

FRANCE IS AWED BY U. S. TROOPERS

American Contingent Gathered for First Time in Europe Amazes French Officials in Historic Event.

(Continued From Page One.)

any part of the line. There is an officers' bombing school near the point where the review was held and throughout the time the troops were assembling and marching by loud explosions of hand grenades in the near distance gave a touch of war reality to the picture. Very early in the morning the troops were on the move. They were scattered in a dozen or more French villages and each regiment was assembled in a village where its headquarters had been established.

Open Admiration Apparent.

The new army regiments are modeled on the European standard, quite different from the old American regiments, and when on the march vestry of column fours the line seemed to stretch an interminable distance along beautifully paved French roads lined with giant trees. As the Americans passed through the French villages, entrance to the reviewing field, the French peasant folk gazed at them open-eyed in amazement and admiration.

They have seen much of the American soldiers individually and in companies since their arrival, but this was the first gathering in force of the new ally and the impression it made on the village farmers and French soldiers on leave can easily be seen and appreciated.

French Officers Amazed.

The French, who have been training companies and battalions of the American army, were also surprised, and it can be truthfully stated that there was a distinct pause of surprise and admiration on the part of Major General Sibert himself when, riding at the head of the staff, he reached the crest of the reviewing platform and saw his khaki-clad command drawn up in a wonderful far-flung line before him.

Attended to his staff were half a dozen French officers, including the general of a famous division, all of whom were enthusiastic in their praise of the spectacle.

Major General Sibert and staff slowly rode up and down before the various regiments drawn up at attention. The reviewing ground was staked out with American flags and when General Sibert had taken up his position the immobile army began to move. The maneuvers by which it broke from regimental fronts into lines of platoon, arranged by companies and battalions, would have done credit to soldiers with years of training behind them.

First American Display.

It was the first time an American army had passed in review under its new organization and the display was a most imposing one. Marching in line of platoons means moving forward with four platoons abreast, each platoon being formed in columns of fours. The space between the platoons being considerable, the head and front of the marching column are fully 200 feet wide.

FULL TEXT OF POPE'S PROPOSAL FOR WORLD PEACE

(Continued From Page One.)

and reciprocal diminution of armaments, according to the rules and guarantees to be established in a measure necessary and sufficient for the maintenance of public order in each state.

Then in the substitution for armies the institution of arbitration with its high pacifying function, according to the rules to be laid down and the penalties to be imposed on state which would refuse either to submit a national question to arbitration or to accept its decision.

Once the supremacy of right has thus been established all obstacles to the means of communication of the peoples would disappear by assuring, by rules to be fixed later, the true liberty and community of the sea which would contribute to end the numerous causes of conflict and would also open to all new sources of prosperity and progress.

As to the damages to be repaired and as to the war expenses we see no other means of solving the question than by submitting as a general principle the complete and reciprocal condemnation which would be justified moreover by the immense benefit to be derived from disarmament so much so that no one will understand the continuation of a similar carnage solely for reasons of an economic order.

If for certain cases there exist particular reasons they would be deliberated upon with justice and equity, but these pacific agreements with the immense advantages to be derived from them are not possible without a reciprocal restitution of the territory at present occupied.

Consequently on the part of Germany the complete evacuation of Belgium will be guarantee of her full political, military and economic independence towards it.

The evacuation of French territory. On the part of other belligerent parties similar restitution of the German colonies.

As regards the territorial questions as for example those which have arisen between Italy and Austria and between Germany and France, there is reason to hope that in consideration of the immense advantages of a durable peace with disarmament, the parties in conflict would wish to examine them with a conciliatory disposition, taking into consideration as we have said formerly the aspirations of the peoples and the special interests and the general welfare of the great human society.

Similar Conflicts Impossible. The same spirit of equity and justice ought to be followed in the examination of other territorial and political questions, notably those relative to Armenia and the Balkan states, and territories making a part

of the ancient kingdom of Poland, whose noble and historical traditions and sufferings which it has endured, especially during the present war, ought to conciliate the sympathies of nations.

Such are the principal bases whereon we believe the future reorganization of the peoples ought to be built. They are of a nature to render impossible the return of similar conflicts, and to prepare a solution of the economic question so important for the future and for the material well-being of all belligerent nations.

Therefore in presenting to you, who direct at this hour the destinies of the belligerent nations we are animated to see them accepted and to see thus the conclusion at an early date of the terrible struggle which more and more appears a useless massacre.

Honor of Armies Safe.

The whole world recognizes that the honor of the armies of both sides is safe. Incline your ears therefore to our prayer. Accept the fraternal invitation which we send you in the name of the divine redeemer, the prince of peace, reflect on your very grave responsibility before God and before man.

On your decision depends the repose and the joy of innumerable families, the life of thousands of young people; in a word the happiness of a people for whom it is your absolute duty to obtain their welfare.

May the Lord inspire your decision in conformity to his very holy will. May God grant that while meriting the applause of your contemporaries you will also obtain in the future generations a splendid name of pacificators.

As for us closely united in prayer and in penitence with all those faithful souls which sigh for peace we impose for you the light and counsel of the divine spirit.

(Signed) Benedict, at the Vatican, August 1.

Letter of Transmittal.

Cardinal Gasparri's letter of transmittal to the king was as follows: Your majesty, the holy father anxious to do everything he can in order to put an end to the conflict which for the last three years has ravaged the civilized world, has decided to submit to the leaders of the belligerent peoples concrete peace proposals exposed in a document which I have the honor to attach to this letter.

May God grant that the words of his holiness will this time produce the desired effect for the good of the whole of humanity.

The Holy See not having diplomatic relations with the French government or with the government of Italy or the United States, I very respectfully beg Your Majesty to be good enough to have handed a copy of his holiness' appeal to the president of the French republic, to his majesty, the King of Italy, and to the president of the United States.

Twelve Other Copies.

I also beg to add twelve other copies which I request Your Majesty to be good enough to hand to the leaders of the nations, friendly to the allies, with the exception, however, of Russia, Belgium and Brazil to whom the document has been sent direct.

In expressing to your majesty my sincere thanks for this extreme kindness I am happy to take the opportunity to offer you the homage of sentiment, a very profound respect with which I have the honor to sign myself Your Majesty's very humble and devoted servant.

(Signed) GASPARRI.

Teutons Rush New Troops to Lens to Save the City

(Continued From Page One.)

ment which would summon them to attack. Everything a Crimson Hue. Suddenly, ten minutes before the time set for attack, every British gun within range broke out with shelling and solid lines of crimson lightning belched from the German trenches and in explosive broke about them.

To this lurid picture was added the unforgettable spectacle of the burning oil which the British threw on the enemy lines. Great clouds of pinkish colored smoke rolled across the country from the flaming liquid and the murky sky threw back myriad colors from the conflagration below.

The moment of attack arrived, and as the British guns dropped their projecting barrage in front of the Canadian trenches, the clouds parted and the yellow crescent moon appeared. Under the light of this beacon the Canadians leaped over the parapets and began their methodical advance behind their barrage fire.

Resistance Not Strong.

The British barrage was without a flaw. Behind it the Canadians mounted Hill 70 and swept along the rest of the line. On the crest of the hill, where so much blood had been spilled before, heavy fighting might have been expected, for the position was well manned with machine guns.

The resistance here, however, was not strong, and it was not until the dwellings in the outskirts of the suburbs were reached that vigorous fighting occurred. The ground over which the infantry advanced was honey-combed with British shell holes and the barbed wire defenses had been levelled so that they gave little trouble.

The first serious resistance from the Germans was met at a point where the enemy was entrenched strongly in connected cellars and here sanguinary fighting occurred.

Lens a Mass of Ruins.

The place is a sample of other suburbs about Lens. The city is surrounded with colliery communities, which are so close together and so near the city proper, that they really form one large metropolis. Lens before the war had a population of 30,000, but it is now a mass of ruins.

Following their usual tactics the Germans had carried out systematic destruction of the houses and had constructed strong underground defenses. The whole city is under-

Many Nebraskans Are Called Into Service

As the work of the exemption boards in the various counties of the state nears completion the lists of those Nebraskans who will be the first to serve in the new national army are being compiled. From Metrick, Pierce and Polk counties representatives of The Bee have forwarded the names of those who have been accepted for service.

PIERCE COUNTY.

John Thelen, Jr., Omard; Harvey Johnson, Thelen; Arnold, Mifflin; Hadar; William P. Hammett, Plainview; Frank Earl Mitchell, Randolph; Marius Christensen, Randolph; Emil Gottlieb Hoefner, Neosho; Cass Herzog, Argos; Herman Bockelman, Pierce; William Lloyd, Meadow Grove; Henry Alfred Bergsland, Pierce; William G. Galt, Pierce; Pittman, Omard; Charles Bryan McMahon, Plainview (enlisted); Emil William Hansen, Neosho; Herbert Friedrich, Pierce; Ernst S. Frost, Plainview; William Hewitt, McLean; Charles C. Sazana, Omard; Joseph Reitz, Plainview; Ernest William Peterson, McLean; Carl Fred Stark, Plainview; George Moeck, Jr., Tilden; Conrad Miller, Pierce; Herman C. Stark, Jr., Plainview; Glenn V. Clark, Omard; Rudolph Strover, Pierce; Fred Schmitt, Omard; Max H. Dregs, Heavens; Adolph Kivrim, Pierce; Arnold Carl King, Pierce; Alva R. O. Thompson, Pierce; Harry Pula, Randolph; Herbert Otto Hoepner, Omard; Albert Henry Gregson, Pierce; Otto Herman Krohn, Pierce; Irvin McPherson Record, Omard; Henry Carl Schweitzer, Hadar; Adolph Brockmann, Plainview; Ernest William Peterson, Randolph; Edward Peter Wehrlich, Randolph; Hans Schumann, Norfolk; Leroy Charles Hackett, Plainview; Ernest William Peterson, Pierce; W. H. Ruhlow, Pierce; Emil Wagner, Pierce; Luther M. Darby, Plainview; Nicholas Zimmer, Pierce; Joseph Schreiber, Omard; Ferdinand Fred Kumm, Omard; William Necker, Omard; Louis Kuhl, Plainview; Ernest Fredrich Schuttz, McLean; Frank Fehneke, Foster; Emil Peterson, Pierce; Harry G. Boje, Pierce; Frank Perry, Wausa; Joseph Frank Tomak, Pierce; View, Aldarville; Ernest William Peterson, Norfolk; Snook Randolph, William Marquardt, Norfolk; Chris A. W. Krueger, Foster; Will R. Miner, Omard; Alfred H. Brueggner, Omard; Henry J. Johnson, Plainview; James V. Tomak, Pierce; Fritz William Hockendorf, Pierce; Fred A. Ewald, Neosho; Oscar Braasch, Norfolk; George Ernest Raftert, Omard; Thomas A. Hatfield, Plainview; Floyd Leonard Piker, Plainview; Leslie Galt, Pierce; William Otto, Pierce; Nicholas C. Galvin, McLean; Carl Louis Koppelman, Omard; Clarence Pontorf, Omard; George H. Pierce; William A. D. Zierke, Pierce; Henry Jacob Hoffart, Plainview; Ivan L. Latchow, Plainview; Omar G. Giddie, Plainview; Harry Thomson, Jr., Omard; Lester Edward Hecht, Plainview; Max Valentine Klicher, Omard; Roy Anderson, Plainview; Guy H. Otto, Plainview; Herman Uttech, Pierce; Ernest F. Schulte, Plainview; Loyd Clifford Stuber, Pierce; Edmund Henry Hoefner, Pierce; Ervin Kratochvil, Omard; Elmer Clyde, Pierce; George Killebert, Pierce; Edward Fred, Pierce; Gustav Krohn, Omard; Lee E. Downey, Plainview; Ernest Louis Dommer, Hadar; John Larson, Plainview; Fritz Nicholas, Plainview; William P. Gast, Plainview; William August Stuckelberg, Omard; Roy Synovec, Pierce; Earl Giedde, Plainview; Henry Herbolzheimer, Pierce; Willis George Liesner, Plainview; Joe Anton Letting, Randolph; Raymond, Plainview; Lawrence C. Mihlis, Norfolk; George Herman Breeding, Randolph; Charles Krueger, Pierce; George Retzlaff, Pierce; Rufus Wiley Scott, Plainview (at Fort Snelling); WITWILLAM C. Boldt, Plainview; Clifford Althaus, Snyder; Adolph Carl Gaudin, Pierce; Benjamin Arthur Terry, Randolph.

Metrick County.

Jacob Schardt, Central City; Frank Herman Wagner, Archer; Charles William Schafter, Central City; Walter Ray Hender-

son, Chapman; Chester A. Frazier, Silver Creek; Herman John Mewas, St. Libery; Wallace R. Eason, Central City; Clinton T. Hoagland, Central City; Morris J. Levin, Central City; Earl Arthur Gillaspay, Central City; John H. Reynolds, Central City; Link Williams Ferris, Central City; Charles Taylor, St. Libery; Harry Britton Shelton, Central City; Clarence Edgar Dally, Central City; Richard J. Henry, Palmer; Charles Stanzky, Clark; Bertton Leroy Garrison, Clark; Alva Whaley, Silver Creek; George E. Schaefer, Palmer; Harry A. Stout, Palmer; Blaine H. Young, Central City; W. A. Everett, Central City; J. R. Schmitz, Archer; Walter Miller, Chapman; E. J. Wagner, St. Libery; Ernest Hudnall, Chapman; Oliver Watson, Archer; C. E. Booth, Central City; Harry Brown, Central City; F. B. Campbell, Central City; T. W. Detamore, Silver Creek; George H. Rudolf, Palmer; John Dittmer, Clark; W. W. Karges, Silver Creek; H. A. Roark, Central City; Martin Estergard, Clark; O. F. Green, Chapman; E. H. Hester, Columbus; Frank Meiler, Chapman; A. Pratt Boman, Chapman; H. E. Jones, Clark; Art Zionka, Grand Island; C. L. Holtorf, Columbus; Harry Staley Henesey, Palmer; John B. Cole, Palmer; Archie Gleason, Central City; J. E. Clark, Peter A. Lis, Silver Creek; A. Wiegert, Grand Island; L. Gilmont, Palmer; T. E. Graves, Palmer; J. E. Johnson, Central City; John Reebok, Silver Creek; O. A. Dickum, Clark; E. E. Hester, Columbus; John P. Miller, Palmer; A. K. Campbell, Clark; A. D. Brannan, Central City; Charles Kubas, Silver Creek; H. Hester, Columbus; W. G. Garter, Central City; P. L. Schroeder, Central City.

Polk County.

Benjamin T. Zedicher, Shelby; Oswald J. Alt, Shelby; Herman Joseph Thelen, Shelby; Benjamin H. Hevins, Shelby; Ronald M. Fagg, Osceola; Otto Bryan Nakles, Shelby; Melvin A. Younglund, Stromsburg; Walter E. Walgren, Osceola; Oscar E. Sundberg, Polk; Rander P. Childers, Stromsburg; Steve George, Osceola; John W. Wymann, Silver Creek; Winfred E. Holm, Stromsburg; James McMeekin, Shelby; Fritz Johnson, Shelby; C. L. Valasek, Columbus; Lester G. Kreis, Stromsburg; Robert Korger, Shelby; Martin H. Anderson, Stromsburg; Tomlin, Shelby; McCall, Shelby; Bryan Stamm, Shelby; John Janicek, Shelby; Ray A. Randall, Stromsburg; Peter A. Theisen, Shelby; John W. Anderson, Polk; Antonus A. Teuchauer, Osceola; Anton Ivan, Jr., Osceola; Wilbur J. Stalaker, Shelby; Van J. Hoosen, Osceola; Albert J. Mollerstrom, Gresham; Telesof P. Grayza, Osceola; Bernard C. Stromsburg, Clark; Arthur Bayard Mckley, Osceola; Frank John Treas, Osceola; Chester A. Samson, Clark; Benjamin B. Bohmker, Osceola; Raymond E. Peterson, Stromsburg; Gilbert T. Clark, Columbus; J. William Buchta, Osceola; Frank S. Geistrine, Clark; John Arvid Carlson, Osceola; Elopold Benda, Shelby; Everett E. Hendley, Osceola; Earl Davidson, Ulvas; Russell H. Maca, Clark; Willard F. Metzgar, Polk; Elmer Narow, Carlson, Stromsburg; Frank W. Anderson, Polk; Alvin G. Swanson, Clark; Dennis N. Mills, Polk; Albert W. Johnson, Stromsburg; Harry Van J. Houston, Gresham; Anton W. Dullum, Shelby; Earl A. Mustard, Silver Creek; Hubert P. Alt, Shelby; Lars Peter Berglund, Osceola; Lawrence P. Brantling, Stromsburg; Willis Brantling, Shelby; George Frank Scott, Osceola; William Mueller, Shelby; John T. Garsch, Silver Creek; Ira Steaver, Stromsburg; Ralph Housholder, Shelby; John Edward Van J. Hester, Robert H. Aldrich, Polk; Frank Robak, Shelby; Joseph Albert Ziegler, Silver Creek; Harry C. Brazee, Osceola; Archibald D. Johnson, Silver Creek; Vagner Johanson, Osceola; Merwin Johnson, Stromsburg; Axel L. Swan, Stromsburg; Roland Dahlin, Polk; Myron E. Olson, Stromsburg; Frank Galt, Shelby; Marion A. Shaw, Osceola.

Fremont Woman to France.

Fremont, Neb., Aug. 16.—(Special).—Miss Mary Pascoe, formerly teacher of domestic science in the Fremont High school, and for the last year connected with the New York Edison company at New York, has been chosen as dietitian for one of the Red Cross base hospitals in France, and will sail soon to take up her new work.

Army Officers Trunks \$6.00, \$8.50 and \$11.50

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Government Will Take I. W. W. Menace in Hand

Washington, Aug. 16.—Grave menace to industries whose continuation at high speed is deemed vital to the prosecution of the war is seen by officials here in the growing activities of Industrial Workers of the World leaders on the Pacific coast and in the far northwest.

Swift and drastic action to check the movement insofar as it would cripple industries or curtail production of commodities necessary for war is planned by Department of Justice officials.

The entire movement, culminating yesterday in the declaration at Spokane of Ames Rowan, district secretary of the organization, that a general strike would be called August 20, in Washington, Oregon, Montana and Idaho, unless certain demands were complied with, is regarded by many officials as being political and not a labor movement.

Food Law Will Not Affect Oats, Corn or Provisions

Chicago Aug. 16.—Board of trade men and live stock dealers returning to Chicago from a conference at Washington said today Food Dictator Hoover does not at present contemplate extending his regulation of wheat to corn, oats or provisions.



DR. MCKENNEY Says: "Bid farewell to health and good looks when your teeth leave you." Heavy Bridge Work, per tooth, Best Silver Filling \$4.00 50c Wonder Plates—Best 22-k Gold worth \$15 to \$25. Crowns—\$5, \$8, \$10 \$4.00 We please you or refund your money. MCKENNEY DENTISTS 14th and Farnam—1324 Farnam St. Phone Douglas 2872.

Just Apply This Paste and the Hairs Vanish

(Helps to Beauty) A safe, reliable home treatment for the quick removal of superfluous hairs from your face or neck is as follows: Mix a stiff paste with some water and powdered delatone; apply to objectionable hairs, and after 2 or 3 minutes rub off, wash the skin and the hairs are gone. This simple treatment is unfailing and no pain or inconvenience attends its use; but to avoid disappointment be certain you get genuine delatone.—Adv.

ALLIED TROOPS BEGIN NEW DRIVE ON CROWN PRINCE

(Continued From Page One.)

Steenbeke river, and at the same time the left wing pushed forward correspondingly.

These ineager facts represent the total news at this hour from the zone of the new offensive, with the exception that the French already have counted a hundred prisoners.

Hill 70 is Safe.

In three sectors of the Franco-Belgian front the French and British have won new successes in their offensive operations, which are once more in full swing. Attacks were made by the British in Belgium near

Ypres, by the French on the Aisne front and near Dixmude, in Belgium. The ground won by the British in yesterday's brilliant attack near Lens, including the highly important Hill 70, was held in the face of all German counter attacks, General Haig reports.

While the British were consolidating their new territory near Lens and defending it against German efforts to retrieve their losses, they struck another blow about thirty miles further north, on a wide front east and north of Ypres. The official report from London gives few details of the battle, but says progress is being made.

All Objectives Gained.

The French, with the assistance of British troops on their right, attacked the German positions on both sides of the road between the towns of Steenstraete and Dixmude, eight miles apart.

Paris reports that all objectives were gained and that a crossing of the

Steenbeke river was forced. The French and British are making further progress on the right bank of the river.

Marked success was won by the French on the Aisne front. A strongly held system of trenches on a front of several kilometers south of Ailles was stormed and four German counter attacks were beaten off.

The French also made progress in the vicinity of Hurbitec monument. Air Raid on Venice.

The Austrian war office announces that four tons of bombs were dropped on the maritime arsenal at Venice on Tuesday morning, causing a number of fires. Three of the Austrian airplanes are missing.

The weekly French report of shipping losses records the sinking of one steamship of more than 1,600 tons and three of smaller size. The Italians lost six steamships and five sailing vessels.

See Want Ads Produce Results.

THOMPSON BELDEN & CO. The Fashion Center for Women Established 1886

Heavy Wool Nap Plaid Blankets, \$5 The Last of Our Summer Apparel

We consider the value greater than ordinary and so recommend it to you. These fine wool nap blankets, of large size, come in blue, pink, gray and tan plaids, and are extraordinary, for \$5 a pair.

Friday at These Absurdly Small Prices: 30 white embroidered voile and net dresses, formerly sold up to \$50, Friday, \$9.95.

White Skirtings Go in a Sale Plain white skirtings and novelty striped effects; our regular 65c, 75c and \$1.00 grades, Friday, 50c.

Linen Section 50 colored dresses of linen, voile and other fine wash fabrics, formerly priced as high as \$19.50, Friday, \$4.95.

14 silk dresses of taffeta, georgette and crepe de chine, formerly sold up to \$75, Friday, \$12.95.

SATURDAY A SALE OF BLOUSES

Cash's Woven Names The Best Marking Device

Where an article of apparel stands a chance of becoming lost or mislaid, insure it against loss by means of a woven name-tape.

Names are in red, navy, light blue, pink or black, woven on white tape, easily sewn on. For linens, woollens, knitted articles, etc. Orders are taken at these prices: 3 dozen names, 85c 6 dozen names, \$1.25 12 dozen names, \$2

Single and double initials in red, 3 dozen of single initial, 5c; 3 dozen double, 15c.

A Clearaway Of Apparel

Wash Skirts \$1.65 values, \$1 \$2.65, \$2.95 for \$1.69 Wash dresses and sport dresses, are to be sold at new low prices.

Women's Underwear At Savings

Broken lines of vests, pants and union suits will be disposed of at very low prices. Main Floor, Center Aisle

Every Dress in Stock Is Included The Price Reductions Are All Truthful

ALL SALES FINAL—NO C. O. D.'S—NO ALTERATIONS.

August Clearaway of PUMPS

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