

# First Year's War Cost to United States May Reach Twenty-One Billions; May Authorize More Funds

## TWO BILLIONS ADDITIONAL ON WAR BOND BILL AS MARGIN FOR POSSIBLE EMERGENCIES

### Savings Certificates to Be Sold at Postoffices in Small Denominations With Limited Number to Individuals; Takes Previously Authorized Amounts From Alaskan Railway and Panama Canal.

(By Associated Press.)

Washington, Aug. 28.—Passage by Saturday night of the \$11,538,000,000 war bond and certificate bill, now before the ways and means committee, was predicted on the house floor today by Democratic Leader Kitchin.

Every effort would be made, he said, to report the bill Thursday, and a day or two would be devoted to debate. The house adjourned until Thursday with the intention of taking up the measure upon reconvening.

Two billion dollars may be added to the total of bonds to be authorized at the present session of congress, making a total of approximately \$21,000,000,000 available to the government during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1918.

Last night that estimates submitted to him by the Treasury department made it appear that the additional authorization probably would be secured. Secretary McAdoo will be asked to explain the situation when he appears before the ways and means committee tomorrow to discuss the forthcoming authorization of \$11,538,945,460 bond and certificate bill.

### Two Billion Margin.

Present indications, according to Mr. Kitchin, are that \$19,000,000,000 will meet the expenses of the fiscal year, but it is thought best to have a \$2,000,000,000 margin for emergencies.

"It now seems probable," he said, "that the total amount of money needed for the fiscal year will be about \$19,000,000,000. This estimate covers about \$7,000,000,000 for loans to the allies, \$3,000,000,000 of which already has been provided; \$1,300,000,000 for current expenses, exclusive of war, leaving about \$10,000,000,000 for war expenses. Included in the war estimate is \$176,000,000 for the new insurance bill and \$1,000,000,000 for the shipping bill."

The \$21,000,000,000 would be raised as follows:

- Bonds for allied loans, \$7,000,000,000; pending revenue bill \$3,000,000,000; war certificates, \$4,000,000,000; bonds for domestic purposes already authorized, \$2,000,000,000; proposed new bonds, \$2,000,000,000; war savings certificates, \$2,000,000,000; and regular revenue \$1,300,000,000.

Approximately \$11,000,000,000 of the foregoing amounts are included in the bonds and certificates bill which the ways and means committee today began to consider. The bill would authorize \$7,000,000,000 for allied loans; \$3,000,000,000 to be used in refunding 3 1/2 per cent bonds already authorized; \$2,000,000,000 in war certificates and \$2,000,000,000 in war savings certificates. It also contains a reauthorization provision for \$2,000,000,000 in war certificates and would provide for taking over other previously authorized bonds in the following amounts:

- Panama canal, \$225,000,000; naval construction, \$150,000,000; Mexican border control, Danish West Indies and Alaskan railway, \$100,000,000 and 4 per cent Panama canal bonds issued in 1916, \$63,945,460.

No attempt will be made, Mr. Kitchin believes, to add the newly suggested \$2,000,000,000 issue to the bill now before the committee. It will come in as a separate measure, if at all.

A brief meeting of the committee today to consider the bill made it obvious that hopes of leaders to pass the measure on Wednesday could not be realized. An insistent demand for the free discussion on the floor created doubt if the bill could be passed before the end of this week at the earliest.

Several members indicated today that they would oppose Secretary McAdoo's plan of taxing the bonds. There was no indication, however, of opposition to the general terms of the bill and both democratic and republican committees are expected to support it once it reaches the floor.

Opponents of the secretary's plan, which would make the bonds subject to super-taxes, war profits and excess profits taxes, vary in their views, some favoring no taxes and others the application of the straight income tax levy.

The proposal to create a definite bond issuance policy during consideration of the present bill was barely touched upon today. Representative Hull of Tennessee suggested his plan of making the bonds subject to termination at the discretion of the secretary after a brief period of possibly six years. He also plans to suggest abandoning the convertibility feature on all bonds drawing more than 4 per cent.

### Certificates in Low Denominations.

Reports that the war savings certificates, in tended primarily as a poor man's investment, would be issued in denominations as low as \$1 and be placed on sale at all postoffices aroused interest. Details of disposing of these certificates would be left by the bill to Secretary McAdoo, save that single sales to one person would be limited to \$100 and total sales to an individual to \$1,000. The amount of interest to be borne by these certificates as well as by the war certificates also would be left to the secretary. Both would be liable under the bill to the same taxes as the bonds.

Promised delay in reporting the bill caused Mr. Kitchin to change his plans regarding the resumption of regular sessions of the house. It will meet each day until the bill is reported, but will transact no important business before then.

### ADVANCES FAST IN THE MACHINE GUN CORPS.



LT. PAUL KAMAUSKI  
Portrait by Lumiere

From corporal to second lieutenant is the jump made by Lieutenant Paul Kamauski of the machine gun company of the "Fighting Fourth" since July. Lieutenant Kamauski is one of the youngest officers in the Fourth, but one of the most promising. He is a Creighton student and a well-known athlete, foot ball being his specialty.

called to the Anderson home. He reached there at about 9:40 o'clock. He found Mrs. Anderson lying on the bed, her throat cut and clothing saturated with blood. He made inquiry of the neighbors and was told that so far as they knew, there had been no strangers around the premises during the afternoon, or evening.

In a closet in the bed room, he found a carving knife with a blade three inches long. It was clean and there was nothing to indicate that it had been used recently.

While at the house, in talking with Mrs. LeVan, the name of Swan Anderson, a stepson, was mentioned. She thought that he might have been implicated in the commission of the murder, but there was nothing to indicate that he knew anything about it, the detective said.

### Daughter Finds Body.

Mrs. Lena LeVan, who had made her home with her mother, Mrs. Anderson, told the story of the events of Saturday. She said she was around the house until about 6:30 o'clock. At that hour her mother gave her some money and she went to buy some groceries, and then to Thirtieth and Maple streets, where she got some of her clothes, and afterward boarding a car, went to Twentieth and Cummins streets. Making her purchases, she started home and reached there about 8:45 o'clock.

At the house Mrs. LeVan found the doors in the same condition as when she went away. The front door was locked and the kitchen unlocked. The screen door closed. Entering the house, which was dark, she called "Mother." There was no response and, lighting a lamp, went into a great room where her mother on the bed, dead. She ran out and called to Mr. Flynn, who with other neighbors came to the house.

Shortly afterward Mrs. LeVan tried to reach her step-brother, Swan Anderson, by telephone at his rooms in the vicinity of Sixteenth and Burt streets, but there was no response to the call.

Mrs. LeVan identified the carving knife and testified that it was the custom of her mother to keep it in the closet in the bedroom.

Relative to financial matters, Mrs. LeVan testified that her mother had \$680 on deposit with a building and loan company. Some time ago she drew \$119.50, and of this, after her death, \$85 in gold and bills was found in an old stocking in a chest in a great room where money that was in the house was kept. In a box in the bed room there was \$6. Mrs. Anderson owned her home, which had been deeded to her by a former husband.

### Catholics Acclaim Peace Note, but Support War Plans

Kansas City, Mo., Aug. 28.—Resolutions "acclaiming" the peace proposal of Pope Benedict and pledging all Catholics of this country to the war program of the United States, but containing no clause urging acceptance by the American government of the papal suggestions, were reported favorably today by the resolutions committee of the American Federation of Catholic Societies.

They will be presented to the annual convention, now in session, later in the day with the belief of leaders that they will be accepted by a large vote.

### Marine Officer Killed in Motorcycle Crash in France

New York, Aug. 28.—Word of the first casualty to an officer in General Pershing's forces in France was received today by the marine corps in a cablegram announcing the death in a motorcycle accident of Second Lieutenant Frederick Wahlstrom of the marine corps.

### Obituary Notice

EDWARD E. BURRINGTON, 60 years old, for twenty-five years a resident of Wyoming, died yesterday of paralysis. He is survived by a widow and four children.

### BRIGHTER DAYS ARE AHEAD FOR THE COFFEE USER WHO CHANGES TO POSTUM

Going to the Anderson house, which was dark, she entered, went to the kitchen, lighted a lamp and then proceeded to the bed room, where lying on the bed she saw the body of Mrs. Anderson.

Detective Rich told of having been

## KORNILOFF SAYS RUSS MUST FIGHT ANARCHY IN ARMY

### Slav General Tells Moscow Conference of Terrible Evils Encountered at the Front.

Moscow, Aug. 28.—The second general sitting of the national conference was held today. General Korniloff, the commander-in-chief, entered the hall in company with Premier Kerensky. His appearance was the signal for prolonged cheers.

Premier Kerensky then introduced General Korniloff, saying the government had thought it necessary to invite the commander-in-chief to lay before the conference the situation at the front and in the army.

General Korniloff said the death penalty, restoration of which he had asked, together with other measures, constitutes only a small part of what was necessary in an army stricken with the terrible evils of disorganization and insubordination.

### Commanders Killed.

In the present month, General Korniloff said, soldiers had killed four regimental commanders and other officers and ceased these outrages only when they were threatened with being shot. Quite recently one of the regiments of Siberian rifles, which had fought so splendidly at the beginning of the war, abandoned its positions on the Riga front. Nothing except an order to exterminate the entire regiment availed to cause it to return to its positions.

"Thus we are implacably fighting anarchy in the army," the commander continued. "Undoubtedly it will finally be repressed, but the danger of fresh debacles is weighing constantly on the country."

"The situation on the front is bad. We have lost the whole of Galicia, the whole of Bukowina and all the fruits of our recent victories. At several points the enemy has crossed our frontier and is threatening our fertile southern provinces. He is endeavoring to destroy the Roumanian army and is knocking at the gates of Riga. If our army does not hold the shore of the gulf of Riga the road to Petrograd will be opened wide.

### Left Strong Army.

"The old regime bequeathed to Russia an army which, despite all the defects in its organization, nevertheless was animated by a fighting spirit and was ready for sacrifices. The whole series of measures taken to the spirit are completely foreign to the spirit and needs of the army has transformed it into a collection of individual groups, which have lost all sense of duty and only tremble for their own personal safety.

"If Russia wishes to be saved, the army must be regenerated at any cost. We must immediately take measures such as I have referred to, which have been approved in their entirety by the acting minister of war."

General Korniloff then outlined the most important of these measures, in addition to restoration of the death penalty, which are: First, restoration of discipline in the army by the strengthening of the authority of officers and noncommissioned officers; second, improvement of the financial position of officers, who have been in a very difficult position in the recent military operations; third, the

## Newspaper Man Now Heads Naval Recruiting Station

Ensign F. G. Condict, now in charge of the naval recruiting station in the Paxton building, is one of the many men who have found opportunity through the war to exchange their vocation for their avocation. He is a newspaper man and served last as Sunday editor of the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. His avocation and hobby has always been the army and navy. In his spare time Ensign Condict drilled with the National Guards, played in a military band and read books on military tactics. When war was declared he joined the officers' reserves and was soon called to the St. Louis naval station for active

duty. For several weeks he has been in Omaha learning from Lieutenant Waddell the ins and out of the navy recruiting station, and now heads the recruiting work here since Lieutenant Waddell has been sent to sea.

### Union Precinct Again Carries Off Blue Ribbon

Union precinct successfully defended its eight-year record for superiority in raising farm products at the fair of the Douglas County Agricultural society last week, when it again carried off the blue ribbon.

Other precincts were awarded prizes as follows: Jefferson, second; McArdle, third; Douglas, fourth; Elkhorn, fifth; Waterloo, sixth; Valley, seventh, and Benson, eighth.

### Florence Says Florence Was Cruel; Asks Divorce

Florence Jackson is suing Florence H. Jackson for divorce in district court on grounds of alleged cruelty and nonsupport. Florence H. is the husband. They were married in Tennessee in 1907.

## The Weather

For Nebraska—Fair; somewhat warmer. Temperatures at Omaha Yesterday.

Hour	Temp.	Deg.
5 a. m.	53	53
6 a. m.	54	54
7 a. m.	54	54
8 a. m.	55	55
9 a. m.	56	56
10 a. m.	57	57
11 a. m.	57	57
12 m.	57	57
1 p. m.	57	57
2 p. m.	57	57
3 p. m.	57	57
4 p. m.	57	57
5 p. m.	57	57
6 p. m.	57	57
7 p. m.	57	57
8 p. m.	57	57
9 p. m.	57	57
10 p. m.	57	57
11 p. m.	57	57
12 m.	57	57

### Comparative Local Record.

1917	1916	1915	1914
Highest yesterday	74	72	74
Lowest yesterday	51	58	59
Mean temperature	64	68	67
Precipitation	.00	.20	.10

Temperature and precipitation departures from the normal.

Normal temperature	Normal precipitation
Deficiency for the day	11 inch
Total deficiency since March 1	209
Normal precipitation	11 inch
Deficiency for this day	11 inch
Total rainfall since March 1	11.74 inches
Deficiency since March 1	1.26 inches
Deficiency for cor. period, 1916-1917	18.25 inches
Excess for cor. period, 1917	.81 inch

### Reports From Stations at 7 P. M.

Station and State	Temp.	High.	Low.	Relat. Humid.
Omaha, Neb.	57	62	50	70
Chicago, Ill.	55	65	45	75
St. Louis, Mo.	58	68	48	72
Denver, Colo.	62	72	48	65
Des Moines, Ia.	58	68	48	70
St. Paul, Minn.	55	65	45	75
Portland, Ore.	52	62	42	78
San Francisco, Calif.	58	68	48	72
Portland, Me.	55	65	45	75
Washington, D. C.	62	72	52	68
Philadelphia, Pa.	60	70	50	70
Boston, Mass.	58	68	48	72
New York, N. Y.	55	65	45	75
London, Eng.	52	62	42	78
Paris, France	50	60	40	80
Berlin, Germany	48	58	38	82
Moscow, Russia	45	55	35	85

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L. A. WELSH, Meteorologist.

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Radium hose, 15c a pair.

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Pure Irish linen, plain styles, 15c to \$1.25; initialed, 35c and 50c.

Silk crepe de chine, plain shades and fancy, 50c and 75c.

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Long sleeved gingham aprons, sizes 2 to 6 years, 75c.

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This also afforded our friends the chance to conserve their resources according to the dimensions of their incomes, and at considerable profit. Those who have not seen fit to adopt this method of saving have been generally consistent boosters just the same, and their spirit has been a source of real gratification to us.

Many have availed themselves of the opportunity to thus simultaneously save and earn by securing this stock, while others were quick to perceive its advantages and to give it their moral support.

Next Friday, August 31, is the last day upon which this stock will be available on the special part-pay plan, but it is not too early to extend to our new, active, financial partners this brief expression of congratulation upon their thrift, and gratitude for the interest in the service, thus shown.

J. E. DAVIDSON,  
Vice President and General Manager.

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## BRIGHTER DAYS ARE AHEAD FOR THE COFFEE USER WHO CHANGES TO POSTUM