

BUTLER CLASHES WITH URE IN CITY HALL WORD DUEL

"Don't Side Step" Remark
Brings First Disturbance in
Mayor Smith's Official
Family.

The first exchange of sharp words between members of the new city council occurred during a meeting of the committee of the whole Monday morning, when Commissioner Butler urged Commissioner Ure not to side-step.

Ure brought out what he insisted was a lax system of checking bills against the city for supplies. Automobile gasoline, lubricating oils, accessories and repairs caused particular comment.

"Now, don't side-step," said Ure, addressing Butler, former superintendent of accounts and finance.

Butler Resents Remark.

"I am not going to side-step with this commission. You are superintendent of accounts and finance now and you should run your department," Butler retorted.

"You bet I am going to run my department, and we are going to have some changes, too," was Ure's comeback.

"You are trying to dig up something just to be starting something," was Butler's answer.

"Oh, no, I just want to have a system whereby when I present an appropriation ordinance to the council the members can vote for it," Ure explained.

Gasoline Bills Protested.

The discussion narrowed down to automobile gasoline and the old system of city employees stopping at any filling station for gasoline and using all they wanted without check. The case in point referred to the gas lighting department which was under the former mayor's jurisdiction. Butler stated that he protested against these excessive gasoline bills and was told by Dahlman that it was none of his business.

"I was in the helpless minority, and when the bills came in they had to be O. K'd," Butler added.

"That would be too much gasoline for one man to have in a month unless he drank it," was Ure's comment on bills of the gas lighting department.

Mayor Smith Objects.

"That would be at the rate of 150 miles a day for that automobile. I would think that a man would break down with nervous prostration if he would drive that far in a day," was the conclusion by Mayor Smith.

The superintendent of accounts and finance will prepare a set of rules for adoption by the council to prevent indiscriminate buying by city employees.

Mr. Ure estimated that a person operating a Ford runabout would travel approximately 150 miles every day, including Sundays, if he consumed 242 gallons of gasoline during a month.

He had in mind the March bill of Superintendent Taylor of the gas lighting department. This bill showed \$9.70 for lubricating oil and

DEAN NOYES Falconer Nominates New Park Foreman. PICKS PLUM

Commissioner Falconer of the park department will present the name of Dean Noyes to the city council Tuesday morning, as general foreman at \$250 per month. George Redman, the present incumbent, said he had received no advice as to his tenure with the department.

George J. Morris, J. B. Coningham, B. Grunwald and H. H. Kruger, representing the Omaha Master Plumbers' association, headed a delegation to protest to the city commissioners against the appointment of Henry L. Bridwell as plumbing inspector. Their action was based on a rumor that Bridwell would be appointed. The general charge was that Bridwell would not be fair to shops which are not strictly union. Mr. Coningham also charged that under the present plumbing inspector, work had been allowed to go without proper inspection. Bridwell, who has been walking delegate for the plumbers' union, was one of the defeated labor ticket candidates at the city primary election. The council took the matter under advisement.

A city hall rumor is that W. J. (Billy) Hunter will be named as city clerk. George D. Rice, W. B. Whitehorn and a few others are also mentioned.

Commissioner Zimman favors the old plan of having desks instead of a long table for the commissioners in the council chamber.

The commissioners will take cognizance of alleged contamination of the waters of Carter lake by sewage.

Public playgrounds and swimming places will be opened June 1 with a corps of supervisors and attendants.

\$51.04 for 242 gallons of gasoline. Mr. Ure believes that Taylor must have done some traveling to have used that much "gas."

Taylor's bill for April showed only 100 gallons of gasoline.

The moral of this is that the city commissioners, led by Commissioner Ure and Mayor Smith, announce a policy of "pitiless publicity" in connection with automobile bills of the various city departments.

They do not believe that Taylor or any other official or employee rode 150 miles a day in March or in any other month. This particular March bill appeared in the May miscellaneous bill ordinance and will be paid with other bills of a questionable nature.

"Here is a bill incurred by James C. Dahlman for a picture of President Wilson sent to Camp Deming," remarked Mr. Ure. "I commend the patriotic spirit of Mr. Dahlman sending a picture of the president to the camp, but I cannot see the fairness of requiring the city of Omaha to pay for this patriotic expression of the former mayor."

The mayor and commissioners are considering a municipal garage proposition with a checking system for every machine owned by the city. It is proposed to maintain a shop in connection with the garage.

GIRLS WARNED TO STAY AWAY FROM CAMPS AT NIGHT

Army Officers, in Sanitation
Conference, Declare Dangerous and Deploable
Condition Exists Here.

Army officers and city officials, at a sanitary conference Monday declared that "a very dangerous and deplorable condition exists in Omaha," after fort commanders had complained of young girls, some below 16 years old, frequenting the neighborhood of the camps at night.

The army man declared that "this appalling condition is traceable directly to the home," and mothers are therefore urged to maintain a closer supervision over their daughters.

The statements were incorporated in a proclamation addressed to "The People of Omaha," adopted at the meeting attended by Superintendent Ringer, department of police and sanitation; Health Commissioner Manning, Colonel J. M. Banister, Lieutenant Colonel H. B. Hersey, Major Daggett and Captain E. L. Delaney, on matters pertaining to the health and sanitation of Omaha and environs.

Statement to the Public.

The city authorities and army officers agreed on the following statement, addressed to the public by the health department:

"The officers were assured that the health department would co-operate with army officials in every manner possible. The officers stated that it was the policy of the War department to insist on the best possible sanitary conditions in the civil community immediately contiguous to every camp, to be maintained by civil authorities when possible, but by military regulations if necessary. All contagious diseases were included in the above regulations, but especially venereal infections.

"For some time past there has been a detail of military police assisting the city officers in arresting all prostitutes in Omaha. Under a city ordinance these women are then examined for evidence of disease and if found to be infected are interned and placed under proper treatment until the disease is no longer in a contagious stage.

"In addition, the officers state that a very dangerous and deplorable condition exists in Omaha. Young girls, some even below the age of 16, frequent the immediate neighborhood of the forts, especially at night. The cause of this appalling condition is traceable directly to the home and mothers are therefore urged to maintain a closer supervision over their daughters.

"Regarding smallpox and typhoid fever, the officers inform us that there has not been a single case of these diseases at either Fort Omaha or Fort Crook since January, 1917, in spite of the fact that there have been numerous cases under quarantine in the adjacent civilian vicinity. They attribute this result entirely to the fact that on admission to the army every soldier is vaccinated.

"An improved method of vaccination has been developed by army physicians, and Captain Delaney states that there has not been a single request for sick leave on account of vaccination since this method was adopted. The details of the method are obtainable by any physician.

The policy of this department in the control of contagion will be to adopt as far as possible the methods found to be successful in the numerous army camps in this country. We feel that conditions in these camps are especially favorable for determining the most efficient methods of control. No regulations, however stringent they may be, will be successful unless each individual in the city feels a personal obligation to co-operate with the authorities in establishing thorough sanitation.

"We are informed that the control of the soldier in camp is comparatively easy, but that recently much time and money have been lost in correcting the health of drafted men. The statistics of venereal disease among the men subject to draft regulation are absolutely appalling.

"It therefore devolves upon this community, as a patriotic duty, to assist in every way possible in securing proper care and sanitation for the men who will soon be called to fight its battles. By doing this we will succeed also in raising the standard of health in our civilian population. We believe that this result may be accomplished by individual effort aided by publicity methods and advice given by this department. We sincerely hope that the actual aid of the military forces will not become necessary to accomplish these results.

"An advisory board of Omaha physicians has been selected to assist the health department in all matters relating to public health. This board consists of Colonel J. M. Banister, chairman; Dr. H. C. Sumney; Dr. I. S. Cutter, dean of the medical department of the University of Nebraska, and Dr. Schulte, dean of Creighton college of medicine."

Lemons Beautify!

Strain lemon juice well before
mixing and massage face,
neck, arms, hands.

Here is told how to prepare an inexpensive lemon lotion which can be used to bring back to any skin the sweet freshness of which it has been robbed by trying atmospheric conditions. Windchafe, roughness, tan and redness are washed off and those telltale lines of care or age are softened away.

The juice of two fresh lemons strained into a bottle containing three ounces to a quart white makes a whole quart pint of the most remarkable lemon skin beautifier at about the cost one must pay for a small jar of the ordinary cold creams. Care should be taken to strain the lemon juice through a fine cloth so no lemon pulp gets in, then this lotion will keep for months. Every woman knows that lemon juice is used to bleach and remove such blemishes as freckles, sallowness and tan, and is the ideal skin softener, smoothen and beautifier.

Just try it! Get three ounces of orchard white at any pharmacy and make up a quart pint of this sweetly fragrant lemon lotion and massage it daily into the face, neck, arms and hands, and see for yourself.—Adv.

One-Minute Store Talk

"I don't know a cheviot from a worsted. I don't know hand tailoring from machine made. I do know a good looking, good wearing suit when I get it and I never got anything else here. That's why I'm back again," said a customer.

That's what brings men back to the Greater Nebraska and knowing this we strive so hard to secure the world's best clothes for you.

Why be Satisfied with less?

"Double Comfort" Clothes

EVERY MAN WHO WEARS THEM FINDS
DOUBLE SATISFACTION IN

Brandegge-Kincaid Clothes

If you are discriminating you'll discover a unique double comfort in these clothes—comfort of mind as to correct appearance—comfort of body, whether in action or repose.

Fabrics in varied and distinctive patterns.

Styling youthful but never overdone.

Tailoring only as more than 50 years' experience can guarantee.

Values that cap the climax of your satisfaction.

\$25 \$30 \$35
\$40 \$45

Copyrighted 1917
Brandegge-Kincaid Clothes

Thousands of solid, serviceable
Spring and Summer Suits here at \$15

Men and Young Men's Clothing—Entire Second Floor, Main Building and Annex.

Nebraska Clothing Co.
JOHN A. SWANSON
WILL HOLMES
JANUARY AT FIFTEENTH ST.

COMPARE
OUR VALUES
ALWAYS

CORRECT APPAREL FOR MEN AND WOMEN.

THE HOME OF.
Bevo
REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.
THE BEVERAGE



ANHEUSER-BUSCH, ST. LOUIS.

The universal popularity of Bevo made it necessary to erect this building—the largest of its character in the world. Covers two city blocks. Floor space 26 acres. A basement 30 feet high containing 13 tracks each to accommodate ten freight cars. Will employ 2,500 people and have a bottling capacity of two million bottles daily, equal to 140 car loads, on an eight hour day basis.