

BOBBIES' IN LONDON GIVE AIR RAID ALARM

Policemen Rush Populace to Safety, From Which They Emerge Only at "All Clear" Signal.

London, Sept. 30.—Hostile airplanes raided London again Saturday night. An official announcement says: "Hostile airplanes crossed the coasts of Kent and Essex, in groups, between 8 and 9 o'clock. Several attacks were made upon London and some bombs were dropped in the northeastern and southeastern districts. Bombs were also dropped at various places in Kent and Essex. No reports of casualties have yet been received.

London's warning of an impending raid was given quickly by policemen riding through the streets with "take cover" signs on their breasts and every one hurried to shelter. Soon the distant roar of guns was heard. Then the explosions of guns and the crack of shrapnel bursting in the air came nearer. The flash of the bursting shells in the night was incessant. From all directions the defense guns boomed.

Bombs Rain Down.

Mingled with the sound of the guns, the whirring of bombs was heard overhead. Bombs began to drop, as could be told by their peculiar explosion. The fire of the anti-aircraft guns seemed heavier than on any previous raids, and it was obvious that barrages were being thrown up to defeat the purpose of the raiders. At this time it appears that the barrages at least prevented the raiders from having their own way.

During the raid the staccato rattle of machine guns high in the air was evidence that the raiders were being hotly engaged by the British fliers. In the brilliant moonlight civilians who ventured to look up were unable to see anything of the machines, although they could hear directly overhead the whirr of the engines. In another hour the guns were roaring in the distance and then they ceased entirely.

"All Clear" and To Bed.

When the signal "all clear" was given, London came out of its shelters and went home to bed. The moon was still brilliant although a fog, which was favorable to the raiders, began to set in. Some cautious persons remained near shelter, fearing another raid might occur before morning.

There are the best of reasons for believing the continued German air attacks on England with the plain purpose of killing civilians will not pass without retaliation.

WAR TAX BILL MUCH REVISED BY CONFEREES

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are taxed 1 cent per gallon as provided by the senate in reducing the original 2-cent rate of the house.

Senate rates on cigars and cigarettes were retained, but those on snuff were increased from 4 cents to 5 cents a pound.

Stamp taxes agreed upon were: Bonds of indebtedness, 5 cents on each \$100; indemnity and surety bonds, 50 cents; parcel post packages, 1 cent for each 25 cents of the cost of transportation; capital stock, original issues, 5 cents per \$100; sales and transfers, 2 cents per \$100; sales of produce on exchange, 2 cents for each \$100 value in merchandise; drafts, checks, payable other than on sight or demand; promissory notes, except bank notes for circulation and renewals, 2 cents for all sums below \$100 and 2 cents for each additional \$100 or fraction thereof; conveyance papers, 50 cents between \$100 and \$500, and 50 cents for each additional \$500; custom house entries, from 25 cents to \$1; entry for withdrawal from bonded warehouses, 50 cents; passenger vessel tickets for ports other than those in the United States, Canada and Mexico, between \$10 and \$30, \$1; between \$30 and \$60, \$3, and above \$60, \$5; voting proxies, 10 cents; power of attorney, 25 cents; playing cards, decks of not more than fifty-four cards, an additional 5 cents on the present rates.

Eliminate Telephone Tax. House and senate provisions for a tax of 5 cents each on telegraph, telephone and radio messages costing 15 cents or more and designed to raise \$7,000,000, were retained, but the house tax on gas, electric and telephone service was eliminated.

Taxes on life insurance, eliminated from the house bill in the senate, were amended and retained, raising about \$5,000,000. Effective November 1, the new taxes on new insurance policies issued are 8 cents per \$100 or fraction thereof on life insurance and 1 cent per \$1 on the premium charged on marine, casualty, fire and inland insurances.

Deadheads Must Pay. Amusement taxes agreed upon provide that all persons entering places of amusement free, except employes and officials on duty and children under 12, would pay a tax rate of 1 cent on each 10 cents or fraction thereof of the admission charge. This tax also would apply to cabarets and similar performances where the cost of entertainment is included in other costs such as service. Holders of annual box seats would pay 10 per cent of the annual rental. Nickel theaters and shows, rides and other outdoor park amusements, with a maximum admission of 10 cents and benefit entertainments and agricultural fairs, were exempted.

Tax On Fraternal Orders. After November 1, 1917, members of all clubs except certain fraternal orders paying more than \$12 annual dues, would be subject to a ten per cent tax.

On excess profits the conferees agreed upon a minimum deduction of seven per cent and a maximum of ten per cent instead of the six to ten per cent fixed by the senate. Other exemptions are \$3,000 for corporations and \$6,000 for individuals. Corporations, partnerships and individuals having no capital stock would pay a flat rate of eight per cent on net profits in excess of \$3,000 on corporations and of \$3,000 on individuals and partnership.

Enormous Tax on Second Class. Enormous increases on second class mail matter are proposed in the conference report on the war tax bill. Different rates would apply to reading and advertising matter and no free zone would be provided for either.

Cuming County's Forty Per Cent of New National Army Fifty Six Men



Ferocious Turks Descend on Town, Murdering Hosts

(Continued from Page One.)

hopelessness, the groups were swept on and on along roads which had no destination.

"I received word from Ambassador Margenit that our premises would not be interfered with. Next morning the chief of police, came with armed men and demanded surrender of all Armenians connected with the college, girls' school and hospital. We claimed the right to control our grounds as American citizens.

"More than two hours we held them at bay. They brought more armed men. They again demanded surrender of the Armenians. I refused. They challenged me for resisting the Turkish government. They said anyone who did so was liable to immediate execution.

"They broke open our gates, brought in ox carts and asked where the Armenians were. I refused to tell. They went through the buildings smashing down the doors. Then our Armenian friends, feeling that further attempt on our part to save them would bring more harm probably than good, came forth, professed themselves loyal Turkish subjects and offered to do what was required.

No One Knows Where. An ox cart was assigned each family, with a meager supply of food, bedding and clothing. The mother sat on the load with her children about her, the father prepared to walk beside the cart. I offered prayer and then the procession carrying seventy-two persons from the college and hospital moved away.

"These teachers were men of character, education, ability and usefulness, several of them representing the fine type of graduates from American or European universities. The company went in safety for about fifty miles. Then the men were separated from the women. Their hands were bound behind their backs and they were led away. The eight Armenian members of the staff of instruction of Anatolia college were among the slain. The women and children were moved on and on. No one knows where and no one knows how many of them are still living.

'Tis True 'Tis Pity. "The government officers plowed the Armenian cemetery in Marsovan and sowed it with grain as a symbol that no Armenian should live or die to be buried there. No Armenian student or teacher was left to Anatolia college and of the Protestant congregation in the city of 950 souls more than 900, with their pastors, were swept away. It was a government movement throughout—a movement against the Armenian people.

"These things are typical of what took place through the six provinces of the Turkish empire known as Armenia. The Armenians are the Yankees of the east—the merchants, manufacturers, capitalists, artisans and among the best of the farmers. One quarter of a million people succeeded in escaping into Russian Caucasus and among them American representatives have done wonderful work in caring for the sick, giving bread to the hungry, clothing the naked, caring for orphans. Probably 1,000,000 more went to Syria and Mesopotamia, where they have been dependent upon American relief which is helping this worthy people to pull through alive."

One Million Slain. The number of Armenians who have been massacred, said Dr. White, is estimated by the American committee for Armenia and Syrian relief in New York City at from 500,000 to 1,000,000, while there are 1,000,000 still living in need of immediate aid, for which \$5,000,000 a month is urgently needed, without which thousands will perish in destitution and suffering. The committee is so conducted, he said, that every dollar collected goes for relief purposes.

Dr. White, now living in Marsovan, was ordered to leave Marsovan by the Turkish government. He was formerly pastor of the Congregational church in Waverly, Ia.

Offers Prayer for Her Husband, Then Kills Him Denver, Colo., Sept. 30.—After kneeling at the bedside of her sleeping husband and breathing a prayer for his soul, Mrs. Patrick Henry Riley early today drew a revolver and shot him through the head at her home here. He died three hours later. Mrs. Riley surrendered herself to the police.

Riley was an employe of the Denver Tramway company and 44 years old. She is 46. They have no children.

"He was cruel and it had to be done," Mrs. Riley told the police. Riley came here ten years ago from Paris, Tenn.

Apple Harvest Begins; Will Sell for \$6 Per Barrel Barada, Neb., Sept. 30.—(Special.)—Thirty-five men have started harvesting the apple crop on the 100-acre orchard of Franklin Bros., near here. It is estimated that over 4,000 bushels will be gathered from this orchard. The price of Jonathans, the first apple to be harvested, will range from \$4.50 to \$6 per barrel. The apples from this vicinity will be shipped from Strussville, where a special platform has been constructed. They will be hauled to the shipping point in auto trucks.

WORLD CONTROL OF SUGAR IS PLANNED

Margin of Profit for Jobber and Broker to Be Regulated; Publicity Only Check on Retailers.

Washington, Sept. 30.—Plans for an international control of sugar prices and distribution were announced tonight by the food administration. The aim is to stabilize the trade through an international sugar committee, which will arrange for refiners' purchases in the West Indies and in the American insular possessions.

"This co-operative buying between the refiners and those purchasing raw supplies for England, France, Italy and Canada, with the resultant elimination of competitive buying," said the announcement, "is expected to save consumers many millions of dollars, and to prevent the rapid fluctuations in prices that we have seen since the outbreak of the European war."

Allies and U. S. Represented. The members of the committee have been named as follows: Sir Joseph White-Todd and John V. Drake of England, representing the European allies, and George M. Rolph of San Francisco; Earl D. Babst, president of the American Sugar Refining company, and William A. Jamison of Arbuckle Brothers, representing the United States.

The first move toward stabilizing prices will be to open negotiations with the Cuban government for an agreement fixing the price to be paid to Cuban sugar producers. Already American refiners and all beet and Hawaiian cane sugar producers of this country have agreed on maximum prices and margins of profits which will hold prices down here.

The margin of profit for the jobber and the broker will be regulated, it is announced, like that of the refiner, but the control ends here and no measures can be taken by the food administration directly to control retail prices. The food administration's hope is to keep retail prices down by publicity.

Many New Mail Clerks Are Named for Nebraska

Washington, Sept. 30.—(Special Telegram.)—The following railway mail clerks have been appointed for Nebraska:

- Robert D. Cress, Neligh; Clyde A. Dilts, Brownville; Claud R. Davenport, Creston; Marion Bloom, Red Cloud; Norman J. Gillson, Lincoln; William L. Probert, Sargent; Herman Wendell, Talmage; Emil A. Perschke, Omaha; Orville O. Richard, Rock; Earl T. Campbell, Kearney; Jacob Brown, Jr., Lincoln; Floyd H. Swanson, Hickory; Charles E. David, Omaha; George W. Hasting, Omaha; William J. Johnson, Seward; Thomas J. Mitchell, Jackson; Morgan P. Phillips, Courtland; James W. Myers, Bristol; Ewen E. Womble, Howell; Neil K. Haman, Peterburg; Daniel L. Hartnett, Hubbard; Joseph Prokop, Jr., Wilber; Royal S. Keeler, Homer; George T. Hammond, Lincoln; Hubert A. Shannon, Omaha; Charles H. Nordstrom, Omaha; Roy F. Wilker, Amherst; Michael A. Costello, Greeley; Alvin O. Burgess, Holdrege; Milo M. Danver, North Platte; Clifford R. Caley, Adams; Alphonso C. Wilson, Omaha; J. Howard Gruch, Falls City; Ben A. Olive Weeping Water; William J. Joukal, Omaha; Clarence O. Halt, Verona; Inar, Elwood; Benjamin A. Bickley, Omaha; Forest C. Kirk, Rulo; Ira D. Miller, North Bend; John E. A. Olson, Fremont; Victor C. Wilson, Keene; Bernard V. Brown, Hebron; Donnelly G. Webster, Gageola; John W. Eisenberg, Hastings; Arthur C. Farnell, Omaha; Glenn E. McCourtis, Kennard; Loyd Baer, Havelock; Oscar J. Demmer, Barton; Gail H. Herbet, Fairbury; Frank R. Harrison, Edgar; Karl W. Brann, Tekamah; Luther A. Howard, Hyannis; Dewey Z. Marx, Lincoln; Fred E. Oliver, Plainville; Lewis P. Harris, Crab Orchard; Louis R. Spears, Eastwood; Harvey O. Larson, Omaha; Charles E. Radloff, Creston; William S. Brown, Albion; John J. Fellers, Table Rock; Fredrick E. Demmel, Freeport; Carl F. Mohr, Lincoln; Otto S. Larson, Shickley; George E. Bowen, Omaha; William B. Mosacker, Fremont; John H. Brown, Cedar Rapids; Charles I. Hensley, Rockford; Henry W. Krause, Fairmont; Carl Rader, Peru; Arthur S. Bradley, Omaha; Charles Sasse, Jr., Fremont; Benjamin J. Brunke, Campbell; Wesley S. MacDonald, Sutton; Albert W. Sloan, Mount Clare; Cecil E. Carrey, DeWitt; William W. Friselle, Omaha; Harry B. Pickett, Omaha; Charles D. Farris, Benson; Frederick P. Frandsen, Elba; Edwin R. May, York; John W. Miller, Randolph; Hugh G. Pincus, Talmage; Edward M. Erickson, Omaha; and Harry O. Thompson, Blue Springs.

Record Price Paid at Phillips for Young Calf

Phillips, Neb., Sept. 30.—(Special.)—An auction held on the streets of Phillips Saturday night stands a record unequalled in several ways. Two weeks ago Ed Hewitt, a farmer, gave the local Red Cross society a Red Pole calf, provided that George E. Horn, director, would auction the calf off on the streets. One of the largest crowds that has ever gathered was present at the sale.

The calf, 3 weeks old, weighing eighty-five pounds, was first bought by the auctioneer for \$35. He immediately offered the calf for sale again. The animal was sold forty-nine times in one and one-half hours for \$457.50. The prices ranged from \$1 (that amount being accepted from some little children), to \$40, the amount that was paid by Arthur N. England in the final transfer.

Thirty Thousand Strikers To Resume Shipbuilding

San Francisco, Sept. 30.—The Boilermakers' union, which had blocked the settlement of a strike of 30,000 metal trades workers, decided today to accept the terms of a temporary agreement ratified by allied unions, and complete resumption tomorrow of work on government shipbuilding contracts here was forecast tonight by the Iron Trades council.

Kerensky Orders Arrest Of Maximalist Agitators

Petrograd, Sept. 30.—Premier Kerensky has issued an order to the criminal investigator to employ the militia to arrest Nikolai Lenin and M. Zinoviev, his associate in the Maximalist agitation. The warrant reads: "In view of the fact that the aforementioned persons are in Petrograd, you will see that they are discovered and brought before me in the character of accused prisoners."

Frank Wirthsafter Is Seriously Ill at Home

Frank Wirthsafter, veteran Omaha cigar man, proprietor of a tobacco shop in the Bee Building, is seriously ill at his home. He is suffering from heart trouble and a nervous breakdown. His son, Ed Wirthsafter, who went to Camp Funston in the second contingent of drafted men, has been summoned home.

Harvey, New York Actor, Poet and Playwright, Dies

New York, Sept. 29.—James Clarence Harvey, actor, poet and playwright, died here today.

NINETY-EIGHT SHIP YARDS CLOSE DOORS

More Than 10,000 Workers Walk Out of Seattle Shops; Expect Settlement With Wilson's Arrival.

(By Associated Press.) Seattle, Wash., Sept. 30.—More than 10,000 of 15,000 union steel and metal workers quit work in ninety-eight ship yards and contract shops Saturday, walking from the yards and shops as cheerfully as though they were merely changing shifts. The men, knowing that two United States adjustment boards, one headed by secretary of Labor Wilson, are soon to arrive in Seattle, feel, it was said, the strike will be ended speedily. Three of the largest steel yards in the United States are among those tied up. Yards and shops which have signed the metal workers' scale employ 5,000 men and these will continue at work.

That the wage adjustment committee probably will not make a decision regarding the Seattle ship yard wage controversy while on the ground, was indicated in a telegram from Chairman V. Everett Macy, that was made public by the metal trades council today. The telegram was in reply to one to the council asking if assurances could be given that the committee would adjust the dispute while in Seattle and before visiting Portland and San Francisco to hold hearings on similar controversies. The message said: "The board, while desirous of rendering a decision at the earliest possible date, cannot say definitely whether conditions on the coast will permit their rendering a decision before visiting Portland and San Francisco."

BRING NOTORIOUS SLAYERS TO IOWA

Mecum Twins to Be Returned to Jones County, Having Been Given Up by Canadian Authorities.

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 30.—(Special Telegram.)—"Don't bring them back alive," was the message received by Sheriff Webster of Jones county, Iowa, sent here to deliver back to the Iowa state penitentiary, Bert and Charles Mecum, charged with eleven slayings in this county and Canada. They escaped six years ago. The command came from angry citizens of Jones county. The Mecum twins, deported from Canada Friday night, were brought to Detroit over the Grand Trunk from Kingston, Ontario, where they were serving forty-two years each for the killing of five different persons in different parts of the Dominion. They were taken to Detroit police headquarters and today turned over to Sheriff Webster and Deputy Sheriff Bert A. Downey of Jones county, Iowa.

Judge Lindsey Attacked; Says Woman Was Insane

Denver, Colo., Sept. 30.—Following an attempted attack made on him in Denver juvenile court last night Judge Ben B. Lindsey announced today he would file lunacy charges against Mrs. Mary Sanner of Denver Monday. Court attaches interfered before the woman could reach the judge.

Judge Lindsey was sitting at his desk, he said, when the woman entered and demanded that Judge Lindsey bring her divorced husband here from Illinois to answer charges of non-support. She picked up a large glass tumbler, he said, and was just about to throw it at him when one of the court attaches entered and seized her.

Indian Mysteriously Killed On Railroad Track at Gordon

Gordon, Neb., Sept. 30.—(Special.)—William Whetstone, an Indian from Porcupine, S. D., was mysteriously killed on the Northwestern railroad. When found his throat was cut, his skull crushed and one arm badly lacerated. It was impossible to determine whether he had fallen from the train or been murdered. Indians in this vicinity are positive he was murdered.

Persistent Advertising Is the Road to Success.

Most feared of prisoners in Canada, the two Mecums, were gladly

Escorted By Policemen.

Manacled in triple bonds and with an escort of ten policemen to the Michigan Central station, the duo of criminals, said to have the darkest records of any known slayers in America, were sent on their way at 9 o'clock today. From here the movements of the officers and prisoners will be cloaked to avoid a possible lynching bee at Anamosa, Ia. A detour will be made that the prisoners may be smuggled in at night.

The Mecum twins, it is said, are part of a ring of assassins, who, even though the pair were shackled in the darkest cells of penitentiaries, enabled them to escape five different times, each time taking the life of a prison guard. They are slayers, they admitted in police headquarters, from the joy of killing.

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Advertisement for Victor Records featuring the 'His Master's Voice' logo and the slogan 'Out to-day New Victor Records for October'. It lists various records including 'A new "Last Rose of Summer" by Galli-Curci', 'John McCormack sings an ardent love song', 'De Luca in a melodious Traviata number', and 'Olive Kline sings two old favorites, "Doan Ye Cry, Ma Honey" and "Flow Gently, Sweet Afton."'. It also mentions the finale of Beethoven's Fifth Symphony and lists 65 other records including dance numbers, concert songs, and sacred duets. The ad concludes with the Victor Talking Machine Co. logo and address.