

## BISHOP HUGHES OF OREGON IN OMAHA PULPIT

Says It Takes Much More Courage to Be a Firm Believer Than a Half-Hearted Doubter.

"The time has come when even members of the Christian church lay emphasis rather on what they do not believe, than upon what they do believe," declared Bishop Matthew S. Hughes of Portland, Ore., who occupied the pulpit in the First Methodist church Sunday morning.

Bishop Hughes took for his text, the 17th verse of the 28th chapter of the book of Matthew: "And when they saw him they worshipped him but some doubted." In an eloquent and forceful sermon he deplored the fact that modern progress and "modern doubt" were tending to draw people away from the simple faith in the scriptures that was held by our fathers.

Courage to be a Christian. "The time has actually come when some of our half-baked theologians from some of our seminaries will tell you that there are some hymns that they do not give out to their congregations," said the bishop. "We are living at a time when it takes ten times as much courage to be a thorough-going believer than it does to be a half-hearted doubter; at a time when a doubter has a unique position. Some have even gone to the far extreme of doubting the existence of the doubt, and I have a boy who is versed in modern slang who would probably say 'that is going some.' The element of doubt is taught in our schools and sometimes it is preached in our pulpits."

He told his congregation that progress and doubt could not go hand in hand, one must perish, the other prevail, that it is merely a problem in cause and effect, that the events of the last four years, and added: "Some think that the great war which is just ending was caused by a comet, but let me tell you a comet doesn't talk German or wear a steel helmet."

No Doubt in Science. "We talk about the progress of science. My friends, do you know that the progress of science is always away from doubt and always towards the things we most need. Modern doubt has had an alliance with the conceit of human nature and if I am not mistaken this has been its greatest help. We have a great many grown up people who think they are as they describe themselves (skeptical) due to their intellectual superiority and that their skepticism is the penalty they pay for their superior to other people. They pay the penalty with a great deal more enthusiasm than they do their income tax."

"When any one is proud of his doubts and regards the skeptical tendencies of his mind as due to intellectual superiority it will be a good thing for him to realize that he might just as well be proud of a harelip or a club foot. Whenever you have a doubt it is not due to intellectual superiority, but it is sure evidence that your mind has tackled a problem to which it was not equal."

Bishop Hughes, by a simple and wonderful delivery, has the faculty of holding his hearers with marked attention, and the First Methodist church felt fortunate in having him stop in Omaha while enroute from New York to his home in Portland, Ore., where he is in charge of the Pacific Northwest district of his church.

He also occupied the same pulpit in the evening where a Victory service was held in which the other Methodist churches of the city participated, and at which the congregation sang the soldier songs that the boys sing "over there."

Severe Wounds Cannot Stop Carrier Pigeons. With the American Armies in France—The courage of the carrier pigeon is worthy of the "poilus" with whom it works. It requires a death wound to interrupt its mission.

During the operations on the Marne July 15, a pigeon arrived at its motor dove cote completely exhausted bearing a message of the greatest importance. Its claws had been carried away by a shell splinter. The information it brought enabled the staff to carry an important attack.

Many pigeons returned to their posts during the battle of Verdun wounded in the leg or head some of them with their bodies torn by projectiles. Two pigeons during that period carried seven important messages in bombardments that men could not get through.

France has maintained throughout the war a great advance over Germany in the installation of movable doves. It was in the French army that was first tried the experiment of using carrier pigeons on the line of fire. Patient and painstaking efforts habituated the pigeons to the din of artillery fire and to the life of the trenches.

## First Y. M. C. A. War Prisoner Ignored Danger To Aid Refugees



CARL DEWING LYTLE

Lytle, Writing from Camp at Limburg, Says That He Is Sound and Well

Carl Dewing Lytle, of Northfield, Mass., a non-combatant who was captured by the Germans in the French retreat east and west of Soissons during the first week in June, is the first Y. M. C. A. prisoner of war. Official confirmation of Lytle's detention in a Hun camp at Limburg has been received at the headquarters of the National War Work Council of the Y. M. C. A.

Lytle was attached to the French army. Amid a rain of gas shells, he went into a burning village to rescue refugees in spite of the fact that thousands of the enemy were rushing into the place. He stuck to

his task until the Germans captured him. By post card Lytle writes from his place of imprisonment that he is sound and well. The Y. M. C. A. will make an effort to get food and clothing and other comforts to him in the prison camp.

While the French were retreating for strategic reasons, Y. M. C. A. workers, like Lytle, stayed with the troops during the rearward fighting, gathering and distributing supplies. Four Y. M. C. A. men joined the staff of a base hospital and worked 20 hours a day as stretcher-bearers and nurses.

Lytle sailed for France on January 3 as a secretary. He is 33 years old and unmarried. He was principal of a grammar school in Northfield before he joined the "Y." Overseas forces. He speaks French fluently.

## NATIONAL PARK MAY BE MADE OF GRAND CANYON

First Bill Introduced Thirty-Two Years Ago; Congress Likely to Act in the Near Future.

Washington—Congress seems at last about to make the Grand Canyon of Arizona a national park. For years the canyon has been quite generally regarded as a park, but officially it is a section of two national forests, a game refuge and a national monument.

"It has never been managed as a part of the park system, and has never been susceptible of development as such," says the house public lands committee in reporting favorably on a bill that would dedicate 950 square miles—600,000 acres—in northern Arizona as the Grand Canyon National park. "This magnificent gorge should now take its place as a link in the national park chain which already includes most of the nation's wonderful and extraordinary natural features."

It was 32 years ago last January that the first bill to make the Grand Canyon a national park was introduced in the senate by the late ex-President Benjamin Harrison, then a senator from Indiana. Since then the proposal has been presented to congress from time to time.

"It appears that there never has been a valid objection advanced against it," declares Secretary Lane, in a statement favoring the project. "Nor can such an objection be urged, because the Grand Canyon belongs to the federal government and any attempt to thwart a change in its status, which would distinctly redound to its advantage, must be by some private interest."

Private resources have accomplished limited development. Thousands of tourists visit the canyon annually, but due to the lack of roads, trails and side-trip destinations the throngs have little opportunity to enjoy in full measure the marvelous grandeur of the region. Less than 400 of the 600,000 acres that the proposed legislation would place in the park are now in private ownership, these being held in small parcels near the rim. Obviously, the greater part of the land lies within the enormous gulf, measuring at some points 20 miles across the top. Sufficient land is to be included back of the north and south rims to make possible road development and to care for camping and hotel facilities.

King Ludwig Renounces Royal Rights in Bavaria

Basel, Nov. 17.—King Ludwig III. of Bavaria, has renounced his throne, according to a dispatch from Munich and has released the officers and soldiers and the personnel of the government from their oaths of office.

The council of ministers has given to the former king and the members of the royal family the freedom of the country as long as they undertake no steps which might endanger the existence of the state.

Dispatches on November 8, declared that a republic had been declared in Bavaria and that the Wittelsbach dynasty had been deposed by the diet.

## Two Days at Sea and Two Days in Port, Life of Destroyer Sailors

On Board U. S. Destroyer, American Port in France, Nov. 9.—(Correspondence of Associated Press.)—Two days at sea, two days in port; this is the sailor's life, week in and week out, day and night, in the convoy service of American destroyers which has achieved such marvelous results—an army of 2,000,000 men landed in Europe with the loss of a few hundreds.

The destroyer fleet was just back from the latest cruise as we went aboard today. They had brought in six big transports, including three former German liners. Already the soldiers were marching to camp, and on board the destroyers things were being made ship-shape for the brief stay in port, and then for the next adventure out beyond the cape, for with submarines off the port there is ceaseless vigilance, with always the chance of something happening, and every one on the tip-toe of expectation.

The reports brought back of the last cruise were of the best. It had been comparatively quiet, and the transports had been brought through without sign of a submarine. In fact, it was so promising the previous Sunday that the commander of the fleet remarked they were going to have a quiet day.

But at 9 in the morning there was an alarm, with all the gun and torpedo crews springing to their posts, and after that four successive alarms through this quiet day, though none of the alarms developed into an actual attack. It showed, however, the steady tension even when conditions looked best, for it was known that hostile craft had been lurking off the beach rocks near the mouth of the harbor and one of our big repair ships had been attacked as it came in a few weeks ago.

On the big destroyers the crew is always on watch during a convoy. There are lookouts in the crow's nest high up on the foremast, far forward at the tip of the bow, at port and starboard, forward and aft. Besides these, there is the gun crew watch, the depth charge watch, and the torpedo watch, always on the qui vive for the sound of the bell which calls them into action.

## Stop the "Flu"—If You Sneeze or Have a Cold in Your Head!

Inflamed Nose Passages Are Among First Symptoms of Influenza. Stop It Quick By Using "Ulypto Ointment."

The "Spanish Influenza" germ is taken in through the mouth or throat. There it starts on a rampage and rushes for the bronchial tubes and lungs. Sneezing, cold in the head, watery eyes, nose running, blood-shot eyelids, pains in the ears or head; these show the inflamed conditions in the nose passages. Internal treatment is necessary; local treatment also is imperative.

You should use a powerful ointment which quickly reduces inflammation and congestion; there is nothing better than "Ulypto Ointment," which contains extracts from the remarkable mulberry tree. Physicians know the enormous value of these extracts. "Ulypto Ointment" is

For Sale and Recommended in Omaha by Sherman & McConnell 5 Stores, Merritt Drug Stores, Beaton Drug Co., Dundee Pharmacy, Green's Pharmacy.

## PEACE SERMONS PREACHED FROM OMAHA PULPITS

Special Day of Thanksgiving and Heartfelt Prayers Go Up for Those Overseas.

From practically all the pulpits in Omaha sermons were preached yesterday on the great topic that is occupying the attention of the world, Peace. It was a day of special thanksgiving and heartfelt prayers went up from those whose sons and brothers and husbands are beyond the seas, prayers of thanks that the menace has been removed and loved ones soon will be welcomed back.

"Praise Where Praise Is Due." was the morning topic of Rev. E. H. Jenks at the First Presbyterian church. He took as his text the words: "It is the Lord's doing and marvelous in our eyes." "Truly," he said, "it is the Lord's doing and it is marvelous in our eyes. Praise is due first to Him. And then it is due to all other good people who have striven for this day, beginning with the men at the front who actually did the fighting and bore the burden and hardships of the campaign. We have all been instrumental in bringing about the result and those who have stayed at home because their duty lay here deserve just as much credit as those who did work more glorious, but no more necessary."

At the First Methodist church in the evening there was a special victory service. Bishop Matthew S. Hughes of Portland, Ore., preaching the main sermon. Rev. Titus Lowe also spoke.

Rev. J. W. Reynolds preached at the First Christian church, taking as his text, "Peace on Earth, Good Will to Men."

"These words were first uttered," he said, "when the great Prince of Peace came into the world. Today they are just as appropriate as they were then. Peace which seemed to have departed from this unhappy world seems now to be here again. We knew our cause was just and now we see how wonderfully God has defeated the machinations of wicked men who sought to reduce the world to subjection, and has given victory to the forces of righteousness. May the same God grant that we will use our advantages now to reconstruct the world so that it shall be forever safe from the turmoil through which it has just passed."

Rev. C. B. Harmon, pastor of the Lutheran Church of Our Redeemer, preached on "The Lord Reigneth, Let the Earth Rejoice."

"The bringing of the great war to a victorious end is proof that the Lord reigneth," he said. "He has sent us through the hot fires in which we have been tested and purified as the gold in the furnace. Today our opportunities for good are greater than they have ever been before. The victory won, we can, through justice, bring about such an era of prosperity and brotherhood as the world has never seen before. May we make proper use of our opportunity."

"Shall We Have Permanent Peace?" was the topic of Rev. W. O. Anderson at Calvary Baptist church. "We shall have permanent peace if we take steps to build up the world and not merely to take revenge upon our enemies," he said.

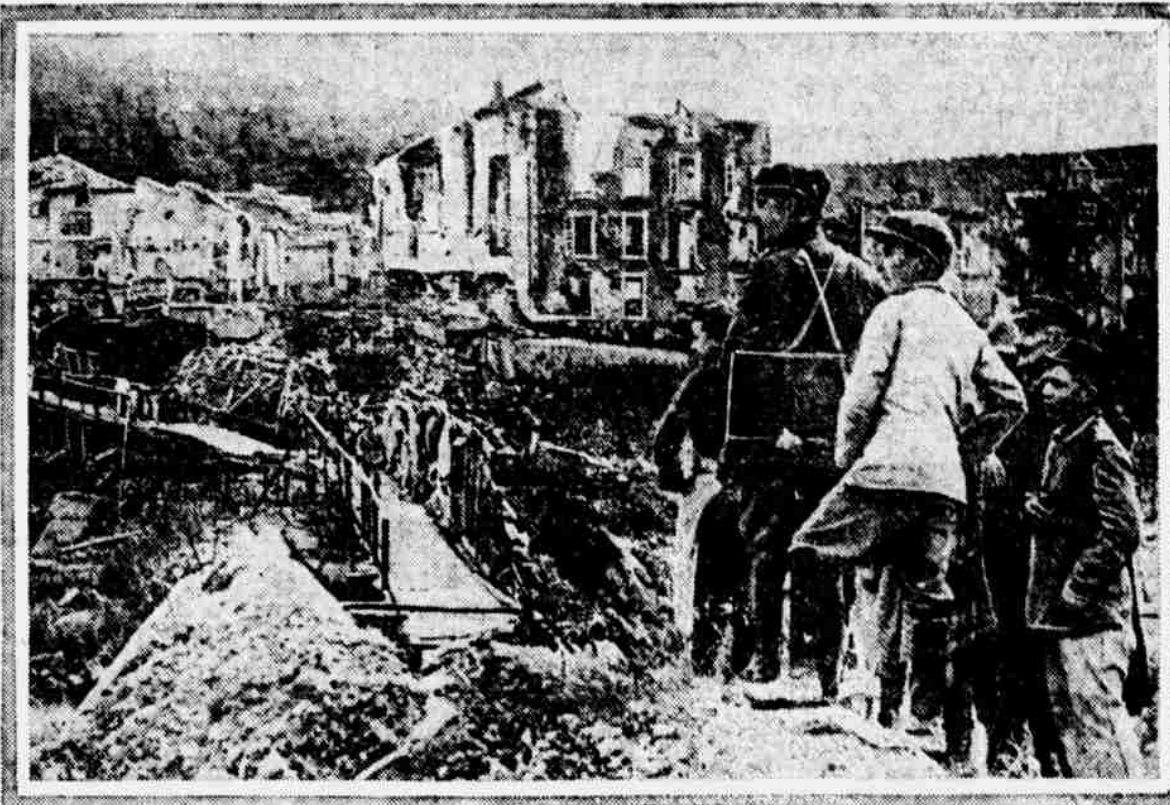
## WAR PUZZLES



BRITISH AND FRENCH AIR PLANES Bombed Ostend and Zeebrugge, two years ago today, November 18, 1915.

Find a bird-man. SATURDAY'S ANSWER Upper left corner down nose at shoulder.

## French Civilians Return to Home Towns Recaptured by Yanks



FRENCH RETURN TO HOMES

"Peace is God's will and war comes only when some large body of persons violates God's laws. Whether we shall have permanent peace or not depends upon ourselves. We must act as God would have us act, according to his laws. Then war will be forever banished from the face of the globe."

In one church the morning sermon was preached in German.

Not only the sermons but also in the prayers and hymns the universal rejoicing over the return of peace was reflected.

## Conscientious Objectors

Get 25 Years at Hard Labor

Camp Funston, Kan.—Twenty-five years at hard labor in prison is the portion doled out to six conscientious objectors who have been in camp here for some time, and have refused to take any part in military training.

A distinction is recognized among conscientious objectors. Exemption is granted the bona-fide conscientious objector provided he belongs to a well-known religious faith which opposes warfare, on the grounds of his belief against man killing his fellowmen. But it has been shown here, that some sought exemption when they were called as soldiers, by suddenly becoming conscientious objectors. The men convicted here will be taken to Fort Leavenworth to serve their terms.

They are: Fred Uron, Hyman Block, E. W. Thomas, Jake Canavall, Philip Carlitz and Julian Dombrowski.

## Praise for U. S.

Paris, Nov. 17.—Amelio Gimenez Babanas, former Spanish foreign minister, delivered a stirring address in the Spanish senate today praising the United States and its triumph for right, justice and democracy in the suspension of hostilities, according to Madrid dispatches to the Temps.

## Reconstruction Program Considered by Senators

Washington, Nov. 17.—The first formal step toward a peace reconstruction program in congress was taken yesterday when a senate subcommittee began consideration of the Overman bill for a reconstruction commission to be appointed by the president. In lieu of the executive commission, Senator Weeks of Massachusetts, republican, has presented a joint congressional committee and Senate Committee of Iowa has presented a plan for six joint congressional committees to study various branches of reconstruction work.

A caucus of republican senators will meet soon to receive a report from a caucus committee which is understood to be prepared to recommend the Cummings plan.

## Jewish Welfare Board at

K. C. Care for Soldiers

Camp Funston, Nov. 13.—A community branch of the Jewish Welfare board has been established at Kansas City and will cooperate with the field representatives at Camp Funston in serving the men in uniform and especially will aim to provide hospitality and comfort to the soldiers while visiting in that city. Headquarters have been established at the Y. M. C. A. building, 3125 Troost avenue. An invitation is extended to all soldiers to make use of the building and its facilities during their stay.

## Anthracite Prices Fixed.

Washington, Nov. 17.—Prices of the so-called "steam sizes" of anthracite coal will not be allowed to rise to the level of domestic sizes of anthracite under an order issued today by the fuel administration. The order, which was made effective at once, specifically fixes the maximum prices of number one bituminous and other sizes of anthracite coal smaller than "pea" and provided that the maximum price for these grades shall not be in excess of the maximum for "pea" coal less 50 cents a gross ton.

## Australia Demands That the Allies Hold Hun Islands

Melbourne, Australia, Nov. 17.—In the federal parliament today the minister moved the following resolution: "That it is essential to the future welfare of Australia that the captured German possessions in the Pacific now occupied by Australian and New Zealand troops should not in any circumstances be restored to Germany and that in the consideration and determination of any proposals affecting the destiny of these islands Australia should be consulted."

The National Federation has passed a resolution unanimously supporting the demand made by Premier Hughes who now is in England for Australian representation in the peace conference.

## Tecumseh Soldier Dies

in Scotland Hospital

Tecumseh, Neb., Nov. 17.—(Special Telegram.)—Henry Carmine of Tecumseh has received word that his son, Andrew McKinley Carmine, died in a hospital in Scotland on November 8, victim of pneumonia. The body will be brought to Tecumseh for burial. Mr. Carmine belonged to the navy, having been in service since June, 1916.

## Fairbury News Notes.

Fairbury, Neb., Nov. 17.—(Special Telegram.)—A change in mechanical officials on the Nebraska division of the Rock Island was made today. F. E. Meredith, former supervisor of fuel economy, left for Peoria, Ill., to accept an official position on the Illinois division. Leon Bradden of Goodland, Kan., succeeds him as traveling fireman. Miss Salora M. Church and Eddie Zeinberg were married, at the home of the bridegroom's parents near Thompson last night. The bride is a daughter of L. C. Church of this city.

Owing to a shortage of locomotive firemen on the Rock Island at this point, a number of men are being pressed into service.

## Steamer Reported in Sinking Condition Off New Foundland

St. John's N. F., Nov. 17.—A radio message received here today from the British steamer Cascapedia of the Federal line said she was in a sinking condition off Cape Race. No further particulars were given. It was thought here the ship was damaged in the hurricane which swept this coast the last 24 hours.

## British Warship Reported as Having Sunk at Sea

Baltimore, Md., Nov. 17.—Although no official report of the sinking of H. M. S. Cantina has been made by the British admiralty, news of it was received here today in a cablegram from Lt. G. F. Sanderson of the British navy to his parents. He also stated that a number of men went down with the ship.

## Don't Gamble With Your Health

If You Have a Cold and Neglect It You Are Taking Chances of Pneumonia

Got a cold and decided to let it wear off, have you?

This neglect and taking chances with colds is responsible for more deaths than the whole list of diseases. It paves the way for all kinds of diseases, particularly pneumonia.

The cold settles down and attacks the lining of the lungs—then it is pneumonia.

Many "cough syrups" and "balms" are dangerous. Their only effect is from opium and other nerve deadening drugs they contain. It is a temporary, stupefying effect, and the cold remains just the same and wears away the weakened body. It only disappears when its place is taken by a more serious disease like pneumonia.

Take no chances. Begin today taking Father John's Medicine, which has had more than sixty years of success treating colds and coughs without using alcohol or any dangerous nerve-deadening drugs. It builds fighting strength to ward off disease.—Adv.

## "I HAVE NEVER SEEN ANYTHING LIKE IT" SAYS WM. CARRICK

Gains Sixteen Pounds in Less Than Thirty Days by Taking Tanlac.

William Carrick, for many years a resident of Tacoma, Washington, is now a citizen of Hunter, Missouri. While en route to his future home in Hunter, recently, Mr. Carrick called at the Owl Drug Store in Kansas City, purchased two bottles of Tanlac and made a statement regarding his experience with the medicine that will be of interest to all suffering people.

"I have never seen anything," said Mr. Carrick, "sell like Tanlac is selling out on the Pacific coast around where I lived. A friend of mine actually went seventy-five miles one day to get a bottle and knowing what I do about it now, I believe I would do the same thing, rather than be without it. When I first started taking it I had little idea it would do me any good, but when I tell you I have gained sixteen pounds in less than thirty days and am able to work for the first time in months, you can understand why I talk like I do about it."

"Something like a year ago my appetite went back on me and my stomach got in such a bad fix that nothing I would eat seemed to do me any good. My food would sour soon after meals and keep me belching up sour gas for hours. I suffered terrible pain about my stomach all the time and at times I would turn so deathly sick that I could hardly retain a thing I had eaten. I dropped off twenty-seven pounds in weight and hardly had strength to raise my hands, and was so nervous for almost six weeks that I hardly slept at all. I finally got down flat on my back in bed—couldn't take a bit of nourishment except a little milk—and for five weeks I thought sure I would never pull through."

"I was stopping with my nephew in Tacoma at this time, and as he had seen Tanlac recommended so highly, he went down and got a bottle for me. Well, sir, by the time I finished my first bottle I was on my feet and feeling like a different man. My appetite picked up right away and I soon got so I couldn't get enough to eat, and ever since I finished my second bottle I have been feeling strong and fine as you please. The sourness, gas and pain has left my stomach entirely and nothing is barred from my diet. It was about the close of Spring when Tanlac straightened me up and I worked every day this Summer at my trade as carpenter and have felt fine all the time. I don't believe I ever enjoyed better health than I do now. I have personally recommended Tanlac to hundreds of people and, as I was passing through here today, I stopped in to get two bottles to carry down to Hunter with me, because I don't want to be without it."

Tanlac is sold in Omaha by all Sherman & McConnell Drug Company's stores. Harvard Pharmacy and West End Pharmacy under the personal direction of a special Tanlac representative. Also Forrest and Meany Drug Company in South Omaha and the leading druggist in each city and town throughout the state of Nebraska.—Adv.

We have determined to make room for our winter stock of new cars and offer the following rebuilt and refinished cars at prices that will move them NOW.

We will cheerfully give \$100.00 to anyone who can show a transaction that ever passed through our hands that represented any greater value.

1916 Chalmers "Six," a car well worth three times the money; price.....\$200.00

1916 Mitchell "Six," just completely overhauled, a real bargain if there ever was such a thing. \$275.00

1915 Dodge Brothers Touring Car, completely overhauled and refinished; price.....\$550.00

1916 Ford Touring Car, a good Ford, worth \$400; price.....\$250.00

1916 Moline-Knight Touring Car, wire wheels and refinished. A real bargain at.....\$600.00

1916 Franklin Touring Car, over-hauled and repainted; price.....\$250.00

1916 Oakland Touring Car, just overhauled and a steal at.....\$395.00

1917 Paige Stratford model, overhauled and repainted. Has only had 6,000 miles. Well worth \$1,000; price.....\$500.00

Murphy-O'Brien Auto Co.

1814-16-18 Farnam St.

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