

**BRIEF BRIGHT BREEZY BITS OF NEWS**

**GERMAN ENVOY ONE OF OLD PROPAGANDA GANG**  
New York, Nov. 8.—Dr. Mathias Erberger, head of the German delegation sent to confer with Marshal Foch on the armistice terms, "belongs to the same old gang" that tried to put over German defeatist propaganda in Italy and France, according to a statement tonight by Alfred L. Becker, deputy state attorney general.

**WAR PROGRAM GOES FORWARD WITHOUT HALT.**  
Washington, Nov. 8.—Secretary Baker today reiterated his statement that the war program of the United States had not been retarded in the slightest degree by the international situation.

**ALLIES TAKE 400,000 CAPTIVES IN 10 MONTHS.**  
London, Nov. 8.—Two hundred thousand prisoners were taken by the British on the western front from January 1 to November 5, inclusive, according to an official announcement made in the house of commons last night.

**NEGRO ELECTED TO MISSOURI LEGISLATURE**  
St. Louis, Nov. 8.—William L. Riley, a negro optometrist of St. Louis, is said to be the first of his race ever elected to the state legislature. He was elected Tuesday in the Fourth district by republicans over his democratic white opponent, complete returns show.

**FOUR MEN FALL 188 FEET IN SMOKESTACK**  
Chicago, Nov. 8.—Four steel workers were plunged 188 feet to death inside a huge smokestack today when a scaffold collapsed.

**MEXICAN CITY HAS 2,423 BURIALS IN 10 DAYS**  
Jerez, Mex., Nov. 8.—Burial permits numbering 2,423 were issued in the city of San Pedro del Colonias, Coahuila, during the last 10 days of October, as a result of the influenza epidemic there.

**MARTIN RUNS ROSE FAST RACE FOR JUDGESHIP**  
One Real Contest Develops in Nebraska; Legislature Goes Overwhelmingly for the Republicans.

The race between Rose and Martin for third place on the non-partisan ticket for judge of the supreme court is still very close.

**Winners in House.**  
Thirty-six members of the house were candidates for reelection.

**The Bee's Free Shoe Fund To Buy Shoes For Shoeless Children**  
When there comes a cold, rainy, chilly day, like Thursday, the kiddies come pouring into The Bee office and into the attendance of Frier's quarters in the city hall, showing their little split, torn, worn shoes and asking for better ones.

THE INDUSTRIAL EAST AND PRODUCTIVE WEST SHAKE HANDS THROUGH OMAHA.

# THE OMAHA DAILY BEE

VOL. 48—NO. 124.

Entered as second-class matter May 22, 1906 at Omaha, Neb., under act of March 3, 1879.

OMAHA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1918. \*\*\*

By Mail (1 year), Daily, \$2.50; Sunday, \$7.50; Daily and Sun., \$5.50; Single, 5c.

TWO CENTS.

**THE WEATHER.**  
For Nebraska: Fair Saturday and Sunday; warmer Sunday and in extreme west portions Saturday.  
Hourly Temperature:  
5 a. m. 37 1 p. m. 41  
6 a. m. 37 2 p. m. 41  
7 a. m. 37 3 p. m. 40  
8 a. m. 36 4 p. m. 39  
9 a. m. 35 5 p. m. 38  
10 a. m. 34 6 p. m. 37  
11 a. m. 33 7 p. m. 36  
12 m. 32 8 p. m. 35

# ARMISTICE HELD UP AS HUN RULER REFUSES TO QUIT

## BAVARIANS SET UP REPUBLIC AT GREAT POPULAR MEETING

**King Ludwig Deposed by Diet at Munich; Disturbances Reported to Have Extended to Essen, Seat of Krupp Works; German Ports in Hands of Soldiers' Councils.**

By Associated Press.

Basel, Switzerland, Nov. 8.—A republic has been proclaimed in Bavaria at the conclusion of a great popular meeting yesterday, says a telegram from Munich today's date.

Several thousand persons were present, having come by invitation of the socialist party. After fiery speeches by numerous orators the crowd adopted a resolution demanding the abdication of the kaiser, a renunciation of right to succession by the crown prince, the introduction of a democratic regime in Germany, acceptance of an armistice, no future wars, except for national defense, social reforms and eight-hour day for workmen.

The speakers were received with great enthusiasm. They all affirmed the socialist party urged neither a strike nor revolution, but desired only complete reform.

**Diet Deposes Dynasty.**  
In a procession which was formed and which was a mile long, were many soldiers of all arms headed by a band. The procession marched to the royal palace and the ministries, where the government hurriedly posted appeals for the populace to remain calm.

During the sitting at the Diet palace today, a decree was passed deposing the Wittelsbach dynasty, according to a dispatch tonight from Munich, Bavaria.

Ludwig III, king of Bavaria, is head of the house of Wittelsbach. He became regent in succession to his father, Prince Luitpold, in 1912. Ludwig was proclaimed king in 1913, in succession to his cousin, King Otto, known as the "Mad King of Bavaria." Otto was declared incapable of ruling owing to his mental infirmity.

Ludwig III, was born in 1845, and married Archduchess Maria Theresa of Austria-Este. Of this union were born three sons and two daughters. Prince Rupprecht, the crown prince, has been one of the leading Teutonic allied generals on the western front during the war.

**Revolution in Hamburg.**  
Amsterdam, Nov. 8.—The great German maritime ports of Hamburg is completely in the hands of the revolutionists, according to reports from Hamburg newspapers printed by the Cologne Gazette. The red flag is flying on all the ships in the harbor.

The headquarters of the commander of the port has been occupied by the soldiers' council after exciting occurrences in which machine guns were used.

All kinds of excesses took place in the neighboring city of Altona. The port commander there agreed to all the demands submitted by the soldiers' council.

Telegraphic communication between Amsterdam and Berlin, Leu-beck, Bremen and Hamburg has been stopped at the request of the Berlin postal authorities. A report is current that there have been disturbances at Essen.

The Cologne Volks Zeitung says the revolution at Bremen was effected in two hours. The marines enticed the soldiers to join them, after which a meeting was held. This assembly demanded the creation of a social democratic republic. Women joined with the marines.

**The Bee's Free Shoe Fund**  
To Buy Shoes For Shoeless Children

When there comes a cold, rainy, chilly day, like Thursday, the kiddies come pouring into The Bee office and into the attendance of Frier's quarters in the city hall, showing their little split, torn, worn shoes and asking for better ones.

Not one of these little ones, whose parents can not afford to give them dry, weather proof shoes, is turned away. How many cases of influenza, how many serious colds, how much suffering and misery, have the kind people of Omaha and Nebraska already prevented by their contributions to The Bee's Shoe Fund?

Previously acknowledged: \$540.25 Mrs. E. B. S., Oakland, Neb. 5.00 R. J. Dinning 5.00 Cash 1.00

## Kaiser Clings to His Throne In Defiance of Socialists And Prince Max Resigns

Amsterdam, Nov. 8.—(By the Associated Press)—Emperor William of Germany has declined to accede to the demands that he abdicate, says a German wireless dispatch picked up here tonight.

To the ultimatum of the socialists the emperor replied through Minister of the Interior Drews that he refused to abdicate voluntarily on the ground that he could not, at the moment of peace, undertake the terrible responsibility of handing over Germany to the entente and delivering up the country to anarchy.

London, Nov. 8.—Prince Maximilian of Baden, the imperial German chancellor, has resigned, according to a German wireless dispatch picked up here tonight.

The wireless says that Prince Max tendered his resignation, in view of the altered parliamentary situation, but that acceptance of it is still outstanding.

Basel, Nov. 8.—The abdication of Emperor William and the renunciation of the throne by Crown Prince Frederick William before noon today were demanded in an ultimatum sent by the managing committee of the German socialist party at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon to Prince Maximilian of Baden, the imperial chancellor, according to the Correspondence Socialist, the official organ of the socialist party of Germany.

The managing committee of the socialist party considered the entire political situation and its decisions were embodied in the ultimatum which Philipp Schiedemann, socialist member of the German cabinet without portfolio, sent to Chancellor Maximilian. These decisions were:

First—Right of public assembly.  
Second—Military and police must be ordered to exercise great reserve.  
Third—Immediate transformation of the Prussian government in conformity with the views of the majority in the Reichstag.

Fourth—Greater socialist influence in the Reichstag.  
Fifth—Abdication of Emperor William and renunciation of the throne by the crown prince.

The imperial chancellor was asked to reply before noon today, accepting the conditions. Otherwise the socialists declared they would withdraw from the government.

## G. O. P. SURE OF MAJORITY OF TWO IN U. S. SENATE

Republican Control of Congress Expected to Have a Marked Effect on Legislative Policies.

Washington, Nov. 8.—A republican majority in the next congress of at least two in the senate and of not less than 43 in the house was assured from returns today from the scattering doubtful districts of Michigan, upon almost complete unofficial returns, of Truman H. Newberry, republican candidate for the senate, over Henry Ford, democrat, increased the republican senate roll to 49—a bare majority. The democrats have 46, with the Idaho contest between Senator Nugent, democrat, and former Governor Gooding still in doubt.

On the face of almost complete unofficial returns, Nugent has a majority of nearly 500, but Gooding has demanded an official count which will be made November 15.

Returns from the last missing house district, the Second Montana, where a republican was elected to the seat now held by Representative Jeanette Rankin, unsuccessful independent candidate for the senate, were received today.

On the face of now complete unofficial returns the political lineup of the next house is as follows: Republicans, 239; democrats, 194; independent, 1; socialist, 1.

With the republicans holding intact their majority to organize the senate, Senator Lodge of Massachusetts, under the seniority rule, would succeed Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska as head of the foreign relations committee. Although the belief here now is that the peace treaty will be ratified before democratic control ends this committee will have many important after-the-war problems.

**San Francisco Mayor Hands "Package" to United Press**  
San Francisco, Nov. 8.—In announcing the reported signing of the armistice to a crowd of 1,500 or more in the city hall rotunda yesterday, Mayor James Rolph made the following statement:

"The United Press has been informed that the armistice has been signed. I have received no confirmation of this from the Associated Press and until I do I suggest that the celebration plans be suspended."

Later Mayor Rolph called up the Associated Press and said: "I will wait until I hear from you before giving the order for any peace celebration."

"I congratulate the Associated Press upon the reliability of its news."

**Remains Faithful.**  
London, Nov. 8.—A Berlin wireless dispatch received here today says: "The Third squadron remains faithful to the government."

## TRAP MAY BE SPRUNG ON ENEMY

Allies' Advance Leaves Germans Only One Railroad in France and It Is Under Artillery Fire.

By Associated Press.

On the battlefields the Germans everywhere are being hurried backward to their borders. Tournai, an important railroad center in Belgium, on the line leading to Brussels, has been entered by the British, who are across the Scheldt with few barriers of great importance between them and Brussels.

To the south of Valenciennes the British have taken Avesnes, another important railroad junction point, and all along the front have pushed the Germans farther east. Maugey is being advanced upon by the British.

The French again have cut deeply into the enemy's front. At last accounts they had reached Liart, 20 miles north of Reims, on the railroad leading eastward to Metz.

The taking of this town leaves only one railroad in this portion of France over which the enemy can retire. This is the Hirson line, which is being daily brought nearer and now at some places is dominated by the French guns.

**French Enter Sedan.**  
Eastward the French are still driving northward and have joined hands with the Americans in the western outskirts of Sedan. More prisoners and large additional quantities of war stores have been taken by the French.

Friday saw little infantry fighting between the Americans and the Germans west of the Meuse, but there were heavy reciprocal artillery bombardments. East of the river the Americans have cleared out several strong forest positions held by the enemy.

It is reported that the roads from Stenay, Sedan, Conflans and Longuyon leading to Metz are congested with retreating German troops and transport.

**Yanks Cut Off Salient.**  
With the American forces on the Meuse front, Nov. 8.—(By Associated Press, 6 p. m.)—The right wing of Gen. Pershing's forces advanced today, pushing into the western edge of Ecury wood and into the Woivre forest.

In the Ecury wood region the whole line advanced, cutting off the salient of the Bois de la Montagne, Haramont and Brandeville.

In the Woivre forest sector it was patrols who penetrated the edge of the forest and they met with (Continued on Page Two Column Three.)

## COURIER CARRIES FOCH'S TERMS TO EMPEROR AT SPA

Allied Commander-in-Chief Refuses Suspension of Hostilities Pending Negotiations; German Delegates Clothed With Full Power From Chancellor Take Time to Consult Military Command.

By Associated Press.

The terms of the entente allies under which Germany may secure an armistice have been handed to the German delegates at French army headquarters at a little village in the department of the Aisne, and a German courier now is speeding back to Spa, German headquarters in Belgium, with the document.

Seventy-two hours, or until Monday morning, have been given the Germans to accept or reject the stipulations. Emperor William is said to be at Spa awaiting the arrival of the courier with the momentous conditions. The German delegates, it is said, endeavored to secure an immediate provisional suspension of hostilities, but Marshal Foch refused to acquiesce.

Notwithstanding the fact that the abdication of Emperor William is generally believed to be a condition of the terms of an armistice and the further fact that the majority parties in Germany have demanded that he quit the throne and that the crown prince renounce his right to succession, the emperor has refused to retire.

Meanwhile throughout Germany a revolution is in the air, and the red flag is flying. A republic has been formed in Bavaria, and in addition Kiel, Hamburg and Schleswig, Bremen is in turmoil. Prince Henry of Prussia, commander-in-chief of the German fleet, the greater part of which is said to be in revolt, is reported to have fled to Schleswig.

**Kaiser Defies Country.**  
Washington, Nov. 8.—The question whether Germany will surrender immediately or wait to be crushed between the advancing allied and American armies on the west front and revolution at home rested tonight with an extraordinary conference at German grand headquarters, Marshal Foch has given until 11 o'clock Monday morning, Paris time, for the answer.

At the conference the kaiser is reported to be, perhaps, appearing for the last time as supreme war lord and, according to German wireless reports, defying the civilians who are seeking through submission to the inevitable to save something out of the wreck of an empire. A courier was due sometime during the night with the text of the American and allied armistice terms, handed to the German envoys behind the allied lines this morning by Marshal Foch. He carried the word, sent ahead by wireless, that the allied commander-in-chief had refused a provisional cessation of hostilities and demanded an answer within 72 hours.

**May Answer Today.**  
The American government was advised from Paris late today of the reception of the Germans by Marshal Foch at 10:35 o'clock in the morning and its result. Secretary Lansing immediately made the news public at the State department. Late unofficial information of the movements of the German courier and knowledge of the stiff road over which he must travel for 100 miles, after leaving the allied lines, led to the conclusion that he could not get back with a reply before tomorrow, even if not kept waiting for a decision.

In the meantime the result is waited here with entire confidence and calm. American and allied military men say the end must come quickly one way or the other; that if the Germans are unable to agree among themselves and accept the allied terms the problem will be set.

(Continued on Page Two, Column Two.)

**War Supply Contracts Will Be Canceled Gradually**  
Washington, Nov. 8.—Chairman Baruch of the war industries board authorized the statement tonight that the coming of peace will not result in immediate cancellation of war supply contracts, but that contracts will be canceled gradually as requirements are reduced, making it possible to lift curtailments and restrictions upon ordinary industrial activities.

**Wilson Attends Theater.**  
Washington, Nov. 8.—President Wilson tonight attended a performance, at a local theater, given by enlisted men from Camp Meigs, District of Columbia. When he appeared in his box with Mrs. Wilson, he was given an ovation by the audience.

**NEXT SUNDAY!**  
**OMAHA WOMEN IN WAR WORK "OVER THERE"**  
Beautifully Photographed in  
**THE BEE'S**  
**ROTOGRAVURE SECTION**

Splendid Photos of the Leaders in the United War Work Campaign.  
Laying of the Cornerstone of Omaha's Liberty Loan Tower on the Opening Day of the Fourth Bond Drive.  
Then too Those Deluxe Pictures of War Scenes on the Western Battle Front.  
**Just Think of It—All These Dandy Pictures**  
in Addition to the Regular Big Sunday Bee.  
**Get Your Full Money's Worth in Buying Your Daily and Sunday Newspaper**  
Phone Tyler 1000 Right Now and Have The Bee Delivered Regularly to Your Home by Carrier.  
**"The 100% Value Newspaper."**