

# THE OMAHA DAILY BEE

VOL. 48—NO. 21.

Entered as second-class matter May 28, 1908, at Omaha, Neb., under act of March 3, 1879.

OMAHA, FRIDAY, JULY 12, 1918.

By Mail (1 year): Daily, \$4.50; Sunday, \$2.50; Daily and Sun., \$6; outside Neb. postage extra.

TWO CENTS.

### THE WEATHER:

For Nebraska—Fair and warmer.

Hour	Deg.	Hour	Deg.
5 a. m.	60	1 p. m.	71
6 a. m.	61	2 p. m.	72
7 a. m.	62	3 p. m.	73
8 a. m.	63	4 p. m.	74
9 a. m.	64	5 p. m.	75
10 a. m.	65	6 p. m.	76
11 a. m.	66	7 p. m.	77
12 m.	67	8 p. m.	78

# POILUS PUSH BACK ENEMY

## BOARD TO FIX COST OF SUGAR

Organization Created by President Wilson to Equalize Prices and Regulate Distribution.

By Associated Press. Washington, July 11.—To equalize the price of sugar to the consumer in the face of prospects for an increase due to a threatened shortage, and to secure better distribution, President Wilson today created the sugar equalization board, on recommendation of Food Administrator Hoover.

The board will be incorporated at \$5,000,000, the capital to be furnished by the president from his special war fund, and will have authority to acquire, even at a loss to the government, the production of beet sugar factories that cannot under the present price of beets be sold to the public at a reasonable price, and other high cost sugar.

This will be resold in the common lot at the stabilized price, thus saving considerable to the consumer.

Offices of the board will be in Washington. Mr. Hoover has been appointed chairman and George Ralph sugar director in the food administration here.

Entire Supply Under Control. The United States now virtually controls all sugar produced in the country as well as that imported, through the international sugar commission, which organization controls the domestic industry.

Prices May Increase. "It is expected," the announcement said, "that the price of sugar will need to increase in the latter part of the year in view of the increased costs of overseas and inland railway rates and in view of the higher costs of production and manufacture of sugar, particularly in the increased costs of beets, bags and labor and transportation."

## Lieutenant Merrick of Iowa Drives Down Hun Plane in Flames

With the American Army in France, July 11.—American pursuit planes today interrupted German observation and photography work behind the American lines. Lieutenants Edgar Tobin of San Antonio, Tex., and Edgar Jones of Chicago attacked a biplane over Flirey at an altitude of 3,000 yards. They dove after him four times, down to 1,000 yards when he fell over Thihaucourt.

People of Germany 'd They Must Go Barefooted. London, July 11.—"We warn you to go barefooted," is a notice to the Berlin public published by the German clothing department, as quoted in an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Amsterdam today.

Bad Frost in Brazil. Washington, July 11.—Tremendous damage from frost in Brazil was reported today in official dispatches. Unusual freezing temperatures in Sao Paulo have ruined the young coffee plantation and a majority of the plantations of sugar, castor beans and fruits are destroyed.

## ROUMANIAN FAILURE IN WAR TRACED TO FATAL BLUNDER AT BUCHAREST

### ARMY LEADER OVERRULED BY POLITICIANS

German and Bulgarian Armies Might Have Been Bagged in Dobrudja, General Von Mackensen Declares

By Associated Press. London, July 11.—How the Roumanian armies lost an opportunity of annihilating the German and Bulgarian armies in the Dobrudja in 1916 is revealed in a confidential document which has just reached the Associated Press from an authoritative source in Roumania.

The document contains an account of a conversation between Field Marshal von Mackensen and the Roumanian military leaders which occurred shortly after the Roumanian peace treaties were signed.

Blunder at Bucharest. The Roumanian failure, the memorandum states, was due not to the military leaders, but to the shortsightedness of the politicians at Bucharest.

In September, 1916, General Averescu, commander-in-chief of the Roumanian army and by far the ablest of all the Roumanian generals, had taken an army of four divisions and had crossed the Danube into the heart of the enemy's country. He had found a clear path into the heart of the German-Bulgarian Dobrudja army, and had penetrated 15 miles with a view to cutting off all their communications and striking them from the rear.

Ordered to Withdraw. But Averescu had neglected to cut the wires which connected him with the politicians in the Roumanian capital, and he had only gotten 15 miles beyond the Danube when there came a peremptory order to withdraw his forces.

By the creation of this board, however, it will be possible to work out a price for the public upwards of 1 cent a pound less than would be the case if the price of sugar were advanced to a price that will cover the high peaks in cost from all quarters."

It was said at the food administration that application for a charter for the new sugar board was made today in New Jersey.

Advertisement for the shipbuilding industry, pledging support to war leaders.

Advertisement for the shipbuilding industry, pledging support to war leaders.

Advertisement for the shipbuilding industry, pledging support to war leaders.

Advertisement for the shipbuilding industry, pledging support to war leaders.

Advertisement for the shipbuilding industry, pledging support to war leaders.

Advertisement for the shipbuilding industry, pledging support to war leaders.

Advertisement for the shipbuilding industry, pledging support to war leaders.

## BUSCH FAMILY BUYS HUN BONDS

Aviators Drop Flowers As Body of Former Mayor Mitchel Borne to Tomb in New York

### AIRMEN HOVER OVER CORTEGE OF DEAD COMRADE

Thousands View Remarkable and Impressive Funeral From Roofs, Windows and Other Points.

New York, July 11.—Maj. John Purroy Mitchel, soldier, statesman and former mayor of New York, was laid to rest today in Woodlawn cemetery here, in the presence of 5,000 mourning citizens, after one of the most remarkable and impressive funerals ever held.

The obsequies were not only honored by the presence of men prominent in world affairs, including former President Roosevelt, Joseph P. Tumulty, representing President Wilson, envoys from the War and Navy departments and official representatives of England, France, Italy, Japan, Cuba and Persia, but 18 American aviators in battle formation, as a token of respect to their dead comrade-in-arms, hovered over the funeral cortege as it moved slowly up Fifth avenue to St. Patrick's cathedral and thence to the cemetery.

Thousands of American beauty roses, from the gardens of Mrs. (Continued on Page Two, Column One.)

### Miss Ella Morrison Leaves Soon to Do Red Cross Work in France

Miss Ella K. Morrison of Wayne, Neb., sister of Miss Estelle Morrison, instructor in English at Central High school, has been ordered to report in New York City by July 23 and to be ready to sail within a week thereafter to take up Red Cross canteen work. Miss Morrison volunteered for the service some time ago and was successful in passing the necessary preliminary examinations. She will pay her own expenses.

Miss Morrison has been instructor in surgical dressings for the Red Cross in the northeastern part of the state for some time. She was educated at the University of Nebraska and in Europe. She speaks French fluently. She is the daughter of the late John J. Morrison, Lincoln attorney, and of the late Mrs. Ella K. Morrison. Recently she has been making her home with her sister Mrs. J. Woodward Jones of Wayne.

### Arrange to Launch 18 Large Steel Ships At Frisco Labor Day

San Francisco, July 11.—Eighteen large steel ships will be launched here on Labor day, September 2, if plans made at a conference today between Charles M. Schwab, director general of the Emergency Fleet corporation, and officers of labor organizations are realized. Approximately 100,000 tons of shipping would be added to the United States marine by the projected launchings.

Announcement of plans for the Labor day launchings were made after the shipbuilding employees pledged themselves to break all construction records.

"We have launched and are building as many torpedo boats as were included in all the principal navies of the world at the beginning of the war," said Mr. Schwab at an army lunch, where he ate, from a tin plate, the regulation soldier's fare.

### Wife Who Disguised Herself as Soldier Dies in New Mexico

Douglas, Ariz., July 11.—Mrs. Hazel Carter, who last fall went with an infantry regiment from Douglas to France, disguised as a corporal, died at Lordsburg, N. M., today. Mrs. Carter's husband was a corporal in the regiment with which his wife went to Europe, and still is in France. Her identity and sex were not discovered until shortly before the ship bearing the troops reached its destination, and she was sent back to the United States on a returning transport.

### ADMIT GERRYMANDER MOVE FOR PARTISAN ADVANTAGE

#### Military Aeronautics Officers Must Qualify To Serve as Pilots

Washington, July 11.—Only officers who have qualified as junior military pilots will hereafter be given appointments in the military aeronautics division, under a ruling today by Major General Kenly, director of the reorganized air service. At present there are many officers in the nonflying branches of the service, which includes all administrative and staff work, and plans are afoot for requiring all officers now on such duty in Washington to learn to fly.

### YANKEES BREAK UP PATROL RAID ON MARNE FRONT

French Rename Belleau Wood in Honor of U. S. Marines Who Stopped German Rush on Paris.

(By Associated Press.) With the American Forces on the Marne, July 11.—A large German patrol which attempted to raid the American trenches on the Marne front this morning was broken up and routed in confusion.

The weather yesterday and today did not permit of much airplane observation. Artillery activity continues below normal.

In recognition of the valiant services of the American troops when they stopped the German rush on Paris in the second battle of the Marne, capturing Bois de Belleau, routing the German machine gun nests and establishing themselves in commanding positions on the Marne sector, the French authorities have officially changed the name Bois de Belleau to Bois de Brigade de la Marine, and have ordered all maps changed accordingly.

A Paris dispatch July 3, said that the general commanding the French army in the Bois de Belleau region had announced that the wood heretofore would be known as the Bois des Américains.

### Woman and Two Men Dead In Wisconsin Farm Tragedy

Wauchesha, Wis., July 11.—The bodies of William Hille, his sister, Edna, and Ernest Fenze were found dead today at the Hille farm, near here. Evidence of poisoning was found in Miss Hille's body. Several horses were found to have been shot. Hille and his sister were about 60 years old. The details of the tragedy are not known.

### Coal Is Boosted 75c Per Ton in Council Bluffs

Retail coal prices in Council Bluffs have been raised from 70 to 75 cents a ton. The raise goes into effect at once, and covers all grades of bituminous coal, the only kind now available here. The increase was ordered Thursday at a conference of the local dealers and members of the fuel commission.

### Daily Rations in Vienna Are Doled Out by Ounces

Amsterdam, July 11.—The alarming food situation in Vienna is described in a dispatch to the Berlin Tageblatt from its Vienna correspondent, who says:

### Majority Commissioner Also Contend Disfranchisement of 6,000 Voters Necessitated by Law Requirement.

Frankly basing on partisan motives their gerrymander in rearranging the county commissioner districts of Douglas county, the democratic majority of the commission nevertheless insisted Thursday that its action in practically disfranchising over 6,000 registered voters of district No. 5 was necessitated by the requirements of law.

"You can't blame us democrats for favoring ourselves when we had the opportunity," was the explanation vouchsafed by the democratic county commissioners when they were confronted by indignant protests from all over the city.

Commissioner Leo Hoffman said: "If we had left district No. 3, now represented by Mr. Compton, as it was, it would have consisted of 2,000 fewer voters than the other districts, and district No. 5, which I now represent, would have had 2,000 votes too many.

Figures of the election commission show, however, that over 6,000 registered voters are affected by the change. Over 4,000 of these voted in the last election.

### Plan Reception For Japanese Red Cross Mission Here Tonight

Nebraska officials of the American Red Cross, officers of the Omaha chapter, uniformed women Red Cross workers and members of women's ambulance corps, will unite Friday evening in a patriotic demonstration in honor of the Japanese Red Cross commission, which stops in Omaha Friday night between trains.

The commission is headed by Prince Yoshihisa Tokugawa and is escorted by William L. Keene, special representative of the American Red Cross.

Pilot Returns Decorations With Protest to Kaiser. Christiania, July 11.—Hans Olsen, one of Norway's best known pilots, who for years piloted the German emperor's yacht on its summer cruises in Norwegian waters, has returned to the German legation, the numerous decorations given him by the emperor.

There will not be sufficient wool, the statement continued, to take care of both civilian and military needs unless some comprehensive plan is adopted for purchasing and importing the necessary supplies.

### Muravieff Killed Himself, Says Russian Official Report

London, July 11.—General Muravieff, commander of the Bolsheviki forces operating against the Czechoslovaks, has committed suicide, according to an official Russian wireless dispatch, which says:

### BREWER HAS \$1,000,000 OF WAR PAPER

Over Hundred Million Worth Sold in This Country for Propaganda and Purchase of Paper.

New York, July 11.—The Busch family of St. Louis bought \$1,000,000 worth of the German war bonds which the government believes were sold in this country for propaganda and for the purchase of the New York Evening Mail and other newspapers, according to a statement issued tonight by Alfred L. Becker, deputy state attorney general. Mr. Becker added that probably more than \$100,000,000 worth of the bonds had been sold in the United States.

Mr. Becker emphasized the point that while the United States was still neutral the imperial German government established a fund "to reduce part of the American press with good American gold, exchanged for mere scraps of paper."

Many Americans, he said, invested in the German bonds before this country went to war in the same manner that they are now buying Liberty bonds, thinking that the money was to be used legitimately for the purchase of munitions and war supplies, and not suspecting that their dollars were to be used against their own country.

### U. S. A. Officer Buys Also

Capt. David A. Henkes, who was dismissed from the U. S. army by court martial for wishing to resign after being sent to France and who was sentenced to 25 years at Fort Leavenworth, used part of his army pay to buy German bonds, according to Mr. Becker.

"We have not finished with our examinations," he added. "All of the evidence will go before the grand jury and it is safe to assume that there will be more arrests before we get through."

### Admits \$500,000 Investment

St. Louis, July 11.—August A. Busch, son of Mrs. Adolphus Busch, tonight declared the statement of Alfred L. Becker, deputy attorney general of New York that the Busch family had purchased \$1,000,000 of German war bonds, to be exaggerated by half.

"It is true" he said, "that I bought \$500,000 of the bonds through a local trust company about two years ago. If I had had the last intimation that the money was to be used for German propaganda I would not have invested a cent."

### Government to Control Supplies of Raw Wool

Washington, July 11.—To insure its complete control over raw wool supplies the government is to take over the importation of wool from Argentina, Uruguay and South Africa.

There will not be sufficient wool, the statement continued, to take care of both civilian and military needs unless some comprehensive plan is adopted for purchasing and importing the necessary supplies.

## ADVANCE LINE TO HEIGHTS

Capture of Corcy and Strong Positions in Vicinity Hinders Hun Between Marne and Aisne.

By Associated Press. French pressure along the line from the Marne to the Aisne, which began two weeks ago as a series of local attacks, has begun to yield results which are appreciable when viewed on the map.

The town of Corcy and strong positions in that vicinity have been captured by the slow, methodical advance that has been the source of much annoyance to the enemy for several days.

As a result of the assaults made by the French from Ambleny, south of the Aisne to the hills south of Corcy, their line has been advanced to high ground which lends itself to defensive operations and gives the French observation points from which they can see what is going on behind the German lines.

Dash for Paris Anticipated. There has been some reason for believing that when the Germans resume their offensive on the western front they will attempt to break through between the Marne and Aisne in a dash straight for Paris. For this reason, the operations which the French have carried out assume importance.

South of Corcy, the German line extends slightly to the westward, but it curves sharply eastward just before it reaches the Clignon river, north-west of Chateau Thierry.

French and Italian detachments are steadily pushing Austrian forces back along the western slopes of the mountains that parallel the coast of Albania. They are reported north of the important town of Berat and have moved ahead in the hilly country to the east.

In the mountain sectors of the northern Italian front, Austrian units which approached the Italian positions have been driven back.

Bolsheviki Claim Victories. Bolsheviki forces have engaged in battles with the Czech-Slovaks in European Russia, and an official statement issued at Moscow claims victories have been won at various points.

The fighting appears to have been hardest in the region to the east and southeast of Petrograd, which may indicate that the Czech-Slovaks have advanced from the Urals, where they have reported active for some weeks.

A Peking dispatch states that the Czech-Slovaks are in virtual control of all of western Siberia. One stretch of this country they have triumphed over the bolsheviki. The overthrow of the bolsheviki at Irkutsk has been confirmed.

Huns Get Five U. S. Planes. An official statement from Berlin says that five of a squadron of six American airplanes which started out with the intention of bombing the city of Coblenz fell into the hands of the Germans.

Sir George Cave, British home secretary, has announced in the house of commons that the British government will apply to the courts for an order to wind up the business of enemy banks and make it impossible for a period of years after the war, for an enemy bank to be opened in England. In addition every male enemy alien over 18 years old will be immediately interned. Premier Lloyd George in speaking on the subject has said that the work will be carried out "vigorously, rigorously and with fairness."