

TEUTONS WAR ON RUSS; PEACE PARLEY ENDED

AMERICA TO SUPPRESS I. W. W.'S; WILL DEPORT ALL SUSPECTED ALIENS

Secretary Wilson Launches Vigorous Campaign Against Sabotage and Lawlessness Now Prevalent in Northwest; Will Take Strong Measures to Bring About Order in Every Industry.

By Associated Press.

Washington, March 2.—A vigorous policy for the suppression of anarchists, and all who advocate sabotage and other forms of lawlessness, was announced by Secretary Wilson in orders to immigration officials in the northwest to proceed immediately to arrest aliens guilty of spreading such doctrines. Even though they may not commit any overt act, they will be detained and deported.

JAIL AWAITS THEM.

The secretary's action was in answer to requests from employers and civic organizations of Seattle, and other cities that the department undertake the wholesale internment of Industrial Workers of the World, who were blamed for industrial unrest, particularly in the logging camps. Mr. Wilson held that membership in the Industrial Workers of the World organization was not in itself cause for arrest, or deportation, but that alien industrial workers, or any other aliens, who preach overthrow of the government by force, or who are in any other manner subject themselves to deportation, under the immigration laws, should be taken into custody at once.

"JOHNNY" LYNCH IS OUSTED FROM OFFICE BY SEARS

District Judge Enters Order After Denying Convicted County Commissioner's Motion for New Trial.

"Johnny" Lynch, convicted county commissioner, was ousted from office at 9:20 a. m. by Judge Willis G. Sears in district court after motion by Lynch's attorney for a new trial was denied.

The ouster order was based upon the verdict of "guilty on all counts" returned by the jury in the ouster suit brought by Sheriff Clark. The court's order recites that Lynch has been found guilty of "official corruption, oppression and maladministration in office" and declares his place upon the Board of County Commissioners vacant.

Lynch's application for permission to file a supersedeas bond, which would allow him to hold office pending an appeal to the supreme court, also was denied. The ouster order takes effect immediately. Lynch is no longer county commissioner of Douglas county.

Board is Notified.

A certified copy of the court's order removing Lynch from office was sent to Election Commissioner Moorhead with instructions to enter the order on the election books. The Board of County Commissioners will be notified that a vacancy exists in that body.

Lynch's attorneys are given 40 days in which to file a bill of exceptions if they desire to appeal from the order of the court.

"We do not know whether we will appeal or not," said J. A. C. Kennedy, representing Lynch. "That is a question Mr. Lynch will decide. It is possible we will advise him, but we will want to study the question before deciding what action to take."

The motion for a new trial was submitted to the court without argument and the ruling accepted without comment on the part of the attorneys. Attorneys Rose and Kennedy appeared for Lynch and Howell and Baker for Sheriff Clark.

Lynch Pays Costs.

The ouster judgment orders Lynch to pay the court costs expended in bringing the suit against him. This does not include Sheriff Clark's attorneys' fees, however.

"I don't feel like kicking a man when he's down," said Sheriff Clark, when notified the ouster order had been given. "I acted in good faith in (Continued on Page Two, Column Four.)"

Iowa Town to Honor Soldier Who Died Fighting in France

Helmer Reyelt was the Iowa soldier killed in action on the western front February 26. He was in a gas attack.

Young Reyelt was a son of Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Reyelt of Harlan, Ia. He enlisted in Omaha in June, 1917, and was assigned to duty at Camp Bliss, Tex. He was among the first to "go over."

He is survived by his father and mother and two sisters. His father is a well-known Harlan business man. Harlan is planning a memorial service in honor of its first soldier hero to give his life fighting in France.

Liberty Plane Flies 140

Miles an Hour on Test

Buffalo, N. Y., March 2.—The first important test of the Liberty 12-cylinder airplane motor fitted to a combination of the Bristol and the Curtiss type biplanes will be made today.

The speed of the biplane, estimated at 140 miles an hour, exceeds that of any airplane made heretofore in the United States.

Major Davis of the British flying corps probably will pilot the machine.



U.S. LEADS WORLD IN COMMERCIAL EXPERTS ABROAD

Work of Representatives of State Department in Searching for Tonnage Will Help Materially After War.

(By Associated Press.)

Washington, March 2.—In its search for ship tonnage to aid in defeating the central powers the United States is building up the largest force of commercial experts which ever has been stationed in foreign countries.

Primarily the work of the commercial representatives of the State department, the Department of Commerce and the aW Trade board will have to do with the war, but in co-operation with the government and business leaders of other nations, they will spread a knowledge of American products and trade ideals that officials expect will increase America's commerce after the war.

Completion of the foreign staff of the aW Trade board is being pushed as rapidly as possible, it was said today, so that early results may be had from the government's decision to put every available ship to war purposes by restricting trade to necessities. The State department also is sending special representatives to countries which will be affected by the licensing of imports into the United States and commercial attaches of the Department of Commerce are assisting in the work.

Much Work Ahead.

The War Trade board experts will have three principal duties. To prevent goods reaching Germany and to release as much tonnage as possible. They now have been stationed in London, Paris, Bern, Scandinavia, Rio Janeiro, Buenos Aires and Tokio.

Estimates of the tonnage expected to be put into trans-Atlantic service by restricting trade with South America and the far east, are being guarded closely by the shipping board and war trade board as likely to be of military value to the enemy, in indicating the size of the army which this country hoped to put in Europe.

SWISS ROILED BY SINKING OF SPANISH SHIP

Paris, March 2.—A Spanish ship which had been chartered by Switzerland and was conveying 3,000 tons of wheat from America to Europe has been torpedoed and sunk, according to a dispatch from Bern to the Petit Parisien.

The sinking, the Bern advises, was contrary to the solemn undertakings entered into by Germany.

The news has had a strong effect on political circles in Bern.

U. S. TROOPS KILL 12 MEXICANS IN BORDER BATTLE

Raiders Cross Rio Grande on Hunt for Cattle and Fire on Patrol Sent to Guard Ranch.

BULLETIN.

Marfa, Tex., March 2.—Twelve Mexicans were killed and several were wounded when a band of 30 Mexicans fired on American cavalry detachment in command of Captain Kramer Thomas.

The Mexicans opened fire while a party between the leader of the bandits and Captain Thomas was in progress on the American bank of the Rio Grande near Sierra Altom south of Sierra Blanca.

Private Mallack was cut on the face by fragments of stone thrown by Mexican bullets, but no other American was wounded.

The bandits had crossed the river, raided A. P. Neighbor's ranch and killed three cows. Captain Thomas went to investigate, taking a detachment of cavalry.

The party followed during which the bandits maneuvered for a flank attack on the cavalry detachment, firing as they rode. Captain Thomas ordered his men to fire.

Twelve Mexicans fell dead. The remaining members of the band carried off their wounded to the hills. The fight was reported to Colonel George T. Langhorne, who rushed reinforcements to the scene and prepared for another clash at some point along the border.

AUTO BANDITS HELD FOR MURDER OFFRANK ROONEY

The five auto bandits held for the district court on a charge of murdering Detective Frank Rooney in a gun battle at the Kirk bungalow, where they were cornered after a daring daylight jewelry store robbery, were arraigned before District Judge Redick in criminal court Saturday morning and held for trial.

The five men, Burl C. Kirk, Frank Martin, Thomas McKay, Harry Williams and Samuel Stone, each pleaded "not guilty" to the charge of murdering Detective Rooney.

At their request they are to be given separate trials. The first man will be tried under the next jury panel, trial to begin March 12 by agreement between the attorneys for state and defense. It has not been decided which bandit will stand trial first.

ALLIANCE HEAD SAYS POLICY OF SOCIETY IS O. K.

Defends German-American Body as Having Right to Mix in Politics Where Teuton Language Forbidden.

(By Associated Press.)

Washington, March 2.—Members of state organizations, affiliated with the National German-American alliance, defended the alliance against charges of disloyalty today before a senate sub-committee and maintained the right of state alliances to political activity. The committee is holding a hearing on the bill by Senator King of Utah, to revoke the charter of the alliance and close the affairs of its state organization.

Theodore Sutro of New York, former president of the New York state alliance, disclaimed responsibility of the organization for utterances of individual members and repudiated statements of Dr. C. J. Hexamer of Philadelphia, former president.

Society Heads Foolish. "Presidents of societies are often very foolish," Mr. Sutro declared, when asked by Senator King if he approved an utterance attributed to Dr. Hexamer in a speech in Milwaukee in 1915, that the alliance was of such political power that it could dominate communities where it was well organized.

Pro-German articles appearing in the official bulletin of the alliance were repudiated by Sutro, who declared the alliance should not be held to account for what appeared in the publication.

"We are at war against German war and not against German peace and German achievements," Mr. Sutro said. He added that he did not subscribe to the German view of large standing armies, nor did he believe in the idea of non-assimilation of German immigrants. However, he thought it improper for Americans to ask persons of German birth to deny their ancestry.

Defends Alliance.

It is proper for the organization to declare itself in political affairs, he asserted, and he expressed the belief that it was not improper for the organization to oppose and aid in defeating prohibition in the several states. He also did not believe it improper for the organization in local communities to oppose candidates for school boards who did not favor teaching German, because he believed it advantageous to students to have knowledge of two languages.

GERMAN HORDES WITHIN 80 MILES OF PETROGRAD; ORAH IS THREATENED

Bolsheviki Prepares to Battle Enemy Advance; Destroys Bridges, Roads and Railways and Musters New Army; Japan Said to Be Ready to Land Troops in Siberia.

(By Associated Press.)

Peace negotiations between the Germans and the bolshevik government have been broken off again.

Resumption of the German forward movement and the fact that the Russian peace emissaries have asked that a train under military guard be sent to meet them near Pskov indicate that Teutonic aggression has not yet been satiated.

TO RESIST INVADERS.

The bolsheviks are making strenuous preparations to meet the German advance and Premier Lenin is sending forth proclamations urging all Russians to save the revolution.

Moscow and the interior of Russia have declared against a separate peace and the local councils in the interior are making ready to resist the invaders.

Belated dispatches from Petrograd say the bolsheviks are destroying strategic railways, bridges and roads and are sending large forces to the fighting front.

The Germans are said to be within 80 miles of Petrograd on the southwest and are approaching Oraha, on the same meridian of longitude as Petrograd and 300 miles west of Moscow. Vitebsk, 75 miles north of Oraha, also is threatened.

JAPAN AND SIBERIA.

No decision has yet been reached as to Japanese intervention in Siberia. Negotiations between the allied governments are proceeding.

According to a London report, Japan has been requested to do all that is necessary to guard allied interests in the far east. This has not been confirmed officially.

In the Ukraine the advance of the Germans and Austrians, who now have joined their ally in driving the bolsheviks from the new republic, goes on rapidly.

Kiev, the capital, which has been in bolshevik control, is in danger. Vienna reports the surrender of 10,000 Russians and the capture of much war material and railway rolling stock.

American soldiers on the firing line in France have met the famous German "shock troops" for the first time and have outfought them. In two sectors—northwest of Toul and along the Chemin-des-Dames—the Germans failed in attempts to penetrate the positions held by the Americans.

On West Front.

The fight northwest of Toul resulted in a desperate hand-to-hand struggle. The Germans reached the American lines only to be driven back with heavy losses. The dead were found in the American trenches and many enemy bodies were scattered over No Man's land.

An American captain, a West Point graduate of 1917, was killed in a gallant exploit. When the Germans reached the American positions he led a party out in front of the wire entanglements and attacked the enemy from the rear as they retreated.

The French in Champagne have been hotly engaged with the Germans. After being repulsed in attacks southwest of the Butte du Mesnil, the enemy attacked again and obtained a footing in part of the sector from which he was driven by the French more than two weeks ago and which he has been trying to regain since then. The artillery battle on the Champagne front has been of great intensity.

CUT PASSENGER TRAIN SERVICE ON LINES IN WEST

Washington, March 2.—Passenger train service in the west will be reduced one-third or more by a rearrangement of schedules to be announced shortly by Director General McAdoo.

Scores of trains on competing lines leaving and arriving at terminals about the same time will be eliminated. Unnecessary trains on many western lines are to be taken off and the locomotives and crews used for essential freight service.

There is no thought, however, of making a few western lines the principal passenger carriers, as contemplated in the east. Officials also stated that the reduction in schedules will not result in any serious inconvenience to passengers.

The curtailment which has been under consideration for several weeks by Gertrude Fort, passenger traffic director for the railroad administration, will be effective from the Mississippi river to the Pacific coast. In much of this territory traffic is comparatively light and by a reduction of the number of trains railroad administration officials believe they can save many millions of dollars and still provide ample facilities for all through travel to the coast.

MAKE BEST OF MACHINERY FARM LABOR IS LACKING

Lincoln, March 2.—(Special.)—The committee on farm power and machinery of the Nebraska State Council of Defense reports there will be a great shortage of farm labor in Nebraska this year. To meet this contingency the committee recommends:

Use two-row listers, two-row cultivators, and gang or triple-bottom plows.

Plow early in fall.

Encourage men who have retired from the farm in very good physical condition to return and assist as much as possible.

Order repairs at once, especially for machines several years old.

Request dealers to send in repair orders as soon as they receive them.

There will be a shortage of wagons and trucks. Repair the old ones whenever possible.

Encourage men who have retired from the farm in very good physical condition to return and assist as much as possible.

Leon W. Chase is chairman and other members are W. D. Hosford, J. M. Elwell, E. B. Lewis, W. P. Snyder, W. J. Thorpe and Charles Warner.



HELMER REYELT.

The Weather

For Nebraska—Fair.

5 a. m.	25
6 a. m.	25
7 a. m.	25
8 a. m.	25
9 a. m.	25
10 a. m.	25
11 a. m.	25
12 m.	25
1 p. m.	25
2 p. m.	25
3 p. m.	25
4 p. m.	25
5 p. m.	25
6 p. m.	25
7 p. m.	25
8 p. m.	25
9 p. m.	25
10 p. m.	25
11 p. m.	25
12 m.	25
Lowest today	25
Mean temperature	25
Precipitation	0.01
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