



FRENCH PUSH BACK INVADERS; MARINES TAKE BELLEAU WOOD

GERMAN MASSES MOWED DOWN BY ALLIED GUN FIRE

French Find Ground Littered With Dead After Hurling Back Waves of Enemy; Kaiser Stakes All in Blow in Hope of Ending War by Decisive Success.

(By Associated Press.)
French Headquarters in France, June 11.—The fighting was almost unprecedented in fury yesterday. The Germans, continuing to attack in compact masses, were mowed down by the allied gun fire. Wave succeeded wave in the attack and when a position was taken by the enemy it was frequently promptly retaken by the French. In these counter attacks the French invariably find the ground littered with German dead, the bodies often lying in heaps. The Germans, it is estimated, had used between 20 and 30 divisions up until last night. As the enemy's advance is slow, he is able to bring up his light artillery, while his heavier guns are still being fired from their old positions. The artillery strength of the two armies is almost equal, although the gunfire of the French is more effective, because the French are more familiar with the ground. The fierceness of the fighting and the inflexible determination with which the enemy accepts his enormous losses, indicate that he is determined to continue until complete victory or complete exhaustion ensues in the decisive battle of the years.

Stakes All in Final Blow.
Paris, June 11.—In summing up on the military situation the Echo De Paris says:
"The enemy is striving to attain a decisive success at all costs, expecting to end the war. Before the end of the month all the German forces will have been brought into action. In this supreme moment it would not be a surprise if he should shortly attempt a naval action, with full naval forces, combined with a new effort on the British front."
"The desperate onslaught, however, will not prevent the arrival of Americans every day in greater force and enthusiasm for the fray. Together with young America we shall resist and conquer."

Hope to Wear Out Enemy.
The military critic of Le Journal bases his hopes of allied success on the wearing out of the enemy's effectiveness.
"The enemy's effort is a gigantic one, but it cannot last forever. He is now bringing into action about 190 divisions. The time is not far distant when all of these will have reached a dangerous state of exhaustion, and this at the same moment that the young and vigorous American army, impatient for action, will have been formed. Experience shows that an offensive is bound to play itself out in not more than three and a half months."

CATTLE PRICES REACH NEW HIGH MARK AT CHICAGO

Chicago, June 11.—Prices paid for cattle at the Chicago stock yards have reached the highest known at that market, it was said today. For 66 steers, averaging 1,427 pounds, one big packing firm paid \$17.90 per 100 pounds, the highest ever paid for a good bunch of steers, according to yard statisticians. One fancy steer sold at \$18.00 per hundred pounds or 10 cents higher than any previous figure.
T. L. Gunderson of Centerville, S. D., is homeward bound after disposing of 24 cars of cattle at \$17.50 and \$17.85 and a carload of hogs at \$16.55 per hundred pounds. He took with him in all \$95,000.

Red Cross Mary's Bleats Raise Ire of Governor's Neighbors
Lincoln, June 11.—(Special.)—Neighbors of Governor Neville living close to the executive mansion are likely to be prosecuted for disloyalty to the Red Cross because of the fact that Red Cross Mary, the lamb presented to the governor, from which wool will be grown to be sold for the Red Cross, has not adopted the new national time card for rising in the morning, but gets up before sunrise and lifts its voice in tuneful lay, which the aforesaid neighbors object to. They threaten dire calamities.

Woman Wants Salvation Army Uniform for Ball Costume
Ensign Walter Grantham of the Salvation Army has received a letter from a woman out in the state who wants to borrow his uniform for a fancy dress ball. Being a very chivalrous man, Ensign Grantham would be pleased to oblige the lady, but he says if he did he would have to stay at home until she returned it, as war conditions do not permit of his having a surplus of uniforms.

Miss Anna Held Wins Long Battle Against Death



New York, June 11.—Anna Held, the actress, who has been critically ill at a hotel here for many weeks, has "won her battle and will undoubtedly live," according to a bulletin issued tonight by her physicians.
Miss Held is suffering from a rare disease, accompanying anaemia, which affected the marrow of her bones. At one time hope for her recovery was abandoned.

Harold Buckley Killed When Struck by Elevator
Harold Buckley, 2715 North Sixty-third street, was instantly killed when accidentally struck by an elevator in the Kirschbaum Creamery company, Ninth and Dodge streets, about 6 o'clock Tuesday night. The accident happened on the fourth floor of the building and none of the employees saw how it occurred. Buckley's head was crushed and death was instantaneous. He was 17 years old.

KAISER PLANS TO SEND FLEET SOON AGAINST ALLIED NAVY

German Admiralty Preparing for Big Offensive in Effort to Drive English Off High Seas; American Dreadnaughts Lined Up With British Fleet to Await Onslaught of Enemy.

(By Associated Press.)
Washington, June 11.—Further evidence that Germany, in its efforts to end the war this summer, is planning to support its land offensive by sending its high seas force against the combined British and American grand fleets given in an official dispatch today from Switzerland.
"A telegram of an official nature," says the dispatch, "is being spread broadcast in Germany, which says that the German admiralty is considering a big naval offensive. Orders are supposed to have been given to keep the whole fleet in readiness and naval officers of high rank have been hurriedly recalled from Switzerland and other neutral countries where they have been spending their leave."
The Kieler Zeitung speaks of extraordinary activity in the port and the Hamburger Post publishes an interview with Von Tirpitz, who was asked if Germany was in a position to measure herself with the English fleet.
"Huns Ready for Supreme Test."
The admiral naturally replied in the affirmative, saying that after their land forces have pushed the French and English back on the other side of Paris, it would be the turn of the kaiser's boats to "drive the English off the high seas."
Both in Washington and in the allied capitals a German sea offensive on a grand scale long has been regarded as a possibility and the appearance of the Teutonic fleet in the North sea at any time would not be unexpected. Rear Admiral Gleaves said in a public address not long ago

GERMAN ARMY MEETS SHARP SETBACK ON FRONT OF MORE THAN SEVEN MILES

TWO GERMAN AIR SQUADRONS ENGAGE IN BATTLE TO DEATH

Twelve Hun Aviators Led Into Trap Set for British by Airplane Acting as Decoy.

(By Associated Press.)
With the British Army in France, June 11.—This is the story of a battle royal waged in the air between two flights of German planes. It was an unintentional but disastrous fight between brother aviators, during which British pilots joyfully and impartially rendered assistance first to one side, then to the other, until many of the emperor's flyers had been destroyed or damaged.
It was on June 5, that this extraordinary fight occurred. It began thus:
Two British officers in a fighting machine were leading a patrol along the lines when they sighted a German Halberstadt two-seater, which, upon their appearance fired a green signal light. The British leaders expected a trap and waited to see what this unusual performance meant.
"Friendly Squadrons in Conflict."
In a short time six German scouts came wheeling out of the blue and joined the Halberstadt. Almost at once other enemy scouts dived out of the sun onto their comrades whom they apparently mistook for a British patrol to attack the Halberstadt.
The Halberstadt had been acting as a decoy, and the green light had been meant as a signal for assistance. But there had been no expectation that two flights of German planes would respond at the same time.
Not being able to distinguish the markings of their friends—and this has happened not infrequently before—the newcomers immediately began a furious attack upon them. The British leaders then guided their patrol into this mad melee and took a hand.
The Halberstadt was the first victim and this was shot down by the British commanding machine. Another British fighter in the meantime had accounted for two more enemy scouts, which were sent swirling to destruction below.
All this time the German aircraft were continuing their bitter battle among themselves and several of them were seen to go down out of control before the engagement finally ended. The British leaders, by their good judgment, had led the Huns into their own trap.

WOMAN TELLS OF HER RELATIONS WITH STOECCKER

Attorneys for Defense Unable to Shake Testimony of Little Bohemian Given in Her Suit for Alimony.

WEST AND SOUTH TO GET SHARE OF WAR CONTRACTS

Washington, June 11.—To check further industrial congestion in the already overburdened east, the government has prescribed a district in which it will not increase the volume of war orders nor the number of plants handling them.
This district includes New England, eastern and southern New York, eastern Pennsylvania to Williamsport and Altoona, New Jersey, Delaware and eastern Maryland, excluding Baltimore.
The new policy, announced tonight by the War-industry board and fuel and railroad administrations, will tend to create expansion of industries in the middle west and south.

Nebraska Senators Disagree On Open Session Proposal

Washington, June 11.—An agreement was reached in the senate today to vote at 1 o'clock tomorrow afternoon on the proposal of Senator Borah of Idaho for public consideration of treaties, an amendment to the Underwood resolution to limit all debate during the war.
Opponents of the Borah plan renewed their attack today. Senators Hitchcock of Nebraska, chairman of the foreign relations committee; Reed of Missouri; McLean of Connecticut; Brandegee of Connecticut; Smith of Arizona and others criticized the amendment, while the Idaho member and Senators Fall of New Mexico and Norris of Nebraska urged its adoption.

Two Italian Boats Torpedoed Two Austrian Battleships

Rome, June 11.—Two Italian torpedo boats attacked boldly two Austrian war ships and sent destroyers near the Dalmatian coast on Monday. Two torpedoes were sent into one battleship and one into the other and one of the destroyers, which pursued the Italian warship after the encounter, was damaged seriously. The Italian vessels returned safely to their base.

Colonel Roosevelt Speaks on Americanism at Indianapolis

Indianapolis, June 11.—Interrupted several times in his speech here tonight by cries of "Roosevelt in 1920," Theodore Roosevelt stopped speaking until the audience was silent and said:
"Friends, this is nothing but an American meeting at which we are discussing Americanism."
Theodore Roosevelt's speech was a stirring appeal for Americanism and a warning against the influence of foreign interests in the government. He said that the American people must stand firm and not be divided by the interests of other nations. He called for a united front against the enemies of the American people.

Important Positions Recaptured by General Foch's Troops in Counter Attack Southeast of Montdidier; Enemy Reaches the Oise Southwest of Noyon; U. S. Americans Carry Out Move Successfully.

(By Associated Press.)
French troops fighting southeast of Montdidier have turned upon the Germans in a violent attack and administered a severe defeat to the enemy over a front of about seven and one-half miles between Rubescourt and St. Maur.

It was over this front that the French since Sunday's offensive began had held back the Germans from keeping pace with the advance they were making from the center of the line south of Ressons-Sur-Matz toward the Oise river, where the onslaughts of the invaders were met with a defense in man and gun power that brought to the Germans enormous casualties.

HEIGHTS RECAPTURED BY FRENCH

The village of Belleau wood and the heights rising between Courcelles and Mortemer were recaptured by the French and in addition to the infliction of heavy casualties, General Foch's men took more than 1,000 prisoners and also captured guns.

In the immediate center of the line between Montdidier and Noyon, where the Germans had been unable to extend the apex of their drive to Anteuil the enemy also was attacked and driven back; southwest of Noyon, it succeeded in reaching Mamecourt and Bethancourt, the last named place lying on the west bank of the Oise river. Hard fighting is still in progress in this region with the French disputing the attempts of the Germans to pass onward.

U. S. MARINES CARRY BELLEAU WOOD.

The American marines fighting in the Chateau Thierry sector have completed the capture of the Belleau wood from the Germans and with its occupation took 300 prisoners. Belleau wood lies just to the west of the village of Boursches and south of the village of Belleau. It is in this region that the American marines have been fighting so valiantly and much praise was bestowed upon them for their drive of the Germans through the Belleau wood, which had been considered an almost impregnable position by the Germans.

ENEMY REACHES THE OISE NEAR RIBECOURT.

Having reached the Oise in the region of Ribecourt the enemy, if it proposes to fight its way along the west bank of the stream, soon must emerge in force upon the lowlands bordering the waterway, where the troops of General Foch are said to be in strong array—both in men and guns—waiting to dispute the road to Paris.

GERMANS REPORT CAPTURE OF 75,000 PRISONERS.

The German war office claims the capture of 10,000 additional prisoners, which, with the number of captives reported Monday, would bring the total to 18,000 in the present fighting.
Since the new offensive began along the Soissons-Rheims sector May 27, it is asserted by German official communication that the army group of the German crown prince has taken about 75,000 allied troops captive.

BRITISH STRIKE IN AMIENS SECTOR.

In one of the most ambitious operations carried out in many days, Field Marshal Haig's troops in the Amiens sector have struck the Germans a hard blow. Australians succeeded in advancing their line half a mile over a mile and a half front and took nearly 300 prisoners, including five officers. In addition 21 machine guns and a trench mortar were captured.
Another "peace offensive" by Germany and Austria-Hungary apparently is in the air. It is asserted that in Berlin the government and the high army command are discussing a declaration of war aims, while from Vienna comes the news that the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister in an interview has reiterated that he still adheres to the policy of peace by understanding and that the dual monarchy seeks no annexations.

Three Army Lieutenants Killed When Planes Fall

Belleville, Ill., June 11.—Lt. R. Bardwell of New York City was killed instantly and Maj. John B. Brooks of Kansas City, commanding officer at Scott field, six miles southeast of here, was probably fatally injured tonight, when an airplane in which they were circling above the field, fell 400 feet to the ground.
Houston, Tex., June 11.—When an airplane fell at Ellington flying field this afternoon, First Lt. Roger Montgomery of Tunica, Miss., instructor in aerial gunnery, was killed.
Arcadia, Fla., June 11.—Lieutenant Benjamin Heisland, Marietta, Pa., was killed and Cadet Caston, also of Pennsylvania, seriously hurt at Dorr field Monday in the fall of an airplane in which they were flying. The machine was up about 100 feet.

Aishton Resigns From Railroad Directorate

New York, June 11.—The resignation of R. H. Aishton as president, director and member of the executive committee of the Chicago and Northwestern railway was announced here today. The reason is his appointment as regional director of western railroads. W. H. Finley has been elected to succeed him.
Mr. Aishton resigned also as a director of the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha railway company. His successor has not been selected.

OMAHA TEACHER DROWNED; SLIPS OFF DIVING BOARD

Miss Betty Elkins, 116 North Twenty-fifth street, was drowned in a sand pit near Valley late yesterday, while bathing with a party of friends. She was standing on a diving platform when she slipped into the water. Her body did not come to the surface and no opportunity was given to save her life.
Miss Elkins was a teacher in the Monmouth Park school. She went to Valley in company with Miss Lucy Dike, 1705 South Twenty-eighth street; Thomas J. Keenan, 210 North Twenty-fourth street, and Mark J. Ryan of Pender.

School Men in Auto Stopped By Officers After Booze Car

J. H. Craddock, representative from Douglas county; Dan Morris, president of the State Normal board; President Dick of the Kearney Normal school; Robert Elliott, president of the Chadron Normal, and Mr. Reische, a member of the State Normal board, were held up while traveling by auto from Lincoln to Omaha.
The holdups proved to be Douglas county deputy sheriffs on the lookout for a bootlegging car reported coming to Omaha.
The school men were released when they made known their identity.