

# ROOSEVELT SPEAKS ON WAR DUTIES

Emphasizes Necessity of Assimilating Immigrants; Nothing But Americans Should Be Tolerated.

"My fellow Americans, I have come here tonight to speak first of our immediate duty to win this war," Colonel Roosevelt said at the opening of his speech to the throng that packed the Omaha auditorium last night, "and our duty to tolerate in this country nothing but Americanism, and I also intend to say a few words on the need of preparedness as a permanent policy."

"Anybody can be excused from making a mistake, but not if he denies having made it or if he makes it over again. We are fortunate in having state councils of defense and one of the fruits of their usefulness are the enemies they make."

"Directing his remarks particularly for a few moments to the members of the Grand Army of the Republic in the front seats, he said: 'I pay special tribute of homage to the men who 50 odd years ago proved themselves worthy in the great civil war.'

**Fathers Men of Iron.**  
"There were persons then who put peace above righteousness and they voted against Lincoln. They wanted peace and you men of the Grand Army of the Republic could have had peace for a few years if you had stopped fighting and then you would have had another war. Thank heaven that our fathers had iron in their blood. We are here tonight because the best men in the country during the years of 1861 to 1865 counted all things of no consequence when the national honor and existence were at stake. They fought for a high ideal."

"There are two or three things necessary for a nation if it would count for anything, and the first is that it should be a nation. We believe that all emigrants should be assimilated to become Americans. The events of the last four years have shown us that there is no room in this country for 50-50 Americans. If a man is an American with a hyphen, he is only a 50-50 American and in that case he is not an American at all. In this connection one of the most striking instances was the German-American alliance, and we had no idea what mischief it was doing until the war broke and then we were awakened to the fact that thousands were serving Germany at the expense of America."

**Kill the Snake.**  
"We had branches of the alliance in New York that did really comic things. In the state of New York, I am happy to say, that we repealed the charter of the German-American alliance and I wish to see the congress of the United States repeal the charter of that alliance. They have disbanded nationally, to be sure, but we should kill the snake to be sure, but it will not come to life again. We do not want any loyalty that is tempered by a loyalty to any other country. We must insist that there shall be only one loyalty in this land and that if any man has a feeling toward any other land, he should go back to that land. We should have only one flag and we should rule out the red and black flags of anarchy. In every country the disorderly elements have been shown to be allies of Germany. The bolsheviks and the Industrial Workers of the World have done what Germany wished them to do. They took German money. Don't forget that the pro-German who thinks it is not safe to be so openly attacks our allies and he should be made to feel that when he attacks our allies, he attacks us. Some of them jeer at those who are supporting the war and some were profiteers before the war. It was to the interest of profiteers before the war to keep us out of war. Nine-tenths of the profiteering stopped with the war."

**Only One Language.**  
"We can afford to tolerate in this country permanently but one language, the language of the Declaration of Independence, the language of Washington's farewell address and the language of Lincoln's Gettysburg speech—the English language. I understand that you here in Nebraska have made a wise provision that only English shall be taught in the primary public schools."

"I am going to take the liberty of speaking of my ancestors. I represent many mixed strains and I represent the average American of the future. My Scotch, Irish, Dutch, German and Welsh ancestors came here 250 years ago and became Americans. These ancestors intermarried or I would not be here tonight. They all became Americans. We can not afford to have communities growing up in this country as communities of different spirit and language. If a man does not come here to be an American citizen, let him stay away. He does not have to come, but when he does come, we have the right to lay down the terms on which he may come."

**Instruct the Immigrant.**  
"I hope that we will place quality above quantity, to the end that any immigrant who comes here must learn to speak our language. We have not always in the past seen that he became Americanized. We should have night schools where every immigrant may learn to speak and read English within five years, and if he has not learned the language in that time, then send him back to the country he came from. I hope you will work for the passage of such laws, not after the war, but now. Our people are at white-heat of Americanism now. Don't wait for reaction after the war. The man who is not an American, and nothing else, has any right to be a part of our American life."

"If a man is a straight American, it is an infamy not to treat him as such, notwithstanding his creed or where his ancestors came from. Before the war I had the acquaintance of many Germans and to my amazement some were not loyal, but the majority showed themselves to be as loyal as any in the land. Any American who discriminates against a German because he forces such a German back to those who are aliens in our land. We should not vent our hostility on wrong objects. I wish congress would pass a law

against the publication of papers in any except the English language. I say that knowing well that some papers published in English are just as bad as they can be. If we read anti-American newspapers, then we are to blame. We should see that we have laws which will force all foreign language papers to be printed in English. If we do not read and think the same thoughts, we will turn our country into a Balkan peninsula where there are many conflicting languages."

**As to Pacifists.**

"In the past many men of high ideals were pacifists who believed that by passing resolutions they could make the neck men live unharmed by strong and cruel men. We must know that as the world is now, we can only win respect when we show that we are in the right. I don't care for a good man who is good because he is an anaemic; it is the same with a nation. If I could have my advice heeded, I would have a nation govern its conduct the same as a high-minded man would govern his conduct. I will not subscribe to the doctrine that there is one type of morality for a nation and another for a man. When I was president I tried to live up to that doctrine. I hate a nation that is a bully. My feeling is, don't fight if you can help it, but if you have to fight, then fight. To a young man I would say, 'Don't hit if you can help it, but don't hit softly.' Nobody is grateful for being hit softly. If you do hit him put him to sleep!"

"We are in the war. It is 16 months since Germany went to war with us and 14 months since we went to war with Germany. For two months we were in the twilight. Our troops are fighting abroad with the allies so that they won't have to fight at home without these allies."

**This War's Sumpter.**

"The sinking of the Lusitania was the firing on Fort Sumter in our case. We not only have our own grievances, but if there were ever a war demanded by every principle of justice, it was this war. It took us months to realize the hideous horror of Germany and its vassal states. If we allow Germany to escape without punishment for its misdeeds, we shall place a premium on international wrongdoing in the future. A more wanton outrage than the invasion of Belgium was never committed and the massacre of the Armenians was with German connivance."

"I speak literally when I say life would not be worth living for any man who had to bow the neck to German conquest. Let us be on our guard in this country lest we say that Germany can not hurt us. We can not have a peace that will be an acceptable peace to all parties in this case. Any man who tells you that he wishes to preserve the feelings of Germany as well as of Belgium, is preaching the gospel of the devils. We must fight this war through; we have no alternative. We must make sacrifices."

**Must Put War Through.**

"If, when this war first broke, we had begun to prepare our strength—or even when the Lusitania was sunk—Russia would not have broken and the war would have been over by this time and an era of peace dawned for mankind. We must now insist that we put this war through. 'I don't approve of all that the censor has done but I would like to see him censor the boasters. Let us not boast until we have something to boast of. If the Gettysburg speech had been delivered a year in advance, it would have meant much. Let us quit boasting. An engineer over in France wrote to me that the United States boasted last year that this country would have 20,000 airplanes over by spring. 'I hope we will now—not after the war—put ourselves beyond the pale of being surprised as we were this time. The experiences of the last

## COLONEL LAUGHS AT STORY T. R. Declares Has Enough Ginger Left to Help Lick Hun—If He Had Chance. NOT SO FEEBLE AS SOME WISH

Colonel Theodore Roosevelt is not ready for the grave yet. He laughed heartily Saturday night at a published story which pictured him as old and feeble.

"I think that paper which said I am feeble wishes I were more feeble than I am," he chuckled.

"I still have enough ginger to help lick the Hun—if only they would give me a chance," he added.

Then he pointed to the five-star service flag on the lapel of his coat, "Four sons and a son-in-law are doing their part in the war. I would like to be with them."

Asked about his grandchildren, Roosevelt smiled happily and declared, "I have eight grandchildren,—the dearest youngsters in the world."

When Colonel Roosevelt left, his apartments at the Fontenelle he laughed again at the unusual picture of himself as a feeble old man, and repeated, "I am not so feeble as some wish I were."

He is 66 plus. He vibrates personality. Saturday while he was in Omaha the sun itself, was eclipsed.

Year and a quarter has shown us how hard it is to prepare for war when war comes. We have not yet built any modern artillery. As yet it had not been for our allies we would have been unable to make any headway against the enemy. I doubt not that a year hence we will be strong. Let us never again expose ourselves to such humiliation and danger. Let us prepare; don't let George do it.

**For Universal Training.**

"The law of service should be the law of life. We should prepare in peace, not for war, but against war. Two years ago our pacifists said that the way to keep out of war was to be unprepared for war. We tried the experiment and now we are in war. Some nice, worthy pacifist people tell us that this will be the last great war. Four years ago they told us there would be no more wars. David Starr Jordan told us one month there would be no war and in the next month the world blew up, but I don't think that he damaged his reputation very much. We have found out in this war how a brutal nation can look at a treaty as a scrap of paper."

"I would have every man between 19 and 21 spend some time training under the colors. I believe that our national cantonments are great universities. I believe that the training of the young even in time of peace would make for better citizenship and for stronger loyalty to flag and country. That would neither invite war nor interfere with the pursuits of peace. I am asking only that we adopt what Switzerland has had for 70 years."

"While I was president for seven and one-half years not a shot was fired by an American soldier nor was an offense committed against an American citizen, because it was understood that it would be unhealthy to start anything. The surest way to push their sons against the cannon is to assure other countries that they can wage war against us."

**This an Exclusive War.**

"Let the young men fight. Some of us old men would like to fight. I did get into the Spanish war, but that was not as exclusive as the present war. 'I read signs about food winning the war. It will be the men in khaki that will win the war and it will be easier for you young men to explain why you went to war than it will be to explain why you did not go. The men who go to the front will make Americans forever their debtors.' 'When we have gotten through with this war, let us take to heart the lessons of the war. Let us remember our refusal to see the truth when the truth looked us in the face. Let us never again be caught as we have been caught. Let us say with Washington that every American shall do his part under arms and make that service a prerequisite to vote. 'We have a country with a glorious past and a future such as no other

country has. Let us take a giant stride for the future by steeling ourselves for the purpose of crushing down forever Hohenzollern Prussianism and removing the danger of German domination over the world."

## ROOSEVELT SAYS FIRST DUTY TO PUT THE HUN TO SLEEP

(Continued From Page One.)

the space reserved for them while the audience rose and the band played "Tenting on the Old Camp Ground."

Then the Council Bluffs Elks' quartet sang "He Will Come Back From Somewhere," a song that the colonel, at first, referred to the colonel, but really was about a soldier "over there." The quartet was in the midst of another song when a cheer from the crowd at the stage door interrupted them and turned all eyes in that direction. Though it wasn't yet 8 o'clock the colonel was coming.

Quartet From Bluffs.  
The quartet made its exit and the colonel entered the stage with Francis A. Brogan and C. C. George. The audience arose, waved thousands of little flags and cheered while the colonel bowed and smiled. The band struck up "The Star Spangled Banner" and the audience sang.

Mr. Brogan, president of the Omaha branch of the National Security league, presided in the absence of Mayor Smith, who was to have presided, but who was called out of the city on business. Mr. Brogan read a letter of regret from him and one from Governor Neville.

Rev. Titus Lowe pronounced the invocation and Mr. Brogan made a brief introductory speech, stating the aims of the National Security league, under whose auspices Colonel Roosevelt came here.

**Mr. Brogan's Speech.**

"When an empire becomes a criminal it must be hunted down and punished just as an individual criminal must be hunted down and punished," said Mr. Brogan. "This league stands

for loyalty to the president of the United States and for preparedness in time of peace against war. The great American citizen whose name and career stand as a symbol of high endeavor and sturdy patriotism is our speaker tonight."

Colonel Roosevelt talked with ease during most of his address. At times he hesitated a little, but he still has the power to sway an audience, the power to inspire patriotism, the gift of putting a proposition tersely, and a very happy sense of humor. He referred at one point in his speech to "a sort of twilight zone between the time Germany declared war on us 16 months ago and the time we declared war on Germany 14 months ago."

**Leave For South.**

Mrs. Roosevelt remained at the hotel during the meeting. The colonel hurried back there after his speech. There was some more handshaking and then the colonel prepared for departure.

He and Mrs. Roosevelt left the hotel soon after 10 o'clock for the station. A large crowd saw them off both at the hotel and at the Burlington station. They went via the Burlington route to St. Louis, where Colonel Roosevelt will speak Monday night. He will speak at Indianapolis, Ind.; Tuesday; Bloomington, Ind.; Wednesday and from there will go back to Oyster Bay and the simple, country life that he loves.

**Notes of Meeting**

Detective John Pszanowski was detailed from the city force as the colonel's bodyguard during his stay here. In the past John has acted in the same capacity for Wilson and Taft.

The colonel was late getting to the University club luncheon because his suit, which had been sent out to be pressed, did not come back on scheduled time.

A handsome bouquet of orchids grown in the Hanscom park greenhouse ornamented the speaker's table. They were sent by City Commissioner Falconer. After the meeting they were presented to Mrs. Roosevelt, who was delighted and declared she would carry them with her with happiest memories of Omaha.

Frank Hamilton walked on the stage a few minutes before Colonel Roosevelt appeared and was mistaken by some for the colonel. A ripple of applause started before the mistake was discovered.

**Soviet Abolishes Titles**

Washington, June 8.—Swedish reports to the State department announce that the Russia soviet republic has abolished all titles of ambassadors and ministers. Both their own and foreign representatives are called without distinction "Representatives plenipotentiaries."

**Red Cross Egg Brings \$154.**

Ellsworth, Neb., June 8.—(Special.)—At the big Red Cross sale here an egg was knocked down to the highest bidder at \$154. The sale realized \$1,365.

## SIX ACCUSED UNI PROFESSORS GET CLEARANCE

Lincoln, Neb., June 8.—All evidence in the hearing conducted by the board of regents of the University of Nebraska into charges by the State Council of Defense that some of the university's instructors have not been aggressively American in their attitude on the war, was completed late today. Final arrangements by attorneys for and against the accused professors will be heard by the board next Monday.

Complete exoneration of any suspicion of lack of aggressive support to the government was given by the regents today to six persons, including several professors whose names were mentioned during the investigation. They were Professor E. L. Hinman, John E. Senning, A. E. Sheldon, A. D. Schrag, Mary Foster and Anna Chalkin, secretary of the Nebraska Alumni association.

The cases of the following professors now remain before the board for action after final arrangements are heard: H. K. Wolfe, C. E. Persinger, G. W. A. Luckey, L. E. Aylsworth, L. B. Tuckerman, Henry Blumberg, H. W. Caldwell, Erwin Hopt and Paul H. Grummann.

**This Omaha Family Made Big Hit With Former President**

Ex-President Roosevelt's visit to Omaha is reminiscent of an honor given one Omaha family during a tour of Iowa made by him in 1904.

Because of the president's preference for large families, Iowa, cities held contests for the most interesting family groups. The seven sons and one daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Kennebeck, then living in Carroll, Ia., was given first prize by Des Moines.

If enthusiasts for the great race suicide enemy were presenting facts at present, the Kennebeck family could be made even more interesting because since that time another son has been added to the family, and this one is worthy of special mention because he was awarded a prize at a recent baby show.

**British Balloon Instructor Meets Colonel Roosevelt**

Colonel Roosevelt's acquaintance had been desired for many years by Captain Edlund, a balloon instructor of the British royal flying corps now stationed at Omaha, but had never been made until the two shook hands at the University club luncheon Saturday noon.

The two men are interested in Africa and came near meeting in Khartoum in 1910. At this time Captain Edlund made a special effort to meet Colonel Roosevelt, but was prevented from doing so by a late train.

Captain Edlund has seen service in France and stopped some Hun lead while lying in a shell hole.

**New Knighthood Created**

London, June 8.—Sixty leaders in war work of various kinds are made knights of the newly established Order of the British empire as part of the king's birthday honors.

## MRS. ROOSEVELT PRAISES NURSES FOR BRAVE WORK

Says Needle Work Guild Does Greatest Amount of Good to Greatest Number of Persons.

Just on the eve of the nation-wide drive for 25,000 nurses for Red Cross work, Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt, speaking informally at the miniature base hospital Saturday afternoon gave the cause the best endorsement possible.

"It is my greatest comfort that there are American nurses to care for my boys if they should be wounded 'over there.' The American nurses are the best trained nurses in the world and they are so very sympathetic."

One of the four sons in active service has been injured. A fifth star ornaments the service pins which both Colonel and Mrs. Roosevelt wear. It is for Dr. Derby, Ethel Roosevelt's husband.

Before calling at the little hospital where a group of Omaha nurses and society women greeted her, the distinguished guest stopped at the Red Cross rooms at the Masonic Temple where she cordially inspected every branch of the war work, going from the basement where the packing is done to the third floor cutting and supply department.

One of the workers who especially interested the former mistress of the White House was Mrs. M. B. Newman, who is president of the needle work guild.

"It is one of my pet works," she confided to the hospital garment workers. She inquired how the work was carried on here and quoted her husband as saying:

"The needle work guild does the greatest amount of good to the greatest number of people with the smallest amount of effort." The guild members work continually making garments. Once each year the work is assembled and distributed among all local charitable organizations.

Mrs. Roosevelt was delighted with her trip to Fort Omaha. Following luncheon she was the guest of the officers of the National League for Woman's Service, who showed her the army post and drove her to Florence field, where she saw several balloons making flights.

After her tour of inspection Mrs. Roosevelt was taken to the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. N. Dietz, where she rested until dinner time. This is her first visit to Omaha.

**War Cabinet to Meet**

London, June 8.—It is officially announced that meeting of the imperial war cabinet and the imperial conference are expected to commence within a few days.

## Why Does Every Soldier Have Regular Foot Inspection?

Simply because your Uncle Sam can not afford to have men in his army that are going to fall down whenever the test comes—and there is nothing that will knock the soldier out as quickly as bad feet.

It is a matter of plain common sense (dollars and cents) with Uncle Sam. Is it not just as important to you and your children? It is a plain fact that you cannot keep your efficiency and do your bit in everyday life if you allow your shoes to drain your vitality day by day.

If there is one thing more than another that we pride ourselves on it is that we would rather lose the sale of a pair of shoes than allow a patron of ours to take a pair that is not an absolutely correct fit.

**W. A. STEINER.**  
**Douglas Shoe Store Inc.**  
117 N. 16th St. Opposite the Postoffice

**Six Years at 1324 Farnam Street**

**TEETH WITHOUT PLATES A SPECIALTY**  
**We Please You or Refund Your Money**

**Dr. McKenney says:**

Don't Neglect having your Teeth fixed until they are broken down by decay and health gone. Don't Wait until prices are "Sky High," because of the scarcity of all kinds of dental materials.

Take our advice and come in right now.

Best Silver Filling... 75c Best 22k Gold Crowns... \$4 | Heaviest Bridge Work, per tooth... \$4

Wunder Plates—Worth \$15 to \$25—\$8 and \$10

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NOTICE—Out-of-town patients can get Plates, Crowns, Bridges and Fillings complete in ONE day.  
Free Examination, Lady Attendants, No Students



## Foulard's the Best Silks for General Wear

They make frocks that are always admired for their distinctiveness, and better still, they are certain to give the best of service. An excellent selection of Cheney Showerproof Foulards, \$2.50 a yard.

## White Skirtings Of Wash Silks

Attractive and practical for ever so many summer occasions. Various weights and quantities of Satins, Crepes and Tussahs that can be depended upon to launder perfectly; \$1.75 to \$3.50 a yard.

## Pretty Wash Goods

Many striking effects in voiles, tissue and other lightweight summery fabrics. In spite of existing conditions, prices are very reasonable.

## New Boudoir Caps

New boudoir caps, combinations of lace, ribbons, crepe de chine and Georgette; white, cream and dainty colors, 85c to \$3.50.

## Crepe DeChine Lingerie

Beautiful gowns of crepe de chine, plain or trimmed styles as you desire; flesh color and white, \$6.75, \$8.50, \$9.50 and more.

Crepe de chine envelope chemise with lace or ribbon shoulder striped and trimmings of lace and Georgette crepe, \$3.50, \$4.25, \$6.50 up.

Flesh colored bloomers of silk and cotton, \$1.50 to \$5.50.

## THOMPSON, BELDEN & Co. The Fashion Center for Women

### A Sale of New Shopping Baskets

Nowadays, when so many women find it both patriotic and convenient to carry home many things heretofore delivered, the need of a suitable basket for small parcels is evident.

To meet this situation, we have secured a number of very attractive styles in straw, with colored straws worked in as patterns. They are about the size of a regular market basket, a trifle smaller, but so good looking that it will be a pleasure to carry them.

No doubt many will use them on picnics. They are just the right size.

### Monday's Sale Prices 45c, 65c and 75c

Art Dept.—Third Floor

### A Fashion Expert From New York

Will be in our Pattern Dept. June 10 to 13.

We shall be pleased to have you call and consult her on matters pertaining to your sewing, your dresses, lingerie, coats, everything that you and any member of your family wears.

The McCall Book of Fashions is now on sale.

### Milady's Silk Gloves

Are best if they be Kayser's or Fowne's. We are offering these two makes in black, white, gray and mastic; with self and contrasting embroideries, for 85c, \$1.15, \$1.25.

### Lisle Union Suits \$1

These fine ribbed lisle garments offer a world of comfort for summer weather. Knees are wide or fitted as preferred. The quality is very good for \$1 a suit.

### Sale Bath Mats

Turkish bath mats in Oriental designs of blue and pink with white, brocaded weaves; regularly selling for \$2.25 and \$2.50, Monday, \$1.75.

### Interesting Summer Frocks

The subject of summer wear has received careful study by our New York representative, Mr. Robert Nicoll. His first hand knowledge of what fashions meet with greatest favor along Fifth avenue is of distinct advantage to Omaha women.

They will find in the Thompson, Belden store hundreds of effective dress styles developed in the coolest and daintiest of

**Warm Weather Materials**  
Dresses that will command admiration because of their beauty of line and skill in design and dress-making.

Such dresses sound alluring, except that their cost would probably be prohibitive.

Therein is the surprise in store for you. The most comprehensive selections are shown for

**\$15, \$17.50, \$21.50, \$25, \$31.50**  
No extra charges for alterations.

**By Express--New Sorosis Oxfords**

Such models as will be a distinctive part of well dressed women's summer wardrobes. Shapely lasts in brown kid, patent leather and gray patent leather.

**Priced \$8.**

### The Popularity of The Sport Corset

Women of average figure call them "The Corset of Comfort." If the sport model is new to you, start wearing it now—you'll appreciate the graceful carriage such a corset affords. A stylish model with wide elastic band at the waist line, and a medium length skirt. In flesh color and white, for only \$1.75.

### THE MEN'S SHOP

To the Left as You Enter