

GERMANS FAIL AT AMIENS

OMAHA GIRDS LOINS IN MIGHTY EFFORT TO PUT ACROSS LIBERTY LOAN

Leaders of Drive Confident Gate-City Will Oversubscribe Quota Long Before Time Barrier Falls; Everyone Will Be Given Chance to Help Finance Uncle Sam.

Omaha today fixed bayonets for a mighty charge "over the top" in the four weeks' drive for the third Liberty loan, which started yesterday morning.

POINT TO PAST. Omaha has four full weeks in which to pledge its quota, but the superb success of the Gate City in previous campaigns and drives makes leaders in this, the third Liberty loan campaign, confident that the quota will be oversubscribed long before the time barrier falls.

Active solicitation does not start in Omaha until Thursday, but the banks began to receive subscriptions when they opened for business Monday morning. Solicitors begin their work Thursday morning and it is the hope of the campaign leaders that each person in the city will personally solicit subscribers to the war credit.

TAKE LONGER TIME. "All Omaha is to be given a chance to subscribe to the third Liberty loan," said T. C. Byrne, chairman of the Liberty loan committee. "The committee was confident that a mass meeting could have been held at the Chamber of Commerce at noon and Omaha's quota subscribed by the big business houses in less than an hour, but we concluded to take a little longer time and give all a chance to buy a bond."

Sale of bonds started Monday morning, when bonds were placed on sale in the banks of the city, in the lobbies of the hotels and in the Liberty loan bank erected on the court house sidewalk.

A meeting of the captains of the selling force under Franklin Mann was held at the Chamber of Commerce at noon, when the plan of campaign was outlined and the various teams put to work. Mr. Mann is chairman of the selling committee. This committee will each night move the tanks which will mark the progress of the campaign in the city. This is the tank which moves west on Farnam street.

Tanks Slow Progress. The tank representing the progress of the sales throughout the state will be moved east on Farnam street from Twenty-sixth street. Tuesday it will be moved by the Associated Retailers, Wednesday by the Rotary club, Thursday by the Women's Liberty loan committee, Friday by the Boy Scouts and Saturday by the South Side cowboys from the stock yards.

Because he built the two war tanks for the parade when he had to hobble about on crutches, Gus Rehze was permitted to buy the first bond. He bought it for his little son.

Anticipate Bigger Sale. "This issue of bonds is going to sell faster and easier than either of the previous issues," declared A. L. Schantz, president of the State Bank of Omaha. "I was convinced of this fact by the way people came into the bank Saturday and Monday morning and asked if they could have \$50 or \$100 worth of bonds. This was something new, as on the previous issues we had to solicit the sales. We look for a bigger sale than on the other two issues."

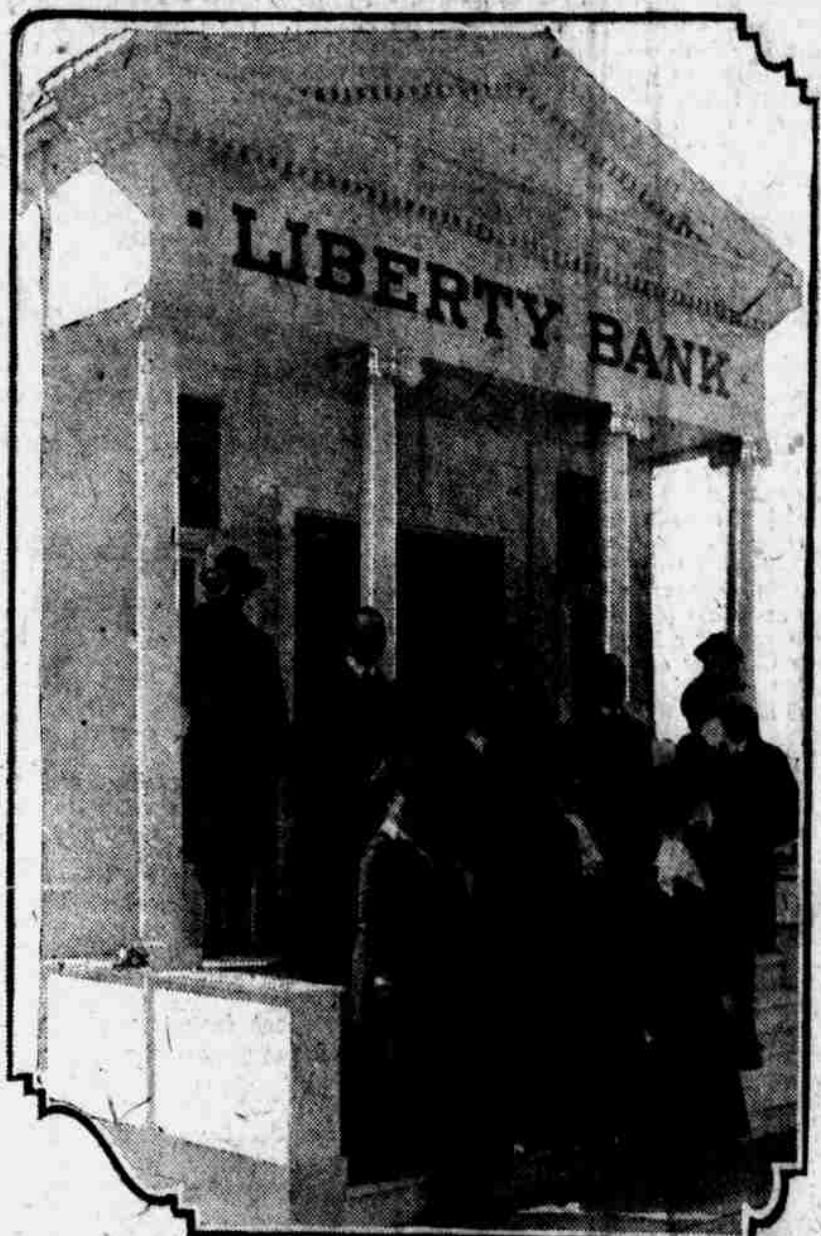
Auto Crash Near Strong. Geneva, Neb., April 8.—(Special.)—At 12 o'clock last night a car without lights ran into a buggy driven by Mr. Wells of Chelsea, near Strang. The boys in the car were Harry Rocolo, Emmet Day and Jack Jeffrey of Geneva. The last named seriously hurt, the other three severely cut and bruised.

The Weather

Table with weather data for Nebraska, including temperature, wind, and precipitation for various locations.

Table with comparative local record weather data for Omaha, including highest and lowest temperatures, mean temperature, and precipitation.

Brisk Sale of Bonds Marks Opening of Liberty Bank



Official opening of the Liberty bank erected by the National League for Woman's Service on the lawn of the court house for the sale of Liberty bonds took place Monday at noon. Mayor Dahlman made the opening address.

Mrs. E. E. Stanfield, regent of the Major Isaac Sadler chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution, purchased the first bond. It was a \$50 bond for the chapter. Mrs. Milton Barlow made the sale. Edward Porter Peck was the second in line. He bought \$50,000 worth of bonds for the Omaha Elevator company. Mrs. L. J. Healey made the sale. Mrs. Peck is a member of the board of directors of the League. M. G. Ruzicka bought the third bond and Miss Edna LaBell the fourth one sold by the women.

William Anderson, 1831 North Twenty-second street, 14-year-old colored boy, was one of the early applicants for bonds. He wanted to buy a \$35 bond, and had brought with him \$15 to pay the first installment.

When he was told there were no bonds for less than \$50 he was greatly disappointed. Mrs. William Archibald Smith suggested that he buy war savings stamps. William said he already owned two books of them and nothing would do him but to own a bond. The saleswoman tried to help him plan a way to save so much a month and buy on the installment plan. He went smiling to ask his mother what she thought of that plan. Buglers from the Forty-first infantry at Fort Crook sounded the call for the formal opening. The Liberty bell rang from the top of the miniature structure, which is a replica of the United States treasury at Washington.

T. C. Byrne and E. F. Folda conducted the opening ceremony. The General Williams now in France Ordered Home

Washington, April 8.—Brigadier General C. Williams, ordnance officer of the American expeditionary forces, today was ordered to Washington to relieve Brigadier General Charles B. Wheeler, acting chief of ordnance, who will go to France as ordnance officer with General Pershing. This is in line with the recently announced policy of the War department to give general officers on duty here a tour of service in France to familiarize them with actual conditions at the front.

Governor Neville Signs Soldier Voting Bill

Lincoln, Neb., April 8.—(Special.)—The bill recently passed by the legislature giving the right to vote by mail at general elections to all Nebraskans in the military and naval services of the United States with the exception of those who were in the regular army prior to the national emergency, was signed today by Governor Keith Neville.

Commerce High Pupils Patrol Polling Places to Boost Bonds

"Voter, will you vote for the school bonds?" At a mass meeting of school students Monday morning the boys and girls were assigned to different polling places for Tuesday. School will be closed to permit them to serve. The students will rotate in hours of service so that no poll will be abandoned during voting hours. Attention is called to the fact that women may vote in the school bond election—that is, if they own property or have children of school age. Commercial High school teachers are 100 per cent in the third Liberty loan drive. At a five-minute meeting Monday morning every teacher subscribed, the total running up to \$3,000. The students will buy a \$100 bond for the school.

EXTRA SESSION OF LEGISLATURE COMES TO AN END

House and Senate Reach Agreement on Alien Voting Bill and Potash Measure and Then Adjourn.

(From a Staff Correspondent.) Lincoln, April 8.—(Special Telegram.)—The special session of the legislature is a thing of the past. Quite unexpectedly the dove of peace flew along the dark corridor of the state house this afternoon about 4 o'clock, dropping an olive branch and at 5:30 sharp the gavel fell in each house.

Resolutions were passed expressing confidence in the president of the United States and over in the senate. Senator Moriarty of Douglas in behalf of the senate thanked the presiding officer for his fairness and general good judgement. Lieutenant Governor Howard responded accepting the good wishes of the senators saying it had been a trying session but there no hard feelings were left, he believed.

Then led by McAllister, O'Berlies and Hager, the senate and galleries sang "America." The University Place high school which was in the gallery in response to an invitation sang "Keep the Home Fires Burning." Senate then adjourned.

The house finished business at the same hour, passing resolutions and expressions of pleasure that the session had been passed so pleasantly.

How Bills Were Fixed. The two bills responsible for the dead-lock were put through. The potash bill was finally put back in the form in which it first went on the rocks, leaving the validating of leases to the state board of educational lands while the alien voting bill was amended to allow those to vote who are citizens of the United States. That is all there is to it. The attempt to give declarator voters two years in which to complete their citizenship was cut out. The bill is in the nature of an amendment to the constitution and will be submitted to the voters at the next general election.

Paris Jewelers Sell Pearls To Germans Through Swiss

Paris, April 8.—Nearly 100,000 franc worth of pearls have been sold in Germany through agents in Switzerland of Parisian jewelers, according to a Geneva dispatch to the Petit Journal. The Germans sought, and, but for the action of the French judicial authorities, would have succeeded in cornering the Paris and London market in pearls after the war.

The clandestine trading, the dispatch adds, has been going on unhindered since early in 1915. All intermediaries are said to have been known to the Swiss police, who were astonished at the ease with which they were able to purchase stones in Paris. A Paris dispatch on April 5 said that eighteen diamond dealers were under prosecution on charges of trading with the enemy. They were said to have sold precious stones to Germans through Swiss agents.

Bryan Must Tell of Book Before Frisco Examiner

San Francisco, Calif., April 8.—William Jennings Bryan has been served with a subpoena calling him to testify for the defense in the trial here of a group of Hindus, and others charged with conspiring in the United States to rule India, and the former secretary of state will arrive Thursday. A Paris dispatch received today by United States Marshal James B. Holohan from the United States marshal at Topeka, Kan.

The subpoena was served upon Bryan at Little Rock, Ark., according to the telegram. "He will be asked concerning his book, 'British Rule in India' and also concerning certain phases of the Indian question that came up during his tenure as secretary of state," it was said by the Hindu defendants who were active in obtaining the subpoena announced today.

Races Not Mixed

Washington, April 8.—Reports of indiscriminate mixing of white and negro soldiers at Camp Pike, Arkansas, were declared by War department officials today to be unfounded.

James Seeks Re-Election

Washington, April 8.—Senator Ollie M. James of Kentucky today announced his candidacy for re-election, subject to action at the democratic primaries in Kentucky next August.

Robert Cowell Endorses Candidacy of Zimman

To the Voter: Many tickets will be presented to the voter at the primaries on Tuesday. I have been asked for an expression regarding the qualifications of Harry B. Zimman, one of the candidates.

I have known Harry since his boyhood, have the utmost confidence in his honesty and integrity. He has been a student of government and municipal affairs for many years. His record as councilman and acting mayor was very creditable. No suspicion attached to him of any kind. Competent, attentive to his duties, and in my judgment, absolutely reliable. I am glad to commend him to the voters, feeling sure that a cross for Zimman will be a vote well placed. Respectfully, (Signed) ROBERT COWELL.

Horrors! Eight Chickens Killed by Hun Gun

Paris, April 8.—The official announcement yesterday that no casualties resulted from that day's bombardment of Paris by the Germans, says the Petit Parisien, was not in strict accordance with the facts. It affirms that there were victims—eight chickens.

FRENCH IRON WALL HOLDS BIG DRIVE AGAINST RAILWAY

British Score Advance on Southern Bank of Somme; Artillery Duels on All Fronts Presage Fresh Attacks; Teutons' Losses Fearful in Push on Mont Renaud.

With the French Army in France, Sunday, April 7.—Twenty-five divisions have been used by the Germans in the last four days in efforts to break through the French line and reach the railroad running south from Amiens. All attacks have been checked by the wonderful resistance of the French, some of whom were thrown into the line as soon as they arrived on the battlefield.

The Germans are obtaining only insignificant results in their attempts to advance, considering the number of troops engaged, as the German force is at least three times as great as the number of French defenders.

CHEERFULNESS OF FRENCH. The cheerfulness and confidence with which the French troops go into action is remarkable. They feel they are better than the enemy and make light of the German superiority in numbers. The French command continues to work on the principle of using the smallest possible number of troops to stay the German rush, thus retaining the reserves for possible attacks some place else.

CAVALRYMEN OF BRITISH PROVE WONDERFUL AID

Dashing English Dragons Tear Open Wide Gaps in German Ranks; Dismounted Riders Hold Line.

With the British Army in France, April 8.—No finer chapter has been provided from the story of the British defense since the German offensive began than that furnished by the cavalry.

Never during the present war had horsemen been given the chance which they had in this more or less open warfare, and they made the most of it. They have been here, there and everywhere, filling in gaps, strengthening the lines and covering the retreat of infantry. Their work has been brilliant and they thoroughly enjoyed every minute of it, despite the grueling engagements.

The correspondent saw long lines of cavalry on the road yesterday. They were battle worn and plainly showed the marks of hard fighting. More than one trooper led a riderless horse. But the men's heads were defiant and their lances described defiant circles, while the horses cavorted as though they, too, were ready for more trouble.

Back Up Infantry

In the first three days of the German drive the cavalry fought mostly on foot and did valuable work. It was dismounted cavalry that held the Ollezy-Ham line on March 22 while the infantry withdrew. One party of dragoons was cut off for a night, during which they were out in the open battling for their lives. Finally they cut their way through the German lines at Jussy by main force.

On the 23d the cavalry came into its own, for the horses were brought forward and the troopers began a series of spectacular feats. When Noyon was first threatened, cavalry was sent to hold the line of the Oise west of the town.

The British infantry was forced to fall back on the 26th and the cavalry was pulled back also with the intention of occupying the ridge near the (Continued on Page Two, Column Five.)

SPEED SHOWN BY U. S. CAUSING FOE TO ALTER IDEAS

Washington, April 8.—Word that American reinforcements are moving to the support of the allies in Picardy, has revived argument in Germany over the efficacy of the submarine and drawn from Captain Persius, military critic of the Berliner Tageblatt, the comment that, after being persuaded to under-estimate America, German opinion is undergoing a change.

An official dispatch from Skitzerland today reviewing the latest discussion quotes Captain Persius as follows: "We were at first a good deal persuaded to under estimate the participation of America in the war. We begin now to note a change of opinion. It is beyond a doubt that it would be well to curb at the present time, these more or less fantastic vagaries of persons discussing the submarine war. We cannot for the moment estimate what the United States will have ready the millions of men her population will permit her to raise, but it is certain America will, in the very near future, succeed in amassing armies which, in any case, will constitute a serious menace to our enemies."

Captain Persius concludes by saying that America is preparing for a war of long duration.

Envoy to U. S. Delayed

Buenos Aires, April 8.—Dr. Pardo, Spanish ambassador to the United States, is a prisoner of war. He is being held in Germany.