



RUSSIA IN THROES OF REVOLUTION; PACKING HOUSE STRIKE SPREADS

LABORERS AT STOCK YARDS WALK OUT IN FACE OF HUGE MONDAY RUN OF LIVE STOCK

Demand Raise of \$10 a Month; Commission Men and Their Employes Go Into the Pens to Take Care of Stock Shipments; Federal Conciliator Feick Meets Packers.

Laborers in the South Side stock yards walked out yesterday morning. Strikers claim that 300 men quit work, but Everett Buckingham, general manager of the yards, says that not more than 150 have left.

The strikers, who consist of count off men, keymen, cart, delivery and construction employes, ask for a raise of \$10 per month. A committee called upon the manager of the yards and made known their demands. They then organized rapidly and left for "Strike Hill," where they held a meeting at the Schlitz hall. W. D. Patterson and T. P. Reynolds addressed them.

Not Expected So Soon. Everett Buckingham, when questioned in regard to the situation, said: "We are now paying our help more than any other yard on the Missouri river. Last May we voluntarily gave the men a bonus of 10 per cent. I have heard that the men planned a strike for next week, but thought nothing of it. After seeing the heavy run today I expect they thought it better to call it earlier."

With a heavy run the employes of the commission firms rushed into the yards to take care of the stock shipments of their customers. All are unanimous in stating that they will take care of all stock shipped to them. Yard work is being handled smoothly by the office men and salesmen.

Strikers are cheered in the afternoon when they marched up to the meeting of the striking packing house workmen and declared themselves as being in the strike to stay with the packing house laborers. They marched in a body to the hall at Twentieth and Q streets.

The 30,000 head of sheep which arrived at the yards made some hustling for the commission men, who were obliged to handle the stock with the aid of their office men. It crippled the market because of the delay in sorting out the stuff.

Feick Meets Packers. Uncle Sam's conciliator, Fred L. Feick, in the afternoon met with representatives of the packers in the office of Manager Howe of Armour's. The packers presented their side of the argument and then outlined the proposition they were willing to make with the strikers.

The packers pointed out that the wage scale for unskilled laborers had advanced 52 1/2 per cent since April, and that the increase in wages of skilled labor had increased even more. Following his conference with the packers, Mr. Feick left for the meeting of the strikers.

Conciliator Optimistic. Fred L. Feick, specially assigned government conciliator, arrived in Omaha yesterday to take care of (Continued on Page Two, Column Two.)

Italian Warship Sunk by a Mine; Fifty Sailors Drowned

An Atlantic port, Sept. 10.—News of the sinking of the Italian warship Umberto I by striking a mine while conveying merchant vessels through the Mediterranean sea was brought to an Atlantic port by a Norwegian steamship today. Fifty of the crew perished, according to the story told here.

The Umberto I was a converted merchantman.

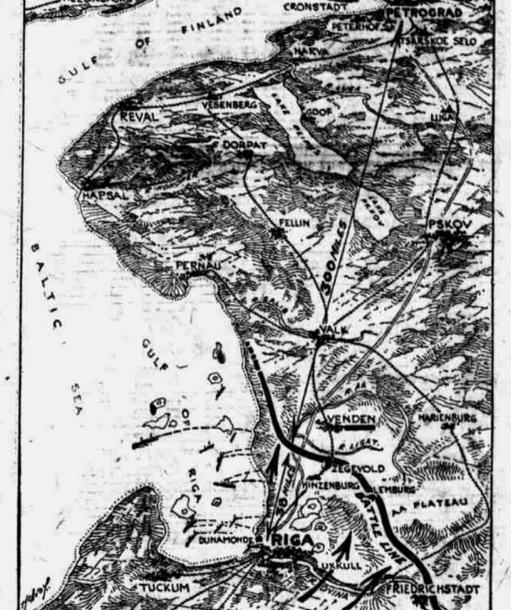
The Weather

Table with weather forecasts for Omaha, including temperature, wind, and precipitation data.

Table with comparative local records for weather conditions in Omaha, including high and low temperatures and precipitation.

CAPTURE OF RIGA ENDANGERS RUSSIAN BALTIC FLEET

The German war office has officially announced the occupation of the Russian Baltic Sea port of Riga by the armies of Prince Rupprecht. The capture of the Russian Baltic fleet endangers the safety of the Russian Baltic fleet.



FIFTH AND SIXTH READY TO LEAVE FOR CAMP CODY

Fifth to Be On Its Way Tuesday Night and the Sixth Probably Will Leave Wednesday.

Soldiers of the Fifth Nebraska, living along the lines of the Northwest and Burlington today will entrain at their home towns and arrive in Omaha some time during the afternoon or night. Here they will be joined by the Omaha contingent and on special trains be carried to Union, where Wednesday morning they will be joined by that portion of the Fifth now in camp in Lincoln.

At Union trains will be consolidated and proceed over the Missouri Pacific to Kansas, where they will be turned over to the Santa Fe to be carried to Deming, N. M.

Yesterday there were 1,500 soldiers of the National Guard of Minnesota and Wisconsin in the city enroute to Deming. The men came in over the Omaha road and go out over the Missouri Pacific. They remain in Omaha only long enough to permit of the four trains being switched from the Omaha to the Missouri Pacific tracks and to ice the cars.

The four companies of the Sixth Nebraska in Omaha, which Saturday night received sudden orders to be ready for entrainment to Deming, are now all on hand, expecting orders to move Wednesday.

Colonel Hall says now that it is uncertain just when the Sixth will move. He said that although the orders were received Saturday night to prepare the companies of the state that it is now a matter of transportation, but that it is hoped to have the equipment by Wednesday.

German Sub Damaged; Interned in Spain. Cadiz, Spain, Sept. 10.—A German submarine, seriously damaged, has arrived at this port conveyed by a Spanish torpedo boat. The submarine will be interned in La Carraca harbor.

Outline of German Peace Terms As Circulated at Washington. Washington, Sept. 10.—What purported to be an outline of Germany's peace terms has been circulated among diplomats here, but has been regarded by the entente ambassadors and most of the neutrals as a "feeler."

The origin of the so-called terms was not disclosed, but they are said to have been written by Foreign Secretary von Kuhlmann before his visit to Vienna, which since has been pointed to as strengthening the probability that they bear evidences of authenticity.

Briefly, the so-called terms were as follows: Restoration of Belgium and northern France to be paid for out of the sale of Germany's colonies to Great Britain.

Alsace and Lorraine to be independent states (high French officials recently have stated anew the determination of France to be satisfied with nothing less than the recovery of its lost provinces.)

Triest to be a "free port." Serbia and Roumania to be restored, and Serbia to have a port on the Adriatic.

The Balkan question and the status of Turkey to be subjects for negotiation. Disarmament and international police.

MAY COMPLETE JURY IN KELLY CASE BY NIGHT

Eighty Veniremen Have Been Examined and Twenty-Four More Ordered for Today; Addresses Wednesday.

By EDWARD BLACK. (Staff Correspondent for The Bee.) Red Oak, Ia., Sept. 10.—(Special Telegram.)—Completion Tuesday of the jury that is to hear the trial of the Rev. Lynn George J. Kelly, charged with the murder of one of the eight persons slain with an ax at Villisca, Ia., in 1912, was expected when adjournment was taken late Monday.

If every peremptory challenge is used, six more jurors must be passed for cause if the final jury is determined, and with fifty-four of the special venire of seventy-five already examined, Judge W. D. Boise, presiding, ordered an extra venire of twenty-six drawn for tomorrow.

Eighty already have been called and of that number sixty-six have been examined. One was absent and three were excused because of infirmities or age.

With the addition jurors summoned, there will have been 130 Montgomery county citizens on hand from which to select the jury.

Better headway was made today than on any previous day in the passing of prospective jurors. Twenty-nine were called during the day and seven of those were passed.

VENIREMEN ARE EXAMINED. James Edwards, 65 years of age, farmer, thirty-two years in Montgomery county, was one of the first who offered he had no opinion on the case, nor had he expressed any opinion as to the guilt of any kind, and was quite free of bias of any kind, an unusual statement during this long grind of jury selection.

Edwards was born in Wales. Hal Hausen of Villisca, director of Villisca National bank, of which former State Senator F. F. Jones is the head, frankly admitted he did not consider himself an acceptable candidate for jury service. He did not think he would be the kind of juror he would wish were in Kelly's place. He was excused in short order.

L. E. Wolfe said his sister is the wife of W. H. Finlayson, cashier of the Villisca National bank, and for obvious reasons, he, too, was excused. Jurors are examined closely by the defense regarding any possible association with F. F. Jones, or his son, Albert, both of whom figure prominently in the local situation.

Opening Address Wednesday. Helmer Walgreen of Frankfort township, 26 years old, farmer, pleaded that he would rather be home where he belonged, than serve on the jury. He has crops which need attention, but he was so frank in his statements that both sides passed him without much questioning. He admitted he had an opinion, but declared that his opinion would yield readily to any evidence which might discredit that opinion.

When the final twelve men are selected they will be sworn in immediately, but if the jury is not completed until late Tuesday, it is likely adjournment will be taken and the opening statements of counsel will begin as soon as the opening addresses are made.

Interest throughout the county has become increased over the probability of the opening statements in the case being made as early as Wednesday morning, with a possibility of the real beginning of the case being made Tuesday afternoon. Attorney Hess for the state and Attorney Mitchell for the defense, are expected to make opening statements, but that is not definite.

Who Are Men of Mystery. Attorney Sutton frequently referred to "men of mystery." He explained that he had a suspicion that state agents not generally known might be at work, but there seemed to be nothing to prove jury interference from that source.

C. E. Peterson and C. I. Miller, officers of the Kelly defense committee, received postal cards from Kelly sympathizers. The cards are addressed to them as Industrial Workers of the World members and they were asked foolish questions, evidently intended to be satirical references of the 100 questions, which have loomed up during the last week.

Attorney Sutton received letters from persons who have ideals and who believe they have theories. One letter from an Omaha medium who does not sign his or her name, stated that "voiced can be heard," that "perhaps might save an innocent man's life; that he has received spiritual manifestations, and that these were definite." He hints that if Kelly did commit the Villisca crime he may have been guided by an evil spirit, or even may have been guided by an evil spirit to confess to a crime which he did not commit. This alleged medium wants to come to Red Oak and demonstrate in the court room by means of a piano just how it is possible to hear spirit manifestations.

(Continued on Page Two, Column Four.) Grain Elevators Operating Under Government Orders. Washington, Sept. 10.—Grain elevators began operating today under license restrictions.

MARTIAL LAW NOW RULES PETROGRAD; FORM NEW CABINET

Premier Kerensky Removes Korniloff, Who Demands Supreme Power, and Appoints General Klembovsky Commander in Chief of Armies; Proclamation Declares Dangerous Situation Exists.

Petrograd, Sept. 10.—General Korniloff, commander-in-chief of the Russian armies, has started a revolt. He has demanded that he be placed in supreme power. Premier Kerensky has declared that a state of war exists in the town and district of Petrograd.

ORDERS RESIGNATION. The premier has ordered General Korniloff to resign as commander-in-chief in consequence of Korniloff's demand for supreme power.

General Klembovsky has been appointed commander-in-chief. Members of the cabinet today told the Associated Press that the provisional government regarded General Korniloff's pronouncement as an act of rebellion which must be ruthlessly suppressed.

The government, it was added, believed it had enough loyal troops and the support of the Russian people to enable it to put down the Korniloff movement.

When M. Lvoff saw Premier Kerensky Saturday and presented General Korniloff's demands, it developed today, he told the premier that an organization of Duma members, Moscow industrial interests and other conservatives who played the role of the opposition at the recent Moscow conference, were supporting General Korniloff.

These interests, said M. Lvoff, were not against Premier Kerensky, who was invited to general headquarters to meet General Korniloff. The premier refused the demands of M. Lvoff, who was then arrested, and, under examination, gave the details of the conspiracy.

LOKOMSKY ALSO TRAITOR. An official statement says that General Lokomsky "also proved a traitor," refusing to take command of the Russian armies in succession to General Korniloff.

The soldiers and workmen's body, the statement adds, has ordered all the army organizations to obey the provisional government against the conspiracy, stating that General Korniloff will be punished for treachery and that General Klembovsky will provisionally succeed to the chief command.

Eleven cabinet ministers were in continuous session in the winter palace all day Sunday considering measures to face General Korniloff's revolt, which, in conversations with the Associated Press correspondent, the ministers admit is the gravest event since the revolution.

So far, except for the deposition of General Korniloff, which the general is apparently determined to defy, no measures have been decided upon, but the discussion is proceeding on a plan to constitute a directory of five men vested with full power.

The names so far submitted for membership in this body are Premier Kerensky, Vice Premier Nekrasoff, M. Skobeleff, the minister of labor; M. Terestchenko, the minister of foreign affairs, and M. Savinoff, the assistant minister of war.

REVOLT NOT DANGEROUS. In a talk with the correspondent Foreign Minister Terestchenko said: "The plan for the directory is under discussion and may be decided tonight. So far the government is unable to make any statement."

"At 12 o'clock we expect the arrival of General Alexieff, with whom we will confer. My personal opinion is that General Korniloff's revolt is not dangerous and is partly due to a misunderstanding, which will be cleared up."

Regarding the rumors of widespread arrests in Petrograd today in connection with the revolt, the Associated Press correspondent is authorized to declare that no arrests have

(Continued on Page Two, Column Three.) (Continued One.)

The Bee Leads Over All The Sunday Score Advertising in The Bee (Warfield Agency Measurements) First in Totals First in Gains First in Favor SUNDAY, SEPT. 9, 1917. IN INCHES. Local Display 1,266 Foreign Display 100 Automobile 822 Classified 736 1/2 Total 2,924 1/2 SAME SUNDAY LAST YEAR. IN INCHES. Local Display 751 Foreign Display 93 1/2 Automobile 309 Classified 685 Total 1,838 1/2 Bee Gains 1,086 Inches. KEEP YOUR EYE ON THE BEE Improving Every Day