



THE WEATHER—Nebraska—Generally fair today and Saturday; warm. Table with columns for Hour, Deg., Hour, Deg.

U.S. TROOPS LAND IN SIBERIA; 'SLACKER' RAID IN OMAHA

FEDERAL OFFICERS ROUND UP 1,400 YOUNG MEN IN EFFORT TO FIND THOSE NOT REGISTERED

Seventy-five Committed to the County Jail; to Have a Chance to Show They Have Obeyed Law.

Leading business men of Omaha, members of Co. C, Home guard, state agents, railroad detectives, deputy United States marshals, military police, deputy sheriffs, policemen and detectives of the Omaha police department to the number of 200 or more, were all drafted by Marshal Eberstein of the Department of Justice in the biggest raid that has ever occurred in the city of Omaha, and which resulted in the arrest of at least 1,400 persons last night.

List of Men Committed in U. S. Raid for Slackers

Following are the names of the men detained in last night's federal raid. They will be given the opportunity of proving their registration. If unable to do so they will be inducted into United States army service:

FROM OMAHA. Elmer Brooks, 2511 N. 25th; John Jackson, 918 Cap. Ave.; Jas. Wallner, 2551 Howard; Mike Smith, 1415 S. 18th; Will Morris, 24th St.; Jack Golub, 2212 California; James Pitt, 1707 Webster; Theo. Fath, 18th and Jackson; Bud Price, 1214 S. 31st; Amy Ladd, 15th and Howard; Gino Jumbro, 291 Q St.; Mike Vitalick, 2816 R St.; Dana Mills, 5225 S. 24th St.; Mike Sazaruk, 2129 Q St.; Cecyia Trojkoresh, 5235 S. 24; Geo. Dimethous, 2996 R St.; Dumitru Andreev, 17th St. St. Geo. Rodhosia, 2920 R St.; John Kolb, 5313 S. 28th St.; Giuseppe Solero, Des M. Hotel; Walter Zephka, 5025 S. 37th V. J. Wright, Gatesburg, Ill.; Mike Nielek, 4616 S. 25th; Jack Abjelung, 688 S. 26 Av. Louis Mays, Douglas Hotel; Claude Amsby, O'Brien Hotel; H. Schwabert, 236 N. 17th; Carl Senio Chaboz, Doug. St.; Enoch Peterson, 2519 Fort St.

BAKU TAKEN BY BRITISH FORCE FROM PERSIA

Occupation of Caspian Sea-port Opens Way for Allied Aid to Reach the Loyal Russians.

London, Aug. 15.—A British force from northwestern Persia has reached the Caspian sea and taken over a part of the defenses of Baku. If the British can hold their position a short time longer, which now seems likely, they probably will be able to cut off the enemy from an outlet to the sea, thus protecting the important oil fields of the Baku district. It appears from the meager information at hand in London that the British detachment voyaged by steamer from Enzelli, Persia, to Baku, demonstrating that the allied hold on the Caspian sea already is fairly established. The allied naval forces now undoubtedly will endeavor to secure their communications and once this task is accomplished there will be hardly a possibility of the central powers gaining possession of the Baku oil fields.

The British advance through Persia from Bagdad was accomplished under the greatest difficulties. In the mountainous sections the troops were resisted by a few groups of tribesmen, but they quickly overcame this opposition. The British force crossed the Persian frontier and reached Enzelli, on the Caspian sea, by the way of Hamadan.

Bombing of Frankfurt By Allied Airmen Causes Panic in Rhine Towns

Geneva, Aug. 15.—An official dispatch received here from Frankfurt, Germany, says that Monday morning that city was attacked by 12 enemy aviators, who dropped 26 bombs, killing 12 persons and injuring five others.

Reports from Basel, however, assert that the casualties were more numerous. They say that a bomb fell in the crowded Kaiserstrasse, killing many persons and stopping street cars, that another fell in the middle of the largest station and several in its vicinity, while two more fell in the barracks and still another near Goethe's house, which was undamaged. The Basel dispatch says the aerial attack has increased the panic reigning in the Rhine towns.

Norris' War Record Makes Him Hazardous To Republican Success

Osceola, Neb., Aug. 15.—To the Editor of The Bee: Keep on pounding Norris' record. His nomination is suicidal to republican success this year. H. C. BEEBE.

END THE WAR QUICKLY IS U.S. PURPOSE

Four Million Americans Concentrated on Western Front Can Defeat German Army Gen. March's Belief.

Washington, Aug. 15.—Four million American soldiers can defeat the German army, in the belief of General March, chief of staff, and present plans of the War department call for more than that number under arms next summer with some 3,200,000 of them, or 80 divisions, in France by June 30.

These and other important facts concerning the nation's effort in the war as given to the senate military committee by General March, Secretary Baker and Provost Marshal General Crowder were revealed today by Chairman Chamberlain in presenting to the senate the administration manpower bill extending the draft ages to include all men between the ages of 18 and 45 years.

Propose Quick Action. President Wilson is determined to bring the war to a conclusion by concentrating all forces on the western front, including Italy, Secretary Baker told the committee, and General March supplemented this by stating that it was the purpose to end the great world struggle quickly and decisively. For the nation not to put forth its extreme effort at once, the chief of staff declared, would be "playing Germany's game."

Thirty-one American divisions now are in France, with as many more in camps in this country as reservoir Secretary Baker said that the accelerated program of troop movements overseas which has enabled General Pershing to organize his first field army of some 1,250,000 men will be continued because of the generous action of the British government in supplying shipping.

Von Hintze Denies Germany Rejected a Just Settlement

Amsterdam, Aug. 15.—Admiral von Hintze, German foreign secretary, before leaving for main headquarters to take part in conferences between Emperor William and Emperor Charles of Austria and their advisers, was interviewed by the Berlin correspondent of the Cologne Gazette. Admiral von Hintze discussed the statement of Premier Lloyd George in his war anniversary message that six months ago Germany deliberately rejected a just and reasonable settlement proposed by the allies and that Germany discarded finally the mask of moderation toward partitioned Russia and enslaved Roumania. Admiral von Hintze said:

"Had the entente statesmen seriously intended to pave the way for a peace by understanding they could have approached Germany through the properly authorized persons with a view to bringing both parties into contact."

Admiral von Hintze said that several German chancellors had pointed out that the enemy continued to show a will to prosecute the war until the annihilation of Germany should be accomplished. In concluding, Admiral von Hintze was emphatic in asserting that guilt for the prolongation of the war lay not with the Germans but with the entente statesmen.

Dean Nicholson to Direct Students' Army Training Work. Washington, Aug. 15.—Dean Edward E. Nicholson of the University of Minnesota, has been chosen as one of the 12 regional directors of the students' army training corps. His territory will include Iowa, North and South Dakota, Nebraska and Michigan.

FOE LINE ON SOMME WAVERING

British Force Captures Two Villages; Further Gains Made by the French Between Matz and Oise.

By Associated Press. The fighting on the Somme-Oise battle front still continues of a minor character compared with that of the early part of the week, when the Germans reinforced their line and stopped the eastward sweep of the allied forces.

Nevertheless the British and French again have been able to gain ground on two important sectors—the British a short distance northwest of Roye, where they took the villages of Damery and Parvillers, and the French on the southern wing of the battle front, where they have captured two farms in the process of clearing the lilly and wooded district around Lassigny of the enemy.

Germans Falling Back. North of the Somme between Albert and Arras the Germans are continuing to fall back and the British are keeping in close contact with them. Thus far the Germans have definitely given up the towns of Beaumont-Hamel, Serre, Bagnoy and Puisieux-Au-Mont, and at several points have crossed the Ancre river, with the British following close.

No official explanation has yet been advanced of the retrograde movement of the Germans, over this front, but it is not at all unlikely that the operations on the Somme front and the harassing tactics of the British recently have employed made the enemy desirous of establishing himself on new ground eastward, with the Ancre river a barrier between him and his foes. At any rate, the Hebuterne salient has virtually been obliterated by the retirement of the Germans and seemingly now they will be compelled to make a readjustment of their line between the Somme and Arras.

34,000 Prisoners Taken. In the week of fighting on the Picardy front, 30,244 prisoners have fallen into the hands of the British fourth army and the French first army according to an official announcement. Of this number the British captured 21,844. Unofficial reports, probably compiled since the official data was sent from the front, give the number of prisoners in the allies' hands since August 8, as 34,000 and say also that 670 captured guns thus far have been counted.

Kansas Aviator Brings Down Three Planes in Five Minutes

Topeka, Kan., Aug. 15.—Lt. Donald Hudson, formerly of this city and now with the American aerial forces in France, recently brought down three German airplanes in five minutes, according to an announcement today by Mrs. Marie Wear, assistant state librarian and Hudson's aunt. The aviator's father, Paul Hudson, now in Washington, received news of the feat from the commander, Mrs. Wear said. Lieutenant Hudson is a grandson of the late J. E. Hudson, well known newspaper publisher.

Sioux City Councilman Accused of Seeking Bribe

Sioux City, Ia., Aug. 15.—Bribe soliciting and misconduct in office are charged to Councilman W. S. Hamilton, head of the public safety department, on a petition asking for his removal, filed in district court today by Attorney General H. M. Havner and County Attorney Ole T. Naglestad.

Outspoken German Editor Attacks Prussian Policy

Washington, Aug. 15.—Another violent attack on Prussian policy, with a warning of the storm brewing in Russia and a frank tribute to British and American soldiers fighting for their ideals, has just been published in the Zunkunft by Maximilian Harden, the free-spoken German editor. An official dispatch from France today quotes extracts from the article, commenting particularly upon the action of the German censors in permitting it to appear.

AMERICAN FORCE GOES TO AID OF CZECHO-SLOVAKS

Twenty-seventh Regular Infantry Regiment From Manila Disembarks at Vladivostok; Additional Troops To Follow and Join International Force in Opposing Bolsheviks and Germans.

By Associated Press. Washington, Aug. 15.—American troops today began to disembark at Vladivostok and immediately will join the international force to aid the Czecho-Slovak army in its campaign in Siberia. The Americans compose the 27th regular infantry regiment from Manila and will be followed by another regiment from the Philippines and additional troops from the United States.

HUN MONOPLANE SHOT DOWN BY IOWA AVIATOR

Lieutenant Schultz Figures in American Aerial Victories; British Destroy 22 Machines, Losing 15.

By Associated Press. With the American Army in France, Aug. 15.—Capt. Charles J. Biddle of Andalusia, Pa., is the latest American aviator to bring down a German airplane. While out with a patrol this morning, Captain Biddle met three monoplanes north of France.

The Americans attacked and one of the German machines fell, apparently out of control. It vanished in the mist, so that Captain Biddle's victory has not yet been confirmed. Lt. Vaughan R. McCormick of Columbus, O., got his second official German airplane yesterday when he engaged the enemy in the air north of St. Mihiel. French observers have confirmed the destruction of the German.

Another enemy machine was shot down August 10 by Capt. Ray C. Bridgeman of Lake Forest, Ill., near Arras, in the destruction of which Lieutenant McCormick also shares officially.

Additional American victories in the air include a monoplane apparently shot down by Lt. Herrmann Schultz of Bettendorf, Ia., which went down in a steep dive through the clouds over Flirey after 375 shots had been fired at it and a biplane attacked by Lt. Edgar C. Tobin of San Antonio, in the vicinity of Evreux. Confirmation is being sought for both these victories.

Britons Down 22 Planes. London, Aug. 15.—Twenty-two German airplanes were destroyed and six driven down out of control yesterday, according to the official communication on aerial operations issued tonight. Fifteen British machines are missing as a result of the air combats.

Allied Casualties Less Than Number of Prisoners Taken. London, Aug. 15.—The proportion of the German losses to those of the allies, since August 8, is greater than at any other period of the war, it was announced here tonight. It is said that the total allied casualties probably will not be as large as the number of Germans taken prisoner.

Central Powers in Conference. Probably realizing the seriousness of the situation as it now affects the central powers, with defeats on the western front and their military positions in the other theaters none too secure—with the feeling in Russia daily growing more intense against the bolshevik and German rule and with the specter of the more than 1,000,000 Americans already in France and more millions of them soon to be in readiness for overseas duty, important conferences are in progress at German headquarters. The German and Austrian emperors and their suites and Field Marshal von Hindenburg and General Ludendorff are the main conferees.

Interest Rate Reduced. Washington, Aug. 15.—To aid further in financing crop move ments, the War Finance corporation today reduced from 6 to 5 per cent the annual interest rate on short term advances to banks to cover loans made to farmers or mer hants for marketing wheat and other crops.

Swift and Company To Segregate Their Foreign Properties

Chicago, Aug. 15.—Swift & Co. tonight announced a plan whereby its South American and Australian properties are to be segregated and the title to them is to be given to the individual stockholders of the domestic company, in return for the surrender of domestic stock. A new company called the Campana Swift International S. A. C. (Sociedad Anonima Comercial), which probably will be called Swift International on the street, has been formed with a capitalization of \$22,500,000 Argentine gold, divided into 1,500,000 shares of \$15 par value. The exchange plan provides that the stockholders shall deposit 15 per cent of their present holdings and receive in return as many of the new \$15 shares as they had originally \$100 shares. If all the stockholders accept the plan, the outstanding stock of the domestic company will be reduced to \$127,500,000, and there will be in the treasury \$22,500,000 of stock which the directors will use in future financing.

The properties owned by the new company are in Brazil, Argentina, Uruguay, Paraguay and Australia.

Are You Reading Oh, Money! Money! by ELEANOR H. PORTER. Author of "Pollyanna" and "Just David." Today's Installment on Page 12.