

BRITISH FIGHTING IN CAMBRAI OUTSKIRTS; ALLIES TAKE 40,000 PRISONERS IN 3 DAYS; GERMAN FORCES RETIRING FROM ROUMANIA

ROUMANIANS RISE IN REVOLT AGAINST TEUTON INVASION

German Civil Authorities Said to be Hastily Removing Their Archives; Bulgarian Delegates to Discuss Armistice and Peace With Allied Governments Reach Saloniki.

London, Sept. 29.—(Havas.)—The German forces of occupation in Roumania began to retire from that country Friday, according to information received in Swiss political circles.

Paris, Sept. 29.—The Bulgarian delegates who are to discuss armistice and probable peace arrangements with the allied governments arrived at Saloniki Saturday.

Bulgaria's sincerity in proposing an armistice is taken for granted by most editorial writers here, notwithstanding slight reservations made by some of them.

Turkey's Surrender Forecast. "It will mean the reconstitution of Serbia," says the Journal, "and therefore will compel the central powers to form another Danube front to re-establish the territory taken from the Roumanians, which country is beginning to think of revenge on Germany.

"It is not in accordance with our principles to enslave any race," says the Matin. "It will suffice, then, for Bulgaria, after returning what she has stolen, to give us guarantees by demobilizing her army and placing the control of her railroads in allied hands."

Ruse Suspected by Serbian Premier. "Beware of the Serbs," says Nikola P. Pachitch, Serbian premier and representative of that government at the interallied conference here.

Send Troops to Bulgaria. Paris, Sept. 29.—(Havas.)—Admiral von Hintze, German foreign minister, in a speech before the main committee of the reichstag yesterday, said that as soon as the first alarming news came from the Macedonian front the German high command sent to Bulgaria important forces taken from the available reserves.

"In the opinion of military experts, Admiral von Hintze would be amply able to re-establish the military situation, but notwithstanding there were several very unfavorable factors in the situation."

"Neither for Bulgaria nor for us can the game be considered as lost," he declared. A Sofia dispatch says the attitude of the socialist party was one of the decisive factors in the decision taken by King Ferdinand and his ministers.

Teuton Press Reflects Alarm. Amsterdam, Sept. 29.—German and Austrian papers reflect extreme anxiety concerning the military situation.

Germany Renews Protest Against Use of Shot Guns. Amsterdam, Sept. 29.—Germany through the Swiss legation has sent an ultimatum to the government of the United States that if no satisfactory answer is forthcoming on October 1st, to the German protest against the use of shot guns by American soldiers "reprisals will be taken."

A semi-official telegram from Berlin gives the following additional details of the note: "From prisoners captured during a skirmish between patrols on July 27 a repeating shot gun was taken. The repeater, who belonged to the American infantry regiment 307 of the 77th division, stated their patrol possessed three such guns, each loaded with six cartridges and each cartridge containing nine shots of size 00."

"Another shotgun was captured on September 11 from the Third infantry regiment of the Fifth American division. "The use of such weapons is forbidden by The Hague convention as causing unnecessary suffering. The German government protests energetically and expects from the United States government that steps will be taken immediately to discontinue the use of shotguns."

"It is pointed out to the government of the United States that a prisoner on whom a shotgun ammunition is found forfeits his life."

Washington, Sept. 29.—The German protest against the use of shotguns by American troops has been received at the state department and an answer soon will be dispatched. Shot guns are used by American troops, it was said today, only as authorized by the accepted rules of war. They are employed in general police work and in guarding prisoners, being more desirable for such work than the high powered army rifles because the firing of the latter might result in the death or injury of persons it was not intended to hit.

Germany's threat of reprisals is not causing any anxiety among American officials. The Americans hold 100 German prisoners to every 10 Americans in enemy prison camps.

Infantrymen Bring Down German Plane With Their Rifles

With the American Army in France, Sept. 29.—American infantrymen have had the rare experience of bagging a German airplane with their rifles. A German airman recently appeared over the town of St. Die, in the Vosges mountains. He was flying so low that he had difficulty in escaping the fire of the Americans and his machine caught momentarily on the tower of the city hall.

Two military policemen fired at the machine with pistols, but the aviator did not appear to be annoyed and continued his observation. Before flying off he raked the ground with machine gun fire, wounding a civilian.

Unfortunately for the German he passed over a company of infantry resting at the side of the road. The officer in command ordered the men to fire at the machine and every rifle in the company came into action. The machine fell in flames.

BIG WEEK OF FALL FESTIVAL FINDS STAGE ALL SET

Everything is in Readiness for the Parades and for the Crowds Which Will Join in Festivities.

The week of weeks for the people residing in the Omaha territory is here. King Ak-Sar-Ben again welcomes his subjects from far and near to make their annual pilgrimage to the chief city of Cibola.

Ample accommodations have been prepared for the entertainment of the subjects of the king and everything is in readiness for the big crowds, which will come to Omaha's great fall festival.

This week the king will enter his royal city, where his faithful subjects strive to do him honor. The lions were given an extra large feed of meat during the rest day in order to put on their fiercest exhibition for the big crowds expected to throng the Ak-Sar-Ben carnival grounds this week.

Actors, actresses, freaks, spiels and others connected with the show shook off the great praise and mingled with the citizens of Omaha.

King's Highway Ready. Today the bands will open up with their jazziest music for the entertainment of the closing week's visitors. The members of the various shows, after a rest, were in the best of shape to put the "pep" into the King's Highway that has pleased his subjects in years past.

Final decorations will be displayed in the downtown district bright and early this morning that add the necessary gala appearance to the week's festivities. Arrangements for handling the crowds during the parades have been completed and everything is in readiness for the week of mirth and pleasure.

Ready for Parades. A final dress rehearsal of participants in the electric pageant was held Sunday afternoon and everything is in readiness. Artificer Gus Renze and his force of workers have added the final touch to the floats and they are declared to be the most gorgeous ever seen in a similar parade in Omaha.

The title, "The Answer of the Allies," has been selected for the parade, which will be of a patriotic nature. For the military parade plans have been completed for bringing hands from Camp Funston and Camp Dodge. Soldiers from Fort Omaha will demonstrate the latest preparations made by the United States to combat the Hun.

An invasion of the army of microbes of General "Flu" is the only danger that can overtake the most elaborate military parade ever staged here.

Bernstein Auctions Goods for War Welfare Benefit

Being prevented by the city commission from operating his "paddle wheel" at the Ak-Sar-Ben carnival, "Moggy" Bernstein Saturday night sold all the fruit on his stand at auction for the benefit of some war welfare organization to be designated by the Omaha newspapers.

The sale realized \$106 and the money was given to the Women's Patriotic club of Dundee to be held in trust until it was decided for what purpose it should be used.

American Found Dead Amidst 10 Dead Huns, Probably Slain by Him

With the American Army Northwest of Verdun, Sept. 29.—American staff officers visiting a battlefield on this sector Saturday found a dead American soldier surrounded by 10 dead Germans, whom he apparently had killed before being slain himself.

YANKS DRIVE ON IN TEETH OF BIG GUNS

Americans Outshooting Enemy and Germans Unable to Stop Advance in Verdun Sector.

By Associated Press. With the American Army Northwest of Verdun, Sept. 29.—The American troops continued to make progress, although slowly, all day yesterday. The advance was greatest on the right of the sector and least in the center where the Germans counter-attacked violently.

The enemy gained nothing by these efforts, however, except to slow up the American advance temporarily. On the American left the Germans have resorted to heavy machine gun and trench mortar fire. The artillery activity has increased along the entire line with the Americans easily outshooting the enemy.

East of the Meuse the German artillery fire has been quite heavy. At Exermont, just east of the Argonne forest the enemy offered bitter resistance.

Northeast of Nantillois, somewhat east of the center, the Americans have already advanced beyond their positions of yesterday morning. The Americans there took prisoners from the Bavarian reserve division which has been resting in Alsace and moved into the line yesterday. They also took prisoners from another reserve division, which has set one battalion from each regiment into the line.

Resistance Increased. Enemy resistance increased steadily on the left of the American sector and a number of new German enemy troops in many instances yesterday held on to machine gun nests until they were literally wiped out. The American extreme left continues to advance steadily along the edge of the Argonne forest. From batteries east of the Meuse the Germans last night bombarded heavily the region of Brioules and other points on the right of the American line.

From the bend in the Meuse to the west flank the Americans fought their way out of the tangle of the Argonne forest and established a new line. Across the Meuse the village of Vilosnes was reported by aviators to have been blown to pieces by enemy mines. All bridges over the river in this section have been destroyed.

A little to the west the evacuation of Romagne appeared to be in progress, while further north trains were observed leaving for the interior. Other early reports, however, indicated heavy concentration of enemy troops at Dun-sur-Meuse and that strong resistance might be expected.

Far to the left a number of tanks that had been working through the wilderness of the Argonne forest made comparatively rapid progress. Most of these machines were of the small French type. With astonishing agility they moved forward, smashing wire entanglements, making their way over trenches and firing point blank at machine gunners who endeavored to check them. The efforts of small rear guard forces equipped with new anti-tank guns to impede their progress were futile and many of these new weapons were added to the rapidly growing salvage depots.

Six German airplanes were downed yesterday in a battle between seven American and seven German machines. The battle took place in the air, over Zeptanges wood.

The Chatterange railroad line has been severed on the left front, facing the Americans, in an effort to delay and to halt entirely, if possible, the American thrust, which may force the Germans to abandon the northern part of the Argonne forest.

President May Draw First Number in Draft Lottery

Washington, Sept. 29.—President Wilson may draw the first and Vice-President Marshall the second of the master numbers in the third great military draft lottery to be held tomorrow in the senate office building. Provost Marshal General Crowder would not say tonight who would take the first of the 17,000 capsules from the bowl, nor would he deny or confirm reports that the president would do so.

Arrangements for the drawing, which is to start at noon and which will determine the order in the respective classes of the 13,000,000 men between 18 and 45 who registered Sept. 12, were completed tonight.

The big caucus room in the senate will be used, indicating that there will be many more spectators than

Eighth of New York's Liberty Loan Allotment Subscribed First Day

Washington, Sept. 29.—Although treasury department officials today made no attempt to estimate the total sales on the opening day of the fourth Liberty loan campaign yesterday all indications were that the loan had gotten away to a good start.

Only one district committee, New York, had attempted to estimate its sales Saturday, placing them at \$200,000,000 or one-eighth of the \$1,800,000,000 allotted the New York federal reserve district.

From Atlanta, Ga., where sales to the third loan lagged somewhat, came word today that the campaign had started "in great shape" with a better selling organization to push the work than was had for the last loan.

In the San Francisco district many cities already were claiming honor flags for over-subscription of their quotas. Other communities reporting over-subscriptions were Great Falls, Mont., and Kern county, California.

DEPARTMENT OF SOMME FREED FROM GERMANS

Part of Ardennes Also Passes Into Hands of French for First Time Since 1914.

Paris, Sept. 29.—(Havas.)—Since Friday the entire department of the Somme has been liberated from the German invaders. In the last three days part of the department of the Ardennes has passed into French hands for the first time since 1914.

Paris, Sept. 29.—The allied advances on four sectors from the north to the Meuse continue and important strategic points are being taken from the Germans by the sledgehammer blows of the French, British, American and Belgian forces.

Not since the first battle of the Marne has there been an attack to compare in extent with the present operations. The new thrust of the Anglo-Belgian armies was a complete surprise to the Germans and its execution with marked success. It is being made against territory held by the enemy since 1914. The number of prisoners increase hourly and the advance goes on steadily despite the fierce resistance of the Germans.

The power of the Anglo-Belgian attack is shown by the fact that the Germans have lost the great Houthulst forest and the village of Ghelvel, the key to the Ypres-Menin road.

Line Pierced at Four Points. Meanwhile the plight of the Germans in the Cambrai sector has been aggravated by the loss of valuable railway communications. The enemy in that region is now in a serious position and with one alternative, that of abandoning the Hindenburg line, which already has been pierced at four points.

On the Champagne-Verdun front the armies of Generals Gouraud and Liggett are progressing steadily. The French and American forces in the 24 hours captured the strong positions of Somme-Py, Manne, Grautrel and Bouconville and had extended the advance east of the Argonne. Since the beginning of the attack in this section General Gouraud has broken the resistance of 21 German divisions.

General Ludendorff's task is becoming desperate. His mobile reserve has decreased markedly and he has no sector from which he can take troops to meet any of the four allied thrusts.

General Mangin's army yesterday performed a master stroke in the capture of Fort Malmaison and this success is expected to lead to the capture of the entire Chemin Des Dames.

Yanks Take 20 Towns. Washington, Sept. 29.—General Pershing's communique for yesterday reads: "Section A: The attack begun on September 26 continues to develop successfully. Today our troops, advancing in face of heavy infantry, artillery and machine gun fire, have reached the outskirts of Brioules and Exermont. More than 20 towns and enormous quantities of material have fallen into our hands. The number of prisoners continues to increase.

"American aviators have kept command of the air. They have brought down 12 balloons and more than 60 enemy planes, while less than a third of that number of our planes are missing. In conjunction with French and British aviators they have, notwithstanding unfavorable weather, rendered valuable service and successfully executed many missions.

"Section B: The following extract is from a German soldier's letter found in the Woerpe, September 22: 'Americans are in front of us. To the right of us Indians of the Sioux tribe were identified in one of the last attacks. After the war, Karl May can write another book about this war and his experience with his dear Indians.

U. S. BOYS LAUNCH FIERCE ATTACK ON HINDENBURG LINE

Bellcourt and Nauroy Captured by Americans, Belonged to British and Dixmude by Belgians; Fierce Fighting Taking Place on Front of 35 Miles From St. Quentin to Scarpe.

London, Sept. 29.—Troops from the states of New York, Tennessee and North and South Carolina attacked the Hindenburg line on a front of nearly three miles today, capturing Bellcourt and Nauroy. This announcement was made by Field Marshal Haig in his report from headquarters tonight.

An English division crossed the Scheldt canal on life belts, mats, rafts and improvised bridges and stormed the main Hindenburg defenses around Bellenglise and captured the whole German position.

The Sixty-third naval division has reached the southern outskirts of Cambrai. The Canadians are in the outskirts on the northwest.

The British encirclement of Cambrai progressed favorably. Canadian troops have captured the defense system known as the Marcoing-Masnières line as far north as Sully. Since Friday morning the British have captured more than 16,000 prisoners.

FALL OF CAMBRAI ASSURED. The fall of Cambrai is considered only a matter of time, and the allies, having gained an important footing on the eastern side of the underground canal in the neighborhood of Bellcourt, there is every likelihood that St. Quentin soon will share a similar fate.

The French are making steady progress in Champagne and the enemy apparently is retiring from the Chemin Des Dames.

The French line on the Chemin Des Dames has been advanced two miles and the highest point commanding practically the whole ridge is in the possession of the French.

British and American troops launched an attack at 5:30 o'clock this morning northwest of St. Quentin, Field Marshal Haig reported today. Fierce fighting is taking place on the entire front from St. Quentin to the Scarpe, about 35 miles.

BELGIANS CONTINUE VICTORIOUS DRIVE. Dixmude has been captured by the Belgian troops, it was officially announced tonight. The Belgians have also taken Zerram, Stadenberg, Passchendaele, Moorsledge and part of Westroosebeke. This means an advance of several miles. After breaking up a violent enemy counter attack the Belgians captured Terrest height and at the close of the day had advanced to within less than two miles of Roulers.

The prisoners taken since yesterday exceed 5,500. More than 100 guns and numerous machine guns and bomb throwers and much war material have been captured.

FRENCH REACH RIVER AILETTE. Paris, Sept. 29.—In a new offensive between St. Quentin and Laferre, the war office announced tonight, the French troops made some advance and took 500 prisoners. The troops continued to progress on all other sectors.

On the southern end of the Chemin Des Dames the French have reached the river Ailette at two points, says the statement from the war office today. In Champagne after repulsing strong attacks, the French have taken the heights of Bellevue, northeast of Gratreuil.

In the Champagne and north of the Aisne the armies of Generals Gouraud and Mangin resumed the attack this morning. The Germans are resisting desperately in Champagne. North of the Aisne the Germans are retiring on the Ailette. French troops have captured Filain, Chavignon, Ostel and Saint Berthe.

The American army operating on the Champagne front has captured Brioules-sur-Meuse and Romagne, west of that town on the outskirts of the forest of Romagne, and the attack is progressing favorably.

French, British and American and Belgian troops in the last three days have captured 40,000 prisoners and 800 guns, it is intimated here. Since July 18 the allies have captured 200,000 prisoners, 3,000 guns, 20,000 machine guns and enormous quantities of material. This does not take into account the operations in Macedonia and Palestine.

Battleship Damaged By Striking Mine Off Coast of Delaware. Washington, Sept. 29.—The battleship Minnesota struck a mine early today off the Delaware breakwater. There were no casualties and the ship is proceeding to port under her own power.

There was no indication as to the extent of the damage of the battleship nor whether the mine was placed by the enemy. Naval officers recalled that mines were laid in these waters by the submarines which carried out the first raids off the Atlantic coast and that the oil tank steamer Herbert L. Pratt was sunk by striking one of them.

50,000 TURKS TAKEN IN DRIVE IN HOLY LAND

British Count 325 Machine Guns Captured; Further Passages of Jordan River Forced.

London, Sept. 29.—Prisoners to the number of 50,000 and 325 machine guns had been counted by the British in Palestine Friday night, according to an official communication issued tonight. Notwithstanding Turkish resistance in the region of Tiberias, the British forced further passages of the Jordan. To the south the British cavalry drove the enemy northward through Mezerib and joined hands with the forces of the king of Hadjaz.

The Turkish official communication received today says: "On the Palestine front the British are continuing to advance with cavalry on both sides of the Daraa-Damascus railway northeast of Lake Tiberias."

"Flu" Afflicts 85,000 In Massachusetts; Death List Growing. Boston, Sept. 29.—At least 85,000 persons are ill from Spanish influenza in Massachusetts and the death list is growing hourly. State Health Commissioner Kelly tonight wired Surgeon General Blue of the public health service that the situation "continues serious."

Armenians Departed From Alexandropol by Turks. Boston, Sept. 29.—The deportation by the Turks of 8,000 Armenians from Alexandropol, Transcaucasia, and the disarming of many Armenians in Geantzek were reported to the Armenian national union of America today in a cablegram from Dr. Araratian, president of the Armenian council at Baku. The district of Karapagh has not yet been occupied by the Turks, the dispatch added.

Ship Launched 84 Days From Laying of Keel. Seattle, Sept. 29.—In launching the 9,400-ton steel freighter Ozette the North Pacific Ship Building company claimed the world's record for a first steel launching from a new ship yard. The Ozette was launched 84 days from keel-laying and is the largest steel freighter yet built at Seattle yards. The best previous record for a new yard was held by Skinner & Eddy of Seattle, 128 days.

Emperor William Visits Kiel; Witnesses Manuevers. Amsterdam, Sept. 29.—Emperor William visited Kiel on September 25, according to the Lok-Anzeiger in Berlin, and witnessed manuevers in which submarines attacked a supposed convoy. He arrived at the German base early in the morning with his brother, Prince Henry, and Admiral Scheer.



GENERAL D'ESPEREY.