperature and precipitation departures from the normal: Normal temperature... 37 degrees. Excess for the day... 14 degrees. Total excess since March 1... 56 degrees. Normal precipitation... 0.04 inch. Deficiency for the day... 0.04 inch. Total rainfall since Mar. 1... 1.29 inches. Excess since March 1... 0.59 inch. Deficiency for cor. period, 1917... 0.59 inch. Excess for cor. period, 1917... 0.59 inch. Reports from Stations at 7 P. M. Station and state Temp. High. Rain. Omaha, clear... 66 84 0.00. Davenport, clear... 60 84 0.00. Denver, clear... 64 72 0.00. Des Moines, clear... 56 62 0.00. Dodge City, cloudy... 62 80 0.00. Lander, cloudy... 54 58 0.00. North Platte, clear... 64 72 0.00. Omaha, clear... 60 84 0.00. Pueblo, clear... 56 72 0.00. Rapid City, clear... 56 70 0.00. Salt Lake City, cloudy... 60 80 0.00. Santa Fe, clear... 58 58 0.00. Sheridan, cloudy... 58 64 0.00. Sioux City, clear... 58 64 0.00. Valentine, clear... 64 72 0.00. L. A. WELSH, Meteorologist.

She Came Back at Him. Mrs. Belmont was making a suffrage speech once when a man in the audience sought to disturb her by calling out "Don't you wish you were a man?" When Mrs. Belmont quickly retorted, "Don't you wish you were?"

Boston Garter



Will Tone You Up!

New Poland to Form Buffer State Between Germany and Russia, Says Rozwadowsky

Galician Scholar Urges Polish Control of Danzig, an Adequate Frontage for Poland on the Baltic, East Prussia With a Part of Luthuania to Become an Isolated German State and Polish Annexation of Silesia.

By PROF. JAN JORDAN ROZWADOWSKY

Member of the national committee at Paris which formulated the plan of a new Poland for the peace conference at Versailles, formerly connected with the University of Lemberg, and vice president of the Agricultural Society at Galicie. (Written Exclusively for Universal Press.) Paris, March 18.—The danger of another world war lies east of Germany. For this reason the Teutonic "Drang Nach Dem Osten," which, under William II., developed into the imperialistic dream of a Middle Europa, must be blocked forever. A wall must be built east of Germany which will protect Russia and the Balkans from German exploitation, German intrigue, German subjugation. This wall can be built out of the new Poland.

All nations engaged in the war agree that they should be an independent Poland. The first who called attention to this need was President Wilson in his message of January 22, 1917. And for this all Poland is truly thankful to him. Even Germany sought to establish a Poland out of conquered Russian territory, a Poland that would be Germanic, a Poland by which the Teutons hoped to kill true Polish nationalism. The Polish committee has asked the allies at the peace conference to establish as a permanent state a far different Poland, the Poland conceived by the Hohenzollern. It will gather together as far as possible the fragments of ancient Poland, which Prussia, Austria and Russia divided among themselves and held subject for more than a century.

Unite 38,000 People. The national Polish committee formulated a plan for the creation of a true Poland, which would not only include large parts of the Ukraine and White Russia, where there are many millions of Poles and which were included within the boundaries of ancient Poland. In these regions the Polish population is in a minority that would hardly justify the inclusion of many millions of other races under Polish control.

In the reconstruction of Poland it is absolutely necessary to provide for two things. In fact they are the warp and woof of the whole structure. 1—Complete Polish control of the port of Danzig and the Vistula valley. 2—Adequate frontage on the Baltic sea.

Vistula Polish Mississippi. The Vistula river is to Poland what the Mississippi river is to the United States; it flows through the heart of the region where the Poles constitute the largest proportion of the population. With Polish control of Danzig and the Baltic littoral on either side of Danzig, the hinterland of the Vistula valley would be cut off from the rest of the world and the new Poland, even though politically independent, would become the industrial vassal of Germany.

It is necessary, therefore, to return to Poland all west Prussia with land on each side of the Vistula, thus making a separate German state of that part of east Prussia which lies between the Vistula valley and Lithuania. This region, as the result of systematic oppression of the original Polish population, has become almost entirely German. Germany will, of course, cry out against the surrender of Danzig to Poland, arguing that at the present time it is a German city. We admit that the population of Danzig today is largely German, but only as a result of carefully planned German aggrandizement and exploitation. Danzig belonged to Poland until its second partition in 1793.

When Danzig was the port through which flowed the whole of German trade it was the largest and wealthiest city on the Baltic. Under German domination it stagnated, until today its population does not exceed 150,000. Under Polish control it should grow within 50 years to a city of 1,000,000.

The four Prussian provinces from which portions must be taken for the new Poland are: 1—West Prussia, which contains Danzig and the Polish littoral on the Baltic. 2—East Prussia, from which a slice next to Lithuania should be annexed to that country, leaving an isolated German state with Königsberg as its capital. 3—Posen, almost the whole of which is Polish, and 4—Silesia, wherein the regency of Oppeln or upper Silesia, despite all the repressive measures of Germany to stamp out Polish nationalism, the great majority of the population and the whole of the Urban peasantry have remained Polish.

Silesia Local Mine Center. In Silesia are situated the richest coal mines of Poland. They have an annual output of 44,000,000 tons. The acquisition of these great natural resources will become a potent factor in the development of Polish manufacture industry, which will have its outlet through the Vistula valley and the Baltic sea. On the Polish portion of Austria, Silesia is of course included in the reconstruction of Poland on its southwestern boundary. All of Galicia is to be returned to the new Polish state. Its population is 60 per cent Polish and the predominant characteristic sentiment is Polish.

In that part of Ruthenia embraced within the new Poland there has been a division of popular sentiment between the pro-Russian and pro-Polish factions. The towns, however, are Polish, and with the end of Russian autocracy the remainder of the population will swing more and more to the support of an independent Poland. Much anti-Polish activity has also been traced to German and Austrian intrigue. In eastern Galicia are to be found the great petrol wells which will add greatly to the wealth and industrial independence of the new Poland. They have produced more than 1,000,000 tons annually. In this oil region English capital has become interested.

Union with Lithuania. Lithuania, on the north of Poland, was made a vassal state of Germany before the collapse of the Hohenzollerns. The Lithuanians want complete freedom from German aggression, and it is proposed to establish a union between Lithuania and the new Poland, by which Lithuania will have complete local autonomy. The most intelligent Lithuanians realize that the safety of their country depends on a strong Poland which will hold Germany in check.

The reconstructed Poland will be greater in area than readjusted Germany, and it will have a greater coal production than France possessed before the war. An analysis of Prussian Poland shows that without it the Teutons would not have been able to carry on the war for even a year. All told, there are 30,000,000 Poles scattered over the earth, of which about 23,000,000 will be included in the new Poland. It is believed that after an independent Poland has been established millions of Poles in other parts of the world will return to their native land, thus adding to its strength and prosperity, and still further barring Germany from further aggressions and conflicts.

Strong Anti-English Move In U. S. May Hamper World League, Says T. P. O'Connor

Irish Statesman Says British Government's Policy Towards Things Irish Is Disastrous—English so Absorbed in Peace Conference That They Fail to See Signs of War at Home—Irish Affairs Drifting From Bad to Worse.

By ROBERT WELLES RITCHIE. Staff Correspondent of Universal Service. (Special Cable Dispatch.)

London, Mar. 18.—From T. P. (Tay Pay) O'Connor Universal Service on St. Patrick's day obtained the following statement: "Many times I have uttered a warning to the British statesmen. I now warn them again—as they are as blind and deaf to conditions in Ireland as the statesmen who antagonized and lost the American colonies in the 18th century. "I hope my continued warnings will be heard and appreciated by the intelligent sections of all parties before it is too late.

"My thirteen months' stay in America convinced me that there is a stronger anti-English movement now than there has been at any period of my lifetime and its main inspiration is due to the British policy toward Ireland. "Unless it is checked, this movement will have a serious effect not only on Anglo-American relations but it will severely embarrass the ultimate working out of the league of nations which has its main reliance in perfect accord between British and America. Does Not See Mene Tekle. "The present government's policy of drift toward things Irish is dis-

MINERS TO SEEK SHORTER HOURS AND BETTER PAY

Nationalization of Industry Recommended by Union Head in Address to Policy Committee.

Indianapolis, March 18.—Recommendations for a six-hour work day, a five-day week, an increase in wages of miners, and nationalization of coal mines of the country were made today by Frank J. Hays, president of the United Mine Workers of America, in his address at the opening session of the policy committee of the organization today. He also recommended that miners have the right to organize and to bargain collectively with the government in case of nationalization of mines.

Mr. Hays said he recommended the six-hour day and five-day week as a remedial proposition. He called attention to the unemployment under the present situation and hazards of the industry.

In support of his recommendation for a substantial wage increase, Mr. Hays cited the cost of living, and what he said was lack of opportunity for miners to make an average wage because of idleness at the mines. Recommending the nationalization of the mines, Mr. Hays said: "I feel we should call the economic and political power of our great organization to attain this end. The nationalization of mines will substitute co-operation for competition and insure in a practical way the stability of the great basic industry in which we are engaged. Under the nationalization of mines we find a practical way to realize the reforms so necessary to the well being of the mine workers."

D. A. R. READY TO HELP SOLVE NEW PROBLEMS

(Continued From Page One.)

It was a desirable thing to have ancestors, yet the glory belonged to them alone. Greetings were given by Mrs. C. B. Letton, as past vice regent, and Mrs. Warren Perry, as past state regent. Following are the piano selections by Miss Florence Senior, the delegates and guests were entertained at an informal reception.

One Hundred and Fifty. Tuesday afternoon was given over to registration and over 150 guests registered with Mrs. G. G. Stubbs of Omaha, and her assistants, Mrs. George Staats, Fremont, and Mrs. Dwight Dalbey, wife of the speaker of the house of representatives.

This morning the regular conference meetings begin and include reports of chapters and committees. One of the features will be the war record of the D. A. R., given by Mrs. Ellet Grand Drake, acting state regent.

At 1.30 This Afternoon. A memorial service will be conducted by Mrs. Samuel Avery, for the 12 daughters who have died during the last year. At 8 tonight Dean J. A. Tancock will speak. There will be a musical by Misses Laura Goetz, Luella Anderson and Henrietta Rees. Harry Morrison will lead the community singing.

Her Ultimatum. A miner lodging at a certain house on the outskirts of a northern city has a great fondness for music. A friend called to spend an evening with him and after a varied program of music had been gone through and he was letting his friend out at the street door, he remarked: "As-m'ibnakin' o' getting a pair o' dumbbells, Georgia; will ye cum an' practice wi' me?" "This was too much for the long-suffering landlady. "Ye have a planner, a fiddle, an' a trumpet," she shouted down the stairs. "No mair musical instruments comes into this house."—London Tit-Bits.

War Veterans Organize Gen. Pershing Post No. 1

Washington, March 18.—Gen. Pershing post No. 1, has been formed as a proposed world war veterans' organization. Col. E. Lester Jones, commander, announced today that delegates would be appointed March 24 to meet with delegates from the states and overseas to consider a national organization program. General Pershing has been advised of the plan by cable.

Salaries of Postmasters. Washington, D. C., March 18.—(Special Telegram.)—Civil service examination for presidential postmaster will be held April 25 as follows: Iowa: Gladbrook, \$1,500; Mt. Vernon, \$2,300; Sanborn, \$1,600; Villisca, \$2,000. Nebraska: Arcadia, \$1,500; Ord, \$2,200; Oacola, \$1,800; Stromsburg, \$1,500. South Dakota: Newell, \$1,600.

Longworth Advises Mann 'Keep Hands Off' House Organization

Washington, March 18.—Replying to a recent statement by Representative Mann of Illinois, Representative Longworth of Ohio, republican, issued a statement today asking the former republican floor leader to "keep his hands off the organization and legislative control of the new house of representatives."

"That is the way," said the Ohio representative, "to bring about harmony in the party. That is the way to make success in 1920 certain. Such an assurance from Mr. Mann will be greeted with acclaim by the vast majority of republicans and by patriotic Americans generally."

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Children's Wear—Third Floor.

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Very choice VAN DYCK CIGAR FOUR SELECT SIZES We suggest Victorias: 10c General Cigar Co., Inc. Best & Russell Branch, Omaha, Neb., Distributors.

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