

### BREAD LINES IN BIG CITIES FEAR OF U. S. OFFICIAL

#### Wave of Unemployment and Spirit of Social Unrest Said to Be Sweeping Over the Country.

New York, Feb. 5.—If the "wave of unemployment sweeping over the country is not checked, the prediction of Frank Morrison, secretary of the American Federation of Labor, that we shall have bread lines in the big cities of the country by May 1, will "come true," said Nathan A. Smith, assistant director general of the United States employment service, in an address here yesterday.

### FLOOD OF NEW BILLS POURS IN AT LINCOLN

(Continued from Page One.)

not to introduce a bill during the session. The proposed new laws provide for the regulation of nearly everything except the laws of the universe and run all the way from the prohibition of card playing in cigar stores, pool halls and similar places to the abolition of capital punishment of accomplices in murder and other felonious crimes.

One bill provides that eggs shall be sold by weight, another that all commodities shall be sold by weight rather than measure, so long as the latter is not specified in a contract.

Another bill provides for the sale of pure seed, another the destruction of tubercular sows another regulates the price of funerals in an effort to abolish the high cost of dying as well as living.

After Boze Runners One bill makes the governor a race track commissioner and another limits the pardoning power of the state's chief executive, while still another turns over all confiscated bootlegger automobiles to his excellency, the governor.

Bootleggers are the bright and shining marks at which prohibitory laws are aimed. It is proposed to carry out the law from carrying firearms, from giving fictitious names when arrested, from using a boat to smuggle contraband goods into the state, and state prohibition agents are authorized to erect barriers across the "boozing routes" to keep the illicit purveyors of John Barleycorn from going "over the top."

It is said that one member overlooked getting a bill drawn to make it unlawful for any bootlegger to charge more than \$10 per quart for whiskey of less than 90 proof and 90 days of age until it was too late.

All magistrates and judges will also be required to furnish names of all persons violating the prohibitory law.

Waitresses Under Law. The governor is also to become the custodian of all confiscated booze, no matter what its quality or dynamic power. First offenders of the bootlegging law are to be let off lightly by one law, which provides that such persons shall not be imprisoned in the county jail for more than a year.

Waitresses and waiters, according to the provisions of one bill, shall be compelled to undergo a physical examination by health officials before they can get certificates to follow their vocation.

One bill appropriates \$2,500 for a fish nursery, another \$250,000 for a building to house the state library and supreme court. Another measure proposes to spend \$100,000 for a state reformatory for women, another \$60,000 for use of the State Board of Agriculture and \$33,000 for new street car terminals at the state fair grounds.

The sum of \$300,000 is to be made available for bonuses to be paid soldiers and sailors of the state who served in the world war and \$10,000 to perfect an organization of the same. Then there is \$150,000 for a custodial home for male prisoners convicted of misdemeanors, \$25,000 for the purchase of additional land for the state insane asylum at Norfolk, \$3,000 for the investigation of the cornstalk disease, \$12,000 for the purchase of land for the Girls' Reformatory at Milford, \$50,000 to eradicate scabies, \$200,000 for building to shelter the State historical society and library.

Height of Skyscrapers. There are bills to regulate the height of Omaha buildings, to fight hog cholera and grasshoppers, to cure social diseases, bills to provide that no person can be eligible to public office who cannot interpret the constitution of the United States and the "Star Spangled Banner," a law providing for the stabling of horses of rural school pupils, Pullman accommodations for cattle and hog shippers, and salary bills galore.

### Creighton Gives Fine Wallop to Coyote Quintet

Creighton, 24; South Dakota, 10. Before an enthusiastic crowd of 1,000 fans Coach Tommy Mills' undefeated blue and white team triumphed over the Coyote basket ball squad from South Dakota last night at the Creighton gymnasium. The game was featured by close guarding on the part of South Dakota and was hard fought and exciting throughout. Both squads displayed excellent teamwork, but during the whole first half Creighton seemed unable to locate the basket. In this half the game was nip and tuck and it was only at the end of the half that the blue and white squad forged into the lead.

Both teams came back strong in the second half. The race was neck and neck for a while, but gradually Kearney, Haley and Wise seemed to find themselves and to locate the basket. Basket after basket for the Coyotes was saved by the close guarding of Mullholland and Vandiver.

### Hal Chase Acquitted on Charge of Throwing Game

New York, Feb. 5.—Hal Chase, first baseman of the Cincinnati National league club, was today acquitted of the charge of attempting to influence the result of base ball games last summer.

Chase refused to talk when informed of the verdict, but his lawyers issued a statement for him which declared that legal action would be continued to obtain "full redress" from the Cincinnati club, which caused his suspension "without cause" and held up payment of his salary.

### Arrest Turkish Leaders

Washington, Feb. 5.—Further arrests have been made in Constantinople of leading members of the Turkish party of union and progress.

### CENSUS TAKING BY DRAFT BOARDS CROWDER'S PLAN

#### Inking of Drastic Extensions of Work or Fight Order Planned Given in Provost Marshal's Report.

Washington, Feb. 5.—While the second and probably the final annual report on the selective service system, prepared by Major Gen. Enoch H. Crowder, provost marshal general, and made public today contained only one specific recommendation—that the draft machinery be used to take the decennial census—the 600 page document gave the first inking of drastic extensions of the work of fight regulations which had been planned just before hostilities ended.

The report showed that specific plans were before Secretary Baker last November under which a minimum working week for the essential industries would have been fixed in order that "industrial slackers" might be reached, and that plans were shaping for the mandatory deferment of registrants in essential industry, denying them absolutely the right of military service.

A scheme for supervising labor distribution through an industrial furlough system also was being evolved.

Results Almost Incredible. As to the accomplishments of the selective system, credit for which was given to the patriotic devotion of "thousands upon thousands" of American men and women who aided, General Crowder said:

"We are too close upon the events accurately to assess them. How great a part American selective service played in the drama of the world war, history alone can tell."

"To enroll for service over 2,000,000; to mobilize a selected army of more than 2,800,000, 1,000,000 of them within the space of 90 days; to have presently available for military duty 2,000,000 additional fighting men; to classify this vast group of man power in the order of its military and industrial importance so as to preserve the domestic and industrial life of the nation, to speed up wartime activities, to maintain them in a status of maximum efficient production and to pave the way for a speedy return to normal peace time pursuits, while recruiting the full fighting strength of the nation—these are the results which would be instantly rejected as impossible did not actual facts stand as irrefutable testimonial of their accomplishment."

Makes Census Suggestion. In suggesting that the census might hereafter be taken through the selective service machinery, General Crowder said the feasibility of many theories divergent from the present conception of things has been demonstrated, although the question of how far these principles should be projected after the war was a matter of vital national importance. He said, however, that he believed the machinery for the census was wholly practical and added that since 13,000,000 were registered in a single day and 24,000,000 in four days, including a complete survey and classification of their domestic and industrial status, the census data should be obtainable in days instead of months, as is now the case.

On November 11, 1918, the report shows the United States had in its military and naval service 4,791,172 men, or 19 per cent of the male population. On the same day England had already called to the colors 5,854,359, or nearly 60 per cent.

The final official total for all registrations was 24,234,021. Of these 3,208,446 had been actually examined and practically 30 men out of every 100 were found to be physically disqualified. Oklahoma and Arkansas returned the highest ratio of men under the physical requirements, Rhode Island and Arizona the lowest.

### House Members Deny "Red America" Charges

Washington, Feb. 5.—Representatives Mason of Illinois and Dillon of South Dakota, who were mentioned in the senate debate yesterday as having attended an anarchistic meeting here Sunday, spoke in the house today on points of personal privilege.

Mr. Dillon said he did not attend the meeting, was not invited and knew nothing of it.

Mr. Mason vigorously denied that a "red America" was urged at the meeting; said no suggestion was made by anybody that the laws of the United States should be changed by force.

### Nebraska Deaf School Wins

Nebraska School for the Deaf basket ball first team was defeated last night by the Iowa team, 10 to 9. The Nebraska second team defeated the Iowa team 50 to 18.

### Republicans Call House Organization Conference for Feb. 27

Washington, Feb. 5.—Republican members of the house in conference late today took their first step toward organization of the house for the next congress. After considerable discussion, but without dissent they agreed to call all republicans members-elect into a conference "for organization purposes" in Washington on February 27. Preparation immediately was begun toward notifying the new members of the meeting.

### SHELL BREMEN AND DRIVE OUT SPARTACANS

#### German Government Troops Enter Seaport After Bombardment in Which Many Are Killed.

Copenhagen, Feb. 5.—Government troops entered Bremen last night after heavy fighting and occupied the town hall and the stock exchange. The Spartacans have retreated to Groepsing.

The government troops made their entrance after the city had been bombarded. Many persons are reported to have been killed in the bombardment. Armed Spartacans from Eisenach and Gotha are on their way to Bremen to the support of the Spartacans there.

General Gerstenberg was ordered to enter Bremen as the authorities had not observed the agreement entered into Sunday with the government.

Cathedral Damaged. London, Feb. 5.—During the bombardment of Bremen the old cathedral, the house and the city hall were damaged and many houses partly destroyed, according to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen.

### Protect Our Commerce

"This building up, however," said Mr. Weeks, "has directly the reverse effect on our own industry. The time has come when we must give attention to our domestic affairs and protect our own commerce."

In connection with discussion of the situation in Europe Senator Reed referred to pacifist movements in France and England about six years ago, and declared the Carnegie Foundation had branches in every country that were "jointly conspiring to control the policies of these countries."

"I do not hesitate," he continued, "to question the loyalty of any organization that sits in the United States today and conspires with a lot of Germans, Swedes, Hungarians or English to work out a policy that affects the policy of our government."

Senator Knox said although the American people had expressed the opinion that they had a right to send coastwise vessels through the Panama canal, without charge and three big political parties had endorsed this policy, "this Carnegie peace organization spent \$25,000 or \$30,000 to circulate literature urging the repeal of the act conferring that right to shipping."

Senator Ashurst declared that his party's failure to keep its pledge regarding that act had "done more to undermine confidence in the democratic party than anything we ever did."

### BRITISH IMPORT BAN UNDER FIRE IN U. S. SENATE

#### Democrats and Republicans Join in Criticism of Embargo; May Bring on Trade War.

Washington, Feb. 5.—Democrats and republicans in the senate today joined in criticizing the new British embargo on imports and calling attention to the effect it would have on American industry.

During the discussion that followed Senator Reed of Missouri, democrat, attacked the Carnegie Peace Foundation's activities abroad, questioned its loyalty and declared it should be dissolved. Senators Knox of Pennsylvania, republican, and Ashurst of Arizona, democrat, joined in the attack.

Senator Weeks of Massachusetts, republican, and Senators Lewis of Illinois, Smith of Georgia, and Reed of Missouri, democrats, led in protests against the British embargo.

Hints at Trade War. Senator Weeks said he did not charge that the embargo was aimed against the United States, but Senator Lewis remarked that a majority of articles listed are manufactured in the American middle west. The Illinois senator said the action might bring on a trade war.

"I invite the attention of British officials to the delicate situation," he continued. "While the president is in France battling for the principles our country feels are necessary, one of our own allies takes a course so inimical to the welfare of the United States that it is calculated to create a sentiment of hostility which will embarrass harmony in the United States."

Senator Weeks said that the embargo's purpose was to build up British industry to its pre-war normal condition.

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### Broken Heart Causes Death of Aged Woman in Omaha

Mrs. Caroline Stigge, 70 years old, 2910 S street, died shortly after noon yesterday of what her daughter, Gusta, believes was a broken heart.

Mrs. Stigge has grieved constantly since the death of her son, Charles, on January 6 of Spanish influenza.

Two other sons, Julius and John, are now overseas with the American expeditionary forces. The mother has longed to see her two boys and this morning the daughter went to the court house to consult a lawyer regarding the securing of their release from military service. While she was away from home the mother died.

### Rail Board Says \$9,000,000 Was Saved in the Southwest

Washington, Feb. 5.—Approximately \$9,000,000 was saved in operating expenses of the railroads in the southwestern region during the year, just closed, by unification of terminals, cancellation of repair facilities; a system of interchange switching, and elimination of unnecessary mileage, according to the annual report of B. F. Bush, southwestern director for the United States railroad administration, made public today.

### Convicted of Espionage

Portland, Ore., Feb. 5.—J. Henry Albers, president of the Albers Brothers Milling company, with establishments in several coast cities, was found guilty here today of violation of the espionage act upon two of the seven counts charged against him in the indictment.

### Newness in The Men's Shop

First Manhattan Shirts are in and they are truly distinctive in every detail. The materials are uniformly high grade—the patterns and colors pleasing—the workmanship and fit above reproach. There is an added pleasure in making an early selection.

Spring Neckwear—The first visit to this shop for neckwear is in most every case the forerunner of numerous others. Present showings include crepe silks, English twills, grenadines and failles in four-in-hand and bat wing shapes.

Concerning Underwear—Winter isn't over. One will still need medium and heavyweight Undergarments. We can surely give you requirements which makes that fit and give satisfactory wear. Two-piece garments or union suits in either wool or cotton.

—A Step to the Left As You Enter

Valentines Ideas that are new—plenty of them—at small prices too.

Women's Hosiery Fine Lisle Hose with garter tops and double soles; are to be had in black, white, tan, cordovan, light and dark gray for \$1 a pair.

Fibre Hose in white, black, brown and gray; lisle tops and soles, 85c a pair.

### Thompson-Belden & Co. The Fashion Center for Women

Established 1886

### SPRING DRESSES

In taffeta, serge, Poiret twill, tricotine, Georgette and crepe de chine, in the colors fashion favors for the new season.

These are very late models direct from New York City.

\$25 to \$105 with particularly good styles for \$35, \$39.50 and \$45 No extra charge for the alterations.

For Needleworkers All over laces for curtains which you can embroider. These are better looking and less expensive than ready-made curtains.

These two are but indicative of the many interesting pleasures that needleworkers will find in this work.

### Great Coats at Small Prices



As a special feature of our Coat Clearance Week, we have put into two groups, of 40 garments each, some values that you will recognize as bargains too unusual to miss. In the first lot are coats that cost more than the selling price now ticketed for you, every garment being yours, at—

\$22.50

These Coats are made of burella cloth, Bolivia, and soft, rich broadcloth, in black, blue, navy, wistaria, reindeer and brown. They are beautifully lined and interlined, and are cut in the best styles of the season, both in belted backs and the looser, cape back styles. Your choice of 40 garments.

\$22.50

\$29.50

This lot of Coats are all broadcloth, in black and brown. One glance at their texture and exquisitely tailored lines will make you realize how mercifully we are sacrificing profit to clear our stock rooms. Every coat in this group of 40 should be held for \$75—a fair price for garments of their House of Menagh quality, but they are yours for

\$29.50

### THE HOUSE OF MENAGH

Charlie Black Says: He has gone to the Eastern Markets to get new goods to "brighten the corners of the store" — while he's away

THE CLERKS WILL PLAY and put on a

## TWO DOLLAR HAT SALE SATURDAY

\$4 and \$5 Hats at one price TWO BONES

### PEASE-BLACK CO.

1417 Farnam.

The Newest Thing in Town

5 Passenger Four-Passenger Coupe--Taupe Color Nothing Just Like It on the Market--3- Passenger Roadster, Wire Wheel Equipment, Gypsy Top

To Match Your Lady's Gown

Beautiful in Design 5- Passenger Sedan— Roomy, Heated, Silver Mountings

### Hanson & Tyler Auto Co.

Tyler 1368 2512-14 Farnam Prices Guaranteed Until August 1, 1919. Joe Elfred, Mgr.

## HOTEL COMMODORE

Adjoining Grand Central Terminal PERSHING SQUARE

### NEW YORK

GET OFF THE TRAIN AND TURN TO THE LEFT

### Is Now Open

Throws wide its hospitable doors and bids the world welcome. With all its magnitude—its luxurious Aladdin appointments and appliances for the comfort and convenience of many people, the COMMODORE'S fame will be built on the perfect service of the individual guest in New York.

2000 ROOMS 2000 BATHS

BOWMAN HOTEL CORPORATION JOHN M'CE. BOWMAN President GEO. W. SWENEY Vice-President and General Manager