

MISS WILSON TO MEET  
PRESIDENT AT BREST.

Brest, Dec. 10.—(Havas).—Miss Margaret Wilson, daughter of President Wilson, arrived here today to meet the presidential party. She will accompany the president to Paris.

TURKS CONTINUE  
OPPRESSION OF GREEKS.

Athens, Dec. 10.—The Turks in Smyrna still continue to oppress the Greek portion of the population there, according to information reaching the semi-official Athens News agency.

The attitude of the Turks has not improved since the armistice, but rather has become more arrogant. Greeks have been arrested and several have been killed.

The advice add that the Turks have desecrated Greek churches and have torn down Greek flags raised at the time of the signing of the armistice.

HOUSE VOTES TO EXTEND  
GERMAN LANGUAGE BAN.

Washington, Dec. 10.—Prohibitory legislation against the teaching of the German language in the schools of Washington was re-enacted for another year today by the house in considering the district of Columbia 1920 appropriation bill.

ASK FOR HOME  
LETTERS TO SOLDIERS.

New York, Dec. 10.—An appeal to the people of the country to make a concentrated effort to break down the barrier created by 3,000 miles of ocean" between American troops and their homeland by writing "letters full of the home flavor" was made here today jointly by the War Department commission on training camp activities and Secretary of War Baker.

DIVORCE GRANTED  
TO MRS. PARIS SINGER.

Paris, Dec. 10.—Mrs. Paris Singer, wife of Paris Singer of New York, today was granted a divorce from her husband. The divorce was granted by Judge McHugh on the ground of Mrs. Singer's alleged misconduct on the part of her husband.

KNIFE SNATCHED AWAY  
FROM HEART OF AMERICA.

New York, Dec. 10.—Americanization of enemy-owned property will be continued until peace is proclaimed, and possibly even longer during an extended period of liquidation, said A. Mitchell Palmer, alien property custodian, in an address here tonight at a meeting under the auspices of the New York City Bar association.

The policy of Americanization which he asserted has snatched away "a knife at the throat of America" would, he added, destroy the far-reaching German hold on American industry and assure American manufacturers fair competition in their own and foreign markets. It was preposterous, he said, that the United States should lower the barrier against German trade exploitation merely because hostilities had ceased.

WOUNDED THROW  
CRUTCHES IN AIR  
AT SIGHT OF LAND

Injured American Soldiers Express Their Joy While Band Plays "Keep Home Fires Burning."

New York, Dec. 10.—Wounded American soldiers, arriving here today from overseas on the steamer Kroonland, forgot their injuries in their joy at the sight of the New York harbor.

When the police band on the patrol boat bearing the mayor's welcoming committee struck up "Keep the Home Fires Burning" and "Home, Sweet Home" as it came alongside the Kroonland, caps, crutches and canes were thrown into the air and the maimed and wounded, dancing with the well and strong, veined and cheered.

The Kroonland brought 63 officers, 1,180 enlisted men and 106 civilians. The Empress of Britain, which also arrived today, brought 2,450 soldiers. Then men will be debarked tomorrow.

Among the arrivals was the Three Hundred and Fourth ambulance company.

FRIENDLY  
RECEPTION  
GIVEN TO  
YANKIES

Relief Expressed by People of  
Coblentz When U. S. Troops  
Arrive in City; French  
in Mayence.

Coblentz, Dec. 10.—(By Associated Press).—Coblentz tonight is under the complete military control of the Americans, with the municipal authorities co-operating.

The American forces comprised the Second battalion of the Thirty-ninth infantry, which arrived here this afternoon in answer to a request from the German authorities.

The reception of the Americans was most friendly. The last German troops left Coblentz Sunday morning. There was no trouble of any kind and none is expected. Some citizens of Coblentz said they felt better now that the Americans had arrived.

Cheered by Children.

At many places Sunday crowds of children cheered and waved their hands as the Americans passed. The spirit displayed became more friendly as the Americans approached Coblentz.

When the Americans arrived and detained in an outlying section of the city they were met by a large crowd, including municipal officers. Among the others waiting to see the Americans were two professors with all the pupils of a boys' school.

Americans on Rhine.

Washington, Dec. 10.—The American army of occupation marching into Germany has reached the Rhine. General Pershing, under date of last night, reported:

"The American Third army, continuing its advance into Germany, today reached the Rhine from Rolandseck to Broll, and at nightfall was on the general line: Rolandseck-Broll-Wassenach-Huntermarfeld-Rheinbollen."

French Enter Mayence.

Berlin, Dec. 10.—The main body of the French army of occupation, headed by a band, has entered Mayence (Mainz) one of the principal fortresses of Germany on the Rhine.

MANY KILLED  
IN DISARMING  
UNRULY UHLANS

Effort on Part of Soldiers and Workmen's Group at Chemnitz Brings Forth Bloody Battle.

Copenhagen, Dec. 10.—At Chemnitz, members of the soldiers' and workmen's group attempted to disarm a Uhlan regiment. The soldiers resisted and fired upon them with machine guns, whereupon the soldiers and workers fled. Many of them were seized and beaten.

The soldiers' and workers' council then ordered out an infantry detachment against the Uhlans but the infantrymen were disarmed by the Uhlans. The number of killed and wounded is not known.

Russia Has No Standing  
at the Peace Conference

Washington, Dec. 10.—Russia, in the opinion of officials here, will not be formally represented at the peace conference. It was said today that there is no government in Russia which the associated nations recognize as having the power to confer upon delegates the right to represent that country at the Paris assembly.

Roosevelt Favors Treaty  
That Would Prevent Wars  
Between U. S. and Britain

New York, Dec. 10.—That the United States and Great Britain could today agree to a universal arbitration treaty which would make war between the two nations impossible for all time is the opinion expressed by Theodore Roosevelt in a letter made public here today, which the colonel wrote to George Haven Putnam, president of the American Rights league.

"I am now prepared to say what five years ago I would not have said," the former president wrote. "I think the time has come when the United States and the British empire can agree to a universal arbitration treaty. In other words, I believe that the time has come when we should say that under no circumstances shall there ever be a resort to war between the United States and the British empire, that no question can ever arise between them that cannot be settled in judicial fashion, in some such manner as questions between states of our own union would be settled."

Colonel Roosevelt's letter was written in response to an invitation extended to him by Mr. Putnam to join the English speaking union, of which Arthur J. Balfour, British foreign secretary, is president. Although declining to accept membership, explaining that he was devoting his time "to secure in this country a spirit of undivided American nationalism," Colonel Roosevelt said he was in sympathy with the general purpose of the English speaking union.

In this letter the colonel also expressed the opinion that the United States should not try to build a navy equal to England's which he described as "probably the most potent instrumentality for peace in the world," but that America's navy should be second in strength.

AUTO MYSTERY  
BAFFLES OMAHA  
POLICE FORCE

Detectives Find Car in Garage on Locust Street; Owner of Property Denies Knowledge of It.

An automobile mystery of many angles is puzzling the auto squad of the Omaha detective force.

Saturday night S. S. Conklin reported that his new Buick roadster had been stolen from the garage in the rear of his Dundee home.

Tuesday morning, Detectives Rich and Anderson, in searching some North Side private garages, found a Buick roadster stored in a garage in the rear of 2219 Locust street.

Door Securely Locked.

They called up the owner of the premises, Mrs. W. S. Rowe, and asked her about the car. They alleged that she denied that there was a car in the garage and that nothing was stored there but wood.

The detectives remained on the premises until she came from town and when they opened the door, which was fastened by a staple lock, they found a roadster, answering the description of the missing roadster stored there.

Detectives say the tires had been taken from the wheels and carefully stored in a loft overhead, and the machine had been jacked up and a tarpaulin placed over it.

Mrs. Rowe surprised. The bumpers had also been removed and the serial number on the frame plate, it is alleged, had been changed, as had also the license plate, an Illinois license of the current year, number 319100, being substituted.

The car was brought to the station and identified by Conklin as his property. Mrs. Rowe, the detectives allege, expressed surprise at the appearance of the car in her garage.

Mrs. Rowe figured quite prominently in the Hale divorce suit, which attracted considerable attention in the district court last spring.

Enlargement of Camp  
Dodge to Be Abandoned

Washington, Dec. 10.—Abandonment of additional military construction projects ordered by the War department today includes:

Cantonments for two brigades of artillery, Camp Kearney, Cal.; enlargement of Camp Dodge, Ia.; sanitary progress plant, Camp Travis, Tex.; ice making plant, Camp Cody, N. M.

Christian Endeavor Union  
Endorses League of Nations

Boston, Dec. 10.—Resolutions endorsing the plan for a league of free nations were unanimously adopted at the annual meeting of the World's Christian Endeavor union, held here today.

Rev. Francis E. Clark, LL. D., was re-elected president and William Shaw secretary-treasurer.

HUN LOOT  
RETURNED  
TO CITIES  
IN FRANCE

Chests Containing Money and Securities, Stolen by Invaders, Removed from Banks in Brussels.

London, Dec. 10.—(British Wireless).—French and British pickets under the direction of the paymaster general of the French army and in the presence of German officers in civilian clothes, have been sent to the various banks of Brussels, notably the Comptoir National d'Escompte, Paris and the Credit Lyonnais, in the last two days and have removed large numbers of chests which were placed there by the Germans about the middle of October.

Valuables to Be Returned.

These chests, says the Reuter correspondent at Brussels, contain strong boxes and securities taken from cities in northern France, including Lille, Roubaix, Tourcoing, Valenciennes, St. Quentin and Cambrai. Other cases placed by the enemy in the last two days and said to contain securities to the value of billions of francs.

These valuables will be returned to the financial establishments from which they were taken, except in the case of towns where the banks have been destroyed, as for instance, St. Quentin and Cambrai. In such cases the securities will be deposited in Paris.

Warships Will Be Held.

Archibald S. Hurd, the naval writer, in the Daily Telegraph, says, with reference to the idea said to be held by some Germans, that the surrendered German warships would be returned to Germany after peace was signed that it points, of course, to a complete misapprehension of the intentions of the allies, "for it is certain that these ships will never again fly the German ensign."

Mr. Hurd says that the only course to adopt is to distribute them among the allies in accordance with the losses which each has suffered in maintaining command at sea.

German submarines, on the other hand, should cease to exist. Mr. Hurd suggests they be broken up and the parts used for other purposes.

Germany Must Choose  
a National Assembly  
Before It Can Get Peace

Amsterdam, Dec. 10.—The Deutsche Tages Zeitung of Berlin, a copy of which has been received here, says it learns from a reliable source that the entente powers will refuse to conclude a preliminary peace treaty with Germany before the meeting of a German national assembly.

New York Again to Ask  
Harry Thaw's Extradition

New York, Dec. 10.—After an investigation of reports that Harry Thaw has been enjoying periods of freedom from the Pennsylvania hospital for the insane, District Attorney Edward Swann announced here today that Thaw's case would be placed before the new governor of Pennsylvania after January 1, on the assumption that the new state administration would aid in having Thaw returned to New York to answer to indictments accusing Thaw of kidnapping and assaulting Frederick Gump, a Kansas City, Mo., boy in Thaw's former apartment in a hotel here.

Harrison Returning to U. S.

Manila, P. I., Dec. 10.—Francis Burton Harrison, governor general of the Philippine islands, left here yesterday for New York. He has been granted a six months' leave of absence.

The government, the dispatch adds, appears to be unable to prevent the partition of the country into small republics.

Despair for Hungary  
Leads Count Karolyi  
to Attempt Suicide

London, Dec. 10.—Count Michaelis Karolyi, who took a prominent part in the recent proclamation of a Hungarian republic, is reported in a Budapest telegram to have attempted suicide while in despair of the success of his efforts to reconstruct Hungary, says a Central News dispatch from Amsterdam. The count's attempt to take his life was frustrated, the message states, but no details are given.

The government, the dispatch adds, appears to be unable to prevent the partition of the country into small republics.

Kansas City Carmen  
Vote to Strike Today  
for Wage Increases

Kansas City, Dec. 10.—Conductors and motormen of the Kansas City Railway company tonight voted for a strike, beginning at 4 a. m. tomorrow. Alleged failure of the company to put into effect wage increases recently granted by the war labor board was given as the reason for the strike.

The strike call, if obeyed, will bring about the third street car strike here within the last 15 months. Virtually 2,700 motormen and conductors, including 150 women conductors, are affected by the order.

The strike leaders assert employees at the power house joined the union of other street car employees today and will obey the strike summons. In addition to stopping all street car traffic this would result in cutting off lights and power to practically the entire city unless other power house employees can be obtained to keep the power house running.

MINISTERS VOTE  
DEITY OF CHRIST  
BASIS OF BELIEF

Bar All from Local Association Who Do Not Hold View and Unitarian Pastor Withdraws.

Churches not believing in the deity of Christ are barred from the Omaha church federation. After a long discussion and heated arguments last night the federation voted by a large majority to accept a preamble to its constitution which stated that the organization was for persons who "believe in the deity of Christ."

Rev. Robert F. Leavens, pastor of the First Unitarian church, said the members of his church wanted to help in all of the moral and social uplift work of the city, but if the proposed preamble was adopted, he felt his church could not, consistently, join the federation.

M. G. McCulloch insisted that "anyone who wishes to do less than teach the deity of Christ falls way short of the purpose of this organization."

Some members argued that, since the purpose of the federation is civic, social and moral uplift, all churches should join regardless of creed. Rev. Mr. Leavitt of the Plymouth Congregational church said, "I can see no reason why the Jews and people of all denominations who wish to help in uplifting the community, cannot join the federation."

The members voted to leave the name of Archie W. Carpenter, who died of influenza, on the roll of officers. Rev. H. B. Foster, president, praised Mr. Carpenter's life of Christian devotion and invited the members to attend the memorial services which will be held at the First Congregational church in his honor Sunday afternoon.

The following officers of the federation were elected: H. B. Foster, president; Lew Sholes, secretary; A. C. Busk, treasurer; Rev. John F. Hawk, Carl Changstrom, A. W. Carpenter, Dr. Charles Brown, Rev. C. M. Worden, J. Fred Smith, Bert E. Wilcox, and A. W. Bowman, vice presidents. Frank E. Meyer is executive secretary.

FEDERAL OFFICERS  
SAY NOT CONCERNED  
WITH OMAHA STRIKE

Tell Judge McHugh for Street Railway Company That Functions Ceased in Case When Adjusted Wages in Dispute Submitted to Them; No Relief in Sight.

Washington, Dec. 10.—(Special Telegram).—W. D. McHugh of Omaha, who is in Washington to present the case of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific railway against Joseph Maucher to the supreme court, which will be reached the last of the week, took up with joint Chairman Manly today certain features of the railway strike in the interest of the Omaha and Council Bluffs Railway company, but was met with the statement that unless new developments should present themselves the war labor board still adhered to its original proposition that it lacked jurisdiction in the matter and that it had no reason to change its position relative to the strikers. The board contends it has nothing to do with the merits of the strike. Its functions cease, members contend, with adjusting rates of pay.

The scene of action in connection with the street car strike was shifted to Washington yesterday, with only a few minor incidents occurring here.

President Wattles for the traction company announced, after a meeting of his board of directors, that the situation had resolved itself into a matter between the United States government and the strike leaders. He stated that he was waiting for a reply from the National War Labor board before he would make the next move.

STRIKE NO PART  
OF NATION-WIDE  
MOVE BY LABOR

President of International Union of Street Railway Employees Charges Effort to Break Union.

Washington, Dec. 10.—(Special Telegram).—W. B. Mahon, president of the International Union of Street Railway Employees, who is in Washington on business before the war labor board, said today that the rumor in Omaha to the effect that the street car strike was the first of a nation-wide campaign on the part of labor to force full recognition of unions everywhere, was wholly unfounded.

In the Omaha Street Railway case, he said, the men were striking as a protest against the company's efforts to break up the union. His information was that the company decided to discourage its employees from joining the union and was doing everything in its power to make a union man's life miserable and the strike was a protest against the company's system of discouragement.

Nothing to Say Yet. Commissioner Zimman stepped into the hall shortly before 6 o'clock and was asked if he had anything to say, and he said: "All that I have to say is that there will be absolutely no work to give out tonight. Just as soon as there is anything of importance to say, if there is anything, we will make it public."

Jerry Burnett, national organizer of the street car men, when seen in his room at the Castle Hotel earlier in the afternoon, was asked what he had to say on the latest developments, and said that he would have notice to say until after the meeting that was being held by the executive committee.

Before War Board.

The National War Labor board took up the Omaha strike situation yesterday. A D. McHugh of this city appeared before the board in behalf of the street railway company.

The strikers appear to be confident of winning. Pickets are on duty at the barns in regular shifts. The men say they are prepared for an indefinite strike. J. F. McMillan, chairman of the executive committee of the union, believes that his national organization will not interfere with the Omaha situation.

Put on Another Mail Car. Rumors were heard that the company would move some cars yesterday afternoon. Police reserves were summoned, to be later released. (Continued on Page Two, Column Two.)

LOVE MAKES THE WORLD GO ROUND—READ THESE ANSWERS IN OUR LOVE LETTER CONTEST

Good prizes for the best answers to the soldier in France who has written that he wants Dorothy to wait for him. List of awards in this Love Letter Contest in The Bee soon.

No. 24.  
My Dear Soldier Boy: In answer to your letter I feel highly honored in being the means of stimulating the finer feelings of a soldier of the great U. S. A.  
Your recognition and response to my ideals and aims prove you worthy of my consideration and I hope you will feel that it is as much your duty as mine to be able to present a soul equally as unswayed by life's mud and mire.  
Yes, I too, am dreaming of the time when you will return, always hoping that the brutal war will not have wrought any great changes in you.  
It seems to me that some dreadful transformation must take place

in a lovable, peaceful man to make him want to kill, even his enemies. I have read that before a man becomes a brave, fearless soldier he has to "let go" of himself and become more beast than man and I will admit that has been the most terrifying thought to me for I loved you as you were. But, I will love you as you are. Sincerely,  
DOROTHY.  
No. 334.  
My Only One: You have been "num es pluribus," who has fought for the most precious thing, liberty, mothers, fathers, sweethearts, have days and nights follow your glorious steps; you came out victorious, as the Stars and Stripes will always

be. As a snowdrift, my love for you increases, it has reached its highest peak. Its latitude and longitude are unknown to me. Words, in fact, can't describe it. When you are again near me, sitting again under the shade of the old apple tree, our ideals will better develop. I hope, my dear one and only one, you have received my little Christmas gift. In addition, I send you a little song—try it. Your sweet-heart,  
DOROTHY.  
No. 8.  
To My Soldier Lover in France: Indeed you may be happy and have the right, for did I not tell you when you left that I would remain

true to you and would wait for you to share those pleasures?  
While you are dreaming, off there in your blankets at night, I lie here in my little bed and recall those times, and as I do recall them, each time they seem nearer and dearer to me than before because I know that the one I love is fighting "Over There," and some day in the near future will come back to me. Just as much as my face is giving courage to you "Over There" so does yours as it appears to me, give one that hope and courage which God only knows a woman needs at this time to perform her duty and service to the country, and for the many lives that are given up for their own dear land. It is for this

that one must have courage, so trusting and believing in you, may God protect you, with love,  
DOROTHY.  
No. 162.  
Dearest You: When I read your letter this morning, asking me to wait for you, I wondered why you didn't tell me. Why something didn't tell you, even if it were only the sighing of the wind, the whispering of the leaves or something in the storm—that I love you, that I'll wait for you as long as life lasts, and then, on the other side, I'll still be waiting.  
I am dreaming of a little home, just a little cottage, perhaps, with vines and a flower garden, where I

can wait for you at the end of the day, and where all else but love, will be forgotten.  
DOROTHY.  
No. 15.  
My Own Sammy: I received your wonderful letter which proved your loyalty not only to me but also to our country.  
As my face is your courage, dear lad, your face is my guide on this race of life. When I think of you so courageous in facing the fires of war and in helping to make the world safe for democracy, I am happy that I have kept my mind and soul pure and unstained.  
I am proud to know that you are performing your part in this world's

war. As I knit and sew for the Red Cross, the thought of your sacrificing of self urges me to do more, and even then I can not give as much as you are giving. With your form in khaki always before me as my guide I try in every action to make myself worthy of your love. With greatest love,  
DOROTHY.  
No. 1.  
Dear Soldier Sweetheart: Received your loving and most affectionate letter. It filled my heart with joy to know that your thoughts are always with me. Since our country and my face are your courage and are helping you to fight so nobly and bravely to make

the world safe for democracy, I will use courage at home and cheerfully await your return, for you know, dear sweetheart, that it is very hard to be thus separated.  
I am continuously thinking of the neat little home we are to have after Uncle Sam thinks best for you to return to me. For you know, dearest, that there can be nothing but happiness and contentment therein.  
My love is still burning for you, dear, and nothing can make me happier than the thought that we are to stroll down life's silvery pathway together.  
May God keep and protect you until then. Your loving  
DOROTHY.