

Civil Strife in Moscow at End Only After Historic National Shrines Which People of All Classes Adored, Were Reduced to Crumbling Piles

THOUSANDS OF CITIZENS DIE IN THE STREETS

Civil Strife in Ancient Muscovite Capital Results in Great Damage to Kremlin and Beautiful Churches.

(By Associated Press.) London, Nov. 18.—The fighting in Moscow between the Bolsheviks and troops of the provisional government has been far more serious than anything that has occurred in Petrograd, according to dispatches received here from the Russian capital.

The Petrograd correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says he talked with a member of the Moscow city council who came to Petrograd to appeal for help. He was besieged for four days in the council building from which he made his way to the railroad station through the Bolshevik lines. He said the real fighting began on November 10, when the Bolshevik force seized the Kremlin. They were expelled by a party of cadets, who, in their turn, were killed by the Bolsheviks. The revolutionists were again driven from the Kremlin.

Many Citizens Killed. From November 12 onward the dispatch adds the councilmen reported that the military operations were concentrated in the center of the city. The government forces consisted of about 3,000 military cadets. Of the 100,000 soldiers forming the Moscow garrison not more than 15,000 supported the Bolsheviks. Most of the regiments remained in their barracks, but thousands of soldiers escaped from Moscow by train and on foot. The Bolshevik red guard in Moscow was composed mostly of boys from 12 to 18 years old. It had about 15 field guns with which the Kremlin was bombarded.

Three thousand persons, chiefly members of the peaceful population, had been killed or wounded up to Wednesday, the councilman said, and as there was no means of collecting the bodies, they lay for days where they had fallen.

People Terrorized. There had been continual fighting in many parts of the city from windows and roofs, and the population was terrorized and afraid to move. It was impossible to get food supplies to the center of the city.

The National Hotel, where there were many British and French visitors, was under fire for several days and the upper part of the hotel was destroyed by a shell. On Tuesday shells began to fall on the city hall, where the committee on public safety was sitting, and the committee decided to move to the Kremlin. The pavement was dug up and a trench made to insure a safe passage.

Attack Kremlin. When the councilman left Moscow the Kremlin was well defended by machine guns manned by cadets and there was an abundant supply of ammunition and food. A violent bombardment was concentrated on the Kremlin last Wednesday, the day the councilman left Moscow.

Omaha on Honor Roll Of National Bank Cities

Washington, Nov. 18.—The growing security of national banks is shown by a report issued tonight by Comptroller of the Currency Williams, based on an analysis of bank failures in the United States in the 36 years since 1881. Up to 1914 depositors' losses from bank failures amounted to 28 cents per \$1,000 of all banks' deposits. Within the last three years, however, losses have been only 3 1/2 cents per \$1,000 of deposits and in the year ending last June 30 they were only 2 9/10 cents. Deposits last year totaled \$12,769,000,000 and losses were \$369,000.

"This great reduction in losses," says Mr. Williams, "is largely the result of the improved system of national bank examination."

The honor roll of 24 reserve cities in which there have been no national bank failures since 1881 was given by the comptroller as follows:

Albany, Washington, Richmond, Charleston, Atlanta, Savannah, Birmingham, Galveston, Houston, Waco, Chattanooga, Cleveland, Milwaukee, St. Paul, Cedar Rapids, Des Moines, St. Joseph, Omaha, Muskogee, Oklahoma City, Tulsa, Los Angeles, Salt Lake City and Ogden.

New Postmasters. Washington, Nov. 18.—(Special Telegram.)—Alva Fitch has been appointed postmaster at Watertown, Buffalo county, Neb., vice A. Y. Hubbs, resigned; Miss Sarah Harrison at Kent, Union county, Ia., vice Jessie Dowman, resigned.

Further Offensive Movements Are Likely Along British Front In West, Declares Secretary Baker; Germans Are Nervous

American Troops in Front Line Show Themselves Worthy of Best Traditions, Is Assertion of War Chief.

(By Associated Press.) Washington, Nov. 18.—Hardening of the Italian defense and the precision with which British and French reinforcements are being delivered in the Italian war theater, leads Secretary Baker in his weekly war review tonight to contemplate the future in that field with confidence. He points out, however, that the full strength of the Austro-German efforts has not yet been developed.

The only reference to the sector of the western front where American troops occupy first line trenches is that the men have shown themselves worthy of the best traditions of the American army.

"The training of our national army is now progressing rapidly," the statement says. "At all the camps the morale of our new citizen soldiers is reported as excellent."

"The men who have been called upon to defend our country in the present emergency are taking hold of the work in a serious, high minded spirit, which will produce the best results."

Training Goes On.

"The British and French officers who are to assist in instructing our new armies are arriving in large numbers. In France the training of our troops is likewise being carefully continued. In the sector where our forces are in the trenches, they have shown themselves worthy of the best traditions of our armies."

"After the successes gained by the allies in the west during the preceding week, the relative calm of the last seven-day period was to be anticipated."

It is significant, however, that the reaction of the enemy has been relatively slight both in the region north of the Aisne and in Flanders.

"At this season of the year the fog-bound fields of Flanders and bad weather make it difficult to co-ordinate major operations with precision. Nevertheless, artillery preparations are continuing presaging further offensive engagements."

"Destructive hostile artillery fire is noted in the area along the Yser, centering around Dixmude, and the shelling by the enemy increased during the latter part of the week, betraying a decided nervousness on the part of the Germans lest any unexpected offensive action develop."

"Along the French front no engagements of importance are recorded."

Italy Gains Strength.

"The news from Italy is more encouraging. Operations involving the skillful handling of large masses of troops and the reorganization of defensive positions, have been carried out by the Italian armies with energy and courage."

"In all sectors of the Italian theater much hard fighting continues. The enemy along four different lines of attack is endeavoring to outflank and if possible to crush the Italian armies and debouch into the heart of northern Italy."

"While attempting to drive ahead across the Venetian plain, along a broad front, the Austro-German forces have thrown large masses of troops against the Italian defensive positions guarding the Trentino."

"In spite of the intense strain of the engagements the Italian defense is hardening."

Dikes Are Opened.

"Along the Piave and in the region of the Lake of Garda, and along the Brenta, the enemy, while scoring local advantages, is being successfully continued."

"On the lower Piave the hostile attempt to cross the river was partially successful, resulting in the capture of Zenson. The Italians have now opened the dikes in this sector, which will render the enemy advance difficult."

"While it must be acknowledged that the full Austro-German strength in the Trentino has not yet been deployed, nevertheless, the present temper of the Italian armies and the strong allied reinforcements which are arriving in the Italian theater should lead us to contemplate the future with confidence."

The secretary then reviews at length the military situation in Palestine and Mesopotamia. He asserts that the investment of Jerusalem by the British is taking shape, that Jaffa, the principal sea port of Palestine, is under allied gunfire and indicates that its fall is impending, to the great relief of the allied supply lines. That the Turkish forces in Palestine have lost half their effectiveness also is noted.

Mr. Baker concludes with the statement that the situation in Russia continues disturbed.

Uncle Sam Tells Employers Who Have War Orders Protect Workers

(By Associated Press.)

Washington, Nov. 18.—Fair wage scales, reasonable hours and good working conditions are suggested to arsenal commanders and manufacturers executing orders for the bureau of ordnance and quartermaster department of the army in general orders made public tonight by those departments.

Attention is called to the fact that in the haste to deliver needed war materials care must be exercised "lest the safeguards with which the people of this country have sought to protect labor should be unwisely and unnecessarily broken down."

The length of the day's work, it is pointed out, should not exceed the customary hours in the particular establishment or the standard already attained in the industry and in the community. Ten hours is suggested as the maximum for an adult workman, and eight hours per shift in continuous 24 hours work.

Manufacturers are asked to guard against unnecessary time, to give half holidays on Saturdays, to allow all employees at least one day of rest in every seven and to give them all national holidays.

As to negotiations between employer and employee, the department suggests that existing channels should be preserved and new ones opened if required as their need is especially great "in the light of critical points of controversy which may arise in a time like the present."

Efforts should be made to restrict the work of women to eight hours, the statement continues, and employment of women on night work should be prohibited "as a necessary protection, morally and physically."

Where women are employed to do the work heretofore performed by men, it is suggested the standard of wages not be lowered and that the hours be no longer than were those of the men replaced.

Workmen Army Said on Way to Crush Russ 'Reds'

(Continued From Page One.)

There has been no marked violence except against the military cadets, a score of whom were killed. There had been no fighting in Petrograd since Sunday.

Reports from Kiev and other large cities indicate that a new organized resistance against the Bolsheviks is being prepared.

Grand Duke Michael Alexandrovich, the younger brother of the former emperor, is said to have been at Gatchina with Kerensky.

Rail Employes Balk.

Stockholm, Nov. 18.—Petrograd was quiet up to Wednesday evening, according to advices from what are agreed here to be reliable sources. The railway employes were refusing to transport troops for either faction and the food situation in the capital was becoming serious.

There is little definite news from the provinces, but an apparently reliable report said that General Kaledines was assembling an army for the Cossacks.

There has been hard fighting at Moscow, where the only resistance to Lenin came from the cadets and the university students. It is said that efforts are still being made, but with what prospects of success is unknown, to form an exclusively socialist government. M. Tchernoff, who is believed to be with Premier Kerensky, has been suggested among presidential possibilities.

Foreigners Still Safe.

The correspondent talked with an American business man who left Petrograd Wednesday. He reports that no foreigners in the city had been molested and that Nikolai Lenin said to a delegation of foreign diplomats who called on him at the Smolny institute:

"Instructions have been given to treat foreigners with all consideration. They are guests of the republic."

The American traveler characterizes Lenin as a man desiring peace, but said that Leon Trotsky was using violent language and threatening all his opponents with death. Relatively little looting was reported.

Stops Flow of Troops.

London, Nov. 18.—A wireless dispatch from Petrograd today says that General Dukhonin of the Kerensky forces issued the following under date of November 14:

"In view of my ignorance of the place of residence of the chief commander, I have entered temporarily into the post of chief commander. I have directed the stoppage of the further dispatch of troops to Petrograd. At present only transports connected with the necessary military operations are permitted. I make this known for the guidance of all commanders, committees and commissaries."

Moscow Peaceful Again.

The Maximalist commissioners have closed the Russo-Swedish frontier at

Torena, according to the Petrograd correspondents of Reuters Limited, who adds that no one is allowed to pass without special authorization.

Continuing the dispatch says: "Hostilities have ceased in Moscow. Terms were signed whereby the so-called white guard surrenders its arms and the committee on public safety dissolves."

"The Maximalist conditions to consenting to a composite socialist government, include control of the troops in the Petrograd and Moscow districts and the systematic arming of workmen throughout Russia."

"It is reported that troops amounting to an army corps under orders of the army committee, have reached Luga en route to Petrograd to end civil war and the dictatorship of the Maximalists."

"The Ukraine assembly has declared the independence of the Ukraine. It is stated that the Cossacks supporting Premier Kerensky numbered 300."

New Rule in Finland.

Oskari Tokoi, the social democratic leader in Finland and former Finnish premier, is expected to form a new Finnish government on Monday, according to a Haparanda dispatch transmitted by the Exchange Telegraph correspondent at Copenhagen. The Diet will proclaim Finland an independent republic on that day, the dispatch adds.

Plan Socialist Coalition.

Reuter's Petrograd correspondent, telegraphing Sunday, says there has been a special meeting among the Maximalists. The ministers of the interior, agriculture and supplies have resigned, holding that a formation of a coalition socialist government is essential. Several other commissioners, says the correspondent, support their views.

Holland Treaty Denounced.

Amsterdam, Nov. 18.—The foreign minister announces that the Russian provisional government has denounced the commercial treaty of September, 1846, between Holland and Russia.

Charge Crew With Looting Vessel That Saved Them

Juneau, Alaska, Nov. 18.—Captain J. Kolseck of the wrecked steam fishing trawler Manhattan and 27 members of his crew were arrested on charges of looting and wrecking the steamer Al-Ki, when they arrived here Friday on the steamer which found them at sea in small boats.

Six of the Manhattan's crew were missing, but it was believed they had reached shore safely.

Two charges were filed against the men, one accusing them of looting the Al-Ki and the other of rifling the mail bags aboard.

Kansas Drouth Broken.

Topeka, Kan., Nov. 18.—Light rains fell over northwestern Kansas last night, breaking a two months' drouth, according to reports received from Smith Center. Wheat has been suffering from lack of moisture, the reports said.

JAPAN SAYS U. S. WOULD PAY TOO LITTLE FOR SHIPS

Announces Break in Steel Negotiations Long Pending, But Washington Thinks Agreement Will Be Reached.

(By Associated Press.)

Tokio, Saturday, Nov. 17.—In a lengthy statement today the department of communications announces that the negotiations with the United States by which Japan was seeking to have the American embargo on steel raised to a certain extent in Japan's favor, have been broken off, to Japan's regret, because of the differing circumstances in which the two countries are placed.

America's demand for Japanese shipping in return for the concession would virtually destroy Japan's European trade, the statement declares, while the equivalent offered was an inadequate one. Japan's assistance to its allies, the statement points out, cannot reach the extent of infringing upon the necessities to its national existence.

Look for Agreement.

Washington, Nov. 18.—Confidence that negotiations looking to the exchange of American steel for Japanese tonnage will be concluded successfully was expressed by officials here tonight, despite Japan's apparent refusal to sell its ships at the price offered.

The Japanese asked for 300,000 tons of steel, agreeing to charter to the United States an unnamed number of merchant ships. In a counter proposal the United States agreed to release 100,000 tons of steel and offered to purchase outright whatever amount of ship tonnage the Japanese were willing to spare.

Too Great Disparity.

It offered to pay about \$175 a ton for the ships, the valuation the shipping board has placed on American tonnage, and agreed that Japan should be charged no more for its steel than the American government is paying. Since ships are selling in the open market as high as \$300 a ton, the fact that Japan considers the price offered for its ships too low caused little surprise here. Officials who have followed the negotiations said tonight there was little doubt that a satisfactory price would be agreed on.

Bernstorff Letters Play Part in Hindu Revolt Plot

Chicago, Nov. 18.—Joseph W. Noth, who arrived here with documents showing connection with the German secret service, today was said to have made a statement to government officials which will result in his being taken before the grand jury and questioned concerning the Hindu revolt plot, the principals in which will go on trial in San Francisco tomorrow.

The name of Wolfe von Igel, indicted former secretary to Captain Franz von Papen, was linked with Noth's today.

Noth, when faced with his identification card, his serial number and the Wilhelmstrasse and letters signed both by Bernstorff and Baron Kurt von Reisswitz, admitted he formerly had been a member of the German secret police, but denied his connection since the United States entered the war.

One of the mysteries of the evidence against him is a batch of letters signed by Reisswitz and Bernstorff, with certain words cut out, leaving the letters like the perforated rolls of a mechanical piano player.

Noth was born in Baden, Germany, 28 years ago and he was not registered for the draft nor listed as an alien enemy.

Russia's Hour of Trial, But Peace to Come, Says Russian

Spokane, Wash., Nov. 18.—"This is our hour of trial, but Russia will never stop fighting until there is a long and lasting peace," declared Lieutenant Commander Basi Hwoshinsky of the Russian navy at a mass meeting here today. Petrograd was in the hands of traitors, he asserted, but Russia was not out of the war. The true Russian, he said, hated the idea of a separate peace.

WAR FUND DRIVE WINDS UP TODAY OVER NEBRASKA

Cablegram Received From France Tells of Operation of Work Under Fire, Where Men Greatly Pleased.

Today Nebraska's nine-day drive for its share of the \$50,000,000 Young Men's Christian association war fund will end. The state campaign office was closed all day yesterday.

Out in the state workers were busy attending meetings, conducting mass meetings and in other ways getting ready for today. All were instructed to make no reports yesterday, but to reserve them for today.

Nebraska has consistently held its place among the other states since the campaign started. The first day this state was 15th in its totals in the list of states, and since that time has not dropped below that place. Saturday night's report of \$293,100 holds good this morning.

Local Young Men's Christian association workers received copies of a cablegram from E. C. Carter, national secretary, representing the war council in France, which stated that the Young Men's Christian association workers there are already operating under shell fire at principal cities of the American army in France, which, he states, is inadequately furnished with men, money, supplies and transport lines. More money is needed or thousands of American soldiers will be turned away from the triangle huts during the coming cold weather.

A wire was received from the central department at Chicago stating that \$14,522,263 had already been turned in at headquarters. States which have exceeded their quota are Colorado, Illinois, Iowa, Kentucky, Missouri, Nebraska, Ohio and South Dakota.

Jordan Says Full Speed Ahead With War Program

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 18.—David Starr Jordan, chancellor of Leland Stanford, Jr., university, and for many years a leader in the peace movement in this country, declared in a sermon at the Boylston Avenue Unitarian church here today that it was plainly a man's duty to go "full speed ahead" with the present war program.



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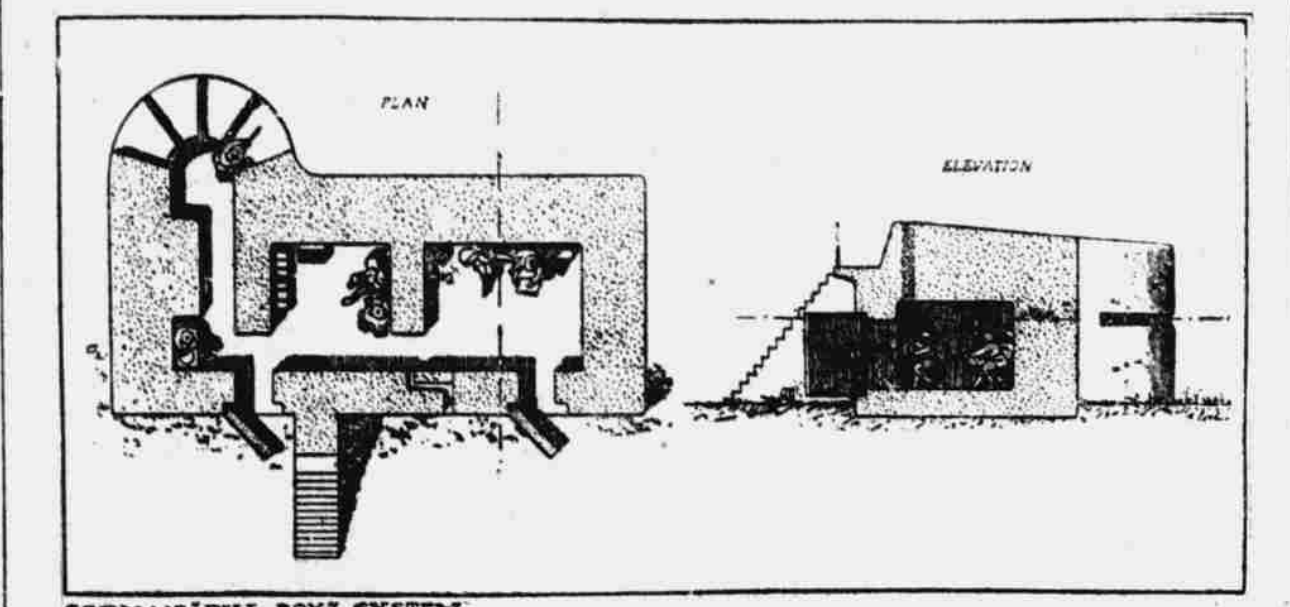
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- Modern Furn. Co.
- Moran, Jas.
- Nabraska Furniture Co.
- Nichols-Hew. Co.
- O. K. Hew. Co.
- Orchard & Wilhelm Co.
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- Simpson-Hew. Co.
- Standard Furn. Co.
- Star Furn. Co.
- Sturgeon-Hew. Co.
- Tanner-Hew. Co.
- Union Outfitting Co.
- Valone, E.
- Western Furn. Co.
- Wittler, Jas.
- Wieg, G. & Son.
- Wing, F. & Son.
- Young & Henderson.

How Von Hindenburg's 'Pill Box' System Along British Flanders Front Organized



The Germans in Flanders, abandoning intricate trench structure for purposes of defense as inadequate before the terrific British and French heavy gunfire, devised what has now come to be known as the "pill box," or concrete and steel shelter and outpost defenses, armed with machine guns. A typical "pill box" is shown in the illustration, with its ground plan and elevation. This was situated near Bixchoote, north of Ypres, on the part of the Flanders line recently marking the French advance beyond Bixchoote.

Doll Coupon

TEN DOLLS will be given free to the ten little girls under 12 years of age that bring or mail us the largest number of doll coupons cut out of The Bee, before 4 P. M., Saturday, November 24th. This coupon will be printed in every edition of The Bee until then. Ask everybody you know to save doll coupons for you. You can win one of these dollies if you really want to. Will you try? We want every little girl in Omaha and vicinity to have one of these beautiful dolls.

- You can leave the coupons and get your dolly at The Bee branch office nearest you.
- Ames Office, 4110 N. 24th St.
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- Vinton Office, 1715 Vinton St.
- South Side Office, 2318 N. St.
- Council Bluffs Office, 14 N. Main St.
- Benson Office, Military Ave. and Main St.

STOP THIEF!



LIST & DISCRIP-TION OF CARS STOLEN IN OMAHA

Car, Haynes 6, Touring 1916. Engine No. 11,894. License 31,272. Color, Haynes Green. Tires, right front new Mohawk; right rear, U. S. Nobby tread; left rear, Goodrich Non-Skid; left front, old U. S. Divided front seats, spot light, curtains on all doors, new appearance. Stolen Nov. 16, from 3022 Marcy St.

Owner—Dr. Jas. A. Graham, 3022 Marcy St.

STOLEN—Silvertown Cord Tire, 36x4 1/2, No. 63,249,386. Owner—B. P. BILLINGS.