

PEACE CONGRESS WORK HERALDED AS BIG SUCCESS

London Times Says Great Things Have Been Achieved Already by Peace Conference.

London, Feb. 2.—With regard to the provisional solution by the peace conference of the question of the German colonies and the occupied territory in Asiatic Turkey the Times political correspondent says: "Two great things have been achieved besides settlement of one of the most difficult questions with which the conference is confronted. The league of nations has been convincingly, almost dramatically, established as the first necessity for post-bellum intercourse, and those responsible for the British policy have been putting their own interests second to the interests of world democracy. They have given the conference a magnificent example of what adherence to Mr. Wilson's principles and to M. Clemenceau's doctrine of the necessity of sacrifice really means—an example that cannot but have potent influence upon future events. Mr. Wilson falls the credit for having suggested the solution, to Mr. Lloyd George's statesmanship must to no small extent be ascribed the success with which there is every reason to hope it will be attended. "As the colonial question has been settled by reference to the league of nations, it is reasonable to suppose that the next thing the conference will take up will be the final production of a scheme for the formation of the league.

"It is understood Mr. Lloyd George will probably return to England on February 8 to attend to his parliamentary duties. Mr. Wilson, in all probability, will then pay his projected visit to Belgium and leave for the United States on February 12, so that it seems likely there will be at that date a slight slackening down of the activity of the peace conference. It is evident that if detailed work is going to be referred to a number of special committees, the plenary conference will have to give them time to prepare their reports and will thus better be able to get a short breathing spell."

Senators to Consider New Bank Guarantee Bills for Days Task

Lincoln, Feb. 2.—(Special).—When the senate reconvenes tomorrow afternoon two spirited debates may be expected in the committee of the whole over the Good bill to return contributions to the bank guaranty fund to liquidating banks and the Sears bill to make it a criminal offense for any person other than parent or guardian to convey information of a sexual nature to children under 16 years of age. The senate insisted with these bills in the committee of the whole last week and was unable to reach an agreement.

C. Petrus Peterson has framed an amendment to split the guaranty fund contribution 50-50 between the state and the contributor, which will be presented. Denny Cronin was another amendment to turn over the entire amount to the state. Both will be presented as amendments to the Good bill, which would turn the entire amount back to the banker. While the senate is generally favorable towards the Sears' bill, there is some feeling that the age limit is too high and it may be sliced 13 under the proposed amendment by Senator John W. Robbins last week.

American Relief Lifts Load of Fear in Europe, Says Hoover

Paris, Feb. 2.—Passage by the American congress of the bill appropriating \$100,000,000 for relief in Europe "will lift a load of fear from the hearts of millions of people in Europe," said Herbert C. Hoover, director general of relief, in a statement issued tonight. Mr. Hoover outlined the use to which the money is to be put and the means already taken for the relief of various peoples. "It is little realized in the United States," the statement adds, "how fully and completely the daily wireless carried the progress of this work to the people of Europe. Immediately after the bill was passed, the news appeared in the headlines of newspapers in Bucharest, Sofia and Helsinki, and it was known in Warsaw, Prague and Vienna, where thousands of persons have been looking anxiously toward the United States for leadership in the solution of their most imminent danger.

Council Approves Agreement Reached by Czechs and Poles

Paris, Feb. 2.—The official communication dealing with Saturday's session of the supreme council, says: "The president of the United States, the prime ministers and the foreign ministers of the allied and associated powers and the Japanese representatives met this afternoon at the Quai D'Orsay from 3 to 6:15 o'clock. The conference approved the text of the provisional agreement between the Czechs and the Poles, proposed by the delegates of the powers, regarding the Teschen district. "The instructions to be given the inter-allied commission which is to proceed to Poland were definitely decided upon and approved. "The Roumanian delegates, M. Bratianu and M. Tishu, were then introduced. M. Bratianu made a detailed statement of the Roumanian claims. "The next meeting will take place on Monday at 11 a. m."

Pan Motor Officers Deny Charges in Indictment

St. Cloud, Minn., Feb. 2.—Officers of the Pan Motor company, in a statement regarding indictments returned against its officers at Chicago, said: "Directors of the company deny any state or federal law has been violated. Affairs of the company have been honestly and efficiently administered and every dollar paid in by the stockholders is properly accounted for on the books. This company has a manufacturing plant costing \$2,000,000 and now in active operation with nearly 400 employees, and is in fine financial condition, having accounts receivable of over \$1,000,000 in addition to its present plant investment. "The governor general declared the relations of the Filipinos with the Japanese are friendly.

New Design of Jewelry Shown on Chicago Market

Chicago.—An attractive ornament in cheap jewelry has made its appearance on the Chicago market. It is a pear-shaped, highly polished semi-precious stone with a hole bored in the smaller end and worn as a pendant attached to a ribbon around the neck. It varies in size, the largest being the size of a silver dollar, or even larger. The stones used are lapislazuli, malachit, onyx, agate, rose-quartz, amethyst, chrysolite, moss agate and Amazon. Most of these stones are found in the United States.

TURKEY MUST RELEASE ALL SUBJECT RACES

League of Nations to Exercise Supervisory Care Over Regions Freed from Huns and Moslems.

Paris, Feb. 2.—The accord reached by the council of the great powers concerning the disposal of the German colonies and occupied regions in Turkey, in Asia, is much more definite than is generally supposed, and besides acceptance in principle of the American plan of mandatories, it embraces the following main features: The allied and associated powers are agreed that the German colonies shall not be returned to Germany, owing, first, to the mismanagement, cruelty and the use of these colonies as submarine bases.

Armenians To Be Freed. The conquered regions of Armenia, Syria, Mesopotamia, Palestine and Arabia shall be detached from the Turkish empire. Provision is made whereby the well-being and development of backward colonial regions are regarded as the sacred trust of civilization, over which the league of nations exercises supervisory care. The administration or tutelage of these regions is entrusted to the more advanced nations, which will act as mandatories in behalf of the league of nations. These mandatories are not uniform, but vary according to the degree of development of the colonial region and its approach to the stage of self-government. The mandates in Palestine, Syria and other portions of Turkey, where well developed civilization exists, would be comparatively light and would probably permit of the independence of these communities.

To Suppress Slave Trade. On the other hand, colonies like those on Central Africa would require a mandatory with large powers of administration as responsible for the suppression of the slave trade, the liquor traffic, ammunition and arms traffic and the prevention of military authority on the part of the natives, except for native police purposes. Other colonies and localities, such as those in German southwest Africa and some of the South Pacific Islands, have such sparse and scattered populations and are so separated from other communities that the laws of the mandatory country would probably prevail in these regions. The foregoing general outline indicates on broad lines the terms whereby, it is declared, conflicting views were finally reconciled and a common agreement was reached acceptable to all the great and colonial powers.

Governor General Harrison Denies That He Intends to Resign

New York, Feb. 2.—Francis Burton Harrison, governor general of the Philippine islands, denied emphatically upon his arrival here tonight on the motor ship Salandria from Manila reports that he intended to resign his office. He explained that he merely is taking a six months' leave of absence, the first he has had since 1913, and will return to his post when his vacation is over. Governor General Harrison said that the Filipinos are making rapid strides under the Jones bill of August, 1916, which gave them virtual autonomy.

SAFETY ZONE ON RHINE IS PEACE AIM OF FRANCE

Austria-Hungary adjoining old Serbia to the north to round out the proposed Jugo-Slav state. Both Rumania and Serbia have moved troops into Banat to secure their claims and French troops have established a neutral zone to prevent hostilities between them.

Switzerland. The Chinese delegates ask to be guaranteed against foreign imperialism or aggression and desire the gradual abolition of "consular rights," and to be allowed to impose their duties and regulations. The Chinese also ask for the return of Kian-Chau. Switzerland appears to be the only neutral state which has so far presented her desires to the peace conference. The Swiss government has represented that while Switzerland would be glad to participate in a society of nations, yet, because of her mixed nationalities, she could not do so if that should mean the transfer of troops in policing the world by force or, perhaps, against Italy, France or Germany. Switzerland desires an outlet to the sea by making the Rhine a neutral stream. This is in accord with French desires, since if Alsace-Lorraine becomes a French province, the northward and independent buffer states should be erected out of the Palatinat and Rhenish Prussia, as suggested by Marshal Foch, it would be necessary to neutralize the Rhine. If this were done it would give Switzerland an outlet to the sea.

Scandinavia. The territorial aspirations of the three Scandinavian powers are considered modest. Denmark wishes to annex that part of northern Schleswig inhabited predominantly by Danes, but has not asked to regain the provinces of Schleswig and Holstein taken from Denmark by Prussia in the war of 1864 or to extend her frontiers southward to the Kiel canal. Norway has certain aspirations to Spitzbergen or a part of it, but is not pressing these claims energetically. Sweden favors the movement of the Aland islands, which are regarded by the Swedes as the naval key to Stockholm, Swedish interests in this connection are in conflict with those of Finland. Sovereignty over the islands has belonged to Finland since the fall of the Russian imperial government. Nothing has been heard since the collapse of Germany of earlier Finnish plans to secure an outlet by the annexation of parts of Russian Karelia, lying between Finland and the Murman coast, and even of adjacent Finland, which belongs to Norway. This section on one part of Finland led to the landing of allied troops at Murmansk to prevent the establishment of a German submarine base in the northern seas. The delegates of the five powers who will straighten out this tangle of rival interests, are obliged also to take into consideration the passionate racial claims as well as the history of all Europe for centuries.

Greece. Greece wishes northern Epirus and Thrace with the exception of Constantinople and the shores of the Bosphorus and the Dardanelles, which premier Venizelos wishes to place under international control. Greece asks for the Vilayet of Smyrna in Asia minor and the former Turkish islands in the eastern Mediterranean, including those known as the Dodecanesus, and claimed by Italy. Bulgaria. Although Bulgaria capitulated without conditions and her future territories depend upon the conquerors, her government has not abandoned her claims to her former territories and it even hopes to receive extensions of the Bulgarian frontiers in southern Macedonia along the Aegean coast and in Thrace. Slovakia. The new state of Czecho-Slovakia is carving out its territories almost entirely at the expense of the old Austria-Hungary. The old kingdom of Bohemia, Moravia and the Slovak regions of northern Hungary already have been incorporated into the new state, but there are certain conflicts with the Poles, Rutenians, Roumanians and Germans, as well as with the Austrians and the Magyars, because the Czechs claim that parts of German Saxony and German Silesia belong ethnographically to the new state. To the northeast, Poland is coming into opposition to Polish claims in Silesia and sections of Galicia, while to the northeast Czecho-Slovak expansion has brought them into contact with the Rutenians or Ukrainians, in eastern Galicia. The new state desires expansion southward over the Carpathian mountains and over a corridor to the Adriatic. Poland. The Poles, with an inadequate army, are endeavoring to establish their independence in the three sides of Russian Poland and Galicia, which constitutes the nucleus of the new Polish state. The Poles desire eastern Galicia to include Lemberg, which is in the Ukraine, and the disputed province of Chelm, in little Russia. To the west, Poland desires to have Vilna recognized as Polish. Both Lithuanians and the bolshevik have raised claims to Vilna, the bolshevik supporting their pretensions by a menacing military offensive. The Poles are contending against the Germans, not only for German Silesia and Posen and West Prussia, as previously populated chiefly by Poles, but also for the city of Danzig, so as to provide Poland with direct access to the sea. Should the Poles have Danzig, East Prussia would be cut off from the rest of Germany and would remain an "island" populated by Germans surrounded by Polish dominions.

John Barrett to Speak at Readjustment Congress

The Chamber of Commerce is in receipt of a telegram from John Barrett, director general of the Pan-American Union, saying that he will be the guest of honor at the Readjustment congress to be held here. The subject of his address will be "The New Pan-Americanism." Mr. Barrett is one of the best known men in the industrial world. He held the position of commander-general of foreign affairs at the St. Louis exposition, and later served as American minister to Argentina and to Panama in 1904 and 1905. He is interested in a number of industrial corporations and has written many articles for the leading magazines of this and foreign countries.

British Business Men Want Death of 'Dora' Act

London.—British business men seem practically unanimous, according to reports from the American Chamber of Commerce in London, in demanding the immediate death of "Dora" the defense of the realm act. Only a few restrictions are approved by business men generally, except that men engaged on what they believe to be "key" industries are much interested in developments in the government's plans for protecting them. Financial men, it is said, are expecting a marked continuance and development of many of the financial restrictions, with a view to the protection of the European finances during the long reconstruction period.

Pacific Cables' Carrying Capacity Largely Increased

Washington, Feb. 2.—Methods by which the carrying capacity of Pacific cables between San Francisco and the Orient, long congested, may be increased 30 per cent have been devised by the inter-departmental committee on communications, appointed several months ago to investigate the Pacific cable situation. Due to congestion and low speed, the investigators found last summer that messages were often delayed 15 days.

Peru State Normal Notes

A fine industrial arts exhibit, representing the half-year's work, was held January 28 and 30. Artistic pieces of work in wood, metal, leather, glass, etc., were shown by the design class. Plaster and decorated lines in clay and cement were exhibited by the modeling class. The kindergarten techniques class presented a fine display of nature materials, and ingenious work with paper and paper boxes, striking posters done by the drawing classes adorned the walls. President and Mrs. Rouse entertained members of the faculty of delightful evening affair January 30. A clever skit burlesquing the legislature in session was a part of the evening's entertainment. The thorough renovation of St. Vernon hall, the girls' dormitory, will be put through in April and May, instead of the summer as at first planned. The girls now in St. Vernon will find quarters in the town for these two months, and the dormitory will be ready for occupancy June 1.

Japan enters the peace conference, as Baron Makino, the senior delegate, has said, "with no territorial ambitions in China" and as for Tsing-Tau, "she will hand it back to China under the terms of the notes exchanged between China and Japan in May, 1915." This is interpreted by Japan as permitting her to retain certain former German concessions on the Shantung peninsula. Japan, Baron Makino explains, "neither intends

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May Combine Laws of Present Session With Those of 1915-1917

Lincoln, Feb. 2.—(Special).—New laws enacted by the present session of the legislature will probably be published in a volume to include the 1915, 1917 and the laws enacted at the 1918 special session. A compilation of all of these various laws in a single supplement to the revised statute of 1913 will be welcomed by the public officials, attorneys and others who have occasion to consult them. When the codified statutes of 1913 were published, it was the plan in view to print the laws of the next two legislative sessions as supplements thereto and then get out a new set of statutes taking in everything enacted up to and including 1919. But the fact that a constitutional convention is to be held within the next year or so makes it inadvisable to reprint such a large book at this time, and hence the plan to consolidate all supplements in a single volume is finding favor. No bill has yet been introduced on the subject but will probably be sent in before long.

Pawnee City Man Found Dead in Stall With Mule Team

Table Rock, Neb., Feb. 2.—(Special).—Dick Slack, who lived southwest of Pawnee City, was found dead in his barn early Tuesday morning under the feet of a team of mules. He had gone out to do the morning feeding, and when he did not return for breakfast, his children searched for him, and discovered his body. It is supposed he had been kicked in the face as both jaws were broken, and the whole face badly mutilated. One side of his body had been trampled to a pulp and every rib broken.

Discharged Soldiers Entertained at Banquet

Oakland, Neb., Feb. 2.—(Special).—The people of Oakland gave a banquet to returned soldiers Friday evening, which about 120 people attended. G. A. Kull was toastmaster and County Attorney Herbert Rhoades made the principal address. Other speakers on the program were Mayor H. C. Peterson and Rev. Mr. Sandahl. Hastings College Notes. Two former college students were recently married—Miss Irma Harjoto of Aurora to Roy E. Peterson of Hastings. The literary societies have been reorganized and are now at work on the annual yearbook. The basketball team is being coached now by Professor Shurtz. While the basketball season is over, it has some good material and looks forward to a good season. Barely does it happen that a January picnic is enjoyed in these parts, but the junior class had just such a function at Heartsville park a week ago. The S. A. T. C. men are still returning to college. Oscar Swanson being the last to leave Hastings and Dore. The basketball team is being coached now by Professor Shurtz. While the basketball season is over, it has some good material and looks forward to a good season. Among those who have spoken at chapel lately are President Rouse of Peru and Superintendent Waterhouse of Fremont. Each of these men were in attendance at the superintendent's section at Hastings. The state oratorical contest will be held at York March 7. The local oratorical contest is to be held near the middle of February. The interstate contest is to be held at Hastings May 5. Professor Carpenter is secretary of the interstate association. Among the other men who have returned from the camps are Major Dunlap, who expects to enter college this coming summer and return to Hastings next June; Mr. Albert Theobald, who has just returned from Minnesota field; Warren Davidson, class of '15, who was stationed at Funston, Howard Pratt of '16 is now at Camp Merritt and expects to get his release and return home soon. Mr. Chong H. Lee, who finishes his work at the college at the end of this semester, is the first Korean to graduate from the college, though Hastings college has had a large number of Korean students. Most of them have been enrolled in the academy. Mr. Lee is to go to Korea soon to become a teacher in one of the Christian colleges of that land. Will Bitner has returned to his home, being dismissed from the service. He spent some time in France, was gassed at Verdun and during the latter days of fighting spent some time in a hospital.

TO RECOMMEND STIFF LICENSE ON ALL CANINES

Would Place Tax of \$2 to \$6 on Each Dog; Money to Reimburse Stockmen.

Lincoln, Feb. 2.—(Special).—From \$2 to \$6 tax on all dogs in Nebraska, to go into a fund to reimburse owners of live stock or poultry killed by canines, is the provision agreed upon in a substitute bill for H. R. 90, which the house committee on live stock and grazing has decided to recommend for passage. Messrs. Fuller, Klinsky, Barton, Green, Harris and Foltz have agreed to this measure in place of others which they introduced. The \$2 tax will apply on male dogs and females incapable of bearing young. For females of the female class, the tax will be \$5 for the first one and \$6 for every other one belonging to the same owner. Anyone who harbors dogs will be considered its owner. If the tax is not paid, a distress warrant may be issued or it may be collected by any other means that personal taxes can be collected. Metal tags will be furnished by the county treasurer when the tax is paid. It is made the duty of constables and sheriffs, as well as those owning dogs, to kill them when the tax is not paid. The county assessor is required to furnish the county treasurers with the list of names of dog owners in the county. Should a dog be sold or given away that fact must be reported. Special Provision for Breeders. Provision is made for "kennel licenses" for dog fanciers and breeders of hunting and sporting animals. For 10 dogs the fee is fixed at \$10 and \$1 additional for each dog over that number. Each dog six months of age must have a kennel tax. It is estimated that there are 75,000 to 100,000 dogs in Nebraska, so that the fund raised by this means will aggregate close to a \$250,000. It is to make good losses to owners of live stock or poultry which have been killed or injured by dogs. The law provides that the live stock or poultry owner must file a sworn statement as to his losses within five days and must be heard by an adjutor within three to 10 days. The law makes the county judge, the adjutor while the county attorney is required to appear and protect the state against unlawful claims. Either side has an appeal to the district court from the finding of the county judge. At the end of the fiscal year county judges will distribute the funds, after all judgments have been taken care of, among the school districts in the county in proportion to the tax money paid in, remaining in excess of \$1,000. No compensation will be allowed for live stock or poultry allowed to run in the highways.

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Sunshine and Happiness in place of Gloom and Irritability is the experience of many on changing from coffee to Instant Postum Not at all incredible! For Postum is free from the distress-causing elements in coffee. At the same time it is a delicious nourishing drink "There's a Reason" for INSTANT POSTUM

The food administration's restrictions having been removed we now make GOOCH'S BEST FLOUR AS GOOD AS BEFORE THE WAR And we always try to make it better. If you liked it before the war you will like it now. Look for this brand on the flour you buy, it stands for HIGHEST QUALITY