

ALLIES SMASH HUNDREDS OF DEFENSES

ODDS AND ENDS OF DAY'S DOINGS

Poole Not Arrested.
Washington, Sept. 21.—The Norwegian foreign office advised the State department today that American Consul General Poole, at Moscow, had not been arrested by the bolsheviks, as recently reported, and that direct communication had been held with Moscow as late as September 18.

Von Capelle Retires.
Amsterdam, Friday, Sept. 20.—Reports that Vice Admiral von Capelle, German minister of the navy, has been retired seems to be confirmed by telegrams from Berlin announcing that Vice Admiral Behneke has been appointed to represent Admiral von Capelle, who is on leave.

Wright Named Counsellor.
Washington, Sept. 21.—J. Butler Wright of New York has been selected as counsellor of the American embassy at London to succeed Irwin B. Laughlin, who will take a long leave of absence when he turns over the embassy, of which he is now in charge, to the newly appointed ambassador, John W. Davis.

I. W. W. Calls Off Strike.
Butte, Mont., Sept. 21.—Striking Industrial Workers of the World adopted a resolution late today calling on members to return to work in the mines Monday pending an inquiry by the federal Department of Labor. They make the condition that they will have their old places in mines without prejudice.

Baku in Flames.
Amsterdam, Sept. 11.—Explosions are occurring in Baku and the town is a fire, according to a Moscow telegram to the Russian embassy in Berlin, which is printed in the Vorwarts. British and allied troops recently evacuated Baku and the town was occupied by the Turks.

Strikers Go Back.
Philadelphia, Sept. 21.—The workmen at Gramps Ship Yard who went on strike yesterday because base ball players, pugilists and others alleged to have been inexperienced ship workers were placed over them as bosses, returned to work today. The strikers declared they had been promised an investigation into their charges.

Caproni Test Successful.
Mineola, N. Y., Sept. 21.—The first official tests of an American-built Caproni bombing plane, equipped with Liberty motors, were successful here today in the presence of representatives of the United States, Italy, France and Canada. Capt. Hugo D'Annunzio, head of the Italian aviation mission to America and son of the poet, was the aviator in charge.

Steel Supply Short.
Washington, Sept. 21.—Shortage of steel for more than 4,000,000 tons of steel is shown by a report transmitted to the senate today by Chairman Baruch of the war industries board in response to a senate resolution.

LIBERTY LOAN WORKERS HEAR CAMPAIGN PLAN

Attend "America's Answer," Where Omaha Mother Sees Her Son; Ready for Big Drive.

More than 1,500 "colonels, majors, captains and lieutenants" who compose the army of Liberty loan workers who will gather Omaha's \$15,000,000 quota of the Fourth Liberty loan, marched through the downtown streets yesterday afternoon to the music of bands and then packed the Brandeis theater, where they cheered the speakers and saw pictures for two hours and got to check full of pep that they can hardly wait for the big drive to start next Saturday.

T. C. Byrne, state chairman, and O. T. Eastman, county chairman for the next drive, marched at the head of the parade and after them came the "colonels," "majors" and "lieutenants." More than half of the big army of workers were women and these women have things lined up in great shape. Mr. Eastman mentioned one of them under Col. Mrs. Frank Judson, who has already completed a house-to-house canvass in her district and knows just how everything stands and is going to give the other "majors" a run for their money. One of the men "captains" was mentioned who has visited in the two business blocks named by him and woman in that two blocks by name.

Workers Ready for Drive.
The audience put a lot of vim into singing patriotic songs after they had changed themselves from a long parade to a big theater audience. The orchestra furnished the music.
Then the first half of "America's Answer" was screened amid the almost continuous applause of the audience as they saw the boys "over there," and marveled at some of the gigantic things that our Uncle Sam already has done in France.
After an address by Rev. Titus Lowe, the instructions to the army of workers were given by County Chairman Eastman.
"We are the financial line of defense," he said, "we are not in the actual firing line just as many of the soldiers shown on the screen are not on the firing line. But their

ALL THE LATEST WAR NEWS BY ASSOCIATED PRESS FULL LEASED WIRE SERVICE

THE OMAHA SUNDAY BEE

VOL. XLVIII—NO. 15. OMAHA, SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1918.

THE WEATHER:
Nebraska—Fair today and probably Monday.
Hourly Temperatures.
5 a. m. 42 1 p. m. 60
6 a. m. 43 2 p. m. 61
7 a. m. 43 3 p. m. 62
8 a. m. 43 4 p. m. 63
9 a. m. 43 5 p. m. 63
10 a. m. 43 6 p. m. 63
11 a. m. 43 7 p. m. 63
12 m. 43 8 p. m. 63

U. S. ASKS ACTION TO END REIGN OF TERROR IN RUSSIA

President Wilson Calls Upon Neutral Nations as Well as Allied Powers to Impose Upon Bolsheviki Horror With Which Entire Civilized World Regards Their Wanton Crimes.

By Associated Press.
Washington, Sept. 21.—Horrorified by the bloody reign of terror in Russia, the United States today called upon all allied and neutral nations to consider what they may do to impress upon the bolsheviki the aversion with which the civilized world regards their wanton crimes.
By direction of President Wilson, Secretary Lansing dispatched instructions to every American diplomatic representative in the foreign capitals.
The action aligns the United States with that of Great Britain and France in declaring the bolsheviki responsible for the murders, crime and excesses which have shocked the world, outlaws and public enemies.
Whatever action may be decided upon by the nations, separately or in concert, it is made clear will be quite apart from the prosecution of the war against Germany.

Text of Instructions.
This is the text of the State department's instructions to the American diplomats:
"This government is in receipt of information from reliable sources revealing that the peaceable Russian citizens of Moscow, Petrograd, and other cities are suffering from an openly avowed campaign of marked terrorism and are subject to wholesale executions. Thousands of persons have been shot without even a form of trial; ill-administered prisons are filled beyond capacity and every night scores of Russian citizens are recklessly put to death, and irresponsible bands are venting their brutal passions in the daily massacre of untold innocents.
"In view of the earnest desire of the people of the United States to befriend the Russian people and to lend all possible assistance in their struggle to reconstruct their nation upon principles of democracy and self-government, and acting, therefore, solely in the interest of the Russian people themselves, this government feels that it cannot be silent or refrain from expressing its horror at this state of terrorism. Furthermore, it believes that in order to check the further increase of the indiscriminate slaughter of Russian citizens all civilized nations should register their abhorrence of such barbarism.
"You will inquire, therefore, whether the government to which you are accredited will be disposed to take some immediate action which is entirely devoid from the atmosphere of belligerency and the conduct of the war, to impress upon perpetrators of these crimes the aversion with which civilization regards their present wanton acts."
Relief Work Hindered.
The reported action of the bolsheviks in effecting an alliance with Germany for offense and defense is an added cause for the step.
Official reports from Russia, many coming through neutral countries, have recited revolting acts that have astounded and shocked the world. The reign of terror has already greatly hindered the efforts of the United States to alleviate an impending famine in Russia, as it is impossible to furnish much needed supplies to that part of the country under bolshevik control without actually feeding the German army and the German populace. It is conceded that there is enough food in southeastern Russia and western Siberia to feed all the Russian people if a means of distribution could be effected to keep the supplies from falling into German hands.
The alliance between the bolsheviks and Germany presents a dangerous situation to the allies in that it may afford Germany an opportunity greatly to increase her waning man power.
Secretary Lansing today reiterated that the efforts of American troops at Vladivostok and Archangel were solely to aid the Czech-Slovaks to leave Russia, for the western front.

TRAWLER SUNK BY U-BOAT ON FISHING BANKS

Crew Escapes in Boats When Vessel Is Torpedoed 85 Miles Off U. S. North Atlantic Coast.
An Atlantic Port, Sept. 21.—The American steam trawler Kingfisher was torpedoed and sunk 85 miles off the north Atlantic coast last night. Captain Riley and his crew of 26 were rescued and reached shore today.
The trawler was on the fishing banks when the enemy submarine appeared.
Advices received here tonight indicated that the torpedo was fired without warning. No one was injured, and the captain and crew quickly took to the boats. They reported that the submarine did not approach them after they had left their vessel and that there was no shell fire. The weather was moderate and the men were able to row to land.
The Kingfisher was owned by the East Coast Fisheries company and hailed from Portland, Me.

Fourth Liberty Loan Honor Flag Hoisted Above U. S. Treasury

Washington, Sept. 21.—While a hundred French veterans stood at salute, the Fourth Liberty loan honor flag was raised today to the top of the treasury where it will fly throughout the loan campaign, which starts next Saturday. The banner is similar to the emblem of the third loan except that it bears four instead of three blue stars on the interior field of white.
Referring to the fourth loan, Secretary McAdoo said:
"We are prepared to make any expenditure of blood that may be required to do this great job for civilization and humanity, and because we are willing to shed our blood we are willing to expend what is of far less consequence, every dollar of American treasure we now have or that we may hope to have from now until eternity.
"We are resolved to liberate France, Belgium and the other oppressed peoples of the earth. We are resolved that democracy and freedom and civilization shall not perish from the face of the earth, and that no German kaiser or any other kind of despot shall ever again be permitted to menace the peace of civilization."

Soldier Fires at Minister Trotzky But Misses Mark

Amsterdam, Sept. 21.—An attempt has been made at Kursk to assassinate Leon Trotzky, the bolshevik minister of war and marines, according to a dispatch from Kiev by the correspondent of the Leipzig Abend Zeitung.
The correspondent says a soldier fired twice at Trotzky but missed his mark.

6,000 Children Attend Mass for Dead Prelate
New York, Sept. 21.—Six thousand parochial school children attended a solemn mass of requiem for Cardinal Farley at St. Patrick's cathedral today.
In a eulogy, Monsignor LaVelle referred to the dead prelate as the originator of special masses for children, a practice which has been adopted in Catholic churches throughout the world.



Roumanian Crown Prince Flees to Odessa For Life

Copenhagen, Sept. 21.—The Roumanian crown prince has fled from Roumanian territory and arrived in Odessa, according to the Ukrainian newspaper Krewskaja Mysl.
News of the flight of Crown Prince Charles of Roumania follows closely reports that came from German sources of an anti-German outbreak in Roumania in which Queen Marie who is an uncompromising sympathizer with the entente, was the prime mover. King Ferdinand was reported to be holding aloof from the movement.
Crown Prince Charles is known to have been in sympathy with the attitude of his mother in her bitter hatred for all things German.
Will Rally Army to Aid Allies.
Paris, Sept. 21.—Correspondence of the Associated Press—Queen Marie of Roumania is looking forward hopefully for the time to come when the Roumanian army can again take the field against the German oppressors of her little country. It is shown that she will rally her army whenever the time seems favorable and the entente allies request it.
The queen is thoroughly English in her thought and action. She cannot rest content under the domination of Germany.
"You can tell the American peo-

American Army Men In Northern Russia Busy Every Minute

Archangel, Sept. 21.—The American army contingent in northern Russia already has played an important role. Its uniform is familiar everywhere from Archangel to the front.
The engineers are busily engaged in constructing roads and in other detail work, while the other troops and sailors are carrying out their respective duties.
Besides having their military duties to perform the Americans have been hard at work in sanitation, relentlessly scrubbing down the quarters formerly occupied by the bolsheviks and digging drainage ditches.
Recently owing to a political dispute, the street car system in Archangel was brought to a standstill. A squad of Detroit motor men immediately took charge of the situation and now the dimky little cars are running through the streets of the city in true American style.

Gompers Puts Over War Aims Program In Labor Congress

London, Friday, Sept. 20.—After inconsequential discussion today the entire report of the committee on war aims of the inter-allied labor conference, was adopted with virtual unanimity.
This result is regarded a triumph for Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor.
Will Sell Railroad and Pullman Tickets Together
Washington, Sept. 21.—Plans for selling railroad and Pullman tickets in a single transaction at ticket offices have been completed and will be put into effect by November 1 at the latest, the railroad administration today announced. This will eliminate the present system by which a traveler is required to purchase a transportation ticket at three cents a mile, or 3 1/2 cents if he intends to travel in a Pullman and then to get his Pullman reservation at another window.

Germans Live Like Fighting Cocks in Ruined Cambrai

With the British Army in France, Sept. 21.—The pillaging of Cambrai after its recent evacuation by civilians is thus described in a letter written by a soldier September 10:
"In Cambrai we lived like fighting cocks. All the civilians had to go out of the town, leaving behind many valuable articles, with which we Germans greatly amused ourselves. The food office was regularly stormed. Here one officer and 15 of the guards fell—a sorrowful, but true state of affairs. Our section of course, took an active part. We bought a heap of things for very little money. I had the good luck to obtain access to the wine cellar, which was flooded with wine. We also took a stock of bottles of brandy—and all this in the fourth year of the war."
Another soldier mentioned the food shortage and added: "We have just put a juicy roast of horse flesh over the fire. We got it yesterday from a horse which had just been killed. The beast had hardly fallen when men came running from all sides with hatchets and knives. We managed to get a fine cut from the leg."

AUTO JINX BUSY; ONE MAY DIE; FOUR INJURED

Roy Hill Suffers Concussion of Brain When Struck From Car in a Collision.
Saturday afternoon and night was a "jinx" day for four automobile drivers, and also for two pedestrians. Altogether five persons were hurt, and two arrests were made on the charge of reckless driving.
Roy Hill, a chauffeur, 114 1/2 North Eighteenth street, while driving north on Twenty-second street, collided with another automobile driven by Jacob Kaplan, 1818 North Twenty-fifth street, at Lake and Twenty-second streets. Witnesses allege that Kaplan was responsible for the collision.
Hill suffered severe bruises about the body and was unconscious. He was removed to St. Luke's hospital, where, it is said, he has a concussion of the brain. The accident occurred just after the noon hour at which time traffic is heavy at that intersection.
Crambuno Injured.
While walking north in Sixteenth street near Cuming, Phillip Crambuno, 1102 North Sixteenth street, was struck by a motorcycle going west in Cuming street by Guy Johnson, 1947 North Twenty-fifth street, at about 3:30. Crambuno suffered a severe laceration of the scalp, an abrasion of the right thigh, and a sprained ankle. He was given surgical attention by Police Surgeon Johnson at the police station and later removed to his home by the police. Johnson was arrested.
Little Girl Run Down.
Nellie Greco, 6 years old, 1120 North Sixteenth street, while playing in front of her home, was run down by an automobile driven by Louis Sorenson, Dickens, Ia., at 6 p. m. The little girl suffered slight bruises about her body. She was removed to her home, where her injuries were dressed by Police surgeon A. J. Edstrom.

Miss Frances Range Will Address Patriotic League

The Patriotic League of the Young Women's Hebrew association will meet Monday night at 8 o'clock in its rooms on the third floor of the Lyric building. Miss Frances Range will address the members on "War Community Work." The league has planned an active program of war work for the year.

Miner Arrives Overseas Safely With Army Forces

Word has been received that Fred Miner, formerly with the Bee classified advertising department, has arrived safely overseas with the American expeditionary forces.

BRITISH BATTLING IN POSITIONS ON HINDENBURG LINE

Troops on North Pressing Toward Canal Between St. Quentin and Cambrai; French on South Moving Forward Steadily; Allied Stroke in Macedonia Developing Successfully on Wide Front.

By Associated Press.
Allied troops are progressing satisfactorily in breaking down the defenses of St. Quentin. On the north the British are fighting in the Hindenburg positions and pressing toward the canal between St. Quentin and Cambrai, while on the south the French are moving forward steadily.
For a stretch of more than 10 miles north of St. Quentin the British now hold the dominating hills and the present local action in the region west of Chatelet probably is for the purpose of further improving the situation in anticipation of a great assault against the Hindenburg line.

Donate \$15,000 For Relief of Belgian Babies
The main enemy defenses in the region between Cambrai and St. Quentin, both of which are threatened by the present British operations, are based on the canal, highway and railroad running north and south on an average of about two miles from Field Marshal Haig's front line.
In Hindenburg Positions.
Toward Lecelelet the British are pressing eastward on a front of three miles and are within four miles of the town, one of the important German bases on this front. With the Australians already in the Hindenburg positions, other British forces are rapidly overrunning them north of Hargicourt. West of St. Quentin the French are within two miles of the outskirts, while on the south they are forcing the Germans to give up important villages and other positions.
St. Quentin, as a result of the week's operations, is in a more serious position from the enemy viewpoint than probably at any time since the beginning of the war. A further push eastward by the British from their newly won positions on the northwest will virtually place the allies on three sides of the town. St. Quentin is an important outpost of Laon, perhaps the most important enemy base in northern France. The French on the south are 10 miles from Laon and are hammering it with their big guns.
Fires Started by Huns.
Southwest of Metz, where the French and Americans recently cleared the St. Mihiel salient, the Germans have started further fires. Soldiers and wagon trains have been moving northward and it is believed the Germans are preparing for a possible allied attack or a retirement on their own initiative. Elsewhere on the western front there has been no change in the situation. The allied stroke in central Macedonia which opened with the expulsion of the Bulgarians, from the important Sokol position, is developing successfully on a wide front. Further progress by the Serbs towards the Vardar river and the Uskub-Saloniki railroad paralleling it probably will bring about a readjustment of the Austro-German and Bulgarian positions throughout this whole theater.
May Outflank Bulgars.
With the Serbs within nine miles of the railroad and the river, the only artery of communication for the enemy troops around Lake Doiran, it seems within the range of possibility that the railroad can be cut. From Krynovo Demirkapu, on the railroad, the terrain is favorable for the Serbs in their advance toward the Vardar. The Serbs can outflank Pripel and Lake Doiran. Southeast of Pripel the Serbs are in the foothills of the Drenska planina, a height position protecting the town on the south.
Additional Bulgarian prisoners have been taken by the Serbs, who also have liberated ten more towns. The British and Greeks continue their pressure in the Doiran region, but evidently their activity is mainly for the purpose of keeping the enemy occupied so that he cannot send aid to the front further west.
It is reported from Ukrainian sources that the crown prince of Roumania has fled from Iassy to Odessa. The reason for his flight is not disclosed. Recent German reports have been to the effect that an anti-German outbreak was in progress or was imminent in Roumania with Queen Marie as one of the principals behind the movement.

Omaha's Contribution Greatest Per Capita of All Cities; Forget-Me-Nots Sold on Streets.

Omaha gave more than \$15,000 for the Belgian babies yesterday. Money flowed so fast into the coffers of the drive committee that it was impossible to count it, until the Nebraska National bank volunteered to have the work done by its expert tellers.
Everyone seemed to be overjoyed at the opportunity to give the means of health and happiness to the poor little waifs made homeless by the ravages of the Hun.
Omaha's contribution is the greatest per capita realized in all cities of the United States. The amount raised in New York City was \$35,000.
Early in the day the 66,200 little bouquets of forget-me-nots, favorite flower of the Belgian queen, were sold to the generous public and the collectors were clamoring for more.
Rush orders were sent to the wholesale millinery houses, who dropped everything and went to work to make the little blue tokens.
Girls sat all afternoon in the office at headquarters, tying the Belgian colors on the new flowers.
The Dundee Women's Patriotic league ended the day's campaign by soliciting in Omaha theaters at the night performance. More than \$1,000 was donated by the audience.

Lt. Col. J. F. W. Wueft Will Command Balloon School at Fort Omaha

Lt. Col. J. F. W. Wueft, new commandant at the Fort Omaha balloon school, arrived in Omaha Friday night accompanied by Mrs. Wueft. He has been attending the artillery school of fire at Fort Sill, following a course of instruction in the balloon school here. He finished the course in the Omaha school two months ago.
Colonel Wueft is a graduate of the West Point Military academy and was assigned to an infantry regiment before being selected to take charge of the balloon school. Affairs at the fort are being put in shape for a transfer and it is probable that the new commandant will take charge of the school today.
Lieut. Colonel Hersey has been ordered overseas to take charge of balloon work of the American Expeditionary forces.
Mrs. Wueft, who accompanied her husband and will make her home here while her husband is assigned to duty at Fort Omaha, is an attractive and charming woman and during her short residence here while her husband was attending the balloon school made a host of friends who will welcome her back.

Gendarmes Fire Upon Rioters Looting Hotels and Shops in Salzburg

Zurich, Switzerland, Sept. 21.—Serious food riots continue at Salzburg, according to Munich papers. Rioters attacked the government palace and broke down the doors, whereupon the gendarmes fired, killing or wounding several.
Hotels have been looted, food shops raided and army stores plundered.

Records of Democrats

Washington, Sept. 21.—Representative Gillette of Massachusetts, acting republican leader, in a speech in the house today attacked the war record of the democratic majority, contrasting it with that of the republican minority.
Speaker Clark, Democratic Leader Kitchin and Chairman Dent of the house military committee were singled out for comment on their attitude and activities during the republican campaign committee was accused of unfair criticism of the republican record for campaign purposes.