



SOX WORLD'S CHAMPIONS

CHICAGO CONQUERS NEW YORK IN DECIDING GAME 4-2; KAISER'S TROOPS COPY CAPITAL OF OESEL ISLAND

ARENSBURG SUGGUMBS TO BIG TEUTON DRIVE; CLASH FOR SOUTHWEST RAGES

Torpedo Boat Squadron Dispatched by Germans Presses Back Russian Patrols; Latter Accept Battle and Opponents Retire; People Pour Out of Petrograd, Fearing Immediate Capture.

BULLETIN.

Petrograd, Oct. 15.—German forces which landed on the Russian Island of Oesel, at the head of the Gulf of Riga, on Friday, occupied Arensburg, the capital, on Saturday, it was announced today by the Russian war office.

Arensburg is on the southern shore of Oesel island.

PATROLS PUSHED BACK. The northern group of German warships, the statement adds, dispatched a torpedo boat squadron between the Islands of Oesel and Dago, which pressed back the Russian patrols.

Russian naval forces reinforced the patrol and accepted battle, whereupon the Germans ships retired.

Fighting for Oesel island, the war office announced, continued all day yesterday.

A third group of German warships, consisting of cruisers and torpedo boats, approached the southwest coast of Oesel island and bombarded unimportant parts of the coast. German submarines were observed at various times and places in the Baltic.

FINLAND GULF PROTECTED. Petrograd, Oct. 15.—The German forces which were landed on Oesel island, at the head of the Gulf of Riga, are pushing toward the east and south, placing in a difficult position the Russian forces and batteries in the district of Arensburg, at the southern end of the island, and especially those on the Cerel peninsula.

Military critics predicted actions in the Gulf of Riga, followed by development of the invasion to the mainland, on the coast of Estonia, rather than an attempt toward the Gulf of Finland, which is protected by mine fields which the Germans would have to sweep under the menace of the Russian fleet.

The Russians still occupy Serel Point and the Svorb peninsula on the southwestern coast.

It now develops that the Germans did not occupy Dago Island, north of Oesel and at the head of the Gulf of Finland.

Flee From Petrograd. The landing of the Germans has increased the exodus from Petrograd, which has been noticeable since the fall of Riga. Since Saturday the ticket offices have been besieged, many persons offering large premiums for tickets. The situation is aggravated by rumors, which were branded officially as unfounded, that passenger traffic will be stopped shortly, in view of the expected evacuation of government institutions. It is stated in government circles that no extensive evacuation is looked for, as no immediate danger threatens the capital. The new front is still 300 miles distant, it is pointed out, and roads are impassable. It is not believed a landing in Finland will be attempted owing to the scarcity of supplies there and to the fact that provisioning would be rendered difficult with winter approaching, by the freezing of the sea.

Kerensky Appeals. Premier Kerensky, in an urgent appeal to the Baltic fleet to defend the fatherland "in this hour of trial" divulged the fact that the garrison of Kronstadt, the chief fortress and military port of Russia and the station of the Baltic fleet, twenty miles west

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WAR DEPARTMENT IS AROUSED OVER CENSORSHIP LEAK

Preventive Step May Include Courts Martial of Officers Who Send Cablegrams Disclosing Arrivals.

Washington, Oct. 15.—Aroused by publication in some parts of the country of private cablegrams announced the arrival of American troops in France, the War and Navy departments today took steps to prevent a repetition of the incidents, which may result in the court martial of the officers who sent the messages.

In one case a former National Guard officer wired his governor of the arrival of the state's troops, but so far as is known here newspapers in that locality observed the government's voluntary censorship request and did not print the cable.

In the other case, however, a former National Guard officer telegraphed the governor of his state of the arrival of his regiment, with a request that it be given fullest publicity. The governor's office gave out the cablegram and many papers in that state printed the news. This morning other newspapers published the dispatch and added the number and designation of the regiment, all in violation of the voluntary censorship.

Arrivals Must Be Secret. The War department has most urgently requested that nothing whatever be printed about arrivals of troops abroad, promising at the same time to report promptly any casualty. Friends who know troops have sailed and hear nothing further may assume they have arrived safely.

Steps probably will be taken to prevent the sending of similar messages from the other side and to prevent their delivery, if necessary, should they get through by mistake. All troops abroad now are under the federal government and no longer are under state control. By reason of this fact the government can exercise what the War department regards as a necessary censorship over news of their movements.

Supreme Court Refuses To Review Fraud Case

Washington, Oct. 15.—The supreme court today refused to review and thus put into effect Illinois decrees convicting Abraham H. Freeman, Frederick L. Wenier and seven others of using the mails to defraud through the Barr & Wyman Mercantile agency at St. Louis, Mo. Both were sentenced to eight years' imprisonment each and fined \$41,000. The others received smaller sentences.

Allies Increase Shipping By Buying Four New Lines

London, Oct. 15.—The entente allies have increased their shipping, according to the Times, through the acquisition of the Royal Mail Steam Packet company and the Lamport Navigation company, which has a capital of \$19,000,000 and owns more than 300 vessels. Three of the leading French lines and one Italian shipping company participated in the transaction.

Lovett Advises Buy Liberty Bonds Even If One Must Borrow

"It is every man's duty to borrow money, if necessary, to buy a Liberty bond," said Robert S. Lovett, chairman of the board of directors of the United States Liberty Loan committee at the Commercial club at noon.

"It is fortunate that the Federal Reserve banks are in existence. These admit of all the necessary elasticity to make this borrowing possible. You can borrow of your bank, and that bank can borrow of the Federal Reserve bank, and the Federal Reserve bank in turn can issue currency. So it is the duty of every man who has the possibility of ever having a dollar,

BRITISHERS AND GERMANS DIVIDE HOLLAND'S FOOD

England and the Kaiser Have Fixed Agreement Diverting Dutch Products to Their Own Uses.

(By Associated Press.) Washington, Oct. 15.—The substance of the agreement between Great Britain and Holland, given here for the first time, regulating the amount of food to be obtained by England from the Netherlands and also the amount to go into Germany, discloses that Great Britain and Germany made similar agreements with Holland at about the same time.

The British agreement was made November 1, 1916, and the German agreement was made on December 1, 1916.

Affects Dutch Products. Only commodities produced in the Netherlands are concerned. Imports are governed by the Netherlands Overseas trust, which guarantees to England that none of the products shall be sent into Germany. The agreement provides that the total exports from Holland to the United Kingdom shall be pro-rated. It is assumed that the remainder not sent to England goes into Germany.

It is provided the United Kingdom shall get half the total exports of pig meat, one-quarter of the butter, one-third of the cheese, and two-thirds of the milk. Not less than one-half the total exports of meat from Holland to belligerent countries must go to the United Kingdom. This leaves the other half free to go to Germany as required by the German agreement.

England Gets Spuds. Great Britain by the agreement has the right to at least one-half the total exports of potatoes at a price not greater than 50 per cent over the price fixed by the Dutch government for home consumption. England also gets one-half the potato flour, which includes sago and pudding powder, and obtains one-quarter of the exports of fruit and vegetable "at an average price." One-quarter of all the eggs go to Great Britain.

No sugar or sugar beets may go out of Holland without special arrangements, with the exception that the Dutch are permitted to maintain their treaty agreements to export sugar beets to Belgium. No live pigs, cream, hay, straw or fodder may be exported at all. London market prices govern the transactions.

British Must Approve. It is agreed that exports to neutral European countries shall be only to consignees approved by the British. Holland, under the agreement, has the right to import feeding stuffs and fertilizers for agricultural use.

Liberal bonuses are promised by the British for the articles exported and the rate of exchange for the payments is guaranteed. Should vessels carrying agricultural products be captured, it is provided that the produce will be considered exported to belligerents.

Shipments to Dutch colonies are not considered as exports. Exports to France and such parts of Belgium as are within the lines of the allies and shipments to the Belgian relief commission are considered exports to the United Kingdom.

Either Great Britain or Holland may terminate the agreement by a month's notice, or by default. Otherwise it is to remain in effect for the duration of the war.

Mrs. Annabel Coulter is Given Temporary Alimony

Mrs. Annabel M. Coulter, who recently filed divorce action in district court against Dr. Frank E. Coulter, 309 North Forty-first avenue, has been awarded \$75 a month temporary alimony and \$300 suit money by Judge Day.

German Socialists in Bavaria Cry for Peace

London, Oct. 15.—A monster demonstration in favor of "peace by understanding" marked the opening of the German socialist conference at Wurzburg, Bavaria, according to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen today.

Philipp Scheidemann, the majority socialist leader in the Reichstag, speaking to the huge audience, declared that all conditions of life warranted the attitude the socialists were taking toward the war.

Baby Keet Kidnaping Case Goes to Jury This Afternoon

Marshfield, Mo., Oct. 15.—With the expectation of having the judgment of Claude Piersol in the Lloyd Keet abduction trial here in the hands of the jury by 4 o'clock this afternoon, the attorneys for the prosecution and defense made their final pleas this morning.

It is believed that the jury will be able to reach a decision before tomorrow morning.

Two Holdup Men Get Two Dollars and Watch

Two holdup men stopped George Vanscoy, 4220 South Seventeenth street, as he was walking home late Sunday night. The men met Vanscoy at Twenty-fourth and H streets. One fellow thrust a gun under his nose while his companion went through his pockets. They robbed him of his watch and \$2 in cash.

U. S. Aviators Injured in Spill on Aviation Field

San Antonio, Tex., Oct. 14.—Lieutenant John Frost, U. S. R., and Lieutenant McLaughlin, of an artillery regiment, fell 100 feet in an airplane late today at Lieutenant Frost's private aviation field near here. McLaughlin was probably fatally injured but Frost was not seriously hurt.

Thanks The Bee for Bond Boost

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK OF KANSAS CITY

The Omaha Daily Bee, Omaha, Neb., Gentlemen:-

In behalf of the Treasury Department, we wish to thank you for the splendid publicity given of the Liberty Bond Campaign in your issue of Tuesday, October 10th.

We know that this advertising will stimulate your county committee to renewed efforts in their campaign to sell the second Liberty War Loan, and can assure you that every bond sold is another gun fired in the war for Democracy.

Yours very truly, R. H. Hutcheson, Director of Publicity.

M'GUIRE SAYS BOOTLEGGING RING WORKS HERE

Is Furnishing Powerful Protection to Those Who Sell Beer and Whisky in Omaha and State.

Charges that a powerful bootlegging ring is resorting to extreme measures in an effort to "protect" purveyors of liquor and obstruct prosecution of cases after arrests are made were made by Special Prosecutor McGuire after the state had been forced to dismiss an appeal action in district court because witnesses did not show up.

Three witnesses who were to have testified in the case of James O'Grady, charged with illegal possession, did not put in appearance. Prosecutor McGuire says they have been "spirited away." The case against O'Grady was dismissed. The absence of the witnesses was not discovered until two hours had been spent in impeding a jury.

Must Give Bond. From now on witnesses for the state in the appeal liquor cases will have to put up heavy bonds, the special prosecutor declared. He says the three witnesses in the O'Grady case gave testimony in the lower court, which would have convicted at the appeal hearing before a jury.

McGuire says he has positive knowledge that one of the alleged heads of the so-called bootlegging ring is a shrewd man known from coast to coast. According to the special prosecutor, this individual came to Omaha after the state went dry and made it known that he would pay \$5,000 for "protection."

The special prosecutor further alleges that representatives of the "ring" approached proprietors of soft drink places and offered to supply them with all the whisky and beer they could sell. McGuire referred to the "motor car trains carrying whisky that are operating between Omaha and wet spots in other states."

President Grants Only One In Twenty Draft Appeals

Washington, Oct. 15.—Only one in twenty appeals to President Wilson for draft exemption on industrial grounds has been decided in favor of the applicant, it was said today at the provost marshal general's office. In other cases the president has ratified the judgment of district boards that the applicant was not indispensable to necessary war industry.

About 8,000 appeals have been received, but only a small proportion decided.

Pershing Given Silk Flag by French Women

American Training Camp in France, Sunday, Oct. 14.—The mayor of the town in which the American field headquarters is located presented to General Pershing today a silken American flag, on behalf of the women of the town, who made it. The ceremony took place in the Hotel De Ville, the interior of which was decorated with French and American flags. Many French and American officers, civilian officials and women were present.

General Pershing thanked many of the women personally before returning to his headquarters. A granite tablet was placed in the wall of the Hotel De Ville today with an inscription in gold letters commemorating the establishment of the American headquarters in the town in September.

HUSKER FARMER TO REAP HARVEST FROM CORN CROP

Burlington Boosts Estimate of Nebraska Corn Yield From 250,000,000 to 269,000,000 Bushels.

The value of three of the Nebraska farm products this year: Corn, 269,000,000 bushels at \$1.85 a bushel, \$497,650,000 Potatoes, 13,600,000 bushels at \$1 a bushel, 13,600,000 Hay, 5,000,000 tons at \$15 a ton, 75,000,000 Total \$586,250,000

A corn crop of 269,000,000 bushels for Nebraska is the estimate of the officials of the Burlington road. With corn selling around \$1.85 to \$2 a bushel, this means that some money is coming into the pockets of the Nebraska farmers.

One week ago the Nebraska crop was estimated at 250,000,000, but as farmers get out into their fields they find the corn much better than they anticipated. Burlington officials and agents after inspecting the fields and talking with farmers feel justified in adding 19,000,000 bushels to their estimate of a week ago.

While the Burlington, due to the fact that the growing season has ended, has ceased to issue weekly crop reports covering conditions in Nebraska, it has issued a summary report.

Gathering data from all portions of the state touched by the company lines, the general superintendent asserts that, while killing frosts have come, no damage has been done to the corn crop. It was fully matured when the first frost last week occurred.

Acute Labor Shortage

"Then, too, at the mines there is an acute shortage of labor and I understand that in many instances mine owners have found it impossible to get enough men to keep the mines working anywhere near capacity."

Another factor is the inability of railroads to obtain enough cars to transport the output. Many roads are taxed heavily to get enough open cars to transport government military supplies. And, in addition to this, on account of the high prices of steel and other material, the railroads have not been ordering the usual number of cars for carrying coal. In fact, it would not have been possible to any extent if they placed their orders, for the factories have been running up to capacity in turning out other work."

Purchase Supplies

Speaking of his duties as chairman of the priority board of the National Council of Defense, Judge Lovett said:

"I have to do with the purchase of the military supplies for the United States and its allies, things that are essential in carrying on the war. The business is of such magnitude that it involves a great amount of work to look after contracts and see that in placing orders the government is not competing against itself."

"As to the work of the priority board, it has nothing to say or do with the priority shipment or routing of commodities designed for domestic use or consumption. Its work deals with determining what classes of armament and munitions shall go first from factories and thence across the ocean to the allies and the men in the trenches."

The Sunday Score The Bee Leads In Gains

Display Advertising In The Bee Warfield Agency Measurements Only Paper With Increase.

October 14, 1917, 2,133 Inches

Same Day, 1916, 1,821 Inches

Gains 312 Inches

Former Postmaster General Dickinson Dies

Detroit, Mich., Oct. 15.—Don M. Dickinson, postmaster general under President Cleveland, died at his home in Trenton, a suburb, today.

INVADING HOSE BRILLIANT WORK FATAL TO GIANTS

Battle Charged With Sensational Situations and Speedy Play, But Combination of Sox, Plus Edge of One-Game Lead, Too Much for McGraw's Men in Fourth.

The Score by Innings: Chicago 0 0 0 3 0 0 0 0 1-4 7 1 New York 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0-2 6 3

(By Associated Press.) New York, Oct. 15.—Coming out of the west like Lochinvar of old, the Chicago Americans won the world series base ball championship here this afternoon, defeating the New York Nationals, 4 to 2, in the sixth and deciding game of the 1917 diamond classic.

LOVETT FEARS COUNTRY FACES COAL SHORTAGE

Head of Priority Board of Defense Council, in Omaha, Predicts Fuel Crisis Before End of Winter.

Judge Robert S. Lovett, chairman of the priority board of the Council of National Defense, in Omaha yesterday, stated that the United States would face a serious crisis in coal shortage before the end of winter.

"I have every reason to believe that none of the dealers will be overstocked, and in fact, it is probable that many of them will be unable to secure the grades of coal they have been selling past years," he said. Judge Lovett, who is also chairman of the executive committee of the Union Pacific railroad, stopped here en route on his return from an inspection trip over the Union Pacific lines, accompanied by President Calvin and Director of Traffic Winchell of the company. He stated that he was not speaking in his official capacity on the coal situation, but said:

"The prospective shortage of coal is due to several causes. In the first place with the factories running to capacity and the enormous extra quantities required by the railroads to keep their trains running, the consumption is much greater than ever before.

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Record Crowd on Hand

The largest assemblage of spectators to witness any game of the present inter-league combat was on hand when the rival clubs grappled. According to the official figures, 33,969 persons paid admission to the Polo grounds, their contributions totaling \$73,348. Of this sum the stockholders of the two clubs will each receive \$33,006.06 and the National commission \$7,334.80. The players, ceased to participate.

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The Weather

For Nebraska—Partly cloudy. Temperatures at Omaha Yesterday.

Table with columns for Hour, High, Low, and other weather data for Omaha and surrounding areas.

Comparative Local Record

Table comparing local weather records for various months and years, including highest and lowest temperatures, mean temperatures, precipitation, and wind.

L. A. WELSH, Meteorologist.