

# HUNS POUNCE ON PARIS IN DEADLY NIGHT ASSAULT

## French Planes Take Air to Combat German Attack on Capital; Many Bombs Dropped.

Paris, May 23.—German aviators made another attack on Paris last night, and this time succeeded in reaching the city.

Bombs were dropped at various places, an official statement reports. The official announcement says: "Several bodies of enemy aircraft successfully made for Paris. Our lookout posts opened a very violent curtain of fire. Our airplanes took the air."

"A certain number of bombs were thrown on Paris and in the Paris district. The 'all clear' signal was given at 3:30 o'clock."

The casualties, so far as reported, are one dead and 12 injured.

About 30 German airplanes attempted to reach Paris.

Tuesday night the German aviators attempted to raid Paris, but were kept away from the city by the French defenses. One of the raiders was brought down. Three persons were killed and several wounded in the outskirts of the city.

# JURORS WEEP AS GRACE LUSK TELLS STORY OF SHAME

(Continued From Page One.)

Shaken by Sobs.

At this point Miss Lusk paused and hid her eyes under the brim of her hat, her shoulders shaking with sobs. Two jurymen openly wiped the tears from their eyes while scores of women were weeping in the hushed courtroom. Although it was 10 minutes before the usual time, Judge Lusk ordered an immediate adjournment and the defendant stared to her feet only to almost fall into her father's arms.

Tomorrow she will continue her story and later in the day will face a severe cross examination. Friends fear that she will break down under the strain.

Miss Lusk began her testimony this morning by telling of her first meeting with Dr. Roberts, of how he telephoned to ask her to come to his office to help him with some manuscript, and of how, instead, she had invited him to meet her at her office on the Y. W. C. A.

How Intimacy Began.

At a later meeting in her office she said that he leaned over her desk and kissed her and when she reproved him, kissed her again and asked if she cared for him. She said that she replied that he was married and that he said:

"There is no happiness or love in the heart of either myself or wife. I should like to be free but that is impossible, as in the eyes of the law Mrs. Roberts is a model wife."

She told of their growing intimacy and of how he confided his business and family troubles to her while they worked together on the manuscript of his book. Later she described visits to Chicago where she said that they registered several times as man and wife, Dr. Roberts, at least in three instances, buying her railway ticket from Milwaukee to Chicago and paying the hotel bills.

Contradicts Dr. Roberts.

Then she related instances of his jealousy, of how once he had forced her to obtain a receipt from a Chicago hotel to prove the story she told him of her visit there. She denied that there was ever any reason for this jealousy. At many points she flatly contradicted the story Dr. Roberts told.

Regarding a meeting at which Dr. Roberts had testified that she struck him in the face when he refused to swear that he cared more for her than anyone else in the world, she said:

"The situation had become unbearable, I was unhappy. Mrs. Roberts was unhappy. I told him that if he did not care that would end it all. He said he cared as much as ever. I said that then he must go home and tell Mrs. Roberts. He said this was impossible and when he became evasive, I struck him."

# Allied Tonnage Wins Race With German Submarines

London, May 23.—The enemy is destroying British, allied and neutral tonnage at the rate of about 3,500,000 tons yearly, while Great Britain and its allies and the neutral countries will very soon be producing tonnage at a rate of about 4,000,000 tons yearly, writes Archibald Hurd, the naval expert, in the Daily Telegraph.

That favorable situation, he declares, should be reached in a few weeks and thenceforward the upward curve in favor of the allies should proceed in a manner to convince the Germans of their failure.

# Many Jews Wounded in Pogroms in Galicia

Stockholm, May 23.—Pogroms have taken place at Vitebsk, Galicia and many Jews have been wounded seriously, according to a report received by the Jewish press bureau here. Shops were plundered and windows smashed, the damage to property exceeding 1,000,000 kroner. The local militia made an effort to protect the Jews and military assistance was summoned from Cracow.

# White Guard and Germans Execute 1,752 in Finland

London, May 23.—Under the White Guard and German regime in Finland, 1,752 persons were executed on May 1, according to a Finnish official who escaped to Sweden and whose interview with the Folksbeildning is transmitted from Copenhagen by the Exchange Telegraph.

# BELGIAN GUESTS LEAVE AFTER BIG OMAHA GREETING

(Continued From Page One.)

noncommissioned officers and soldiers for the warm-hearted reception you have given us in your city.

"This Belgian armored motor corps left the west front in Belgium the latter part of 1915 and proceeded, via Archangel, to the Galician front, where they covered themselves with glory.

The Defense of Lieze.

"I have been asked to tell you what I consider the most important military operations in which the Belgian army has taken part since the beginning of the war. I should say the following are the most outstanding:

"First, the defense of Lieze, where we barred the Germans, thus giving the French time to get ready. You all know the splendid work done there by our Third division, under the command of our hero General Leman, and the stoic resistance of the forts, which gave way only when they had been absolutely destroyed by the powerful German guns.

"The second important engagement was at Haelen, where the First cavalry division threw back, with very heavy losses, two of the best German cavalry divisions, supported by powerful artillery and infantry. More than 3,000 Germans were left dead on the battlefield.

"After several smaller engagements the Belgian army retired under the protection of the forts of Antwerp. Here they performed a third service of extreme importance. The Belgian army, in conjunction with the French army, attacked the supply communication lines of the German army, and a statement by a German staff officer pays a tribute to the effective participation of the Belgian army in the victory of the Marne.

# Retreat From Antwerp.

"The fourth military operation to which I would call your attention is the retreat of the Belgian army from Antwerp. The Germans felt confident, not only of capturing Antwerp, but also of capturing the whole Belgian army at the same time. Thanks to a very clever strategic movement and the heroic stand of our forces at Termonde, the entire Belgian army retired safely along the coast to a new position along the river Yser. Antwerp surrendered, but was handed over by civilians, to the great astonishment of the German general in command, who had already wired the kaiser that he had captured nearly the entire Belgian army. Even the stores of supplies of the army had been destroyed or removed by the Belgians before the town was given up.

The fifth operation was the most glorious of all, and we can say with legitimate pride that the battle of the Yser, after the fall of Antwerp, saved a most critical situation and forever barred the Germans from Calais, Dunkirk and Boulogne. The invasion of those ports by the enemy would have been a serious setback to the British military preparations. Although the Belgian army was tired and its equipment weakened and only 42,000 rifles left on the firing line, the French general-in-chief promised King Albert to send a fresh army to relieve our men if we could hold out forty-eight hours. We held out forty-eight hours and continued to hold out for eight days before the first French reinforcements were able to arrive. We did this in spite of the superior numbers of the enemy, about 300,000 fresh picked troops, who were in high spirits after just capturing Antwerp, and who were supported by more than 500 guns.

"In this battle our army had been reduced to 20,000 men, nearly all of our country was in the hands of the enemy, and only a small part of our army remained intact. We had no munitions, no ammunition, and our artillery had been reduced to a few field batteries.

"We can say that the present Belgian army, composed of six divisions, one cavalry corps, a very powerful artillery of all calibre and flying corps, is stronger than ever and impatiently awaits the order to advance. The sixth episode that I want to mention to you proves this fact clearly.

"Besides all this the Belgians have been fighting in conjunction with the French in Cameroon, and with the British in East Africa where we now occupy a territory ten times the size of Belgium."

# In Tour of City.

The day's program for the warriors was without cessation. The party arrived in South Side shortly after 9 o'clock in the morning, proceeded on

a tour of the stock yards and packing houses, was entertained at luncheon at the Exchange building at noon and at 2 o'clock arrived in Omaha, proper.

Following their arrival at the Union station, the party, escorted by a military body from Fort Crook and Creighton university and Omaha high school cadets, marched, despite the rain which was then falling, north in Tenth street to Farlam, and then went to the court house. They were met there by great crowds of Omahans, who packed the building. Red Cross women were on hand and furnished a light luncheon.

Following the luncheon the various members of the party were taken in automobiles for a short sight-seeing tour of the city, including Fort Omaha. Following this trip, many of the men repaired to the Young Men's Christian association and to a welcome dip in the big tank. The dinner at the Chamber of Commerce followed.

The 336 Belgian officers and troops, guests of Omaha Thursday, now being transported from San Francisco to an Atlantic port, are what is left of a regiment of automobile cannon and automobile machine gun troops that joined the Russian troops by way of Archangel late in 1915. They are fine examples of the soldiers of the Belgian army, many of the most prominent families of that stricken country being represented, not only among the officers, but the enlisted men as well.

They fought with the Russian armies against the central powers for some time before Czar Nicholas was overthrown, and then with the revolutionary troops until the Russians signed a German peace. How well

they fought and with what credit to the fair name of Belgium, is shown by the decorations they wear. One of the most gallant deeds was that of Jacques de Becker-Remy, a private in the First battery, a brave soldier beloved by all. In action with his armored automobile, in the midst of enemy fire he left his car to attach a cable to a Belgian automobile rendered helpless by reason of damage to its forward deck. He was killed in the course of this operation, during which he performed an act of sublime heroism. In memory of his gallant service his name remains on the roll of his battery, and when his name is called, his comrades respond: "Killed on the field of honor at Verobievka."

After the betrayal of the Russian people through the agents of Germany the usefulness of these Belgians in Russia was at an end and they made their way through many dangers and in spite of the hindrance of the bolsheviki and the plots of German spies through Russia and Siberia to Vladivostok, where they embarked for San Francisco, arriving at the Golden Gate May 12.

From Omaha the party went to Des Moines, where they will be entertained today. From Des Moines they go to Chicago and thence to several cities in the east.

# Government Will Reduce Price of Coal to Public

Washington, May 23.—Government fixed prices of coal to the public will be reduced soon as a result of an agreement reached to day between the fuel and railroad administration under which the railroads will pay more for fuel than they have paid in the past.

# House Votes for Nation-Wide Prohibition During the War

Washington, May 23.—Dry forces in the house today won a second skirmish in favor of national prohibition during the war when by a vote of 178 to 137 an amendment was adopted refusing any of the \$11,346,400 appropriation in the food production bill until President Wilson issues a proclamation prohibiting the use of food in the manufacture of intoxicants.

# Colonel Hodges Awarded Highest Honor in Britain

American Headquarters on the British Front, May 23.—Colonel J. N. Hodges, of the American engineer corps, has been awarded the British distinguished service order in recognition of his services during the period from March 27 to April 3, while the British were stemming the tide of the German offensive begun March 21.

# Presbyterians to Meet in St. Louis Next Year

Columbus, O., May 23.—The general assembly of the Presbyterian church in the United States of America today voted to hold its 1919 convention in St. Louis.

# May Form Irish Army.

London, May 23.—Part of the plan for voluntary recruiting in Ireland, the Dublin correspondent of the Daily News says he learns, probably will involve formation of Irish brigades or Irish divisions.



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# LATE WAR BULLETINS

London, May 23.—Heavy artillery fighting in the Acre valley southeast of Lens and in the Flanders salient is reported in today's official statement.

# British Fire Barracks.

Washington, May 23.—British aviators, who bombarded the Austrian aerial station and the submarine base at Cattaro on May 20, fired one bullet near the jetty and also set fire to the barracks, said a dispatch today from Rome.

"Notwithstanding the intense artillery fire and the attack of enemy destroyers," said the dispatch, "the British airplanes all re-entered their base safely."

# German Raid Fails.

Paris, May 23.—There was intermittent shelling south of the River Acre, on the Amiens front, the War office announced today. A German raid on French positions in the Bois Mongival failed. French detachments patrolling in the Champagne brought in a number of prisoners and some war material.

BEST WAY TO SAVE WHEAT IS TO EAT POST TOASTIES

Only way some folks like corn—says Bobby

# White Guard and Germans Execute 1,752 in Finland

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Bee Want Ads Are Business Boosters.