

# WALLACE NAMED AMBASSADOR TO PARIS BY WILSON

## Appointment of Successor to Sharp President's First Official Act on Homeward Journey.

On Board the U. S. S. George Washington, Feb. 15.—(By Wireless to the Associated Press.)—President Wilson has nominated Hugh C. Wallace of Seattle ambassador to France, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of William Graves Sharp.

This was the first official act of the president on his homeward journey. The president also dispatched telegrams arranging for brief ceremonies in connection with the speech which he expects to make at Boston on February 24.

President Wilson spent the day resting from the strenuous exertions which marked his last few days in Paris.

### Sailing in Fair Weather.

The steamer is heading for the southern route in fair weather. The escorting French warships signalled farewell soon after leaving Brest, and the United States dreadnaught New Mexico and several destroyers will be the escort of the George Washington, until the Azores are reached. At the Azores the ship will be met by numerous American destroyers and convoyed home.

Despite the hard work which he will engage in during his brief stay

in the United States, the president is already planning to begin his return journey to France immediately after the adjournment of congress.

It is expected that he will select a successor to Thomas W. Gregory in the attorney generalship of the United States, before the ship reaches home waters.

### Wallace Close Friend of Wilson.

Washington, Feb. 15.—The wireless dispatch tonight from the George Washington was the first public intimation that Hugh Wallace had been selected by President Wilson as ambassador to France.

Mr. Wallace, who spends much of his time here, is a close friend of President Wilson and often has participated in confidential conferences at the White House. Soon after this country entered the war he was sent to London by the president on a personal mission and it is known that the president has the utmost confidence in his judgment and ability in handling important and delicate matters.

Except as a member of the democratic national committee and an active worker in presidential campaigns, Mr. Wallace has not taken an active hand in politics. The only public office he ever held was receiver of public moneys for Utah by appointment of President Cleveland, 1888-86. He was a delegate at large from the state of Washington to the convention which nominated President Wilson and has since been one of the president's most ardent supporters.

Mr. Wallace, a native of Lexington, Mo., celebrated his 50th birthday this week. His wife is a daughter of the late Chief Justice Melville W. Fuller of the supreme court and for a number of years they have maintained homes here and in Tacoma, Wash.

## Anybody Can Attend Transmississippi Meet, Says C. C. George

C. C. George, chairman of the Transmississippi Readjustment congress in Omaha, February 18 to 20, announces that hundreds of inquiries are being received from business men in the 22 states west of the Mississippi as to requirements for participating in the congress.

"We invite every business man, farmer, or professional man west of the Mississippi river to attend this congress," says Mr. George. "They owe it to themselves, their community and the great west to attend if possible."

"The Transmississippi Readjustment congress offers an opportunity such as has never before been presented for all interests in the west to join hands in formulating a constructive program and creating the machinery to carry it out at Washington and elsewhere."

The streets of Omaha will be especially lighted for the visitors to the congress.

The Nebraska legislature will be asked to adjourn and attend the congress in a body.

### Carol Beckwith's Paintings Exhibited at U. Art Gallery

Through the efforts of Prof. Paul H. Grumann, head of the school of fine arts of the University of Nebraska, there are on exhibition in the university art gallery, Carol Beckwith's reproductions of famous masterpieces. The canvases, which will be on exhibit until February 22, include copies of Velasquez, Rembrandt, and many other famous artists.

The exhibition will be sent to the normal schools of the state under the auspices of the school of fine arts.

### Gen. Pau Enroute Home.

Victoria, B. C., Feb. 15.—Gen. Paul Gerald Pau, French military leader, and members of a French mission to Australia, were expected to reach quarantine tonight on the steamer Nicaragua. They are enroute home to France. As the vessel approaches her dock tomorrow a salute of 17 guns will be fired and a guard of honor will be drawn up at the quay side.

# MAY PICK GRAF TO BE MEMBER OF CONTROL BOARD

## Holcomb Likely to Be Appointed Legal Advisor, Position to Be Created in Bill to Be Introduced.

From a Staff Correspondent.

Lincoln, Feb. 15.—(Special.)—Neither L. F. Langhorst, former chairman of the democratic state committee, nor Henry Gerdes, present commissioner, whose term expires next July, will be appointed to the board of control as the democratic member of that body to succeed ex-Governor Silas A. Holcomb, who tendered his resignation. Governor McKelvie has not included Gerdes in the list of men mentioned to members of the state senate with whom he conferred, and the senators themselves have eliminated Langhorst from consideration.

Holcomb is to be taken care of by appointment as legal advisor or agent to the board, it is now understood. A bill will be introduced in the legislature within a few days, it was said, making provision for this office. The salary will be between \$2,500 and \$3,000 per year, it is understood.

The new man will come from the Third congressional district, shrewd political observers believe. Charles Graf of Bancroft, a prominent Nebraska farmer and pioneer, is counted upon as standing a good chance. Graf, it is pointed out, belongs to that faction of the democratic party which bolted Governor Neville and aided Governor McKelvie in his campaign. Langhorst, also bolted the democratic candidate for governor.

Mr. Graf was one of the three men appointed to the board of control by Governor Morehead in 1913, but the state senate was politically hostile to the governor and the nomination was rejected. In Graf's selection the governor would also be recognizing the rural interests.

The names of two democratic members of the legislature have also been mentioned in connection with the place. Governor McKelvie said that he had presented the names of Theodore Osterman, democratic floor leader in the house, and W. F. Crozier of Polk county, along with L. F. Langhorst, to the senate members with whom he conferred.

## Germans Insinuate Occupation Was Not Due to Superiority

Amsterdam, Feb. 15.—A note insinuating that the occupation of German territory was not due to military superiority, according to the Cologne Zeitung, was handed in recently to the allied armistice commission by the German delegates.

A French general, acting under instructions from Marshal Foch, the newspaper adds, refused to make an answer to the note and declared it would be examined only if it was presented in a more courteous form. General von Hammerstein, the leading German military delegate, deferred a declaration in the matter until the receipt of instructions from the German government.

### War Department Orders.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 15.—(Special Telegram.)—By direction of the president First Lt. Harold Fisher, infantry, is relieved from his present duties and is designated as professor of military science and tactics at Luther college, Decorah, Ia. First Lt. Sinar B. Schuch, medical corps, is relieved from duty at Camp McClellan, Annapolis, Md., and will proceed to Fort Des Moines, Ia. First Lt. John Joseph Lancer, medical corps, is relieved from duty at Fort Omaha and will proceed to Fort Crook, Neb. Capt. Alfred Strong, medical corps, is relieved from duty at Fort Omaha and will proceed to Fort Des Moines, Ia. Capt. Arthur L. Lauer, medical corps, now a patient in Lincoln, Neb., will proceed to Camp Funston, Kan., for observation and treatment.

# Salvation Army Work Exemplifies Practical Religion, Says Leader

New York, Feb. 15.—The story of the Salvation Army's overseas huts, "which have no closing hours," was told here today by Miss Evangeline Booth, commander of the organization in America, who termed the baking of doughnuts and apple pies for "doughboys" at the front "an example of practical religion."

The Salvation Army workers went to France early in the war, she said, with no guarantees but their expenses and these made possible only through loans from banks. The first was for \$25,000, the second for \$100,000, "for our credit is good," the commander asserted, adding that the quality rather than the quantity of the work won the "generous appreciation" of the American people and prompted the inclusion of the organization among the beneficiaries of the United War work campaign. Service in the "cold Flanders fields" was "nothing to an army accustomed to hardship," Miss Booth declared, adding that even under fire "our workers did not fail." She quoted statements by Marshal Foch and General Pershing, commending the efficiency of the Salvationists.

## Battle Death Rate for Expeditionary Forces Is 57 Per Thousand

Washington, Feb. 15.—Battle death rates in the American army during the great war exceeded the death rates from disease, General March announced today in making public statistics prepared by his general staff. In past wars disease killed many more men than lost their lives under fire.

The battle death rate for the entire American army in this war was 20 per thousand per year. In the expeditionary forces it was 57 per thousand per year. The disease death rate was 17 per thousand per year in the expeditionary forces and 16 in the army at home.

Among the American forces, the table showed, the battle death rate was only half that of the British expeditionary forces, which was given as 110 per thousand per year.

General March said that but for the influenza epidemic, the disease rate would have been cut in half.

### Noted Archaeologist Dies.

Los Angeles, Cal., Feb. 15.—Hector Alliot, a noted archaeologist, died suddenly here today, aged 57. He was active in explorations among the ruins of the cliff dwellers' habitations in the southwestern part of the United States and in 1893 was in charge of the exhibition at the Chicago exposition of the relics found by him and assistants. For his work in the advancement of science Mr. Alliot was decorated by the government of France, his native land, in 1907.

### Bank Discounts Increased.

Washington, Feb. 15.—Deposits in the federal reserve banks and discount operations increased in the last week, together with federal reserve notes in circulation and the ratio of reserves to net deposits and

### Auto Insurance Rates GOING UP MARCH 1ST

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### Payne Investment Company

537 Omaha Nat'l Bank Bldg. Douglas 1781

# STATE EMBARKS ON POLICY TO CHECK MORONS

(Continued From Page One.)

through its propagandists an effort is being made to introduce them in every state of the union so that they will become standard measures. Their purpose is to create a super-race of men and women, free of the physical and mental ills that afflict the race today.

The thing that these seek to wipe out is called a "Moron."

Salamander or Spanish Town. Ask the average member of the Nebraska legislature, upper or lower branch of the assembly, what a moron is and he will not be able to tell you. If you insist on the information and he goes to the dictionary he will tell you the definition of the word is an animal of the salamander type, or it is the name of a town in Spain.

He will be wrong. Yet the penitentiaries are filled with morons and, according to those who are striving to produce a super race, there are morons in the Nebraska legislature, which will soon be called upon to vote appropriations for two state prisons for the incarceration and treatment of morons and which, by the operation of the new laws, will be eventually filled with morons.

In order to ascertain the meaning of the word moron as it applied in its relation to mental and sex hygiene, we must go back to the Latin, where so many of our perplexing words come from. In Latin a moron is a fool.

There are different grades of morons, the idiot who knows nothing whatever and is as helpless as a newborn baby is the lowest grade. The next step up is the imbecile, who has the ability to feed himself and find his way about, and then the real moron—the persons who range from simpletons to the subnormal or border line cases.

Innocent as he is of the knowledge of mental hygiene and the elements that go to make up the moron, the average member of the Nebraska legislature is starting out to open up a new scheme of law with all the confidence he has in passing a law relating to dog taxes. It does not flaze him to hit what the pur-

pose of the new program is, how far-reaching its enforcement will be and what will be its ultimate effect upon the state and nation.

### Study the Situation.

If he is an intellectual, above the common herd of his fellows, and has the breadth of view as well as the caution to ascertain "whether we are drifting," he will devote some study to a situation and a problem which will tax his brain and open up a vast and limitless field of possibilities to him.

He will learn that he is being called upon to apply to the daily lives of the people, the facts established by the Mendelian law that most of the ills of the body politic, as well as physical, is "bad protoplasm."

He will find that most of the criminals of the country today, as well as most of those in the state of Nebraska are morons, the high grade kind, who were incubated from "bad protoplasm," the latter polluted by social disease or vitiated by alcohol.

It is pointed out by investigators that the mentally defective population of the United States confined in insane hospitals, homes for the idiots and feeble minded, is the same as that of the population of the prisons.

Dr. Caldecott, who made a study of 361 high grade morons, who had served 15 years in institutional life for purposes of treatment, found that 325 per cent of them were earning wages; 381 per cent were at home very useful; 7.5 per cent were at home merely useful, while 85.5 per cent were no good and should be taken care of for life.

The high grade moron is often not recognized by outward and visible signs, the chief characteristics being inability to judge accurately between cause and effect, and it is from this class we get the joy rider, the gun man, and all sorts of violent criminals. They are but children grown up, having the adult's body, appetites, and passions, without any power to control or inhibit them.

Not all morons are criminals and those only are considered dangerous who show traits of behavior which may lead to disaster to themselves or others.

It is the purpose of the first legislation introduced in the Nebraska legislature to deal with the causes which produce the moron and also with those which excite him or her.

### The Nation-Wide Prohibition.

Nation-wide prohibition was the first accomplishment of the persons

who are at the foundation of this new propaganda and its program of legislation. The next step will be to eradicate from the blood of the people the dangerous germs of social diseases, all of which produce "bad protoplasm," and in the course of a few decades produce a race of super-men and women, free of moronic tendencies.

Along this line laws have been introduced in the legislature providing for the physical examination of individuals of both sexes affected with sex diseases and providing for their treatment or isolation.

More stringent laws are demanded for the suppression of the scarlet woman.

To deal with high grade defectives, the most dangerous of which are women, a bill has been introduced in the lower house calling for an appropriation of \$100,000 for the establishment of a custodial home for females. The women who will be segregated therein are the women of the city streets and the small town brothels. They will be treated until physically well and then turned loose.

Another bill calls for an appropriation of \$50,000 for the creation of a custodial home for men. Into this will be gathered the male morons of unfortunate estate, the petty offenders who habitually fracture the laws and those guilty of crimes below felonies. They will be held for a time either in the hope of curing them physically or giving them some mental impetus toward good.

### "Movie" Censorship Laws.

Laws which deal with mental hygiene are the proposed moving picture censorship law, the law creating the state board of child welfare and the law permitting the establishment of welfare boards in communities of the state outside of Lincoln; also the law directing the teaching of sex hygiene.

There are thousands of defectives in the state, thousands of morons, the new criminals, who do nothing violently criminal, but who are offensive to the experimenters in the new realm of mental and social hygiene—those who are trying to develop a super-race by following the principles of the Mendelian laws, and who will experiment on the children of the poor and on the unfortunate delinquents who make up the flotsam and jetsam of Nebraska life.

When the new laws are amplified, elaborated and are working as the promoters would have them, the new institutions will be filled with the class of criminals de jure new to the state. They will be arrested, tried, convicted and sentenced by social

experts and members of the boards of health, as well as by alienists, and some of them will have to serve life sentences for the crime of being bad eggs, evolved from "bad protoplasm."

### Napoleon and Shakespeare Morons.

But the moron must go! Napoleon was a moron! Shakespeare was a moron! All great men whose mentality approached the border line were morons!

It is within the range of possibility to legislate the race to physical fitness and respectable mentality, according to those behind the program of legislation which is aimed at the moron, and the Nebraska legislature is confronted with the task of passing laws along this line.

It may be true that the members of the Nebraska legislature do not know what a moron is, but that they will legislate against him, all the same, is a safe bet.

## American Regiment Feted in Genoa on Its Arrival From Front

Genoa, Italy, Feb. 15.—The Three Hundred and Thirty-second regiment of the United States infantry arrived here from the Italian front yesterday and was enthusiastically welcomed.

The streets through which they passed were decked with flowers and crowded with cheering throngs, who threw bouquets to the passing troops. Italian troops, which lined the streets, presented arms as the Americans marched by.

By order of the military commander in Genoa the American soldiers will be entertained as guests at the Hotel Miramare until they sail for New York.

### Japan's Greatest Actress Takes Own Life in Tokio

Tokio, Feb. 15.—A sensation was created here when it became known that Sumako, who had been regarded as Japan's greatest actress, committed suicide. The day and hour of her death marked exactly two months from the death of Prof. Shimamura of Waseda university, who had given up all—his wife, children, friends, and his chair in the university—for love of the brilliant actress.

Sumako had appeared as usual the night before at the Yurakuza theater. It is said she hanged herself with a scarlet silk sash.



### The House of Menagh

### For the Jeune Fille AND FOR the Small Woman

Our suit and dress department holds especial treats in store. The prettiest modes of the season and the cleverest fancies of the hour are reflected here in the suits of fine soft serge, in navy blue, buttoned and braided in black, steel, or colors. Some have the vestees of victory red, of overseas blue, or of linen colored moire.

Tricotie, too, and silky jersey in the jay blue, and summer weight covert laid in horizontal plaits for the boxy back that now is so strikingly popular. The Italian jumper-jacket suit, in navy, with its petite vest of sand color, is another of the cleverest of spring models.

The dresses, too, are really-truly valentines in loveliness. Almost every sort of silk is represented in their choice, clingy tricotie, glossy foulard, crisp taffeta, shiny satin, and soft, fine-weft messaline. The colors range every popular shade, navy, the new henna, combinations of henna and figured georgette, all the new blues, gray, black, green, and the newest plaids.

There's everything here, for every taste, every occasion, and every pocketbook.

## It Led Then and Leads Now

### Hudson Super-Six Gained Its Leadership on the Speedway. It Maintains It With 60,000 Users

The records Hudsons made in the tests that prove endurance are just as important today as they were when made two and three years ago.

That was the only way then in which it could be proved a life car. The abuse which only the speedway and the hardest touring and hill climbing would reveal in a few hours had to be used to demonstrate Hudson limits of endurance. Ordinary driving was too slow.

Now 60,000 users through every kind of service and neglect are individually confirming what was shown in those tests. They have established the leadership of Hudson Super-Six in every way that proves performance and long life.

### Rival's Imitations Make It the Pattern Car

Every car produced since Hudson Super-Six design showed the importance of minimizing motor vibration, as it does with its exclusive motor, has reflected Hudson leadership. First it was mechanical leadership. Now it is in body designing as well, that others look to Hudson.

This year's auto shows reveal that influence. Comparison of most cars with earlier Hudson models show it. Present Hudson models in such types as the Sedan, the Touring Limousine, Coupe and others are regarded as forecasts of what others will offer next fall.

When you get a Hudson you may expect to see a similar type on models which others bring out six months to a year hence. But there is a shortage of Hudsons this spring as there has been every spring for the past three years. You should speak early to assure delivery.

# GUY L. SMITH

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## Thompson-Belden & Co

Established 1886  
The Fashion Center for Women

### Remarkable Sale of Dresses

For Children and Juniors  
The Price—Monday—98c

We could hardly become too enthusiastic about the wonderful values these dresses present, but we prefer to let you judge for yourself. We received them from a manufacturer who desired to dispose of his stock.

Their regular selling prices are from \$1.95 to \$3.50.

### Tomorrow They Go For 98c

Every conceivable, desirable style (all long sleeves) in gingham and chambray. Various good looking plaids in endless color combinations besides plain blues, pinks and greens.

Sizes 2 to 12 years

It is a most unusual opportunity for mothers to purchase a supply for future requirements.

On Sale in the Basement Section, Where Sales Are Never Disappointing.

### Stylish Gloves for Shopping

Bacmo one-clasp mochas and washable leathers in tan, gray and butternut shades, \$3 and \$3.50 a pair.

### Sorosis Pumps and Oxfords

We are showing a great many of the new styles in Spring footwear. The most graceful and attractive pumps and oxfords you have ever seen.

Brown calf skin pumps with high Cuban heels. Brown kid oxfords. Patent leather oxfords and pumps. Black kid oxfords and pumps and smart oxfords of gray kid.

### Choice New Woolen Materials

Very good values in correct weights and various qualities for every purpose. A display that is particularly complete.

### Wash Cottons For Spring

Never were the patterns and color combinations so delightfully dainty and altogether charming. Make your selection while showings are complete.

### New Embroideries For Spring Sewing

Delightfully dainty patterns in all of the latest embroideries. No difficulty in making a pleasing selection.

Beadings and seam beadings, narrow and wide edges, in cambric and Swiss with insertions to match. For dresses, many beautiful twenty-seven and forty-five inch flouncings. Flouncings for baby layettes; all-overs for yokes and collars, and colored edges. The prices are sensible.

### Silk Underwear That's Attractive

Crepe de chine gowns and chemise in extra sizes at reasonable prices.

Envelope chemise of silk crepe de chine or satin, plain or trimmed styles. Sizes 36 to 44. Priced, \$4.50, \$4.75, \$5, upwards.

Silk pajamas that are very dainty; also silk bloomers, moderate in price.

Boudoir caps in combinations of silks, nets, laces and ribbons, 60c to \$2.50 and more.

Longer—Third Floor