



U.S. AND JAPAN REACH AGREEMENT ON CHINA

CANADIANS STRIKE AGAIN ON FLANDERS FRONT; ITALY OFFENSIVE IS RESUMED

British Launch Second Attack on Germans Northwest of Ypres; Foe Trenches Taken; Invaders Drive Italians to Secondary Defenses Behind the Tagliamento River.

BULLETINS.

Berlin, Nov. 6.—The supplementary statement issued from general headquarters this evening says that the Teutonic forces have crossed the Tagliamento river along the whole front. It adds that pursuit of the retreating Italians is progressing.

British Front in Belgium, Nov. 6.—The Canadians in today's drive against the German lines have advanced about 800 yards beyond the center of Passchendaele, having battled their way to their final marks. A considerable number of prisoners already have reached the cages.

London, Nov. 6.—The British attacked this morning on the Flanders front, in the neighborhood of Passchendaele. The war office reports that satisfactory progress is being made.

Canadian forces in their offensive against the Germans this morning northeast of Ypres, on the Belgian front, have established themselves at a point a hundred yards beyond the village of Passchendaele, says a telegram from Reuter's correspondent at British headquarters in France.

BERLIN ADMITS ATTACK.

Berlin, Nov. 6. (Via London).—After drum fire this morning, says the German official statement regarding the western front, strong English infantry forces attacked the German positions on both sides of Passchendaele and at the Menin-Ypres bend.

Italians Again Retreat.

Berlin, Nov. 6. (Via London).—The Italian line on the Tagliamento river has been won by the Austro-Germans, it was officially announced today by the German staff. The Italians have evacuated the entire line along the river to the Adriatic coast.

The Tagliamento Line Has Been Won by Us.

The Tagliamento line has been won by us. The Italians are again in retreat between the mountains and the sea. Conflagrations indicate their route of retreat through the upper Italian plain.

One Family Out of Every Three Signs Food Saving Pledge

Washington, Nov. 6.—One family out of every three in the United States is pledged support to the food administration's plan for voluntary food conservation.

Although Alaska was not included in the food pledge week campaign on account of its isolation, 656 families there have enrolled.

New York City has passed the goal of 500,000 and the committee there announces that it is going after 1,000,000 signatures.

Oklahoma has joined Louisiana, Alabama and Vermont in the group of states that have passed their goal.

East St. Louis Adopts Commission Government

East St. Louis, Ill., Nov. 6.—East St. Louis by a vote of two to one today adopted the commission form of government.

Zinc Prices Soon to Be Fixed By Government

Washington, Nov. 6.—Members of the war industries board today began consideration of prices to be fixed for zinc. Figures on production and the nation's war demands are being studied preliminary to conferences with producers, at which an agreement will be formulated.

AMERICAN SOLDIERS AT TRAINING CAMP IN FRANCE

Two of them "over there" taking it easy in their shack at the camp after a hard day drilling.



IN FRANCE. French Official Photo.

TEACHERS TO MEET TODAY; POLITICS ON

Hahn, Dixon and Gregg Loom Up as Possible Presidential Timber to Lead State Association.

Henry H. Hahn, vice president of the Nebraska State Teachers' association, is being mentioned in connection with the presidency of the organization.

A. H. Dixon, assistant state superintendent, also is being supported by a group of friends who are urging his election.

Politics Loom Up.

The annual meeting of state teachers this year will not be marked by sharp political fights which have characterized former gatherings.

Superintendent Beveridge, chairman of the local committee, reported last night that everything is in readiness for the big convention which will be started today in earnest.

Six hundred Omaha teachers have registered at headquarters.

Dr. Ambrose L. Sulhrig of the department of education, University of Pennsylvania, an authority on rural and primary education, will arrive this morning and will visit the public high schools.

Russia to Stick, Kerensky Repeats

Petrograd, Monday, Nov. 5.—Russia is still doing its utmost to carry on the war. It will continue to do its duty.

Connecticut Elects Merritt to Congress

Bridgeport, Conn., Nov. 6.—Schuyler Merritt, republican, of Stamford, was today elected to congress in the Fourth Connecticut district over Lynn Wilson, democrat.

Mascot of the 71st New York National Guard Visits Omaha

"Billy" Boekhoff, 5 1/2 years of age, mascot of the Seventy-first New York National Guard regiment, visited headquarters of the Seventh Nebraska yesterday afternoon.

Fictitious Bond Men Nick Woodford for \$130,000

Chicago, Nov. 6.—Henry M. Woodford, capitalist of Waverly, Ia., has brought suit in the United States district court here to recover \$130,000 which he says was taken from him in fictitious bond sales.

American is Gassed.

Ottawa, Ontario, Nov. 6.—Among American names appearing in today's Canadian casualty list was that of J. Osborne, Ashford, Wash., wounded and gassed.

POLICY IN FAR EAST SETTLED BY LANSING AND ISHII

War With Germany Facilitates Important Move by American and Japanese Diplomats Which Results in Complete Understanding Regarding Situation in China.

London, Nov. 6.—The town of Passchendaele, lying northeast of Ypres has been captured by the British forces, according to the official communication issued tonight.

Washington, Nov. 6.—Japan and the United States have reached a complete agreement in relation to China and at the same time have arrived at a clear understanding as to military, naval and economic co-operation in the war against Germany.

LYNCH HOLDS UP SETTLEMENT OF COUNTY FEED BILL

Commissioners Favor Payment to Clark as Directed by Court; May Demand New Hearing.

The fact that the district court found in favor of Sheriff Michael Clark in the controversy over whether the county board should pay 50 cents a day for feeding each prisoner in the county jail, as provided in the 1915 statute, has not convinced County Commissioner John Lynch that the county ought to settle up its account with the sheriff.

At a special meeting of the county commissioners Tuesday Judge Ben S. Baker and Frank Howell presented Sheriff Clark's bill, which the district court has found to be the correct amount due him for feeding the prisoners under the statutes, but Commissioner Lynch, notwithstanding the court's finding, demurred to the payment of the claim.

Wants Rereading. "I am looking out for the interests of the tax payers," Commissioner Lynch said, "and I think we ought to appeal this case to the supreme court."

Commissioner Leo Hoffman figured out that interest on the account and costs of appealing the case would cost the county in the neighborhood of \$8,000.

Comment Is Withheld. Comment on the dispatch from Peking was withheld last night because of an understanding between the two governments that the announcement should be made today, simultaneously at Washington and Tokio.

Following is the State department's announcement: "On Friday, November 2, 1917, the secretary of state and Viscount Ishii, the special Japanese ambassador, exchanged at the Department of State the following notes dealing with the policy of the United States and Japan in regard to China:

"Department of State, Washington, November 2, 1917. "Excellency: "I have the honor to communicate herein my understanding of the agreement reached between us in our recent conversations touching the questions of mutual interest to our governments relating to the republic of China.

"In order to silence mischievous reports that have from time to time been circulated, it is believed by us that a public announcement once more of the desires and intentions shared by our two governments with regard to China is advisable.

"The governments of the United States and Japan recognize that territorial integrity and independence of the republic of China are essential to the peace and stability of the Far East.

"The governments of the United States and Japan recognize that territorial integrity and independence of the republic of China are essential to the peace and stability of the Far East.

"The governments of the United States and Japan recognize that territorial integrity and independence of the republic of China are essential to the peace and stability of the Far East.

Thomas Nelson Page In Charge Red Cross War Relief in Italy

Washington, Nov. 6.—Thomas Nelson Page, American ambassador at Rome, who had cabled urging immediate action, has been authorized by the American Red Cross war council to draw on it for any sum up to \$250,000 for emergency relief work in Italy, made necessary by the retreat of the Italian army and civilian population before the Teutonic advance.

Ambassador Page has been asked to take charge of the work until Red Cross representatives can relieve him. Major Murphy, head of the Red Cross commission in Europe, has sent a force to Italy to aid in the urgent relief work.

The Red Cross cabled Ambassador Page that it hoped to have a commission in Italy promptly. An operating organization will be created at Rome to take over the work in the entire country.

GERMANY NOW DEMOCRACY, IS LATEST FOE ALIBI

Erzberger in Interview With Associated Press Correspondent Contends Political Upheaval Has Occurred.

Berlin, Monday, Nov. 5.—While the troops of the central allies were forcing their way across the Tagliamento, Germany at home quietly crossed the political Rubicon and in the space of five days changed from an autocracy into a democracy.

This has been the most momentous week since the founding of the empire," said Herr Erzberger in a recital of the incidents leading to the solution of the recent political crisis.

"Its achievement represents a permanent political gain for the German people. In view of the July and October happenings, the majority leaders were convinced of the hopelessness of permitting the old system to prevail.

Through the chief of the civil cabinet they imparted their convictions to the crown, urging the imperative need of a co-ordinated, cohesive governmental policy in foreign and domestic issues and harmonious governmental collaboration with the Reichstag, during the war at least."

Hertling Was Careful.

Herr Erzberger then told Count von Hertling reserved his decision to accept the chancellorship until he had conferred with the party leaders. On the advice of the latter the emperor's plan for separating the chancellorship and the presidency of the Prussian ministry, he said, had been dropped.

Foreign Minister von Kuehlmann had also participated in the conferences, Herr Erzberger declared, urging the need of instituting a parliamentary procedure, because it was the only solution of the crisis and because it was the only solution of the crisis and because it was the only solution of the crisis.

LUEBEN TAKES STAND IN TRIAL OF T. H. MATTERS

Former President of the Sutton Bank to Tell How the Bank Became Defunct.

President Lueben of the defunct First National Bank of Sutton, Neb., was on the witness stand nearly all day yesterday at the trial of Thomas H. Matters in federal court.

Melchoir Lueben entered the employment of the bank as a youth in 1884. He was bookkeeper and from that he worked up until in 1900 he became president. This position he held until the bank was closed in November, 1913.

Matters is indicted on 19 counts and all the details on each count are being taken up separately in the examination and cross examination of Lueben.

Lueben testified yesterday that he had an arrangement whereby Matters' checks, instead of being sent directly to the Omaha bank on which they were drawn, were sent to Chicago, St. Louis or Kansas City so that Matters could have the use of the money while the checks were traveling around.

United States Attorney Allen, in his opening statement to the jury, detailed the manner in which he said Matters secured issuance of the certificates of deposit of the Sutton bank.

"On one occasion," he said, "Matters called up Lueben on the telephone and asked him to issue \$34,000 worth of certificates of deposit. This Lueben did without authority of the board of directors. He sent them to Matters. Matters paid \$9,000 in the Merchants' National bank of Omaha in payment for these certificates and later sent \$12,500 worth of notes payable at some date in the future and contingent upon the building of a mausoleum. This \$22,400, the evidence will show, was all that was ever paid on those \$34,000 worth of certificates of deposit.

The certificates were turned over to the Nebraska Portland Cement company, Superior, Neb., in exchange for \$40,000 worth of the bonds and \$20,000 worth of the stock of that company. Later \$15,000 of the certificates found their way to the Westinghouse Electric company, Pittsburgh, Pa. When they matured payment was refused on them."

Matters induced Lueben to issue \$25,000 more in certificates of deposit in September, 1912, it is alleged. The defense alleges that Matters paid in to the Sutton bank more than the certificates of deposit amounted to and that in a number of instances his payments to the bank were not credited on the bank's ledger, although they appeared on his monthly statements.

Judge Wade had a conference with counsel for both sides before the trial began in an effort to simplify the presentation of the numerous exhibits and the complicated testimony so as to shorten the trial. The first trial of Matters, which took place in February, 1915, required nearly four weeks.

New German War Loan.

Copenhagen, Nov. 6.—A new war appropriation bill will be submitted in the German Reichstag, which opens November 22. The bill calls for 15,000,000,000 marks.

HYLAN WINS NEW YORK MAYORALTY RACE BY 100,000

Tammany Hall Reigns in Gotham With Election of Democratic Candidate for Mayor.

(By Associated Press.)

New York, Nov. 6.—John F. Hylan a county judge of Kings county, was elected mayor of New York City today by a plurality of more than 100,000. He carried with him the entire democratic city ticket, including Charles L. Craig for comptroller; Alfred E. Smith, for president of the Board of Aldermen, and Edward Swann for district attorney.

Indications are that the democrats will have a majority in the board of estimate which controls the expenditure of their city funds.

New York, Nov. 6.—New York is holding its quadrennial mayoralty election today. Fair weather that ushered in the day led to predictions by the various campaign managers that a record breaking vote would be polled. Of the 696,809 voters who registered, it was expected that at least 675,000 would cast their ballots. The polls opened at 6 o'clock and close at 5 o'clock this afternoon.

In other years the result of a mayoralty election here was known within a few hours after the closing of the polls, but an element of doubt has entered into the situation this year owing to the delay that will arise in counting the vote of thousands of soldiers and sailors in military service. The soldier-sailor vote has been estimated at about 50,000, and it will be about a month before it is known how these men voted.

Bitter Campaign Closes.

At the close of a campaign almost unparalleled for its bitterness and many charges and counter charges, campaign managers of the four parties

(Continued on Page Two, Column Four.)

John Bear Not Afraid of Jail, But He Hates to Leave His Little Son

"I don't care about going to jail four months, but I worry me to leave little boy up at my home in Emerson," said John Bear, Winnebago Indian, in the office of United States Marshal Flynn.

John was convicted of bringing liquor upon the reservation and sentenced by Federal Judge Woodrough to four months in jail and fined \$200. This was three weeks ago. The judge suspended the sentence to allow the Indian to go home and shuck his 28 acres of corn.

Last Saturday John returned to Omaha, accompanied by Mrs. Bear. John came to serve his sentence and Mrs. Bear came to do some shopping. Near the Webster street depot they met a bootlegger, and before John knew it he had a pint of bad whiskey in his possession for which he had paid \$3.

A few hours later Mrs. Bear brought him to the police station. He was locked up and later turned over to the federal authorities. It was while waiting to be taken to the county jail that he spoke of the little boy at home.

"Our children grew up and we want

a little child," he said. "This little boy we got when a few weeks old. His mother white woman and father Indian. Father run off. Woman dead. When he about 2 years old his grandmother come from Sioux City and want to take him home for a few days. So we let her. A week, a month pass, and she not bring him back. So my wife and me go to Sioux City. We find little boy sick-tubby-clos. We get bring him back to farm where plenty fresh air. So we bring him.

"He get much better. Now he nearly well. He 5 years old now. He sleep with me all time. Now he cry, cry all time when I'm away."

John Bear paused in his narrative. His face was a study of sorrow. He shrugged his shoulders wearily.

"We try be Christian people," he said. "We take little boy in name of Christ. Ugh! I not care about stay in jail four months, but little boy cry for me all time. That worry me."

The deputy marshal came along. "Well, John, we'll go up to jail now," he said. And John Bear, Indian and Christian, picked up his leather cap and went sadly with him.



"BILLY" BOEKHOFF.